

Express Mail Label No.: EK611911256US

Date of Deposit: November 22, 2000

Attorney Docket No. 15966-599 (CURA-99)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

FIRST-NAMED INVENTOR OR
APPLICATION IDENTIFIER: Richard A. Shimkets

FOR:

NUCLEIC ACIDS CONTAINING SINGLE NUCLEOTIDE
POLYMORPHISMS AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF

November 22, 2000

Boston, Massachusetts

Box PATENT APPLICATION
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

REQUEST FOR FILING A NEW NONPROVISIONAL APPLICATION
UNDER 37 C.F.R. §1.53(b)

1. This is a request for filing a new nonprovisional application under 37 C.F.R. §1.53(b).
2. ☒ Specification and Drawings (Total pages: 682);
Specification (50 pages); Claims (10 pages); Abstract (1 page); Sequence Listing
(431 pages); and Table 1 (190 pages).
3. ☒ Declaration and Power of Attorney
☒ Unsigned
☐ Signed
4. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)
☐ Copy of IDS and PTO-1449 (___ pages)
☐ Copies of references cited
5. ☐ Assignment Papers
☐ Recordation Form Cover Sheet (PTO-1595)
☐ Assignment Document
6. ☐ Statement Claiming Small Entity Status
☐ Claiming Small Entity As Independent Inventor (37 C.F.R. §§1.9(f) & 1.27(b)).
☐ Claiming Small Entity As Small Business Concern (37 C.F.R. §§1.9(f) & 1.27(c)).
☐ Claiming Small Entity As Nonprofit Organization (37 C.F.R. §§1.9(f) & 1.27(d)).

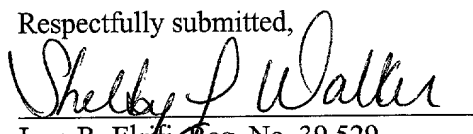
FIRST-NAMED INVENTOR OR **Richard A. Shimkets**
APPLICATION IDENTIFIER:
Request for New Nonprovisional Application (37 C.F.R. §1.53(b))

7. Fee Calculation

CLAIMS AS FILED					
Claims	Number Filed	Basic Fee Allowance	Number Extra	Rate	Basic Fee 37 C.F.R. 1.16(a) \$ 710.00
Total Claims (37 C.F.R. 1.16(c))	44	- 20 =	24	\$ 18.00	\$ 432.00
Independent Claims (37 C.F.R. 1.16(b))	11	- 3 =	8	\$ 80.00	\$ 640.00
Multiple Dependent Claim(s), if any (37 C.F.R. 1.16(d))				\$260.00	0
				SUBTOTAL:	\$1,782.00
				Reduction by 50% for filing by small entity:	891.00
				TOTAL FEE:	\$891.00

8. ☒ A check in the amount of **\$891.00** is enclosed.
9. ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to credit overpayments or charge the following fees to Deposit Account No. 50-0311, Ref. No. 15966-565 (CURA-65):
- ☒ Fees required under 37 C.F.R. §1.16;
 - ☒ Fees required under 37 C.F.R. §1.17;
 - ☒ Fees required under 37 C.F.R. §1.18.
10. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard Enclosed.
11. ☐ Other Documents Enclosed:
- ☐ Change of Attorney Address In Application.
 - ☐ Limited Recognition under 37 C.F. § 10.9(b) for Michel Morency.

Respectfully submitted,



Dated: November 22, 2000

Ivor R. Elrifi, Reg. No. 39,529
Shelby J. Walker, Reg. No. 45, 192
Attorney(s) for Applicants
MINTZ, LEVIN, COHN, FERRIS,
GLOVSKY and POPEO, P.C.
One Financial Center
Boston, Massachusetts 02111
Tel: (617) 542-6000
Fax: (617) 542-2241

TRADOCS:1403439 1(%2WF01!.DOC)

NUCLEIC ACIDS CONTAINING SINGLE NUCLEOTIDE POLYMORPHISMS AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF

RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority to U.S.S.N. 60/167,383, filed November 24, 1999, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Sequence polymorphism-based analysis of nucleic acid sequences can augment or replace previously known methods for determining the identity and relatedness of individuals. The approach is generally based on alterations in nucleic acid sequences between related individuals. This analysis has been widely used in a variety of genetic, diagnostic, and forensic applications. For example, polymorphism analyses are used in identity and paternity analysis, and in genetic mapping studies.

One such type of variation is a restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP). RFLPS can create or delete a recognition sequence for a restriction endonuclease in one nucleic acid relative to a second nucleic acid. The result of the variation is an alteration in the relative length of restriction enzyme generated DNA fragments in the two nucleic acids.

Other polymorphisms take the form of short tandem repeats (STR) sequences, which are also referred to as variable numbers of tandem repeat (VNTR) sequences. STR sequences typically that include tandem repeats of 2, 3, or 4 nucleotide sequences that are present in a nucleic acid from one individual but absent from a second, related individual at the corresponding genomic location.

Other polymorphisms take the form of single nucleotide variations, termed single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs), between individuals. A SNP can, in some instances, be referred to as a "cSNP" to denote that the nucleotide sequence containing the SNP

originates as a cDNA.

SNPs can arise in several ways. A single nucleotide polymorphism may arise due to a substitution of one nucleotide for another at the polymorphic site. Substitutions can be transitions or transversions. A transition is the replacement of one purine nucleotide by another purine nucleotide, or one pyrimidine by another pyrimidine. A transversion is the replacement of a purine by a pyrimidine, or the converse.

Single nucleotide polymorphisms can also arise from a deletion of a nucleotide or an insertion of a nucleotide relative to a reference allele. Thus, the polymorphic site is a site at which one allele bears a gap with respect to a single nucleotide in another allele.

Some SNPs occur within, or near genes. One such class includes SNPs falling within regions of genes encoding for a polypeptide product. These SNPs may result in an alteration of the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide product and give rise to the expression of a defective or other variant protein. Such variant products can, in some cases result in a pathological condition, *e.g.*, genetic disease. Examples of genes in which a polymorphism within a coding sequence gives rise to genetic disease include sickle cell anemia and cystic fibrosis. Other SNPs do not result in alteration of the polypeptide product. Of course, SNPs can also occur in noncoding regions of genes.

SNPs tend to occur with great frequency and are spaced uniformly throughout the genome. The frequency and uniformity of SNPs means that there is a greater probability that such a polymorphism will be found in close proximity to a genetic locus of interest.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention is based in part on the discovery of novel single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) in regions of human DNA.

Accordingly, in one aspect, the invention provides an isolated polynucleotide which includes one or more of the SNPs described herein. The polynucleotide can be, *e.g.*, a nucleotide sequence which includes one or more of the polymorphic sequences shown in Table 1 and the Sequence Listing (SEQ ID NOS: 1 - 1468) and which includes a polymorphic sequence, or a fragment of the polymorphic sequence, as long as it

includes the polymorphic site. The polynucleotide may alternatively contain a nucleotide sequence which includes a sequence complementary to one or more of the sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1-1468), or a fragment of the complementary nucleotide sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in the polymorphic sequence.

5 The polynucleotide can be, *e.g.*, DNA or RNA, and can be between about 10 and about 100 nucleotides, *e.g.* 10-90, 10-75, 10-51, 10-40, or 10-30, nucleotides in length.

 In some embodiments, the polymorphic site in the polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5 for the polymorphic sequence, *e.g.*, the polymorphic site includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 6
10 for the polymorphic sequence.

 In other embodiments, the complement of the polymorphic site includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5 for the complement of the polymorphic sequence, *e.g.*, the complement of the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 6 for the polymorphic sequence.

15 In some embodiments, the polymorphic sequence is associated with a polypeptide related to one of the protein families disclosed herein. For example, the nucleic acid may be associated with a polypeptide related to an ATPase associated protein, a cadherin, or any of the other proteins identified in Table 1, column 10.

 In another aspect, the invention provides an isolated allele-specific
20 oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a first polynucleotide containing a polymorphic site. The first polynucleotide can be, *e.g.*, a nucleotide sequence comprising one or more polymorphic sequences (SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468), provided that the polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for the polymorphic sequence. Alternatively, the first polynucleotide can be a nucleotide
25 sequence that is a fragment of the polymorphic sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in the polymorphic sequence, or a complementary nucleotide sequence which includes a sequence complementary to one or more polymorphic sequences (SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468), provided that the complementary nucleotide

sequence includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5. The first polynucleotide may in addition include a nucleotide sequence that is a fragment of the complementary sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in the polymorphic sequence.

5 In some embodiments, the oligonucleotide does not hybridize under stringent conditions to a second polynucleotide. The second polynucleotide can be, *e.g.*, (a) a nucleotide sequence comprising one or more polymorphic sequences (SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468), wherein the polymorphic sequence includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5 for the polymorphic sequence; (b) a nucleotide sequence that is a fragment of
10 any of the polymorphic sequences; (c) a complementary nucleotide sequence including a sequence complementary to one or more polymorphic sequences (SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468), wherein the polymorphic sequence includes the complement of the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5; and (d) a nucleotide sequence that is a fragment of the complementary sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in the
15 polymorphic sequence.

The oligonucleotide can be, *e.g.*, between about 10 and about 100 bases in length. In some embodiments, the oligonucleotide is between about 10 and 75 bases, 10 and 51 bases, 10 and about 40 bases, or about 15 and 30 bases in length.

The invention also provides a method of detecting a polymorphic site in a nucleic
20 acid. The method includes contacting the nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polymorphic sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 1-1468, or its complement, provided that the polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for the polymorphic sequence, or the complement includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the
25 nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5. The method also includes determining whether the nucleic acid and the oligonucleotide hybridize. Hybridization of the oligonucleotide to the nucleic acid sequence indicates the presence of the polymorphic site in the nucleic acid.

In preferred embodiments, the oligonucleotide does not hybridize to the polymorphic sequence when the polymorphic sequence includes the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for the polymorphic sequence, or when the complement of the polymorphic sequence includes the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for the polymorphic sequence.

The oligonucleotide can be, *e.g.*, between about 10 and about 100 bases in length. In some embodiments, the oligonucleotide is between about 10 and 75 bases, 10 and 51 bases, 10 and about 40 bases, or about 15 and 30 bases in length.

In some embodiments, the polymorphic sequence identified by the oligonucleotide is associated with a polypeptide related to one of the protein families disclosed herein. For example, the nucleic acid may be associated polypeptide related to an ATPase associated protein, cadherin, or any of the other protein families identified in Table 1, column 10.

In another aspect, the method includes determining if a sequence polymorphism is the present in a subject, such as a human. The method includes providing a nucleic acid from the subject and contacting the nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polymorphic sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 1-1468, or its complement, provided that the polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence, or the complement includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5. Hybridization between the nucleic acid and the oligonucleotide is then determined. Hybridization of the oligonucleotide to the nucleic acid sequence indicates the presence of the polymorphism in said subject.

In a further aspect, the invention provides a method of determining the relatedness of a first and second nucleic acid. The method includes providing a first nucleic acid and a second nucleic acid and contacting the first nucleic acid and the second nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polymorphic sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 1-1468, or its complement, provided that the polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide recited in Table 1,

column 5 for the polymorphic sequence, or the complement includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5. The method also includes determining whether the first nucleic acid and the second nucleic acid hybridize to the oligonucleotide, and comparing hybridization of the first and second nucleic acids to the oligonucleotide. Hybridization of first and second nucleic acids to the nucleic acid indicates the first and second subjects are related.

In preferred embodiments, the oligonucleotide does not hybridize to the polymorphic sequence when the polymorphic sequence includes the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for the polymorphic sequence, or when the complement of the polymorphic sequence includes the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for the polymorphic sequence.

The oligonucleotide can be, *e.g.*, between about 10 and about 100 bases in length. In some embodiments, the oligonucleotide is between about 10 and 75 bases, 10 and 51 bases, 10 and about 40 bases, or about 15 and 30 bases in length.

The method can be used in a variety of applications. For example, the first nucleic acid may be isolated from physical evidence gathered at a crime scene, and the second nucleic acid may be obtained from a person suspected of having committed the crime. Matching the two nucleic acids using the method can establish whether the physical evidence originated from the person.

In another example, the first sample may be from a human male suspected of being the father of a child and the second sample may be from the child. Establishing a match using the described method can establish whether the male is the father of the child.

In another aspect, the invention provides an isolated polypeptide comprising a polymorphic site at one or more amino acid residues, and wherein the protein is encoded by a polynucleotide including one of the polymorphic sequences SEQ ID NOS:1-1468, or their complement, provided that the polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for the polymorphic sequence, or the

complement includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5.

The polypeptide can be, *e.g.*, related to one of the protein families disclosed herein. For example, polypeptide can be related to an ATPase associated protein, cadherin, or any of the other proteins provided in Table 1, column 10.

In some embodiments, the polypeptide is translated in the same open reading frame as is a wild type protein whose amino acid sequence is identical to the amino acid sequence of the polymorphic protein except at the site of the polymorphism.

In some embodiments, the polypeptide encoded by the polymorphic sequence, or its complement, includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 6 for the polymorphic sequence, or the complement includes the complement of the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 6.

The invention also provides an antibody that binds specifically to a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence encoded by a polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of polymorphic sequences SEQ ID NOS:1-1468, or its complement. The polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for the polymorphic sequence, or the complement includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5.

In some embodiments, the antibody binds specifically to a polypeptide encoded by a polymorphic sequence which includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 6 for the polymorphic sequence.

Preferably, the antibody does not bind specifically to a polypeptide encoded by a polymorphic sequence which includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5 for the polymorphic sequence.

The invention further provides a method of detecting the presence of a polypeptide having one or more amino acid residue polymorphisms in a subject. The

method includes providing a protein sample from the subject and contacting the sample with the above-described antibody under conditions that allow for the formation of antibody-antigen complexes. The antibody-antigen complexes are then detected. The presence of the complexes indicates the presence of the polypeptide.

5 The invention also provides a method of treating a subject suffering from, at risk for, or suspected of, suffering from a pathology ascribed to the presence of a sequence polymorphism in a subject, *e.g.*, a human, non-human primate, cat, dog, rat, mouse, cow, pig, goat, or rabbit. The method includes providing a subject suffering from a pathology associated with aberrant expression of a first nucleic acid comprising a polymorphic
10 sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, or its complement, and treating the subject by administering to the subject an effective dose of a therapeutic agent. Aberrant expression can include qualitative alterations in expression of a gene, *e.g.*, expression of a gene encoding a polypeptide having an altered amino acid sequence with respect to its wild-type counterpart. Qualitatively different polypeptides
15 can include, shorter, longer, or altered polypeptides relative to the amino acid sequence of the wild-type polypeptide. Aberrant expression can also include quantitative alterations in expression of a gene. Examples of quantitative alterations in gene expression include lower or higher levels of expression of the gene relative to its wild-type counterpart, or alterations in the temporal or tissue-specific expression pattern of a gene. Finally,
20 aberrant expression may also include a combination of qualitative and quantitative alterations in gene expression.

 The therapeutic agent can include, *e.g.*, second nucleic acid comprising the polymorphic sequence, provided that the second nucleic acid comprises the nucleotide present in the wild type allele. In some embodiments, the second nucleic acid sequence
25 comprises a polymorphic sequence which includes nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5 for the polymorphic sequence.

 Alternatively, the therapeutic agent can be a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising polymorphic sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, or by a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence that is

complementary to any one of polymorphic sequences SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, provided that the polymorphic sequence includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 6 for the polymorphic sequence.

The therapeutic agent may further include an antibody as herein described, or an oligonucleotide comprising a polymorphic sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, or by a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence that is complementary to any one of polymorphic sequences SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, provided that the polymorphic sequence includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5 or Table 1, column 6 for the polymorphic sequence.

In another aspect, the invention provides an oligonucleotide array comprising one or more oligonucleotides hybridizing to a first polynucleotide at a polymorphic site encompassed therein. The first polynucleotide can be, *e.g.*, a nucleotide sequence comprising one or more polymorphic sequences (SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468); a nucleotide sequence that is a fragment of any of the nucleotide sequences, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in the polymorphic sequence; a complementary nucleotide sequence comprising a sequence complementary to one or more polymorphic sequences (SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468); or a nucleotide sequence that is a fragment of the complementary sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in the polymorphic sequence.

In preferred embodiments, the array comprises 10; 100; 1,000; 10,000; 100,000 or more oligonucleotides.

The invention also provides a kit comprising one or more of the herein-described nucleic acids. The kit can include, *e.g.*, a polynucleotide which includes one or more of the SNPs described herein. The polynucleotide can be, *e.g.*, a nucleotide sequence which includes one or more of the polymorphic sequences shown in Table 1 and the Sequence Listing (SEQ ID NOS: 1 - 1468) and which includes a polymorphic sequence, or a fragment of the polymorphic sequence, as long as it includes the polymorphic site. The polynucleotide may alternatively contain a nucleotide sequence which includes a sequence complementary to one or more of the sequences (SEQ ID NOS:1-1468), or a

fragment of the complementary nucleotide sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in the polymorphic sequence. The invention provides an isolated allele-specific oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a first polynucleotide containing a polymorphic site. The first polynucleotide can be, *e.g.*, a nucleotide sequence comprising one or more polymorphic sequences (SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468), provided that the polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for the polymorphic sequence. Alternatively, the first polynucleotide can be a nucleotide sequence that is a fragment of the polymorphic sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in the polymorphic sequence, or a complementary nucleotide sequence which includes a sequence complementary to one or more polymorphic sequences (SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468), provided that the complementary nucleotide sequence includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5. The first polynucleotide may in addition include a nucleotide sequence that is a fragment of the complementary sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in the polymorphic sequence.

Unless otherwise defined, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs. Although methods and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used in the practice or testing of the present invention, suitable methods and materials are described below. All publications, patent applications, patents, and other references mentioned herein are incorporated by reference in their entirety. In the case of conflict, the present specification, including definitions, will control. In addition, the materials, methods, and examples are illustrative only and not intended to be limiting.

Other features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following detailed description and claims.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The invention provides human SNPs in sequences which are transcribed, *i.e.*, are cSNPs. As is explained in more detail below, many SNPs have been identified in genes related to polypeptides of known function. For some applications, SNPs associated with various polypeptides can be used together. For example, SNPs can be group according to whether they are derived from a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide related to a particular protein family or involved in a particular function. Thus, SNPs related to ATPase associated protein may be collected for some applications, as may SNPs associated with cadherin, or ephrin (EPH), or any of the other proteins recited in Table 1, column 10. Similarly, SNPs can be grouped according to the functions played by their gene products. Such functions include, e.g., structural proteins, proteins from which associated with metabolic pathways fatty acid metabolism, glycolysis, intermediary metabolism, calcium metabolism, proteases, and amino acid metabolism.

The SNPs are shown in Table 1 and the Sequence Listing. Both provide a summary of the polymorphic sequences disclosed herein. In the Table, a “SNP” is a polymorphic site embedded in a polymorphic sequence. The polymorphic site is occupied by a single nucleotide, which is the position of nucleotide variation between the wild type and polymorphic allelic sequences. The site is usually preceded by and followed by relatively highly conserved sequences of the allele (e.g., sequences that vary in less than 1/100 or 1/1000 members of the populations). Thus, a polymorphic sequence can include one or more of the following sequences: (1) a sequence having the nucleotide denoted in Table 1, column 5 at the polymorphic site in the polymorphic sequence; or (2) a sequence having a nucleotide other than the nucleotide denoted in Table 1, column 5 at the polymorphic site in the polymorphic sequence. An example of the latter sequence is a polymorphic sequence having the nucleotide denoted in Table 1, column 6 at the polymorphic site in the polymorphic sequence.

Nucleotide sequences for a referenced-polymorphic pair are presented in Table 1. Each cSNP entry provides information concerning the wild type nucleotide sequence as well as the corresponding sequence that includes the SNP at the polymorphic site. Since

the wild type sequence is already known, the Sequence Listing accompanying this application provides only the sequence of the polymorphic allele; its SEQ ID NO: is also cross referenced in the Table 1. A reference to the SEQ ID NO: giving the translated amino acid sequence is also given if appropriate. The Table includes thirteen columns that provide descriptive information for each cSNP, each of which occupies one row in the Table. The column headings, and an explanation for each, are given below.

“SEQ ID” provides the cross-reference to the nucleotide SEQ ID NO:, and, as explained below, an amino acid SEQ ID NO: as well, in the Sequence Listing of the application. Conversely, each sequence entry in the Sequence Listing also includes a cross-reference to the CuraGen sequence ID, under the label “CuraGen Sequence ID”. The first SEQ ID NO: given in the first column of each row of the Table is the SEQ ID NO: identifying the nucleic acid sequence for the polymorphism. If a polymorphism carries an entry for the amino acid portion of the row, a second SEQ ID NO: appears in parentheses in the column “Amino acid after” (see below). This second SEQ ID NO: refers to an amino acid sequence giving the polymorphic amino acid sequence that is the translation of the nucleotide polymorphism. If a polymorphism carries no entry for the protein portion of the row, only one SEQ ID NO: is provided.

“CuraGen sequence ID” provides CuraGen Corporation’s accession number.

“Base pos. of SNP” gives the numerical position of the nucleotide in the reference, or wild-type, gene at which the cSNP is found. This enumeration of bases is that found in the public database from which the reference gene is taken (see column headed “Name of protein identified following a BLASTX analysis of the CuraGen sequence”) as of the filing date of the instant application.

“Polymorphic sequence” provides a 51-base sequence with the polymorphic site at the 26th base in the sequence, as well as 25 bases from the reference sequence on the 5’ side and the 3’ side of the polymorphic site. The designation at the polymorphic site is enclosed in square brackets, and provides first, the reference nucleotide; second, a “slash (/)”; and third, the polymorphic nucleotide. In certain cases the polymorphism is an

insertion or a deletion. In that case, the position which is “unfilled” (i.e., the reference or the polymorphic position) is indicated by the word “gap”.

“Base before” provides the nucleotide present in the reference, or wild-type, gene at the position at which the polymorphism is found.

5 “Base after” provides the altered nucleotide at the position of the polymorphism.

“Amino acid before” provides the amino acid in the reference protein, if the polymorphism occurs in a coding region.

10 “Amino acid after” provides the amino acid in the polymorphic protein, if the polymorphism occurs in a coding region. This column also includes the SEQ ID NO: in parentheses if the polymorphism occurs in a coding region.

“Type of change” provides information on the nature of the polymorphism.

“SILENT-NONCODING” is used if the polymorphism occurs in a noncoding region of a nucleic acid.

15 “SILENT-CODING” is used if the polymorphism occurs in a coding region of a nucleic acid of a nucleic acid and results in no change of amino acid in the translated polymorphic protein.

“CONSERVATIVE” is used if the polymorphism occurs in a coding region of a nucleic acid and provides a change in which the altered amino acid falls in the same class as the reference amino acid. The classes are:

20 Aliphatic: Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile;

Aromatic: Phe, Tyr, Trp;

Sulfur-containing: Cys, Met;

Aliphatic OH: Ser, Thr;

Basic: Lys, Arg, His;

Acidic: Asp, Glu, Asn, Gln;

Pro falls in none of the other classes; and

End defines a termination codon.

5 “NONCONSERVATIVE” is used if the polymorphism occurs in a coding region of a nucleic acid and provides a change in which the altered amino acid falls in a different class than the reference amino acid.

“FRAMESHIFT” relates to an insertion or a deletion. If the frameshift occurs in a coding region, the Table provides the translation of the frameshifted codons 3’ to the polymorphic site.

10 “Protein classification of CuraGen gene” provides a generic class into which the protein is classified. During the course of the work leading to the filing of this application, several classes of proteins were identified. Some are described further below.

15 “Name of protein identified following a BLASTX analysis of the CuraGen sequence” provides the database reference for the protein found to resemble the novel reference-polymorphism cognate pair most closely.

20 “Similarity (pvalue) following a BLASTX analysis” provides the pvalue, a statistical measure from the BLASTX analysis that the polymorphic sequence is similar to, and therefore an allele of, the reference, or wild-type, sequence. In the present application, a cutoff of $pvalue > 1 \times 10^{-50}$ (entered, for example, as 1.0E-50 in the Table) is used to establish that the reference-polymorphic cognate pairs are novel. A $pvalue < 1 \times 10^{-50}$ defines proteins considered to be already known.

“Map location” provides any information available at the time of filing related to localization of a gene on a chromosome.

25 The polymorphisms are arranged in the Table in the following order.

SEQ ID NOs: 1-722 are SNPs that are silent.

SEQ ID NOs: 723-797 are SNPs that lead to conservative amino acid changes.

SEQ ID NOs: 798-989 are SNPs that lead to nonconservative amino acid changes.

5 SEQ ID NOs: 990-1095 are SNPs that involve a gap. With respect to the reference or wild-type sequence at the position of the polymorphism, the allelic cSNP introduces an additional nucleotide (an insertion) or deletes a nucleotide (a deletion). An SNP that involves a gap generates a frame shift.

10 SEQ ID NOs: 1096-1170 are the amino acid sequences centered at the polymorphic amino acid residue for the protein products provided by SNPs that lead to conservative amino acid changes. These amino acid SEQ ID NOs: are derived from the corresponding nucleotide SEQ ID NOs: 723-797. 7 or 8 amino acids on either side of the polymorphic site are shown. The order in which these sequences appear mirrors the order of presentation of the cognate nucleotide sequences, and is set forth in the Table.

15 SEQ ID NOs: 1171-1362 are the amino acid sequences centered at the polymorphic amino acid residue for the protein products provided by SNPs that lead to nonconservative amino acid changes. These amino acid SEQ ID NOs: are derived from the corresponding nucleotide SEQ ID NOs: 798-989. 7 or 8 amino acids on either side of the polymorphic site are shown. The order in which these sequences appear mirrors the
20 order of presentation of the cognate nucleotide sequences, and is set forth in the Table.

 SEQ ID NOs: 1363-1468 are the amino acid sequences centered at the polymorphic amino acid residue for the protein products provided by SNPs that lead to frameshift-induced amino acid changes. These amino acid SEQ ID NOs: are derived from the corresponding nucleotide SEQ ID NOs: 990-1095. 7 or 8 amino acids on either
25 side of the polymorphic site are shown. The order in which these sequences appear mirrors the order of presentation of the cognate nucleotide sequences, and is set forth in the Table.

Provided herein are compositions which include, or are capable of detecting, nucleic acid sequences having these polymorphisms, as well as methods of using nucleic acids.

IDENTIFICATION OF INDIVIDUALS CARRYING SNPs

5 Individuals carrying polymorphic alleles of the invention may be detected at either the DNA, the RNA, or the protein level using a variety of techniques that are well known in the art. Strategies for identification and detection are described in *e.g.*, EP 730,663, EP 717,113, and PCT US97/02102. The present methods usually employ pre-characterized polymorphisms. That is, the genotyping location and nature of
10 polymorphic forms present at a site have already been determined. The availability of this information allows sets of probes to be designed for specific identification of the known polymorphic forms.

Many of the methods described below require amplification of DNA from target samples. This can be accomplished by *e.g.*, PCR. See generally PCR Technology:
15 Principles and Applications for DNA Amplification (ed. H.A. Erlich, Freeman Press, NY, NY, 1992); PCR Protocols: A Guide to Methods and Applications (eds. Innis, et al., Academic Press, San Diego, CA, 1990); Mattila et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 19, 4967 (1991); Eckert et al., PCR Methods and Applications 1, 17 (1991); PCR (eds. McPherson et al., IRL Press, Oxford); and U.S. Patent 4,683,202.

20 The phrase "recombinant protein" or "recombinantly produced protein" refers to a peptide or protein produced using non-native cells that do not have an endogenous copy of DNA able to express the protein. In particular, as used herein, a recombinantly produced protein relates to the gene product of a polymorphic allele, *i.e.*, a "polymorphic protein" containing an altered amino acid at the site of translation of the nucleotide
25 polymorphism. The cells produce the protein because they have been genetically altered by the introduction of the appropriate nucleic acid sequence. The recombinant protein will not be found in association with proteins and other subcellular components normally associated with the cells producing the protein. The terms "protein" and "polypeptide" are used interchangeably herein.

The phrase “substantially purified” or “isolated” when referring to a nucleic acid, peptide or protein, means that the chemical composition is in a milieu containing fewer, or preferably, essentially none, of other cellular components with which it is naturally associated. Thus, the phrase “isolated” or “substantially pure” refers to nucleic acid preparations that lack at least one protein or nucleic acid normally associated with the nucleic acid in a host cell. It is preferably in a homogeneous state although it can be in either a dry or aqueous solution. Purity and homogeneity are typically determined using analytical chemistry techniques such as gel electrophoresis or high performance liquid chromatography. Generally, a substantially purified or isolated nucleic acid or protein will comprise more than 80% of all macromolecular species present in the preparation. Preferably, the nucleic acid or protein is purified to represent greater than 90% of all macromolecular species present. More preferably the nucleic acid or protein is purified to greater than 95%, and most preferably the nucleic acid or protein is purified to essential homogeneity, wherein other macromolecular species are not detected by conventional analytical procedures.

The genomic DNA used for the diagnosis may be obtained from any nucleated cells of the body, such as those present in peripheral blood, urine, saliva, buccal samples, surgical specimen, and autopsy specimens. The DNA may be used directly or may be amplified enzymatically in vitro through use of PCR (Saiki et al. Science 239:487-491 (1988)) or other in vitro amplification methods such as the ligase chain reaction (LCR) (Wu and Wallace Genomics 4:560-569 (1989)), strand displacement amplification (SDA) (Walker et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:392-396 (1992)), self-sustained sequence replication (3SR) (Fahy et al. PCR Methods P&J 1:25-33 (1992)), prior to mutation analysis.

The method for preparing nucleic acids in a form that is suitable for mutation detection is well known in the art. A “nucleic acid” is a deoxyribonucleotide or ribonucleotide polymer in either single-or double-stranded form, including known analogs of natural nucleotides unless otherwise indicated. The term “nucleic acids”, as used herein, refers to either DNA or RNA. “Nucleic acid sequence” or “polynucleotide sequence” refers to a single-stranded sequence of deoxyribonucleotide or ribonucleotide

bases read from the 5' end to the 3' end. The direction of 5' to 3' addition of nascent RNA transcripts is referred to as the transcription direction; sequence regions on the DNA strand having the same sequence as the RNA and which are beyond the 5' end of the RNA transcript in the 5' direction are referred to as "upstream sequences"; sequence regions on the DNA strand having the same sequence as the RNA and which are beyond the 3' end of the RNA transcript in the 3' direction are referred to as "downstream sequences". The term includes both self-replicating plasmids, infectious polymers of DNA or RNA and nonfunctional DNA or RNA. The complement of any nucleic acid sequence of the invention is understood to be included in the definition of that sequence.

10 "Nucleic acid probes" may be DNA or RNA fragments.

The detection of polymorphisms in specific DNA sequences, can be accomplished by a variety of methods including, but not limited to, restriction-fragment-length-polymorphism detection based on allele-specific restriction-endonuclease cleavage (Kan and Dozy Lancet ii:910-912 (1978)), hybridization with allele-specific oligonucleotide probes (Wallace et al. Nucl. Acids Res. 6:3543-3557 (1978)), including immobilized oligonucleotides (Saiki et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 86:6230-6234 (1989)) or oligonucleotide arrays (Maskos and Southern Nucl. Acids Res 21:2269-2270 (1993)), allele-specific PCR (Newton et al. Nucl Acids Res 17:2503-2516 (1989)), mismatch-repair detection (MRD) (Faham and Cox Genome Res 5:474-482 (1995)), binding of MutS protein (Wagner et al. Nucl Acids Res 23:3944-3948 (1995)), denaturing-gradient gel electrophoresis (DGGE) (Fisher and Lerman et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 80:1579-1583 (1983)), single-strand-conformation-polymorphism detection (Orita et al. Genomics 5:874-879 (1983)), RNAase cleavage at mismatched base-pairs (Myers et al. Science 230:1242 (1985)), chemical (Cotton et al. Proc. Natl. w Sci. U.S.A. 8Z4397-4401 (1988)) or enzymatic (Youil et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 92:87-91 (1995)) cleavage of heteroduplex DNA, methods based on allele specific primer extension (Syvanen et al. Genomics 8:684-692 (1990)), genetic bit analysis (GBA) (Nikiforov et al. &&I Acids 22:4167-4175 (1994)), the oligonucleotide-ligation assay (OLA) (Landegren et al. Science 241:1077 (1988)), the allele-specific ligation chain reaction (LCR) (Barrany Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 88:189-193 (1991)), gap-LCR (Abravaya et al. Nucl Acids Res 23:675-682 (1995)), radioactive and/or fluorescent

DNA sequencing using standard procedures well known in the art, and peptide nucleic acid (PNA) assays (Orum et al., *Nucl. Acids Res*, 21:5332-5356 (1993); Thiede et al., *Nucl. Acids Res*, 24:983-984 (1996)).

“Specific hybridization” or “selective hybridization” refers to the binding, or duplexing, of a nucleic acid molecule only to a second particular nucleotide sequence to which the nucleic acid is complementary, under suitably stringent conditions when that sequence is present in a complex mixture (e.g., total cellular DNA or RNA). “Stringent conditions” are conditions under which a probe will hybridize to its target subsequence, but to no other sequences. Stringent conditions are sequence-dependent and are different in different circumstances. Longer sequences hybridize specifically at higher temperatures than shorter ones. Generally, stringent conditions are selected such that the temperature is about 5°C lower than the thermal melting point (T_m) for the specific sequence to which hybridization is intended to occur at a defined ionic strength and pH. The T_m is the temperature (under defined ionic strength, pH, and nucleic acid concentration) at which 50% of the target sequence hybridizes to the complementary probe at equilibrium. Typically, stringent conditions include a salt concentration of at least about 0.01 to about 1.0 M Na ion concentration (or other salts), at pH 7.0 to 8.3. The temperature is at least about 30°C for short probes (e.g., 10 to 50 nucleotides). Stringent conditions can also be achieved with the addition of destabilizing agents such as formamide. For example, conditions of 5X SSPE (750 mM NaCl, 50 mM NaPhosphate, 5 mM EDTA, pH 7.4) and a temperature of 25-30°C are suitable for allele-specific probe hybridization.

“Complementary” or “target” nucleic acid sequences refer to those nucleic acid sequences which selectively hybridize to a nucleic acid probe. Proper annealing conditions depend, for example, upon a probe’s length, base composition, and the number of mismatches and their position on the probe, and must often be determined empirically. For discussions of nucleic acid probe design and annealing conditions, see, for example, Sambrook et al., or *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, F. Ausubel et al., ed., Greene Publishing and Wiley-Interscience, New York (1987).

A perfectly matched probe has a sequence perfectly complementary to a particular target sequence. The test probe is typically perfectly complementary to a portion of the target sequence. A "polymorphic" marker or site is the locus at which a sequence difference occurs with respect to a reference sequence. Polymorphic markers include restriction fragment length polymorphisms, variable number of tandem repeats (VNTR's), hypervariable regions, minisatellites, dinucleotide repeats, trinucleotide repeats, tetranucleotide repeats, simple sequence repeats, and insertion elements such as Alu. The reference allelic form may be, for example, the most abundant form in a population, or the first allelic form to be identified, and other allelic forms are designated as alternative, variant or polymorphic alleles. The allelic form occurring most frequently in a selected population is sometimes referred to as the "wild type" form, and herein may also be referred to as the "reference" form. Diploid organisms may be homozygous or heterozygous for allelic forms. A diallelic polymorphism has two distinguishable forms (i.e., base sequences), and a triallelic polymorphism has three such forms.

As used herein an "oligonucleotide" is a single-stranded nucleic acid ranging in length from 2 to about 60 bases. Oligonucleotides are often synthetic but can also be produced from naturally occurring polynucleotides. A probe is an oligonucleotide capable of binding to a target nucleic acid of a complementary sequence through one or more types of chemical bonds, usually through complementary base pairing via hydrogen bond formation. Oligonucleotides probes are often between 5 and 60 bases, and, in specific embodiments, may be between 10-40, or 15-30 bases long. An oligonucleotide probe may include natural (i.e. A, G, C, or T) or modified bases (7-deazaguanosine, inosine, etc.). In addition, the bases in an oligonucleotide probe may be joined by a linkage other than a phosphodiester bond, such as a phosphoramidite linkage or a phosphorothioate linkage, or they may be peptide nucleic acids in which the constituent bases are joined by peptide bonds rather than by phosphodiester bonds, so long as it does not interfere with hybridization.

As used herein, the term "primer" refers to a single-stranded oligonucleotide which acts as a point of initiation of template-directed DNA synthesis under appropriate conditions (e.g., in the presence of four different nucleoside triphosphates and a

polymerization agent, such as DNA polymerase, RNA polymerase or reverse transcriptase) in an appropriate buffer and at a suitable temperature. The appropriate length of a primer depends on the intended use of the primer, but typically ranges from 15 to 30 nucleotides. Short primer molecules generally require cooler temperatures to form sufficiently stable hybrid complexes with the template. A primer need not be perfectly complementary to the exact sequence of the template, but should be sufficiently complementary to hybridize with it. The term "primer site" refers to the sequence of the target DNA to which a primer hybridizes. The term "primer pair" refers to a set of primers including a 5' (upstream) primer that hybridizes with the 5' end of the DNA sequence to be amplified and a 3' (downstream) primer that hybridizes with the complement of the 3' end of the sequence to be amplified.

DNA fragments can be prepared, for example, by digesting plasmid DNA, or by use of PCR. Oligonucleotides for use as primers or probes are chemically synthesized by methods known in the field of the chemical synthesis of polynucleotides, including by way of non-limiting example the phosphoramidite method described by Beaucage and Carruthers, Tetrahedron Lett 22:1859-1 862 (1981) and the triester method provided by Matteucci, et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 103:3185 (1981) both incorporated herein by reference. These syntheses may employ an automated synthesizer, as described in Needham-VanDevanter, D.R., et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 12:61596168 (1984). Purification of oligonucleotides may be carried out by either native acrylamide gel electrophoresis or by anion-exchange HPLC as described in Pearson, J.D. and Regnier, F.E., J. Chrom., 255:137-149 (1983). A double stranded fragment may then be obtained, if desired, by annealing appropriate complementary single strands together under suitable conditions or by synthesizing the complementary strand using a DNA polymerase with an appropriate primer sequence. Where a specific sequence for a nucleic acid probe is given, it is understood that the complementary strand is also identified and included. The complementary strand will work equally well in situations where the target is a double-stranded nucleic acid.

The sequence of the synthetic oligonucleotide or of any nucleic acid fragment can be can be obtained using either the dideoxy chain termination method or the Maxam-

Gilbert method (see Sambrook et al. Molecular Cloning - a Laboratory Manual (2nd Ed.), Vols. 1-3, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor, New York, (1989), which is incorporated herein by reference. This manual is hereinafter referred to as "Sambrook et al." ; Zyskind et al., (1988)). Recombinant DNA Laboratory Manual, (Acad. Press, New York). Oligonucleotides useful in diagnostic assays are typically at least 8 consecutive nucleotides in length, and may range upwards of 18 nucleotides in length to greater than 100 or more consecutive nucleotides.

Another aspect of the invention pertains to isolated antisense nucleic acid molecules that are hybridizable to or complementary to the nucleic acid molecule comprising the SNP-containing nucleotide sequences of the invention, or fragments, analogs or derivatives thereof. An "antisense" nucleic acid comprises a nucleotide sequence that is complementary to a "sense" nucleic acid encoding a protein, *e.g.*, complementary to the coding strand of a double-stranded cDNA molecule or complementary to an mRNA sequence. In specific aspects, antisense nucleic acid molecules are provided that comprise a sequence complementary to at least about 10, about 25, about 50, or about 60 nucleotides or an entire SNP coding strand, or to only a portion thereof.

In one embodiment, an antisense nucleic acid molecule is antisense to a "coding region" of the coding strand of a polymorphic nucleotide sequence of the invention. The term "coding region" refers to the region of the nucleotide sequence comprising codons which are translated into amino acid. In another embodiment, the antisense nucleic acid molecule is antisense to a "noncoding region" of the coding strand of a nucleotide sequence of the invention. The term "noncoding region" refers to 5' and 3' sequences which flank the coding region that are not translated into amino acids (*i.e.*, also referred to as 5' and 3' untranslated regions).

Given the coding strand sequences disclosed herein, antisense nucleic acids of the invention can be designed according to the rules of Watson and Crick or Hoogsteen base pairing. For example, the antisense nucleic acid molecule can generally be complementary to the entire coding region of an mRNA, but more preferably as

embodied herein, it is an oligonucleotide that is antisense to only a portion of the coding or noncoding region of the mRNA. An antisense oligonucleotide can range in length between about 5 and about 60 nucleotides, preferably between about 10 and about 45 nucleotides, more preferably between about 15 and 40 nucleotides, and still more preferably between about 15 and 30 in length. An antisense nucleic acid of the invention can be constructed using chemical synthesis or enzymatic ligation reactions using procedures known in the art. For example, an antisense nucleic acid (*e.g.*, an antisense oligonucleotide) can be chemically synthesized using naturally occurring nucleotides or variously modified nucleotides designed to increase the biological stability of the molecules or to increase the physical stability of the duplex formed between the antisense and sense nucleic acids, *e.g.*, phosphorothioate derivatives and acridine substituted nucleotides can be used.

Examples of modified nucleotides that can be used to generate the antisense nucleic acid include: 5-fluorouracil, 5-bromouracil, 5-chlorouracil, 5-iodouracil, hypoxanthine, xanthine, 4-acetylcytosine, 5-(carboxyhydroxymethyl) uracil, 5-carboxymethylaminomethyl-2-thiouridine, 5-carboxymethylaminomethyluracil, dihydrouracil, beta-D-galactosylqueosine, inosine, N6-isopentenyladenine, 1-methylguanine, 1-methylinosine, 2,2-dimethylguanine, 2-methyladenine, 2-methylguanine, 3-methylcytosine, 5-methylcytosine, N6-adenine, 7-methylguanine, 5-methylaminomethyluracil, 5-methoxyaminomethyl-2-thiouracil, beta-D-mannosylqueosine, 5'-methoxycarboxymethyluracil, 5-methoxyuracil, 2-methylthio-N6-isopentenyladenine, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid (v), wybutoxosine, pseudouracil, queosine, 2-thiocytosine, 5-methyl-2-thiouracil, 2-thiouracil, 4-thiouracil, 5-methyluracil, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid methylester, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid (v), 5-methyl-2-thiouracil, 3-(3-amino-3-N-2-carboxypropyl) uracil, (acp3)w, and 2,6-diaminopurine. Alternatively, the antisense nucleic acid can be produced biologically using an expression vector into which a nucleic acid has been subcloned in an antisense orientation (*i.e.*, RNA transcribed from the inserted nucleic acid will be of an antisense orientation to a target nucleic acid of interest, described further in the following section).

The antisense nucleic acid molecules of the invention are typically administered to a subject or generated *in situ* such that they hybridize with or bind to cellular mRNA and/or genomic DNA encoding a polymorphic protein to thereby inhibit expression of the protein, *e.g.*, by inhibiting transcription and/or translation. The hybridization can be by conventional nucleotide complementary to form a stable duplex, or, for example, in the case of an antisense nucleic acid molecule that binds to DNA duplexes, through specific interactions in the major groove of the double helix. An example of a route of administration of antisense nucleic acid molecules of the invention includes direct injection at a tissue site. Alternatively, antisense nucleic acid molecules can be modified to target selected cells and then administered systemically. For example, for systemic administration, antisense molecules can be modified such that they specifically bind to receptors or antigens expressed on a selected cell surface, *e.g.*, by linking the antisense nucleic acid molecules to peptides or antibodies that bind to cell surface receptors or antigens. The antisense nucleic acid molecules can also be delivered to cells using the vectors described herein. To achieve sufficient intracellular concentrations of antisense molecules, vector constructs in which the antisense nucleic acid molecule is placed under the control of a strong pol II or pol III promoter are preferred.

In yet another embodiment, the antisense nucleic acid molecule of the invention is an α -anomeric nucleic acid molecule. An α -anomeric nucleic acid molecule forms specific double-stranded hybrids with complementary RNA in which, contrary to the usual -u nits, the strands run parallel to each other (Gaultier *et al.* (1987) *Nucleic Acids Res* 15: 6625-6641). The antisense nucleic acid molecule can also comprise a 2'-o-methylribonucleotide (Inoue *et al.* (1987) *Nucleic Acids Res* 15: 6131-6148) or a chimeric RNA -DNA analogue (Inoue *et al.* (1987) *FEBS Lett* 215: 327-330).

The following terms are used to describe the sequence relationships between two or more nucleic acids or polynucleotides: "reference sequence", "comparison window", "sequence identity", "percentage of sequence identity", and "substantial identity". A "reference sequence" is a defined sequence used as a basis for a sequence comparison; a reference sequence may be a subset of a larger sequence, for example, as a segment of a full-length cDNA or gene sequence given in a sequence listing, or may comprise a

complete cDNA or gene sequence. Optimal alignment of sequences for aligning a comparison window may, for example, be conducted by the local homology algorithm of Smith and Waterman Adv. Appl. Math. 2482 (1981), by the homology alignment algorithm of Needleman and Wunsch J. Mol. Biol. 48:443 (1970), by the search for similarity method of Pearson and Lipman Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 852444 (1988), or by computerized implementations of these algorithms (for example, GAP, BESTFIT, FASTA, and TFASTA in the Wisconsin Genetics Software Package Release 7.0, Genetics Computer Group, 575 Science Dr., Madison, WI).

Techniques for nucleic acid manipulation of the nucleic acid sequences harboring the cSNP's of the invention, such as subcloning nucleic acid sequences encoding polypeptides into expression vectors, labeling probes, DNA hybridization, and the like, are described generally in Sambrook et al., The phrase "nucleic acid sequence encoding" refers to a nucleic acid which directs the expression of a specific protein, peptide or amino acid sequence. The nucleic acid sequences include both the DNA strand sequence that is transcribed into RNA and the RNA sequence that is translated into protein, peptide or amino acid sequence. The nucleic acid sequences include both the full length nucleic acid sequences disclosed herein as well as non-full length sequences derived from the full length protein. It being further understood that the sequence includes the degenerate codons of the native sequence or sequences which may be introduced to provide codon preference in a specific host cell. Consequently, the principles of probe selection and array design can readily be extended to analyze more complex polymorphisms (see EP 730,663). For example, to characterize a triallelic SNP polymorphism, three groups of probes can be designed tiled on the three polymorphic forms as described above. As a further example, to analyze a diallelic polymorphism involving a deletion of a nucleotide, one can tile a first group of probes based on the undeleted polymorphic form as the reference sequence and a second group of probes based on the deleted form as the reference sequence.

For assay of genomic DNA, virtually any biological convenient tissue sample can be used. Suitable samples include whole blood, semen, saliva, tears, urine, fecal material, sweat, buccal, skin and hair can be used. Genomic DNA is typically amplified before

analysis. Amplification is usually effected by PCR using primers flanking a suitable fragment e.g., of 50-500 nucleotides containing the locus of the polymorphism to be analyzed. Target is usually labeled in the course of amplification. The amplification product can be RNA or DNA, single stranded or double stranded. If double stranded, the amplification product is typically denatured before application to an array. If genomic DNA is analyzed without amplification, it may be desirable to remove RNA from the sample before applying it to the array. Such can be accomplished by digestion with DNase-free RNase.

DETECTION OF POLYMORPHISMS IN A NUCLEIC ACID SAMPLE

The SNPs disclosed herein can be used to determine which forms of a characterized polymorphism are present in individuals under analysis.

The design and use of allele-specific probes for analyzing polymorphisms is described by e.g., Saiki et al., Nature 324, 163-166 (1986); Dattagupta, EP 235,726, Saiki, WO 89/11548. Allele-specific probes can be designed that hybridize to a segment of target DNA from one individual but do not hybridize to the corresponding segment from another individual due to the presence of different polymorphic forms in the respective segments from the two individuals. Hybridization conditions should be sufficiently stringent that there is a significant difference in hybridization intensity between alleles, and preferably an essentially binary response, whereby a probe hybridizes to only one of the alleles. Some probes are designed to hybridize to a segment of target DNA such that the polymorphic site aligns with a central position (e.g., in a 15-mer at the 7 position; in a 16-mer, at either the 7, 8 or 9 position) of the probe. This design of probe achieves good discrimination in hybridization between different allelic forms.

Allele-specific probes are often used in pairs, one member of a pair showing a perfect match to a reference form of a target sequence and the other member showing a perfect match to a variant form. Several pairs of probes can then be immobilized on the same support for simultaneous analysis of multiple polymorphisms within the same target sequence.

The polymorphisms can also be identified by hybridization to nucleic acid arrays, some examples of which are described in published PCT application WO 95/11995.

WO 95/11995 also describes subarrays that are optimized for detection of a variant form of a precharacterized polymorphism. Such a subarray contains probes designed to be
5 complementary to a second reference sequence, which is an allelic variant of the first reference sequence. The second group of probes is designed by the same principles, except that the probes exhibit complementarity to the second reference sequence. The inclusion of a second group (or further groups) can be particularly useful for analyzing short subsequences of the primary reference sequence in which multiple mutations are
10 expected to occur within a short distance commensurate with the length of the probes (e.g., two or more mutations within 9 to 21 bases).

An allele-specific primer hybridizes to a site on a target DNA overlapping a polymorphism and only primes amplification of an allelic form to which the primer exhibits perfect complementarity. See Gibbs, Nucleic Acid Res. 17 2427-2448 (1989).
15 This primer is used in conjunction with a second primer which hybridizes at a distal site. Amplification proceeds from the two-primers, resulting in a detectable product which indicates the particular allelic form is present. A control is usually performed with a second pair of primers, one of which shows a single base mismatch at the polymorphic site and the other of which exhibits perfect complementarity to a distal site. The single-
20 base mismatch prevents amplification and no detectable product is formed. The method works best when the mismatch is included in the 3'-most position of the oligonucleotide aligned with the polymorphism because this position is most destabilizing to elongation from the primer (see, e.g., WO 93/22456).

Amplification products generated using the polymerase chain reaction can be
25 analyzed by the use of denaturing gradient gel electrophoresis. Different alleles can be identified based on the different sequence-dependent melting properties and electrophoretic migration of DNA in solution. Erlich, ed., PCR Technology, Principles and Applications for DNA Amplification, (W.H. Freeman and Co New York, 1992, Chapter 7).

Alleles of target sequences can be differentiated using single-strand conformation polymorphism analysis, which identifies base differences by alteration in electrophoretic migration of single stranded PCR products, as described in Orita et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 86, 2766-2770 (1989). Amplified PCR products can be generated and heated or otherwise denatured, to form single stranded amplification products. Single-stranded nucleic acids may refold or form secondary structures which are partially dependent on the base sequence. The different electrophoretic mobilities of single-stranded amplification products can be related to base-sequence differences between alleles of target sequences.

The genotype of an individual with respect to a pathology suspected of being caused by a genetic polymorphism may be assessed by association analysis. Phenotypic traits suitable for association analysis include diseases that have known but hitherto unmapped genetic components (e.g., agammaglobulinemia, diabetes insipidus, Lesch-Nyhan syndrome, muscular dystrophy, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome, Fabry's disease, familial hypercholesterolemia, polycystic kidney disease, hereditary spherocytosis, von Willebrand's disease, tuberous sclerosis, hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia, familial colonic polyposis, Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, osteogenesis imperfecta, and acute intermittent porphyria).

Phenotypic traits also include symptoms of, or susceptibility to, multifactorial diseases of which a component is or may be genetic, such as autoimmune diseases, inflammation, cancer, system, diseases of the nervous and infection by pathogenic microorganisms. Some examples of autoimmune diseases include rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, diabetes (insulin-dependent and non-independent), systemic lupus erythematosus and Graves disease. Some examples of cancers include cancers of the bladder, brain, breast, colon, esophagus, kidney, oral cavity, ovary, pancreas, prostate, skin, stomach, leukemia, liver, lung, and uterus. Phenotypic traits also include characteristics such as longevity, appearance (e.g., baldness, obesity), strength, speed, endurance, fertility, and susceptibility or receptivity to particular drugs or therapeutic treatments.

Determination of which polymorphic forms occupy a set of polymorphic sites in an individual identifies a set of polymorphic forms that distinguishes the individual. See generally National Research Council, *The Evaluation of Forensic DNA Evidence* (Eds. Pollard et al., National Academy Press, DC, 1996). Since the polymorphic sites are within a 50,000 bp region in the human genome, the probability of recombination between these polymorphic sites is low. That low probability means the haplotype (the set of all 10 polymorphic sites) set forth in this application should be inherited without change for at least several generations. The more sites that are analyzed the lower the probability that the set of polymorphic forms in one individual is the same as that in an unrelated individual. Preferably, if multiple sites are analyzed, the sites are unlinked. Thus, polymorphisms of the invention are often used in conjunction with polymorphisms in distal genes. Preferred polymorphisms for use in forensics are diallelic because the population frequencies of two polymorphic forms can usually be determined with greater accuracy than those of multiple polymorphic forms at multi-allelic loci.

The capacity to identify a distinguishing or unique set of forensic markers in an individual is useful for forensic analysis. For example, one can determine whether a blood sample from a suspect matches a blood or other tissue sample from a crime scene by determining whether the set of polymorphic forms occupying selected polymorphic sites is the same in the suspect and the sample. If the set of polymorphic markers does not match between a suspect and a sample, it can be concluded (barring experimental error) that the suspect was not the source of the sample. If the set of markers does match, one can conclude that the DNA from the suspect is consistent with that found at the crime scene. If frequencies of the polymorphic forms at the loci tested have been determined (e.g., by analysis of a suitable population of individuals), one can perform a statistical analysis to determine the probability that a match of suspect and crime scene sample would occur by chance.

$p(\text{ID})$ is the probability that two random individuals have the same polymorphic or allelic form at a given polymorphic site. In diallelic loci, four genotypes are possible: AA, AB, BA, and BB. If alleles A and B occur in a haploid genome of the organism with frequencies x and y , the probability of each genotype in a diploid organism are (see WO

95/12607):

$$\text{Homozygote: } p(AA)=x^2$$

$$\text{Homozygote: } p(BB)=y^2=(1-x)^2$$

$$\text{Single Heterozygote: } p(AB)=p(BA)=xy=x(1-x)$$

$$5 \quad \text{Both Heterozygotes: } p(AB+BA)=2xy=2x(1-x)$$

The probability of identity at one locus (i.e, the probability that two individuals, picked at random from a population will have identical polymorphic forms at a given locus) is given by the equation:

$$p(ID)=(x^2)^2+(2xy)^2+(y^2)^2.$$

- 10 These calculations can be extended for any number of polymorphic forms at a given locus. For example, the probability of identity $p(ID)$ for a 3-allele system where the alleles have the frequencies in the population of x , y and z , respectively, is equal to the sum of the squares of the genotype frequencies:

$$p(ID)=x^4+(2xy)^2+(2yz)^2+(2xz)^2+z^4+y^4$$

- 15 In a locus of n alleles, the appropriate binomial expansion is used to calculate $p(ID)$ and $p(exc)$.

The cumulative probability of identity ($\text{cum } p(ID)$) for each of multiple unlinked loci is determined by multiplying the probabilities provided by each locus:

$$\text{cum } p(ID)=p(ID1)p(ID2)p(ID3) \dots p(IDn)$$

- 20 The cumulative probability of non-identity for n loci (i.e. the probability that two random individuals will be different at 1 or more loci) is given by the equation:

$$\text{cum } p(nonID)=1-\text{cum } p(ID).$$

If several polymorphic loci are tested, the cumulative probability of non-identity for random individuals becomes very high (e.g., one billion to one). Such probabilities can be taken into account together with other evidence in determining the guilt or innocence of the suspect.

5 The object of paternity testing is usually to determine whether a male is the father of a child. In most cases, the mother of the child is known and thus, the mother's contribution to the child's genotype can be traced. Paternity testing investigates whether the part of the child's genotype not attributable to the mother is consistent with that of the putative father. Paternity testing can be performed by analyzing sets of polymorphisms in
10 the putative father and the child.

 If the set of polymorphisms in the child attributable to the father does not match the putative father, it can be concluded, barring experimental error, that the putative father is not the real father. If the set of polymorphisms in the child attributable to the father does match the set of polymorphisms of the putative father, a statistical calculation
15 can be performed to determine the probability of coincidental match.

 The probability of parentage exclusion (representing the probability that a random male will have a polymorphic form at a given polymorphic site that makes him incompatible as the father) is given by the equation (see WO 95/12607):

$$p(exc)=xy(1-xy)$$

20 where x and y are the population frequencies of alleles A and B of a diallelic polymorphic site. (At a triallelic site $p(exc)=xy(1-xy)+yz(1-yz)+xz(1-xz)+3xyz(1-xyz)$), where x, y and z are the respective population frequencies of alleles A, B and C). The probability of non-exclusion is:

$$p(non-exc)=1-p(exc)$$

25 The cumulative probability of non-exclusion (representing the value obtained when n loci are used) is thus:

$$cum\ p(non-exc)=p(non-exc1)p(non-exc2)p(non-exc3) \dots p(non-excn)$$

The cumulative probability of exclusion for n loci (representing the probability that a random male will be excluded) is:

$$\text{cum } p(\text{exc}) = 1 - \text{cum } p(\text{non-exc}).$$

If several polymorphic loci are included in the analysis, the cumulative probability of exclusion of a random male is very high. This probability can be taken into account in assessing the liability of a putative father whose polymorphic marker set matches the child's polymorphic marker set attributable to his/her father.

The polymorphisms of the invention may contribute to the phenotype of an organism in different ways. Some polymorphisms occur within a protein coding sequence and contribute to phenotype by affecting protein structure. The effect may be neutral, beneficial or detrimental, or both beneficial and detrimental, depending on the circumstances. For example, a heterozygous sickle cell mutation confers resistance to malaria, but a homozygous sickle cell mutation is usually lethal. Other polymorphisms occur in noncoding regions but may exert phenotypic effects indirectly via influence on replication, transcription, and translation. A single polymorphism may affect more than one phenotypic trait. Likewise, a single phenotypic trait may be affected by polymorphisms in different genes. Further, some polymorphisms predispose an individual to a distinct mutation that is causally related to a certain phenotype.

Phenotypic traits include diseases that have known but hitherto unmapped genetic components. Phenotypic traits also include symptoms of, or susceptibility to, multifactorial diseases of which a component is or may be genetic, such as autoimmune diseases, inflammation, cancer, diseases of the nervous system, and infection by pathogenic microorganisms. Some examples of autoimmune diseases include rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, diabetes (insulin-dependent and non-independent), systemic lupus erythematosus and Graves disease. Some examples of cancers include cancers of the bladder, brain, breast, colon, esophagus, kidney, leukemia, liver, lung, oral cavity, ovary, pancreas, prostate, skin, stomach and uterus. Phenotypic traits also include characteristics such as longevity, appearance (e.g., baldness, obesity), strength, speed, endurance, fertility, and susceptibility or receptivity to particular drugs or therapeutic

treatments.

Correlation is performed for a population of individuals who have been tested for the presence or absence of a phenotypic trait of interest and for polymorphic marker sets. To perform such analysis, the presence or absence of a set of polymorphisms (i.e. a polymorphic set) is determined for a set of the individuals, some of whom exhibit a particular trait, and some of whom exhibit lack of the trait. The alleles of each polymorphism of the set are then reviewed to determine whether the presence or absence of a particular allele is associated with the trait of interest. Correlation can be performed by standard statistical methods and statistically significant correlations between polymorphic form(s) and phenotypic characteristics are noted. For example, it might be found that the presence of allele A1 at polymorphism A correlates with heart disease. As a further example, it might be found that the combined presence of allele A1 at polymorphism A and allele B1 at polymorphism B correlates with increased milk production of a farm animal.

Such correlations can be exploited in several ways. In the case of a strong correlation between a set of one or more polymorphic forms and a disease for which treatment is available, detection of the polymorphic form set in a human or animal patient may justify immediate administration of treatment, or at least the institution of regular monitoring of the patient. Detection of a polymorphic form correlated with serious disease in a couple contemplating a family may also be valuable to the couple in their reproductive decisions. For example, the female partner might elect to undergo in vitro fertilization to avoid the possibility of transmitting such a polymorphism from her husband to her offspring. In the case of a weaker, but still statistically significant correlation between a polymorphic set and human disease, immediate therapeutic intervention or monitoring may not be justified. Nevertheless, the patient can be motivated to begin simple life-style changes (e.g., diet, exercise) that can be accomplished at little cost to the patient but confer potential benefits in reducing the risk of conditions to which the patient may have increased susceptibility by virtue of variant alleles. Identification of a polymorphic set in a patient correlated with enhanced receptiveness to one of several treatment regimes for a disease indicates that this

treatment regime should be followed.

For animals and plants, correlations between characteristics and phenotype are useful for breeding for desired characteristics. For example, Beitz et al., U.S. Pat. No. 5,292,639 discuss use of bovine mitochondrial polymorphisms in a breeding program to improve milk production in cows. To evaluate the effect of mtDNA D-loop sequence polymorphism on milk production, each cow was assigned a value of 1 if variant or 0 if wild type with respect to a prototypical mitochondrial DNA sequence at each of 17 locations considered.

The previous section concerns identifying correlations between phenotypic traits and polymorphisms that directly or indirectly contribute to those traits. The present section describes identification of a physical linkage between a genetic locus associated with a trait of interest and polymorphic markers that are not associated with the trait, but are in physical proximity with the genetic locus responsible for the trait and co-segregate with it. Such analysis is useful for mapping a genetic locus associated with a phenotypic trait to a chromosomal position, and thereby cloning gene(s) responsible for the trait. See Lander et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* 83, 7353-7357 (1986); Lander et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* 84, 2363-2367 (1987); Donis-Keller et al., *Cell* 51, 319-337 (1987); Lander et al., *Genetics* 121, 185-199 (1989)). Genes localized by linkage can be cloned by a process known as directional cloning. See Wainwright, *Med. J. Australia* 159, 170-174 (1993); Collins, *Nature Genetics* 1, 3-6 (1992) (each of which is incorporated by reference in its entirety for all purposes).

Linkage studies are typically performed on members of a family. Available members of the family are characterized for the presence or absence of a phenotypic trait and for a set of polymorphic markers. The distribution of polymorphic markers in an informative meiosis is then analyzed to determine which polymorphic markers co-segregate with a phenotypic trait. See, e.g., Kerem et al., *Science* 245, 1073-1080 (1989); Monaco et al., *Nature* 316, 842 (1985); Yamoka et al., *Neurology* 40, 222-226 (1990); Rossiter et al., *FASEB Journal* 5, 21-27 (1991).

Linkage is analyzed by calculation of LOD (log of the odds) values. A lod value

is the relative likelihood of obtaining observed segregation data for a marker and a genetic locus when the two are located at a recombination fraction RF , versus the situation in which the two are not linked, and thus segregating independently (Thompson & Thompson, *Genetics in Medicine* (5th ed, W.B. Saunders Company, Philadelphia, 1991); Strachan, "Mapping the human genome" in *The Human Genome* (BIOS Scientific Publishers Ltd, Oxford), Chapter 4). A series of likelihood ratios are calculated at various recombination fractions (RF), ranging from $RF=0.0$ (coincident loci) to $RF=0.50$ (unlinked). Thus, the likelihood at a given value of RF is: probability of data if loci linked at RF to probability of data if loci unlinked. The computed likelihood is usually expressed as the \log_{10} of this ratio (i.e., a lod score). For example, a lod score of 3 indicates 1000:1 odds against an apparent observed linkage being a coincidence. The use of logarithms allows data collected from different families to be combined by simple addition. Computer programs are available for the calculation of lod scores for differing values of RF (e.g., LIPED, MLINK (Lathrop, *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. (USA)* 81, 3443-3446 (1984)). For any particular lod score, a recombination fraction may be determined from mathematical tables. See Smith et al., *Mathematical tables for research workers in human genetics* (Churchill, London, 1961); Smith, *Ann. Hum. Genet.* 32, 127-150 (1968). The value of RF at which the lod score is the highest is considered to be the best estimate of the recombination fraction.

Positive lod score values suggest that the two loci are linked, whereas negative values suggest that linkage is less likely (at that value of RF) than the possibility that the two loci are unlinked. By convention, a combined lod score of + 3 or greater (equivalent to greater than 1000:1 odds in favor of linkage) is considered definitive evidence that two loci are linked. Similarly, by convention, a negative lod score of -2 or less is taken as definitive evidence against linkage of the two loci being compared. Negative linkage data are useful in excluding a chromosome or a segment thereof from consideration. The search focuses on the remaining non-excluded chromosomal locations.

The invention further provides transgenic nonhuman animals capable of expressing an exogenous variant gene and/or having one or both alleles of an endogenous variant gene inactivated. Expression of an exogenous variant gene is usually achieved

by operably linking the gene to a promoter and optionally an enhancer, and microinjecting the construct into a zygote. See Hogan et al., "Manipulating the Mouse Embryo, A Laboratory Manual," Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory. (1989). Inactivation of endogenous variant genes can be achieved by forming a transgene in which a cloned variant gene is inactivated by insertion of a positive selection marker. See Capecchi, Science 244, 1288-1292 The transgene is then introduced into an embryonic stem cell, where it undergoes homologous recombination with an endogenous variant gene. Mice and other rodents are preferred animals. Such animals provide useful drug screening systems.

The invention further provides methods for assessing the pharmacogenomic susceptibility of a subject harboring a single nucleotide polymorphism to a particular pharmaceutical compound, or to a class of such compounds. Genetic polymorphism in drug-metabolizing enzymes, drug transporters, receptors for pharmaceutical agents, and other drug targets have been correlated with individual differences based on distinction in the efficacy and toxicity of the pharmaceutical agent administered to a subject. Pharmacogenomic characterization of a subjects susceptibility to a drug enhances the ability to tailor a dosing regimen to the particular genetic constitution of the subject, thereby enhancing and optimizing the therapeutic effectiveness of the therapy.

In cases in which a cSNP leads to a polymorphic protein that is ascribed to be the cause of a pathological condition, method of treating such a condition includes administering to a subject experiencing the pathology the wild type cognate of the polymorphic protein. Once administered in an effective dosing regimen, the wild type cognate provides complementation or remediation of the defect due to the polymorphic protein. The subject's condition is ameliorated by this protein therapy.

A subject suspected of suffering from a pathology ascribable to a polymorphic protein that arises from a cSNP is to be diagnosed using any of a variety of diagnostic methods capable of identifying the presence of the cSNP in the nucleic acid, or of the cognate polymorphic protein, in a suitable clinical sample taken from the subject. Once the presence of the cSNP has been ascertained, and the pathology is correctable by

administering a normal or wild-type gene, the subject is treated with a pharmaceutical composition that includes a nucleic acid that harbors the correcting wild-type gene, or a fragment containing a correcting sequence of the wild-type gene. Non-limiting examples of ways in which such a nucleic acid may be administered include incorporating the wild-type gene in a viral vector, such as an adenovirus or adeno associated virus, and administration of a naked DNA in a pharmaceutical composition that promotes intracellular uptake of the administered nucleic acid. Once the nucleic acid that includes the gene coding for the wild-type allele of the polymorphism is incorporated within a cell of the subject, it will initiate *de novo* biosynthesis of the wild-type gene product. If the nucleic acid is further incorporated into the genome of the subject, the treatment will have long-term effects, providing *de novo* synthesis of the wild-type protein for a prolonged duration. The synthesis of the wild-type protein in the cells of the subject will contribute to a therapeutic enhancement of the clinical condition of the subject.

A subject suffering from a pathology ascribed to a SNP may be treated so as to correct the genetic defect. (See Kren et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 96:10349-10354 (1999)). Such a subject is identified by any method that can detect the polymorphism in a sample drawn from the subject. Such a genetic defect may be permanently corrected by administering to such a subject a nucleic acid fragment incorporating a repair sequence that supplies the wild-type nucleotide at the position of the SNP. This site-specific repair sequence encompasses an RNA/DNA oligonucleotide which operates to promote endogenous repair of a subject's genomic DNA. Upon administration in an appropriate vehicle, such as a complex with polyethylenimine or encapsulated in anionic liposomes, a genetic defect leading to an inborn pathology may be overcome, as the chimeric oligonucleotides induces incorporation of the wild-type sequence into the subject's genome. Upon incorporation, the wild-type gene product is expressed, and the replacement is propagated, thereby engendering a permanent repair.

The invention further provides kits comprising at least one allele-specific oligonucleotide as described above. Often, the kits contain one or more pairs of allele-specific oligonucleotides hybridizing to different forms of a polymorphism. In some kits, the allele-specific oligonucleotides are provided immobilized to a substrate. For

example, the same substrate can comprise allele-specific oligonucleotide probes for detecting at least 10, 100, 1000 or all of the polymorphisms shown in the Table. Optional additional components of the kit include, for example, restriction enzymes, reverse-transcriptase or polymerase, the substrate nucleoside triphosphates, means used to label (for example, an avidin-enzyme conjugate and enzyme substrate and chromogen if the label is biotin), and the appropriate buffers for reverse transcription, PCR, or hybridization reactions. Usually, the kit also contains instructions for carrying out the hybridizing methods.

Several aspects of the present invention rely on having available the polymorphic proteins encoded by the nucleic acids comprising a SNP of the inventions. There are various methods of isolating these nucleic acid sequences. For example, DNA is isolated from a genomic or cDNA library using labeled oligonucleotide probes having sequences complementary to the sequences disclosed herein.

Such probes can be used directly in hybridization assays. Alternatively probes can be designed for use in amplification techniques such as PCR.

To prepare a cDNA library, mRNA is isolated from tissue such as heart or pancreas, preferably a tissue wherein expression of the gene or gene family is likely to occur. cDNA is prepared from the mRNA and ligated into a recombinant vector. The vector is transfected into a recombinant host for propagation, screening and cloning. Methods for making and screening cDNA libraries are well known, See Gubler, U. and Hoffman, B.J. Gene 25:263-269 (1983) and Sambrook et al.

For a genomic library, for example, the DNA is extracted from tissue and either mechanically sheared or enzymatically digested to yield fragments of about 12-20 kb. The fragments are then separated by gradient centrifugation from undesired sizes and are constructed in bacteriophage lambda vectors. These vectors and phage are packaged *in vitro*, as described in Sambrook, et al. Recombinant phage are analyzed by plaque hybridization as described in Benton and Davis, Science 196:180-182 (1977). Colony hybridization is carried out as generally described in M. Grunstein et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA. 72:3961-3965 (1975). DNA of interest is identified in either cDNA or

genomic libraries by its ability to hybridize with nucleic acid probes, for example on Southern blots, and these DNA regions are isolated by standard methods familiar to those of skill in the art. See Sambrook, et al.

In PCR techniques, oligonucleotide primers complementary to the two 3' borders of the DNA region to be amplified are synthesized. The polymerase chain reaction is then carried out using the two primers. See PCR Protocols: a Guide to Methods and Applications (Innis, M, Gelfand, D., Sninsky, J. and White, T., eds.), Academic Press, San Diego (1990). Primers can be selected to amplify the entire regions encoding a full-length sequence of interest or to amplify smaller DNA segments as desired. PCR can be used in a variety of protocols to isolate cDNAs encoding a sequence of interest. In these protocols, appropriate primers and probes for amplifying DNA encoding a sequence of interest are generated from analysis of the DNA sequences listed herein. Once such regions are PCR-amplified, they can be sequenced and oligonucleotide probes can be prepared from the sequence.

Once DNA encoding a sequence comprising a cSNP is isolated and cloned, one can express the encoded polymorphic proteins in a variety of recombinantly engineered cells. It is expected that those of skill in the art are knowledgeable in the numerous expression systems available for expression of DNA encoding a sequence of interest. No attempt to describe in detail the various methods known for the expression of proteins in prokaryotes or eukaryotes is made here.

In brief summary, the expression of natural or synthetic nucleic acids encoding a sequence of interest will typically be achieved by operably linking the DNA or cDNA to a promoter (which is either constitutive or inducible), followed by incorporation into an expression vector. The vectors can be suitable for replication and integration in either prokaryotes or eukaryotes. Typical expression vectors contain initiation sequences, transcription and translation terminators, and promoters useful for regulation of the expression of a polynucleotide sequence of interest. To obtain high level expression of a cloned gene, it is desirable to construct expression plasmids which contain, at the minimum, a strong promoter to direct transcription, a ribosome binding site for

translational initiation, and a transcription/translation terminator. The expression vectors may also comprise generic expression cassettes containing at least one independent terminator sequence, sequences permitting replication of the plasmid in both eukaryotes and prokaryotes, i.e., shuttle vectors, and selection markers for both prokaryotic and eukaryotic systems. See Sambrook et al.

A variety of prokaryotic expression systems may be used to express the polymorphic proteins of the invention. Examples include *E. coli*, *Bacillus*, *Streptomyces*, and the like.

It is preferred to construct expression plasmids which contain, at the minimum, a strong promoter to direct transcription, a ribosome binding site for translational initiation, and a transcription/translation terminator. Examples of regulatory regions suitable for this purpose in *E. coli* are the promoter and operator region of the *E. coli* tryptophan biosynthetic pathway as described by Yanofsky, C., J. Bacterial. 158:1018-1024 (1984) and the leftward promoter of phage lambda as described by A, I. and Hagen, D., Ann. Rev. Genet. 14:399-445 (1980). The inclusion of selection markers in DNA vectors transformed in *E. coli* is also useful. Examples of such markers include genes specifying resistance to ampicillin, tetracycline, or chloramphenicol. See Sambrook et al. for details concerning selection markers for use in *E. coli*.

To enhance proper folding of the expressed recombinant protein, during purification from *E. coli*, the expressed protein may first be denatured and then renatured. This can be accomplished by solubilizing the bacterially produced proteins in a chaotropic agent such as guanidine HCl and reducing all the cysteine residues with a reducing agent such as beta-mercaptoethanol. The protein is then renatured, either by slow dialysis or by gel filtration. See U.S. Patent No. 4,511,503. Detection of the expressed antigen is achieved by methods known in the art as radioimmunoassay, or Western blotting techniques or immunoprecipitation. Purification from *E. coli* can be achieved following procedures such as those described in U.S. Patent No. 4,511,503.

Any of a variety of eukaryotic expression systems such as yeast, insect cell lines, bird, fish, and mammalian cells, may also be used to express a polymorphic protein of the

invention. As explained briefly below, a nucleotide sequence harboring a cSNP may be expressed in these eukaryotic systems. Synthesis of heterologous proteins in yeast is well known. Methods in Yeast Genetics, Sherman, F., et al., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, (1982) is a well recognized work describing the various methods available to produce the protein in yeast. Suitable vectors usually have expression control sequences, such as promoters, including 3-phosphoglycerate kinase or other glycolytic enzymes, and an origin of replication, termination sequences and the like as desired. For instance, suitable vectors are described in the literature (Botstein, et al., *Gene* 8:17-24 (1979); Broach, et al., *Gene* 8:121-133 (1979)).

Two procedures are used in transforming yeast cells. In one case, yeast cells are first converted into protoplasts using zymolyase, lyticase or glucanase, followed by addition of DNA and polyethylene glycol (PEG). The PEG-treated protoplasts are then regenerated in a 3% agar medium under selective conditions. Details of this procedure are given in the papers by J.D. Beggs, *Nature (London)* 275:104-109 (1978); and Hinnen, A., et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 75:1929-1933 (1978). The second procedure does not involve removal of the cell wall. Instead the cells are treated with lithium chloride or acetate and PEG and put on selective plates (Ito, H., et al., *J. Bact.* 153:163-168 (1983)) cells and applying standard protein isolation techniques to the lysates.

The purification process can be monitored by using Western blot techniques or radioimmunoassay or other standard techniques. The sequences encoding the proteins of the invention can also be ligated to various immunoassay expression vectors for use in transforming cell cultures of, for instance, mammalian, insect, bird or fish origin. Illustrative of cell cultures useful for the production of the polypeptides are mammalian cells. Mammalian cell systems often will be in the form of monolayers of cells although mammalian cell suspensions may also be used. A number of suitable host cell lines capable of expressing intact proteins have been developed in the art, and include the HEK293, BHK21, and CHO cell lines, and various human cells such as COS cell lines, HeLa cells, myeloma cell lines, Jurkat cells, etc. Expression vectors for these cells can include expression control sequences, such as an origin of replication, a promoter (e.g.,

the CMV promoter, a HSV *tk* promoter or *pgk* (phosphoglycerate kinase) promoter), an enhancer (Queen et al. Immunol. Rev. 89:49 (1986)) and necessary processing information sites, such as ribosome binding sites, RNA splice sites, polyadenylation sites (e.g., an SV40 large T Ag poly A addition site), and transcriptional terminator sequences.

5 Other animal cells are available, for instance, from the American Type Culture Collection Catalogue of Cell Lines and Hybridomas (7th edition, (1992)). Appropriate vectors for expressing the proteins of the invention in insect cells are usually derived from baculovirus. Insect cell lines include mosquito larvae, silkworm, armyworm, moth and *Drosophila* cell lines such as a Schneider cell line (See Schneider J. Embryol. Exp. Morphol., 27:353-365 (1987). As indicated above, the vector, e.g., a plasmid, which is used to transform the host cell, preferably contains DNA sequences to initiate transcription and sequences to control the translation of the protein. These sequences are referred to as expression control sequences. As with yeast, when higher animal host cells are employed, polyadenylation or transcription terminator sequences from known
15 mammalian genes need to be incorporated into the vector. An example of a terminator sequence is the polyadenylation sequence from the bovine growth hormone gene. Sequences for accurate splicing of the transcript may also be included. An example of a splicing sequence is the VP1 intron from SV40 (Sprague, J. et al., J. Virol. 45: 773-781 (1983)). Additionally, gene sequences to control replication in the host cell may be
20 Saveria-Campo, M., 1985, "Bovine Papilloma virus DNA a Eukaryotic Cloning Vector" in DNA Cloning Vol. II a Practical Approach Ed. D.M. Glover, IRL Press, Arlington, Virginia pp. 213-238. The host cells are competent or rendered competent for transformation by various means. There are several well-known methods of introducing DNA into animal cells. These include: calcium phosphate precipitation, fusion of the
25 recipient cells with bacterial protoplasts containing the DNA, treatment of the recipient cells with liposomes containing the DNA, DEAE dextran, electroporation and micro-injection of the DNA directly into the cells.

The transformed cells are cultured by means well known in the art (Biochemical Methods in Cell Culture and Virology, Kuchler, R.J., Dowden, Hutchinson and Ross,
30 Inc., (1977)). The expressed polypeptides are isolated from cells grown as suspensions or

as monolayers. The latter are recovered by well known mechanical, chemical or enzymatic means.

General methods of expressing recombinant proteins are also known and are exemplified in R. Kaufman, Methods in Enzymology 185, 537-566 (1990). As defined herein “operably linked” refers to linkage of a promoter upstream from a DNA sequence such that the promoter mediates transcription of the DNA sequence. Specifically, “operably linked” means that the isolated polynucleotide of the invention and an expression control sequence are situated within a vector or cell in such a way that the gene encoding the protein is expressed by a host cell which has been transformed (transfected) with the ligated polynucleotide/expression sequence. The term “vector”, refers to viral expression systems, autonomous self-replicating circular DNA (plasmids), and includes both expression and nonexpression plasmids.

The term “gene” as used herein is intended to refer to a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a polypeptide. This definition includes various sequence polymorphisms, mutations, and/or sequence variants wherein such alterations do not affect the function of the gene product. The term “gene” is intended to include not only coding sequences but also regulatory regions such as promoters, enhancers, termination regions and similar untranslated nucleotide sequences. The term further includes all introns and other DNA sequences spliced from the mRNA transcript, along with variants resulting from alternative splice sites.

A number of types of cells may act as suitable host cells for expression of the protein. Mammalian host cells include, for example, monkey COS cells, Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells, human kidney 293 cells, human epidermal A43 1 cells, human Co10205 cells, 3T3 cells, CV-1 cells, other transformed primate cell lines, normal diploid cells, cell strains derived from in vitro culture of primary tissue, primary explants, HeLa cells, mouse L cells, BHK, HL- 60, U937, HaK or Jurkat cells. Alternatively, it may be possible to produce the protein in lower eukaryotes such as yeast or in prokaryotes such as bacteria. Potentially suitable yeast strains include *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*, *Kluyveromyces* strains,

Candida or any yeast strain capable of expressing heterologous proteins. Potentially suitable bacterial strains include *Escherichia coli*, *Bacillus subtilis*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, or any bacterial strain capable of expressing heterologous proteins. If the protein is made in yeast or bacteria, it may be necessary to modify the protein produced therein, for example by phosphorylation or glycosylation of the appropriate sites, in order to obtain the functional protein.

The protein may also be produced by operably linking the isolated polynucleotide of the invention to suitable control sequences in one or more insect expression vectors, and employing an insect expression system. Materials and methods for baculovirus/insect cell expression systems are commercially available in kit form from, e.g., Invitrogen, San Diego, California, U.S.A. (the MaxBac© kit), and such methods are well known in the art, as described in Summers and Smith, Texas Agricultural Experiment Station Bulletin No. 1555 (1987), incorporated herein by reference. As used herein, an insect cell capable of expressing a polynucleotide of the present invention is "transformed." The protein of the invention may be prepared by culturing transformed host cells under culture conditions suitable to express the recombinant protein.

The polymorphic protein of the invention may also be expressed as a product of transgenic animals, e.g., as a component of the milk of transgenic cows, goats, pigs, or sheep which are characterized by somatic or germ cells containing a nucleotide sequence encoding the protein. The protein may also be produced by known conventional chemical synthesis. Methods for constructing the proteins of the present invention by synthetic means are known to those skilled in the art.

The polymorphic proteins produced by recombinant DNA technology may be purified by techniques commonly employed to isolate or purify recombinant proteins. Recombinantly produced proteins can be directly expressed or expressed as a fusion protein. The protein is then purified by a combination of cell lysis (e.g., sonication) and affinity chromatography. For fusion products, subsequent digestion of the fusion protein with an appropriate proteolytic enzyme releases the desired polypeptide. The polypeptides of this invention may be purified to substantial purity by standard

techniques well known in the art, including selective precipitation with such substances as ammonium sulfate, column chromatography, immunopurification methods, and others. See, for instance, R. Scopes, Protein Purification: Principles and Practice, Springer-Verlag: New York (1982), incorporated herein by reference. For example, in an
5 embodiment, antibodies may be raised to the proteins of the invention as described herein. Cell membranes are isolated from a cell line expressing the recombinant protein, the protein is extracted from the membranes and immunoprecipitated. The proteins may then be further purified by standard protein chemistry techniques as described above.

The resulting expressed protein may then be purified from such culture (i.e.,
10 from culture medium or cell extracts) using known purification processes, such as gel filtration and ion exchange chromatography. The purification of the protein may also include an affinity column containing agents which will bind to the protein; one or more column steps over such affinity resins as concanavalin A-agarose, heparin-Toyopearl@ or Cibacrom blue 3GA Sepharose B; one or more steps involving hydrophobic interaction
15 chromatography using such resins as phenyl ether, butyl ether, or propyl ether; or immunoaffinity chromatography. Alternatively, the protein of the invention may also be expressed in a form which will facilitate purification. For example, it may be expressed as a fusion protein, such as those of maltose binding protein (MBP), glutathione-S-transferase (GST) or thioredoxin (TRX). Kits for expression and purification of such
20 fusion proteins are commercially available from New England BioLab (Beverly, MA), Pharmacia (Piscataway, NJ) and InVitrogen, respectively. The protein can also be tagged with an epitope and subsequently purified by using a specific antibody directed to such epitope. One such epitope ("Flag") is commercially available from Kodak (New Haven, CT). Finally, one or more reverse-phase high performance liquid chromatography (RP-
25 HPLC) steps employing hydrophobic RP-HPLC media, e.g., silica gel having pendant methyl or other aliphatic groups, can be employed to further purify the protein. Some or all of the foregoing purification steps, in various combinations, can also be employed to provide a substantially homogeneous isolated recombinant protein. The protein thus purified is substantially free of other mammalian proteins and is defined in accordance
30 with the present invention as an "isolated protein."

The term "antibody" as used herein refers to immunoglobulin molecules and immunologically active portions of immunoglobulin molecules, *i.e.*, molecules that contain an antigen binding site that specifically binds (immunoreacts with) an antigen, such as polymorphic. Such antibodies include, but are not limited to, polyclonal, 5 monoclonal, chimeric, single chain, F_{ab} and $F_{(ab')_2}$ fragments, and an F_{ab} expression library. In a specific embodiment, antibodies to human polymorphic proteins are disclosed.

The phrase "specifically binds to", "immunospecifically binds to" or is "specifically immunoreactive with", an antibody when referring to a protein or peptide, 10 refers to a binding reaction which is determinative of the presence of the protein in the presence of a heterogeneous population of proteins and other biological materials. Thus, for example, under designated immunoassay conditions, the specified antibodies bind to a particular protein and do not bind in a significant amount to other proteins present in the sample. Specific binding to an antibody under such conditions may require an antibody 15 that is selected for its specificity for a particular protein. Of particular interest in the present invention is an antibody that binds immunospecifically to a polymorphic protein but not to its cognate wild type allelic protein, or vice versa. A variety of immunoassay formats may be used to select antibodies specifically immunoreactive with a particular protein. For example, solid-phase ELISA immunoassays are routinely used to select 20 monoclonal antibodies specifically immunoreactive with a protein. See Harlow and Lane (1988) Antibodies, a Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Publications, New York, for a description of immunoassay formats and conditions that can be used to determine specific immunoreactivity.

Polyclonal and/or monoclonal antibodies that immunospecifically bind to 25 polymorphic gene products but not to the corresponding prototypical or "wild-type" gene products are also provided. Antibodies can be made by injecting mice or other animals with the variant gene product or synthetic peptide. Monoclonal antibodies are screened as are described, for example, in Harlow & Lane, Antibodies, A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Press, New York (1988); Goding, Monoclonal antibodies, Principles and Practice (2d ed.) Academic Press, New York (1986). Monoclonal antibodies are 30

tested for specific immunoreactivity with a variant gene product and lack of immunoreactivity to the corresponding prototypical gene product.

An isolated polymorphic protein, or a portion or fragment thereof, can be used as an immunogen to generate the antibody that binds the polymorphic protein using standard techniques for polyclonal and monoclonal antibody preparation. The full-length polymorphic protein can be used or, alternatively, the invention provides antigenic peptide fragments of polymorphic for use as immunogens. The antigenic peptide of a polymorphic protein of the invention comprises at least 8 amino acid residues of the amino acid sequence encompassing the polymorphic amino acid and encompasses an epitope of the polymorphic protein such that an antibody raised against the peptide forms a specific immune complex with the polymorphic protein. Preferably, the antigenic peptide comprises at least 10 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 15 amino acid residues, even more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues, and most preferably at least 30 amino acid residues. Preferred epitopes encompassed by the antigenic peptide are regions of polymorphic that are located on the surface of the protein, *e.g.*, hydrophilic regions.

For the production of polyclonal antibodies, various suitable host animals (*e.g.*, rabbit, goat, mouse or other mammal) may be immunized by injection with the polymorphic protein. An appropriate immunogenic preparation can contain, for example, recombinantly expressed polymorphic protein or a chemically synthesized polymorphic polypeptide. The preparation can further include an adjuvant. Various adjuvants used to increase the immunological response include, but are not limited to, Freund's (complete and incomplete), mineral gels (*e.g.*, aluminum hydroxide), surface active substances (*e.g.*, lysolecithin, pluronic polyols, polyanions, peptides, oil emulsions, dinitrophenol, etc.), human adjuvants such as *Bacille Calmette-Guerin* and *Corynebacterium parvum*, or similar immunostimulatory agents. If desired, the antibody molecules directed against polymorphic proteins can be isolated from the mammal (*e.g.*, from the blood) and further purified by well known techniques, such as protein A chromatography, to obtain the IgG fraction.

The term "monoclonal antibody" or "monoclonal antibody composition", as used herein, refers to a population of antibody molecules that originates from the clone of a singly hybridoma cell, and that contains only one type of antigen binding site capable of immunoreacting with a particular epitope of a polymorphic protein. A monoclonal antibody composition thus typically displays a single binding affinity for a particular polymorphic protein with which it immunoreacts. For preparation of monoclonal antibodies directed towards a particular polymorphic protein, or derivatives, fragments, analogs or homologs thereof, any technique that provides for the production of antibody molecules by continuous cell line culture may be utilized. Such techniques include, but are not limited to, the hybridoma technique (see Kohler & Milstein, 1975 *Nature* 256: 495-497); the trioma technique; the human B-cell hybridoma technique (see Kozbor, *et al.*, 1983 *Immunol Today* 4: 72) and the EBV hybridoma technique to produce human monoclonal antibodies (see Cole, *et al.*, 1985 In: MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES AND CANCER THERAPY, Alan R. Liss, Inc., pp. 77-96). Human monoclonal antibodies may be utilized in the practice of the present invention and may be produced by using human hybridomas (see Cote, *et al.*, 1983. *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA* 80: 2026-2030) or by transforming human B-cells with Epstein Barr Virus *in vitro* (see Cole, *et al.*, 1985 In: MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES AND CANCER THERAPY, Alan R. Liss, Inc., pp. 77-96).

According to the invention, techniques can be adapted for the production of single-chain antibodies specific to a polymorphic protein (see *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,946,778). In addition, methodologies can be adapted for the construction of F_{ab} expression libraries (see *e.g.*, Huse, *et al.*, 1989 *Science* 246: 1275-1281) to allow rapid and effective identification of monoclonal F_{ab} fragments with the desired specificity for a polymorphic protein or derivatives, fragments, analogs or homologs thereof. Non-human antibodies can be "humanized" by techniques well known in the art. See *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 5,225,539. Antibody fragments that contain the idiotypes to a polymorphic protein may be produced by techniques known in the art including, but not limited to: (i) an $F_{(ab)2}$ fragment produced by pepsin digestion of an antibody molecule; (ii) an F_{ab} fragment generated by reducing the disulfide bridges of an $F_{(ab)2}$ fragment; (iii) an F_{ab} fragment generated by the treatment of the antibody molecule with papain and a reducing agent and (iv) F_v fragments.

Additionally, recombinant anti-polymorphic protein antibodies, such as chimeric and humanized monoclonal antibodies, comprising both human and non-human portions, which can be made using standard recombinant DNA techniques, are within the scope of the invention. Such chimeric and humanized monoclonal antibodies can be produced by recombinant DNA techniques known in the art, for example using methods described in PCT International Application No. PCT/US86/02269; European Patent Application No. 184,187; European Patent Application No. 171,496; European Patent Application No. 173,494; PCT International Publication No. WO 86/01533; U.S. Pat. No. 4,816,567; European Patent Application No. 125,023; Better *et al.* (1988) *Science* 240:1041-1043; Liu *et al.* (1987) *PNAS* 84:3439-3443; Liu *et al.* (1987) *J Immunol.* 139:3521-3526; Sun *et al.* (1987) *PNAS* 84:214-218; Nishimura *et al.* (1987) *Cancer Res* 47:999-1005; Wood *et al.* (1985) *Nature* 314:446-449; Shaw *et al.* (1988) *J Natl Cancer Inst* 80:1553-1559; Morrison (1985) *Science* 229:1202-1207; Oi *et al.* (1986) *BioTechniques* 4:214; U.S. Pat. No. 5,225,539; Jones *et al.* (1986) *Nature* 321:552-525; Verhoeyan *et al.* (1988) *Science* 239:1534; and Beidler *et al.* (1988) *J Immunol* 141:4053-4060.

In one embodiment, methodologies for the screening of antibodies that possess the desired specificity include, but are not limited to, enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) and other immunologically-mediated techniques known within the art.

Anti-polymorphic protein antibodies may be used in methods known within the art relating to the detection, quantitation and/or cellular or tissue localization of a polymorphic protein (*e.g.*, for use in measuring levels of the polymorphic protein within appropriate physiological samples, for use in diagnostic methods, for use in imaging the protein, and the like). In a given embodiment, antibodies for polymorphic proteins, or derivatives, fragments, analogs or homologs thereof, that contain the antibody-derived CDR, are utilized as pharmacologically-active compounds in therapeutic applications intended to treat a pathology in a subject that arises from the presence of the cSNP allele in the subject.

An anti-polymorphic protein antibody (*e.g.*, monoclonal antibody) can be used to isolate polymorphic proteins by a variety of immunochemical techniques, such as

immunoaffinity chromatography or immunoprecipitation. An anti-polymorphic protein antibody can facilitate the purification of natural polymorphic protein from cells and of recombinantly produced polymorphic proteins expressed in host cells. Moreover, an anti-polymorphic protein antibody can be used to detect polymorphic protein (*e.g.*, in a cellular lysate or cell supernatant) in order to evaluate the abundance and pattern of expression of the polymorphic protein. Anti-polymorphic antibodies can be used diagnostically to monitor protein levels in tissue as part of a clinical testing procedure, *e.g.*, to, for example, determine the efficacy of a given treatment regimen. Detection can be facilitated by coupling (*i.e.*, physically linking) the antibody to a detectable substance.

Examples of detectable substances include various enzymes, prosthetic groups, fluorescent materials, luminescent materials, bioluminescent materials, and radioactive materials. Examples of suitable enzymes include horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, -galactosidase, or acetylcholinesterase; examples of suitable prosthetic group complexes include streptavidin/biotin and avidin/biotin; examples of suitable fluorescent materials include umbelliferone, fluorescein, fluorescein isothiocyanate, rhodamine, dichlorotriazinylamine fluorescein, dansyl chloride or phycoerythrin; an example of a luminescent material includes luminol; examples of bioluminescent materials include luciferase, luciferin, and aequorin, and examples of suitable radioactive material include ^{125}I , ^{131}I , ^{35}S or ^3H .

EQUIVALENTS

From the foregoing detailed description of the specific embodiments of the invention, it should be apparent that unique compositions and methods of use thereof in SNPs in known genes have been described. Although particular embodiments have been disclosed herein in detail, this has been done by way of example for purposes of illustration only, and is not intended to be limiting with respect to the scope of the appended claims which follow. In particular, it is contemplated by the inventor that various substitutions, alterations, and modifications may be made to the invention without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the claims.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An isolated polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) a nucleotide sequence comprising one or more polymorphic sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468;
 - 5 b) a fragment of said nucleotide sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in said polymorphic sequence;
 - c) a complementary nucleotide sequence comprising a sequence complementary to one or more of said polymorphic sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1-1468; and
 - 10 d) a fragment of said complementary nucleotide sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in said polymorphic sequence.
2. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide sequence is DNA.
- 15 3. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide sequence is RNA.
4. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide sequence is between about 10 and about 100 nucleotides in length.
- 20 5. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide sequence is between about 10 and about 90 nucleotides in length.
6. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide sequence is between about 10 and about 75 nucleotides in length.
- 25 7. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide is between about 10 and about 50 bases in length.
8. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide is between about 10 and about 40 bases in length.
- 30

9. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide is between about 15 and about 30 bases in length.
10. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein said polymorphic site includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence.
11. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein the complement of said polymorphic site includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5 for the complement of said polymorphic sequence.
12. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein said polymorphic site includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 6 for said polymorphic sequence.
13. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein the complement of said polymorphic site includes the complement of the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 6 for said polymorphic sequence.
14. An isolated allele-specific oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a first polynucleotide at a polymorphic site encompassed therein, wherein the first polynucleotide is selected from the group consisting of:
- a) a nucleotide sequence comprising one or more polymorphic sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468 provided that the polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence;
 - b) a nucleotide sequence that is a fragment of said polymorphic sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in said polymorphic sequence;
 - c) a complementary nucleotide sequence comprising a sequence complementary to one or more polymorphic sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, provided that the

complementary nucleotide sequence includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5; and
d) a nucleotide sequence that is a fragment of said complementary sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in said polymorphic sequence.

15. The oligonucleotide of claim 14, wherein the oligonucleotide does not hybridize under stringent conditions to a second polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of:

- a) a nucleotide sequence comprising one or more polymorphic sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, wherein said polymorphic sequence includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence;
- b) a nucleotide sequence that is a fragment of any of said nucleotide sequences;
- c) a complementary nucleotide sequence comprising a sequence complementary to one or more polymorphic sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, wherein said polymorphic sequence includes the complement of the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5; and
- d) a nucleotide sequence that is a fragment of said complementary sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in said polymorphic sequence.

16. The oligonucleotide of claim 15, wherein the oligonucleotide is between about 10 and about 51 bases in length.

17. The oligonucleotide of claim 15, wherein the oligonucleotide is between about 10 and about 40 bases in length.

18. The oligonucleotide of claim 15, wherein the oligonucleotide is between about 15 and about 30 bases in length.

19. A method of detecting a polymorphic site in a nucleic acid, the method comprising:

- a) contacting said nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polymorphic sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 1-1468, or its complement, provided that the polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence, or the complement includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5; and
- b) determining whether said nucleic acid and said oligonucleotide hybridize;

whereby hybridization of said oligonucleotide to said nucleic acid sequence indicates the presence of the polymorphic site in said nucleic acid.

20. The method of claim 19, wherein said oligonucleotide does not hybridize to said polymorphic sequence when said polymorphic sequence includes the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence, or when the complement of the polymorphic sequence includes the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence.

21. The method of claim 19, wherein said oligonucleotide is between about 10 and about 51 bases in length.

22. The method of claim 19, wherein said oligonucleotide is between about 10 and about 40 bases in length.

23. A method of detecting the presence of a sequence polymorphism in a subject, the method comprising:

- a) providing a nucleic acid from said subject;
- b) contacting said nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polymorphic sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 1-1468, or its complement, provided that the polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence, or the complement includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5; and
- c) determining whether said nucleic acid and said oligonucleotide hybridize;

whereby hybridization of said oligonucleotide to said nucleic acid sequence indicates the presence of the polymorphism in said subject.

24. A method of determining the relatedness of a first and second nucleic acid, the method comprising:

- a) providing a first nucleic acid and a second nucleic acid;
- b) contacting said first nucleic acid and said second nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polymorphic sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 1-1468, or its complement, provided that the polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence, or the complement includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5;
- c) determining whether said first nucleic acid and said second nucleic acid hybridize to said oligonucleotide; and
- d) comparing hybridization of said first and second nucleic acids to said oligonucleotide, wherein hybridization of first and second nucleic acids to said nucleic acid indicates the first and second subjects are related.

25. The method of claim 24, wherein said oligonucleotide does not hybridize to said polymorphic sequence when said polymorphic sequence includes the nucleotide

recited in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence, or when the complement of the polymorphic sequence includes the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence.

- 5 26. The method of claim 24, wherein the oligonucleotide is between about 10 and about 51 bases in length.
27. The method of claim 24, wherein the oligonucleotide is between about 10 and about 40 bases in length.
- 10 28. The method of claim 24, wherein the oligonucleotide is between about 15 and about 30 bases in length.
- 15 29. An isolated polypeptide comprising a polymorphic site at one or more amino acid residues, wherein the protein is encoded by a polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of polymorphic sequences SEQ ID NOS:1-1468, or their complement, provided that the polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence, or the complement includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the
- 20 nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5.
- 25 30. The polypeptide of claim 29, wherein said polypeptide is translated in the same open reading frame as is a wild type protein whose amino acid sequence is identical to the amino acid sequence of the polymorphic protein except at the site of the polymorphism.
- 30 31. The polypeptide of claim 29, wherein the polypeptide encoded by said polymorphic sequence, or its complement, includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 6 for said polymorphic sequence, or the complement includes the complement of the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 6.

32. An antibody that binds specifically to a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of polymorphic sequences SEQ ID NOS:1-1468, or its complement, provided that the polymorphic sequence includes a nucleotide other than the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence, or the complement includes a nucleotide other than the complement of the nucleotide recited in Table 1, column 5.

33. The antibody of claim 32, wherein said antibody binds specifically to a polypeptide encoded by a polymorphic sequence which includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 6 for said polymorphic sequence.

34. The antibody of claim 32, wherein said antibody does not bind specifically to a polypeptide encoded by a polymorphic sequence which includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence.

35. A method of detecting the presence of a polypeptide having one or more amino acid residue polymorphisms in a subject, the method comprising

- a) providing a protein sample from said subject;
- b) contacting said sample with the antibody of claim 34 under conditions that allow for the formation of antibody-antigen complexes; and
- c) detecting said antibody-antigen complexes,

whereby the presence of said complexes indicates the presence of said polypeptide.

36. A method of treating a subject suffering from, at risk for, or suspected of, suffering from a pathology ascribed to the presence of a sequence polymorphism in a subject, the method comprising:

- a) providing a subject suffering from a pathology associated with aberrant expression of a first nucleic acid comprising a polymorphic sequence

selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, or its complement; and

- b) administering to the subject an effective therapeutic dose of a second nucleic acid comprising the polymorphic sequence, provided that the second nucleic acid comprises the nucleotide present in the wild type allele,

thereby treating said subject.

37. The method of claim 36, wherein the second nucleic acid sequence comprises a polymorphic sequence which includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5 for said polymorphic sequence.

38. A method of treating a subject suffering from, at risk for, or suspected of, suffering from a pathology ascribed to the presence of a sequence polymorphism in a subject, the method comprising:

- a) providing a subject suffering from a pathology associated with aberrant expression of a polymorphic sequence selected from the group consisting of polymorphic sequences SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, or its complement; and

- b) administering to the subject an effective therapeutic dose of a polypeptide,

wherein said polypeptide is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a polymorphic sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, or by a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence that is complementary to any one of polymorphic sequences SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, provided that said polymorphic sequence includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 6 for said polymorphic sequence.

39. A method of treating a subject suffering from, at risk for, or suspected of suffering from, a pathology ascribed to the presence of a sequence polymorphism in a subject, the method comprising:

a) providing a subject suffering from, at risk for, or suspected of suffering from, a pathology associated with aberrant expression of a first nucleic acid comprising a polymorphic sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, or its complement; and

b) administering to the subject an effective dose of the antibody of claim 34,

thereby treating said subject.

40. A method of treating a subject suffering from, at risk for, or suspected of suffering from, a pathology ascribed to the presence of a sequence polymorphism in a subject, the method comprising:

a) providing a subject suffering from, at risk for, or suspected of suffering from, a pathology associated with aberrant expression of a nucleic acid comprising a polymorphic sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, or its complement; and

b) administering to the subject an effective dose of an oligonucleotide comprising a polymorphic sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, or by a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence that is complementary to any one of polymorphic sequences SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468, provided that said polymorphic sequence includes the nucleotide listed in Table 1, column 5 or Table 1, column 6 for said polymorphic sequence,

thereby treating said subject.

41. An oligonucleotide array, comprising one or more oligonucleotides hybridizing to a first polynucleotide at a polymorphic site encompassed therein, wherein the first polynucleotide is chosen from the group consisting of:

a) a nucleotide sequence comprising one or more polymorphic sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468;

b) a nucleotide sequence that is a fragment of any of said nucleotide sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in said polymorphic sequence;

c) a complementary nucleotide sequence comprising a sequence complementary to one or more polymorphic sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1 - 1468; and

d) a nucleotide sequence that is a fragment of said complementary sequence, provided that the fragment includes a polymorphic site in said polymorphic sequence.

42. The array of claim 41, wherein said array comprises about 10 oligonucleotides.

43. The array of claim 41, wherein said array comprises about 100 oligonucleotides.

44. The array of claim 41, wherein said array comprises about 1000 oligonucleotides.

ABSTRACT

The invention provides nucleic acids containing single-nucleotide polymorphisms
5 identified for transcribed human sequences, as well as methods of using the nucleic acids.

10

TRADOCS:1402124.1(%1VW01!.DOC)

[illegible]1

7	cg43988460	4708	TACCAAAAAAAAA AAAGGAAAGGA AA[G/A]AAAGG GTGGCCTGACA CTGGTGCC	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	cadherin	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P19022 NEURAL-CADHERIN PRECURSOR (N-CADHERIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 906 aa.	0.00E+00	18 (18q11.2)
8	cg43982945	460	GACACATGTCA GGCTGGGCGAG CAG[C/gap]CACT CTGATCAGCAC CAGTCCCCGA	C	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	cathepsin	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q26534 CATHEPSIN L PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.22.15) (SMCL1) - SCHISTOSOMA MANSONI (BLOOD FLUKE), 319 aa.	2.00E-80	11
9	cg43266931	96	GGGCGTAGCG GGGGTGACGG CGG[G/gap]CCG GTAGGCCGCCA GGATCTCGGCG	G	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	chloride channel	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:O15247 CHLORIDE INTRACELLULAR CHANNEL PROTEIN 2 (XAP121) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 243 aa. pids:SWISSPROT-ID:O15247 CHLORIDE INTRACELLULAR CHANNEL PROTEIN 2 (XAP121) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 243 aa.	3.10E-59	9
10	cg43321451	1126	GAAGGCACACA CACACACACAC ACA[C/gap]AGCA AAAGCTAAATCA TCACCCGCG	C	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	collagen	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q99715 COLLAGEN ALPHA 1(XII) CHAIN PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 3063 aa. pids:SPTREMBL-ID:Q99715 COLLAGEN TYPE XII ALPHA-1 PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 3063 aa.	0.00E+00	6
11	cg43933757	3195	TCATCTCCCTGC AACCTCCGCCT CC[T/C]GGGTC AAGCGATTCTTG TGCCTCA	T	C			SILENT- NONCODING	complement	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P10643 COMPLEMENT COMPONENT C7 PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 843 aa.	0.00E+00	5 (5p13)
12	cg43933757	3212	CCGCCTCCTGG GTTCAAGCGATT CTT[C]GTGCCT CAGCCTCCCAA GCAGCTGG	T	C			SILENT- NONCODING	complement	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P10643 COMPLEMENT COMPONENT C7 PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 843 aa.	0.00E+00	5 (5p13)

13	cg43933757	3346	TCCAACCTCCTGA CCTCAGGTAATC C[G/A]CCTGCCT TGGCCTCCCAA AGTGCTG	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	complem ent	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P10643 COMPLEMENT COMPONENT C7 PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 843 aa.	0.00E+00	5 (5p13)
14	cg42185571	2224	CTTAGCTCTACG ATTAAATCCAT G[T/gap]GTCCAA GGGGGAAACA TATTATAT	T	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	complem ent	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P02748 COMPLEMENT COMPONENT C9 PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 559 aa.	7.70E-308	5 (5p13)
15	cg42185571	2367	TAATATAGATAG TGTTTCAGTAGCA G[A/gap]ATAGAA TGAACATAAACT ATTAGTT	A	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	complem ent	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P02748 COMPLEMENT COMPONENT C9 PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 559 aa.	7.70E-308	5 (5p13)
16	cg43947909	265	GAATTGTCCAGA AGACTTGGCTC AGC/TJTTGGAGG AGCTGATAGAC ATGGCTGT	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	complem ent	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:Q07021 COMPLEMENT COMPONENT 1, Q SUBCOMPONENT BINDING PROTEIN PRECURSOR (GLYCOPROTEIN GC1QBP) (GC1Q- R PROTEIN) (HYALURONAN- BINDING PROTEIN 1) (PRE-MRNA SPLICING FACTOR SF2, P32 SUBUNIT) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 282 aa.	6.9E-129	17

17	cg43143315	2860	GTGTGTGTGTCT GTGTGTGTGTG TC[C/G]GTGTAT GTGTGTGTGGG TTCTAATG	C	G			SILENT- NONCODING	cyto450	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:Q07973 CYTOCHROME P450-CC24 MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR (EC 1.14.-.-) (P450- CC24) (VITAMIN D(3) 24-HYDROXYLASE) (1,25- DIHYDROXYVITAMIN D(3) 24- HYDROXYLASE) (24-OHASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 513 aa.lpcis:SWISSPROT-ID:Q07973 CYTOCHROME P450-CC24 MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR (EC 1.14.-.-) (P450- CC24) (VITAMIN D(3) 24-HYDROXYLASE) (1,25- DIHYDROXYVITAMIN D(3) 24- HYDROXYLASE) (24-OHASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 513 aa.	1.9E-279	20
18	cg43327428	1746	AGCAGGCTGGC CTATGTGGTCTA AG[A/G]TTCAGC CTGAAACTCATA GACACTG	A	G			SILENT- NONCODING	cyto450	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:P04798 CYTOCHROME P450 1A1 (EC 1.14.14.1) (CYP1A1) (P450-P1) (P450 FORM 6) (P450-C) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 512 aa.lpcis:SWISSPROT-ID:P04798 CYTOCHROME P450 1A1 (EC 1.14.14.1) (P450-P1) (P450 FORM 6) (P450-C) (TCDD-INDUCIBLE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN).512 aa.	2.5E-279	15 (15q22)
19	cg32296860	376	CAGCACTTTGG GAGGCCGAGGC GGG[T/C]GGATC ACCCGAGGTCA GGAGTTCCA	T	C			SILENT- NONCODING	cytochro me	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q27524 CYTOCHROME C OXIDASE POLYPEPTIDE II (EC 1.9.3.1) - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 1647 aa (fragment).	6.6E-124	
20	cg32296860	383	TTGGGAGGCCG AGCGGGGTGGA TCA[C/gap]CCGA GGTCAGGAGTT CGAGACCAGC	C	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	cytochro me	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q27524 CYTOCHROME C OXIDASE POLYPEPTIDE II (EC 1.9.3.1) - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 1647 aa (fragment).	6.6E-124	

21	cg32296860	385	GGGAGCCGAG GCGGGTGGATC ACC[C/gap]GAG GTCAGGAGTTC GAGACCGCCT	C	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	cytochrome	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q27524 CYTOCHROME C OXIDASE POLYPEPTIDE II (EC 1.9.3.1) - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 1647 aa (fragment).	6.6E-124	
22	cg32296860	397	CGGGTGGATCA CCCGAGGTCAG GAG[T/AT]CGAG ACCGCCTGGC CAACATGGT	T	A				SILENT- NONCODING	cytochrome	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q27524 CYTOCHROME C OXIDASE POLYPEPTIDE II (EC 1.9.3.1) - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 1647 aa (fragment).	6.60E-124	
23	cg32296860	439	CAACATGGTGA AACCCCTGTCTCT AC[T/C]AAAAATA CAAAAATTAGCT GGGTGC	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	cytochrome	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q27524 CYTOCHROME C OXIDASE POLYPEPTIDE II (EC 1.9.3.1) - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 1647 aa (fragment).	6.60E-124	
24	cg43264442	199	GGGGCGCGGGT GGAGAAGCTGC GGC[A/G]GCGCG GCCCGTAGGAA GGTGTCTGC	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	dehydrogenase	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:G806944 UDP-GLUCOSE DEHYDROGENASE, UDPGDH=52 KDA SUBUNIT {EC 1.1.1.22} - BOS TAURUS, 468 aa.	8.60E-240	4
25	cg43264442	236	AGGAAGGTGCT GTCCGAACGAT CGG[G/A]ATAGG AGCGTCCCTG CGCTTGCTG	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	dehydrogenase	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:G806944 UDP-GLUCOSE DEHYDROGENASE, UDPGDH=52 KDA SUBUNIT {EC 1.1.1.22} - BOS TAURUS, 468 aa.	8.60E-240	4
26	cg43998926	130	GAACCCAAGAG CCACTGATAACT GG[C/gap]ACAAAT CCAATGAAACA GAGGAAGCA	C	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	dehydrogenase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P50213 ISOCITRATE DEHYDROGENASE (NAD), MITOCHONDRIAL SUBUNIT ALPHA PRECURSOR (EC 1.1.1.41) (ISOCITRIC DEHYDROGENASE) (NAD+-SPECIFIC ICDH) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 366 aa.	1.30E-190	15

27	cg43998926	560	CTCAGGCTGAG TTGCCTCCAGTC TTT/GJGGAATG TCATCTTATACT GGTACTG	T	G				SILENT- NONCODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P50213 ISOCITRATE DEHYDROGENASE (NAD), MITOCHONDRIAL SUBUNIT ALPHA PRECURSOR (EC 1.1.1.41) (ISOCITRIC DEHYDROGENASE) (NAD+-SPECIFIC ICDH) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 366 aa.	1.30E-190	15
28	cg43941594	499	GGTTATAAAAT AGATAACTCGCA G/A/GJGTCATAA ATATCTACAGTT AGTAGA	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P13707 GLYCEROL- 3-PHOSPHATE DEHYDROGENASE (NAD+), CYTOPLASMIC (EC 1.1.1.8) (GPD-C) (GPDH-C) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 348 aa.	1.90E-137	3
29	cg43962927	462	GCCACTCCCTG CTCCCTGCCTG AGC/G/AJCCATT CGCAGTCTTGTT TCCTGTTT	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	dna_rna _bind	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P38935 DNA-BINDING PROTEIN SMUBP-2 (GLIAL FACTOR-1) (GF-1) HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 993 aa.	0.00E+00 (11q13.2)	11
30	cg43991661	671	CTTGTTTATTAT CTATCATAGACA T/C/GJAAGATGA TCATAGTTAATA CCAATT	C	G				SILENT- NONCODING	dna_rna _bind	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:G2058493 TELOMERIC REPEAT DNA-BINDING PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 419 aa.	5.10E-224	8
31	cg43991661	737	ACTGTTTATAGGC CCAATATTGATA T/A/GJTAAATGA AGGTATCAGAG AATCTT	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	dna_rna _bind	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:G2058493 TELOMERIC REPEAT DNA-BINDING PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 419 aa.	5.10E-224	8
32	cg43310449	206	CTAAAGATTTC TGCTCTCAGTGG A/A/GJCTGGCAT ACTGTAATTGCT ATGTGG	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	dynein	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q63100 DYNEIN INTERMEDIATE CHAIN 1, CYTOSOLIC (DH IC-1) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 643 aa.	1.0e-312	
33	cg43310449	231	ACTGGCATACT GTAATTGCTATG TG[G/A]AAGCTTAA TATAACCTCAAC AGCAGC	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	dynein	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q63100 DYNEIN INTERMEDIATE CHAIN 1, CYTOSOLIC (DH IC-1) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 643 aa.	1.0e-312	

34	cg43984524	1227	TCAATGAGGCTT TCTATTAATTC CTTCTTAAAGC AATGGTTATTAT TGAAA	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	esterase	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:P70665 SIALIC ACID-SPECIFIC 9- O-ACETYLESTERASE - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 541 aa.	3.2E-99	
35	cg43248101	2516	GGCCCTGAATG TTATGAAGGTTT GA/GA/GTCAGC CTACAGATAACA GGATTAT	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	fgf	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P21781 KERATINOCYTE GROWTH FACTOR PRECURSOR (KGF) (FIBROBLAST GROWTH FACTOR- 7) (FGF-7) (HBGF-7) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 194 aa.	9.30E-106	15 (15q15)
36	cg43974968	2973	CAGTGGCTCAC GCCTATAATCCC AGC/AJACTTTG GGAGGCCAAGG CAGGAGGA	C	A				SILENT- NONCODING	fgf	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:P78443 21 KD BASIC FIBROBLAST GROWTH FACTOR (BFGF) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 196 aa.	1.70E-103 4 (Xq26)	
37	cg43074195	222	CAGCTGAAGGA GATAATTGGTGT GA/A/GCAGAAG CTGAAAGCTTCT AATGGAG	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprot ein	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q14245 ERYTHROID MEMBRANE PROTEIN 4.1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 641 aa.	1.40E-197	1
38	cg43074195	237	ATTGGTGTGAAC AGAAAGCTGAAA GCT/AJTCTAATG GAGACACTCCT ACACATG	T	A				SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprot ein	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q14245 ERYTHROID MEMBRANE PROTEIN 4.1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 641 aa.	1.40E-197	1
39	cg43074195	246	AACAGAAAGCTG AAAGCTTCTAAT GG/A/GIGACACT CCTACACATGAA GACTTGA	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprot ein	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q14245 ERYTHROID MEMBRANE PROTEIN 4.1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 641 aa.	1.40E-197	1
40	cg43074195	255	TGAAAGCTTCTA ATGGAGACACT CC/T/AJACACAT GAAGACTTGAC CAAGAACA	T	A				SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprot ein	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q14245 ERYTHROID MEMBRANE PROTEIN 4.1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 641 aa.	1.40E-197	1

41	cg43988092	658	TAGCGATACAAA TATATATATATAT [A/gap]TTTATCC AAAAATATGTTT TATACA	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q01685 TRAM PROTEIN (TRANSLOCATING CHAIN- ASSOCIATING MEMBRANE PROTEIN) - CANIS FAMILIARIS (DOG), 373 aa.	4E-192	8
42	cg43953517	2457	AAGTTCCTGTAG TAGGTAGGGG TA[C/T]TACTAGG GATATCTGTGG CATGATT	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51674 MEMBRANE GLYCOPROTEIN M6-A - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 278 aa.	2.9E-150	4
43	cg43953517	2464	TGTAGTAGGTA GGGGGTACTAC TAG[G/C]GATAT CTGTGGCATGA TTATGCAAT	G	C				SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51674 MEMBRANE GLYCOPROTEIN M6-A - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 278 aa.	2.9E-150	4
44	cg43953517	2491	ATATCTGTGGCA TGATTATGCATT C[C/gap]GTAGTA TTATTTAAATTAAT TTGGGG	C	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51674 MEMBRANE GLYCOPROTEIN M6-A - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 278 aa.	2.9E-150	4
45	cg43953517	2517	GTAGTATTATT AATTAATTTGGG G[T/G]TCATTTTG CTTCCTTTTCTT TATGC	T	G				SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51674 MEMBRANE GLYCOPROTEIN M6-A - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 278 aa.	2.9E-150	4
46	cg43953517	2529	AATTAATTTGGG GTTCAATTTTGCT T[C/gap]CTTTTC TTTATGCTTAGA TTATCTT	C	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51674 MEMBRANE GLYCOPROTEIN M6-A - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 278 aa.	2.9E-150	4
47	cg43953517	2530	ATTAATTTGGG TTCATTTTGCTT C[C/gap]TTTTCT TTATGCTTAGAT TATCTTA	C	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51674 MEMBRANE GLYCOPROTEIN M6-A - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 278 aa.	2.9E-150	4

48	cg43290087	1150	CCTAACCTCTTG GTAACGGTAGT CCG/CJGAGAGT TCGCAGTGCTCA GTGAAATC	T	C			SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P52166 MEMBRANE PROTEIN SEL-12 - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 461 aa.	1.7E-97	14 (14q24.3)
49	cg43294632	913	AGTAGAGAGTA GGGGTAAAGC TGG[A/G]CATTG CAAAAGGATTG GTTTAAGAA	A	G			SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:Q13361 MICROFIBRIL- ASSOCIATED GLYCOPROTEIN 2 PRECURSOR (MAGP-2) (MP25) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 173 aa. pcis:SWISSPROT-ID:Q13361 MICROFIBRIL-ASSOCIATED GLYCOPROTEIN 2 PRECURSOR (MAGP-2) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 173 aa.	4.3E-92	12
50	cg43056971	884	GTTATTTGAAAA ATACCTATTTTT T[T/gap]CCAAAG TGTGTAAAGAT TGTTTTG	T	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:O04711 P-GLYCOPROTEIN-2 - ARABIDOPSIS THALIANA (MOUSE- EAR CRESS), 1233 aa.	2.2E-72	1
51	cg43976227	212	TTCATGTGCAAG CTAAGTTATTCC T[C/A]TGGTCAAT CCTCTCCATCTT CTGGT	C	A			SILENT- NONCODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:Q14245 ERYTHROID MEMBRANE PROTEIN 4.1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 641 aa.	2.6E-60	18
52	cg43994600	1782	CCTTGTTCCAC TCTCCTTCATAT C[C/T]AAGTCAT CAACATCTGAA TGAGAG	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	helicase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:O70133 ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE A (NUCLEAR DNA HELICASE II) (NDH II) (DEAD BOX PROTEIN 9) (MHEL-5) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1380 aa. pcis:TREMBLNEW-ID:G2961456 RNA HELICASE A - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1380 aa.	8.7E-67	14

53	cg43925670	2481	ATGTTCTTGTAT TTTTTCCCATC TTTCTACAGACA TAAGTGAGCCT CACTGG	T	C			SILENT- NONCODING	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.lpcis:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0	1
54	cg43925670	2488	TGTATTTTTC CCATCTTTACAG AIC/TJATAAGTGA GCCTCACTGGA AATTTT	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.lpcis:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0	1
55	cg43925670	2501	CATCTTTACAGA CATAAGTGAGC CTCTJACTGGA AATTTTCAAC AGTAGTC	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.lpcis:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0	1

56	cg43925670	2507	TACAGACATAAG A TGAGCCTCACT GG[A/G]AATTTT TCAACAGTAGTC CAGATC	G				SILENT- NONCODING	interfero n	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.jpcls:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0	1
57	cg43925670	2513	CATAAGTGAGC T CTCACTGGAAT TTT[C/T]TCAACA GTAGTCCAGAT CTTGAGA	C				SILENT- NONCODING	interfero n	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.jpcls:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0	1
58	cg43925670	2551	CCAGATCTTGA C GATCTTCAGAAA TG[C/T]AGGAAT CAATGCTTATTT GTGTGAG	T				SILENT- NONCODING	interfero n	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.jpcls:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0	1

59	cg42489232	2434	ATTTTGTAGTAGA GACAAAGTTTGG CCTTATGTTGG CCAGGCTGGTC TCGAACT	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P48551 INTERFERON- ALPHA/BETA RECEPTOR BETA CHAIN PRECURSOR (IFN-ALPHA- REC) (TYPE I INTERFERON RECEPTOR) (IFN-R) (INTERFERON ALPHA/BETA RECEPTOR- 2) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 515 aa.	3.9E-281	21 (21q22.1)
60	cg42489232	2441	GTAGAGACAAG GTTTGGCCATGT TG[G/C]CCAGGC TGGTCTCGAACT CCTGACC	G	C			SILENT- NONCODING	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P48551 INTERFERON- ALPHA/BETA RECEPTOR BETA CHAIN PRECURSOR (IFN-ALPHA- REC) (TYPE I INTERFERON RECEPTOR) (IFN-R) (INTERFERON ALPHA/BETA RECEPTOR- 2) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 515 aa.	3.9E-281	21 (21q22.1)
61	cg42489232	2454	TTTGCCATGTTG GCCAGGCTGGT CTC[T]GAACTC CTGACCTCAAG CGATCOGC	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P48551 INTERFERON- ALPHA/BETA RECEPTOR BETA CHAIN PRECURSOR (IFN-ALPHA- REC) (TYPE I INTERFERON RECEPTOR) (IFN-R) (INTERFERON ALPHA/BETA RECEPTOR- 2) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 515 aa.	3.9E-281	21 (21q22.1)
62	cg43926168	694	GAAGGGCTCTC CTTCACGGGA CTG[A/gap]AAAA AAAAAATCATGA AATCCTAAT	A	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	interleukin receptor	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P18510 INTERLEUKIN-1 RECEPTOR ANTAGONIST PROTEIN PRECURSOR (IL-1RA) (ICIL- 1RA) (IRAP) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 177 aa.	8.8E-94	2 (2q14.2)
63	cg43926168	704	CCTTCACGGGG ACTGAAAAAAA AA[A/gap]TCATG AAATCCTAATTT TCATTTTC	A	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	interleukin receptor	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P18510 INTERLEUKIN-1 RECEPTOR ANTAGONIST PROTEIN PRECURSOR (IL-1RA) (ICIL- 1RA) (IRAP) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 177 aa.	8.8E-94	2 (2q14.2)

64	cg43336163	2889	AGCCGGGAATG CTGCTGCTGCT GCT[G/A]CTGCT GCTGCTGCTGC TGGGGGGAT	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:G300258 MYOTONIC DYSTROPHY KINASE, DM-KINASE {C-TERMINAL, ALTERNATIVELY SPLICED, CLONE DELTA II} - HOMO SAPIENS, 616 aa.	0	19
65	cg43987164	1043	AGGCGAGCCCC TCAGAAGCCTTC CC[G/A]GCAGAT CCGGGGACCCC GTTCTGGT	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:D1023392 INOSITOL 1,4,5- TRISPHOSPHATE 3-KINASE ISOENZYME (EC 2.7.1.127) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 604 aa (fragment).	1.3E-307	
66	cg43119489	2227	TTTTTCATCCTA TCAATTGAATGT G[G/C]CTTGAAA AATCCAGCAAG AGCGGGG	G	C			SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q00537 SERINE/THREONINE- PROTEIN KINASE PCTAIRE-2 (EC 2.7.1.-) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 523 aa.	2.7E-282	
67	cg43957170	2164	CTACTAAAATA CAAAAATTAGC C[G/A]GGCGTGG TGGCGCATGCC TGTAATC	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q61399 CYCLIN-DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 783 aa.	1.7E-234	
68	cg43957170	2175	ACAAAAAATTAG CCGGGCGTGGT GG[C/T]GCATGC CTGTAGTCCCA GCTACTCG	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q61399 CYCLIN-DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 783 aa.	1.70E-234	
69	cg43957170	2179	AAAATTAGCCG GGCGTGGTGGC GCA[T/C]GCCTG TAGTCCCAGCTA CTCGGGAG	T	C			SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q61399 CYCLIN-DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 783 aa.	1.70E-234	

70	cg38438124	1767	ACTTTGTGTATA TGTGTGTGTGT GT[G/gap]TGTGTG GGGGGGGGTGA GTGTGTGCG	G	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:O70172 PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL-4- PHOSPHATE 5-KINASE TYPE II ALPHA (EC 2.7.1.68) (PIP5KII- ALPHA) (1- PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL-4- PHOSPHATE KINASE) (PTDINS(4)P- 5-KINASE B ISOFORM) (DIPHOSPHOINOSITIDE KINASE) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 405 aa.	2.80E-216	10
71	cg38438124	1769	TTTGTGTATATG TGTGTGTGTGT GT[G/gap]TTGGG GGGGGTGAGT GTGTGCGCG	G	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:O70172 PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL-4- PHOSPHATE 5-KINASE TYPE II ALPHA (EC 2.7.1.68) (PIP5KII- ALPHA) (1- PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL-4- PHOSPHATE KINASE) (PTDINS(4)P- 5-KINASE B ISOFORM) (DIPHOSPHOINOSITIDE KINASE) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 405 aa.	2.80E-216	10
72	cg42923882	123	AGTGGGCAGGG ACCCTGGGAGC CTC[C/A]ATTCTC AATGCCCCACC CTTTACCT	C	A				SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q92961 MAP KINASE KINASE MEK5B - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 448 aa.	1.80E-196	
73	cg43948037	1031	AAAGTTCGAA ATGCTTCATCCC C[G/A]ACAAAGC AAATTCATGTC CGTCAG	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q00532 SERINE/THREONINE- PROTEIN KINASE KIALRE (EC 2.7.1.-) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 358 aa.	6.10E-189	
74	cg43948037	1106	CTGTTGCTTTCC CTGGGGTGTCC AG[G/A]CTCACC AGGGGAGTCAG AATCTTCT	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q00532 SERINE/THREONINE- PROTEIN KINASE KIALRE (EC 2.7.1.-) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 358 aa.	6.10E-189	

75	cg43948037	1115	TCCCTGGGGTG TCCAGGCTCAC CAG[G]GGAGT CAGAATCTTCTG GTTCTCCC	G	C				SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q00532 SERINE/THREONINE- PROTEIN KINASE KIALRE (EC 2.7.1.-) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 358 aa.	6.10E-189	
76	cg43948037	1124	TGTCCAGGCTC ACCAGGGGAGT CAG[A]GATCTT CTGGTTCTCCCT TTTCATCA	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q00532 SERINE/THREONINE- PROTEIN KINASE KIALRE (EC 2.7.1.-) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 358 aa.	6.10E-189	
77	cg43948037	1134	CACCAGGGGAG TCAGAAATCTTCT GG[T]CTCTCCC TTTTCATCAAGT CTTCTAA	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q00532 SERINE/THREONINE- PROTEIN KINASE KIALRE (EC 2.7.1.-) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 358 aa.	6.10E-189	
78	cg42703622	2409	TGTGGGTTGAC AGATTTTAAAA TA[G/C]AATTTAG AGTATTTGGGGT TTTGT	G	C				SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q12792 PROTEIN TYROSINE KINASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 350 aa.	3.00E-187	12
79	cg43336176	5568	TGCTGCTGCTG CTGCTGCTGGG GGG[G/gap]ATCA CAGACCATTTCT TTCTTCGG	G	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q16205 MYOTONIN PROTEIN KINASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 625 aa.	1.10E-164	19
80	cg43982923	610	ACGCAGGGGTC CCCGCGGCCGC CGC[G/A]ATGCA GAAATACGAGA AACTGGA	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P49615 CELL DIVISION PROTEIN KINASE 5 (EC 2.7.1.-) (TAU PROTEIN KINASE II CATALYTIC SUBUNIT) (TPKII CATALYTIC SUBUNIT) (KINASE PSSALRE) (CRK6) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 292 aa.	3.60E-159	19

81	cg43265203	688	ACATTCAAGCTC GGTGTGTTTCA C[A/C]CGCGTGC GCCCCGGCTGC GGCGGTG	A	C					SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ID:P54619 5'-AMP- ACTIVATED PROTEIN KINASE, GAMMA-1 SUBUNIT (AMPK GAMMA- 1 CHAIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 331 aa. pcis:SWISSPROT- ID:P54619 5'-AMP-ACTIVATED PROTEIN KINASE, GAMMA-1 SUBUNIT (AMPK GAMMA CHAIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 331 aa.	5.50E-124	
82	cg43966625	77	CGCTGCCCGCG CGGGGACACACA ACC[A/C]AAGTC GCGGCCGCCGC AGCCATGCG	A	C					SILENT- NONCODING	kinase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q15119 [PYRUVATE DEHYDROGENASE(LIPOAMIDE)] KINASE ISOZYME 2 PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.99) (PYRUVATE DEHYDROGENASE KINASE ISOFORM 2) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 407 aa. pcis:SPTREMBL- ID:Q15119 PYRUVATE DEHYDROGENASE KINASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 407 aa.	3.20E-89	17
83	cg44004317	4772	CACCACGATGC GGACCCCACTG CCC[G/A]GCTCG ACCTCCTCGGG AGGGGGGCG	G	A					SILENT- NONCODING	kinasere ceptor	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:P04626 ERBB-2 RECEPTOR PROTEIN- TYROSINE KINASE PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.112) (P185ERBB2) (NEU PROTO-ONCOGENE) (C-ERBB-2) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1255 aa. pcis:SWISSPROT-ID:P04626 ERBB-2 RECEPTOR PROTEIN- TYROSINE KINASE PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.112) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1255 aa.	0.00E+00	
84	cg43925424	300	TCGGCGCACAG TCGCTGCTCCG CGC[G/T]CGCGC CCGGCGGCGCT CCAGGTGCT	G	T					SILENT- NONCODING	kinesin	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q07866 KINESIN LIGHT CHAIN (KLC) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 569 aa.	1.90E-304	14

89	cg43263644	143	GCCGGGACAGT GTTGTACAGTGT TTT/CJGGGCAT GCACGTGATAC TCACACAG	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	nucl_rec pt	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q03181 PEROXISOME PROLIFERATOR ACTIVATED RECEPTOR BETA (PPAR-BETA) (PPAR-DELTA) (NUCLEAR HORMONE RECEPTOR 1) (NUC1) (NUC1) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 441 aa.	4.70E-237	6
90	cg44131079	3497	CGGTGATATTAC C AAAAACAATGAAT TTC/TJGGAACAT TATAGATTGGGC ACCTC	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	nuclease	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN [CONTAINS: REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE] - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa.lpcis:SWISSPROT-ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN (REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa.	0.00E+00	
91	cg44031914	153	GCACAGGGGAG TGAGGGCAGGG CGCT/CJCGCAG GGGCACGCAG GGAGGGCCC	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	oncogen e	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q01543 FLI-1 ONCOGENE (ERGB TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 452 aa.	4.70E-253	11 (11q24)
92	cg43932550	3136	CATCATAGAACT G CCTTGTGGATCT C[G/A]TAGAGCT CAGGCACTTTG AAGAAGA	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	oncogen e	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q13746 BCR-ABL MRNA OF ACUTE LYMPHOCTIC LEUKAEMIA (ALL) PATIENTS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 386 aa.	2.30E-205	22 (22q11.2 1)
93	cg43932550	3312	GACAGGACCCCA A TTTTCTCATCTC CA[A/G]GCCCTT TTCCAAGTCCAG CTCACTC	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	oncogen e	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q13746 BCR-ABL MRNA OF ACUTE LYMPHOCTIC LEUKAEMIA (ALL) PATIENTS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 386 aa.	2.30E-205	22 (22q11.2 1)

94	cg43967268	598	ACGAGAAAGG AGCAGCTGAA GTG[G]CCTGG ACTCCAGCCCT GGCTGTTGT	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	oncogene	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P24407 RAS-RELATED PROTEIN RAB-8 (ONCOGENE C-MEL) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), AND CANIS FAMILIARIS (DOG), 207 aa.	1.90E-52	
95	cg43920534	1076	CGTCACTATGTA CTTGGTTTTCG CT[<i>gap</i>]TTTTTT CCTTAAAAAAA AAGGCC	T	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	phosphatase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q10728 SERINE/THREONINE PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE PP1 SMOOTH MUSCLE REGULATORY M110 SUBUNIT (110 KDA SUBUNIT) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 976 aa.	0.00E+00	12
96	cg43920534	763	CTTCATAAAACC AATCGAGAGAG AG[A] <i>gap</i> GGACT TAAATCCTGCT TACCAAAA	A	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	phosphatase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q10728 SERINE/THREONINE PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE PP1 SMOOTH MUSCLE REGULATORY M110 SUBUNIT (110 KDA SUBUNIT) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 976 aa.	0.00E+00	12
97	cg43926887	1786	ATTGTTTTCAAC ATGAAGTAAAGA A[T]A[A]ACGTTGA GGCCTTTACTAT TAGCT	T	A			SILENT- NONCODING	phosphatase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q06190 PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE PP2A, 130 KD REGULATORY SUBUNIT (PR130) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1150 aa.	0.00E+00	3
98	cg43926887	1838	GTCTAATACTCC TGGGAGGAAGG AA[T]A]ATATCTA TCTAGTAAGAAT TTTAAT	T	A			SILENT- NONCODING	phosphatase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q06190 PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE PP2A, 130 KD REGULATORY SUBUNIT (PR130) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1150 aa.	0.00E+00	3
99	cg43088901	2303	GAGCACCGTGT CAAGCTGCTCT GAG[C/T]CACAG TGGGATGAACC AGCCGGGGC	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	phosphatase	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:P30304 M-PHASE INDUCER PHOSPHATASE 1 (EC 3.1.3.48) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 523 aa. ipdls:SWISSPROT-ID:P30304 M- PHASE INDUCER PHOSPHATASE 1 (EC 3.1.3.48) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 523 aa.	4.00E-288	3 (3p21)

100	cg43920213	3664	GTGAGCCATAATG ATGATGGCCAG CA[G/gap]GTGG CGCTGCCCTTCC ACCCATGGTG	G	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	phosphatase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P51452 DUAL SPECIFICITY PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 3 (EC 3.1.3.48) (EC 3.1.3.16) (DUAL SPECIFICITY PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE VHR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 185 aa.	6.00E-81	17
101	cg43969348	648	TGGGGGAAATG GGCCTCTTGGG GGT[C/gap]TCAC TGCACGGCTTG TTCATTGGCA	C	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	polymrase	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:Q15370 RNA POLYMERASE II TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SIII P18 SUBUNIT - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 118 aa.	3.90E-59	16
102	cg43966692	331	TACGAATTGGCA TATTTGTTTATTT [C/gap]TCAGTTT GTGAAAATGTCC TTAATT	C	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	polymrase	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:Q15369 RNA POLYMERASE II ELONGATION FACTOR SIII, P15 SUBUNIT - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 112 aa.	4.00E-57	8
103	cg43265754	4375	CGAGACCAGCC TGGCCAACATG GTG[A/C]AAGCC CATCTCTACTAA AAATACAA	A	C			SILENT- NONCODING	potassium_channel	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P48544 G PROTEIN-ACTIVATED INWARD RECTIFIER POTASSIUM CHANNEL 4 (GIRK4) (POTASSIUM CHANNEL, INWARDLY RECTIFYING, SUBFAMILY J, MEMBER 5) (HEART KATP CHANNEL) (KATP-1) (CARDIAC INWARD RECTIFIER) (CIR) (KIR3.4) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 419 aa.	6.70E-185	
104	cg43265754	4389	CCAACATGGTG AAACCCCATCTC TA[C/T]TAAAAAT ACAAAAATTAGC CGGGCG	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	potassium_channel	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P48544 G PROTEIN-ACTIVATED INWARD RECTIFIER POTASSIUM CHANNEL 4 (GIRK4) (POTASSIUM CHANNEL, INWARDLY RECTIFYING, SUBFAMILY J, MEMBER 5) (HEART KATP CHANNEL) (KATP-1) (CARDIAC INWARD RECTIFIER) (CIR) (KIR3.4) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 419 aa.	6.70E-185	

105	cg43922227	538	ATGTTGTGTTGG GTCCCCAGATT CC[C/T]ATTGAT TTTCTTGCATCA TTTTCT	C					SILENT- NONCODING	reductas e	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P36959 GMP REDUCTASE (EC 1.6.6.8) (GUANOSINE 5'-MONOPHOSPHATE OXIDOREDUCTASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 345 aa.	7.70E-150	14
106	cg43927549	1020	GTAAGCAGCAC ACTAGGAGGCC CAG[G/gap]CGC AGGCAAGAGA AGATGGTGCTG	G	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	reductas e	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P16083 NAD(P)H DEHYDROGENASE (QUINONE) 2 (EC 1.6.99.2) (QUINONE REDUCTASE) (DT-DIAPHORASE) (AZOREDUCTASE) (PHYLLOQUINONE REDUCTASE) (MENADIONE REDUCTASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 231 aa.	1.60E-124	6 (6pter)
107	cg43957486	4041	TGTATCATAGAA ATGTAACCTTTTG T[A/G]AGACAAA GGTTTTCCTCTT CTATT	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	struct	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P07204 THROMBOMODULIN PRECURSOR (FETOMODULIN) (TM) (CD141 ANTIGEN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 575 aa.	0.00E+00	20 (20p11.2)
108	cg43973080	779	GACACTAGGAA TTTCTTAAAAAG AA[A/gap]GATGT TGGAAGCAGAA CACTTACTA	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	struct	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:G2304981 MYOSIN VI - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1262 aa.	0.00E+00	6
109	cg42914441	2306	CTCTGACCTGA GTCCTTGTTTA AG[A/G]AGTATTT GTCCTCCTTTGT CTAATG	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	struct	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P26044 RADIXIN (MOESIN B) - SUS SCROFA (PIG), 583 aa.	5.40E-133	22 (22q12.2)
110	cg43942318	1006	GGACACCCCTCG GACCCTCGAAA ACG[C/T]CTCAG GAGCTATGAAG ACATGATTG	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	struct	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:O00379 DELTA- CATENIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 792 aa.	4.80E-123	11

111	cg43929933	431	CAGGCCAGGCC TGTTGTCTCCAC CTG[C/G]ACAGG CATTCTCCTTGT TCCAGAAA	C	G			SILENT- NONCODING	struct	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:P97756 CA2+/CALMODULIN-DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE IV KINASE ISOFORM - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 505 aa.	1.80E-117	12
112	cg43929933	541	CGCAGCCCCAA GTGTCAACAAG GGG[C/T]TCAAT AAGGCTTTCTG GGAGCCACT	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	struct	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:P97756 CA2+/CALMODULIN-DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE IV KINASE ISOFORM - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 505 aa.	1.80E-117	12
113	cg43929933	590	CTGGCAGCTGG TGGGATGGAAG GGG[G/gap]AGG TGGAAAAGGGC AGAGGAAATGG	G	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	struct	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:P97756 CA2+/CALMODULIN-DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE IV KINASE ISOFORM - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 505 aa.	1.80E-117	12
114	cg43070037	7268	AGGTCAGGAGT TTGAGACCAGC CTA[G/A]CCAAC ATGGTGAAACC CCATCTCTA	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	synthase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P35421 PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLYCI NAMIDINE SYNTHASE (EC 6.3.5.3) (FGAM SYNTHASE) (FORMYLGLYCINAMIDE RIBOTIDE AMIDOTRANSFERASE) (FGARAT) (ADENOSINE-2) (FGAMS) (FORMYLGLYCINAMIDE RIBOTIDE SYNTHETASE) - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 1354 aa.	0.00E+00	

115	cg43070037	7269	GGTCAGGAGTT TGAGACCAAGCC TAGC/GJCAACA TGGTGAAACCC CATCTCTAC	C	G			SILENT- NONCODING	synthase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P35421 PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLYCI NAMIDINE SYNTHASE (EC 6.3.5.3) (FGAM SYNTHASE) (FORMYLGLYCINAMIDE RIBOTIDE AMIDOTRANSFERASE) (FGARAT) (ADENOSINE-2) (FGAMS) (FORMYLGLYCINAMIDE RIBOTIDE SYNTHETASE) - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 1354 aa.	0.00E+00	
116	cg43070037	7352	GTGGGTGCCTG TAATCCCAGCTA CTC/TJGGGAGG CTGAGGCAGGA GAATCACC	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	synthase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P35421 PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLYCI NAMIDINE SYNTHASE (EC 6.3.5.3) (FGAM SYNTHASE) (FORMYLGLYCINAMIDE RIBOTIDE AMIDOTRANSFERASE) (FGARAT) (ADENOSINE-2) (FGAMS) (FORMYLGLYCINAMIDE RIBOTIDE SYNTHETASE) - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 1354 aa.	0.00E+00	
117	cg43070037	7365	ATCCCAGCTACT CGGGAGGCTGA GGC/TJAGGAGA ATCACCTGAACC TAGGAGG	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	synthase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P35421 PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLYCI NAMIDINE SYNTHASE (EC 6.3.5.3) (FGAM SYNTHASE) (FORMYLGLYCINAMIDE RIBOTIDE AMIDOTRANSFERASE) (FGARAT) (ADENOSINE-2) (FGAMS) (FORMYLGLYCINAMIDE RIBOTIDE SYNTHETASE) - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 1354 aa.	0.00E+00	

118	cg43070037	7366	TCCAGCTACTCA	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	synthase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P35421 PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLYCI NAMIDINE SYNTHASE (EC 6.3.5.3) (FGAM SYNTHASE) (FORMYLGLYCINAMIDE RIBOTIDE AMIDOTRANSFERASE) (FGARAT) (ADENOSINE-2) (FGAMS) (FORMYLGLYCINAMIDE RIBOTIDE SYNTHETASE) - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 1354 aa.	0.00E+00	
119	cg43123664	240	AGTACGCCAGC CCGGGGCGGCC CCG A/CJATGTA CATGTTCCACG CGGGATTCC	A	C				SILENT- NONCODING	synthase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:O35696 ALPHA-2,8- SIALYLTRANSFERASE (EC 2.4.99.-) (ST8SIAI) (SIALYLTRANSFERASE X) (STX) (POLYSIALIC ACID SYNTHASE) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 375 aa.	3.10E-59	18
120	cg21428405	17	NACGCGTTGGC GTCGTT/CJCTC GTTGAGCTCATC AATCCACCAC	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	synthase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P54876 PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLYCI NAMIDINE SYNTHASE II (EC 6.3.5.3) (FGAM SYNTHASE II) - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 754 aa.	2.20E-56	
121	cg43982633	811	ACACAGCCCCA GTTTGCTTTACA GC[C/G]CAAGTT ACAAACTGTCCC TTTTAAA	C	G				SILENT- NONCODING	tgfrecept or	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P56159 GDNF RECEPTOR ALPHA PRECURSOR (GDNFR- ALPHA) (TGF-BETA RELATED NEUROTROPHIC FACTOR RECEPTOR 1) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 464 aa.	1.50E-254	
122	cg43054268	312	TCTAGATATTTA ACTGACCCACTA T[A/gap]TTCCTC AAGGATACTGC ATTGGAC	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	thioester ase	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:E307161 MITOCHONDRIAL VERY-LONG- CHAIN ACYL-COA THIOESTERASE - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 453 aa.	3.50E-83	9

123	cg43054268	448	GACTATATGATC AAAGCCTTATAG C[A]gapJAAAAAA ATTTTAAATATT TGCAAA	A	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	thioesterase	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:E307161 MITOCHONDRIAL VERY-LONG- CHAIN ACYL-COA THIOESTERASE - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 453 aa.	3.50E-83	9
124	cg43943775	259	TGAAGATTACCC CCACACCTGTG TG[A]GJCAAGTG ATCAAAAAGGAA CAGGACC	A	G			SILENT- NONCODING	tm7	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P21554 CANNABINOID RECEPTOR 1 (CB1) (CB-R) (CANN6) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 472 aa.	5.40E-252	6 (6q14)
125	cg42886565	3473	GGCAACAAAAG CGAACTCCATC TC[A]gapJAAAA AAAGAGCTATAG GATCTTTA	A	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	tm7	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P25116 THROMBIN RECEPTOR PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 425 aa.	4.40E-225	5 (5q13)
126	cg42886565	3481	AAGCGAAACTC CATCTCAAAAA AA[A]gapJGAGCT ATAGGATCTTTA CAATATAI	A	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	tm7	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P25116 THROMBIN RECEPTOR PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 425 aa.	4.40E-225	5 (5q13)
127	cg42886565	4462	TCCTCTGTCTGC TGGCTGGCCGC GT[G]AJTATGAA GAAGACTAATTG GACACAG	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	tm7	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P25116 THROMBIN RECEPTOR PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 425 aa.	4.40E-225	5 (5q13)
128	cg42886565	4483	GCGTGTATGAA GAAGACTAATTG GA[C]TJACAGAG CCGTGATGAATT AAAGTCT	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	tm7	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P25116 THROMBIN RECEPTOR PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 425 aa.	4.40E-225	5 (5q13)
129	cg43307001	1796	GCCTCCCGGGT TCAAGTGATTCT CC[T]CJGCCTCA GCCTCCCAGTA GCTGGGAT	T	C			SILENT- NONCODING	tm7	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P35348 ALPHA-1A ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR (ALPHA 1A- ADRENOCEPTOR) (ALPHA-1C ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 466 aa.	2.50E-199	

130	cg43307001	1898	GGGGTTTCACC ATGTTGGCCAG GCT[G/A]GTCTC GAACTCCTGAC CTCAAGTGA	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	tm7	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P35348 ALPHA-1A ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR (ALPHA 1A- ADRENOCEPTOR) (ALPHA-1C ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 466 aa.	2.50E-199	
131	cg43307001	1909	ATGTTGGCCAG GCTGGTCTCGA ACT[C/T]CTGAC CTCAAGTGATCC GCCACCT	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	tm7	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P35348 ALPHA-1A ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR (ALPHA 1A- ADRENOCEPTOR) (ALPHA-1C ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 466 aa.	2.50E-199	
132	cg43047341	2113	GGTGGATCACC TGAGGTCACGA GTT[C/T]GAGAC CAGCCTGACCA ACATGGAGA	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	tm7	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P21731 THROMBOXANE A2 RECEPTOR (TXA2-R) (PROSTANOID TP RECEPTOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 369 aa.	2.80E-190	
133	cg43965652	891	TCCATTCTTTT TCTTTTTTTTTT [T/gap]TAAGTGA GACTACATTGG CAAATGG	T	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	tnf	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q99732 TNF-ALPHA INDUCIBLE RESPONSIVE ELEMENT - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 228 aa.	4.50E-121	16
134	cg43965652	892	CCATTCTTTT CTTTTTTTTTTT [T/gap]AAGTGAG ACTACATTGGCA AATGGG	T	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	tnf	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q99732 TNF-ALPHA INDUCIBLE RESPONSIVE ELEMENT - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 228 aa.	4.50E-121	16
135	cg43965652	412	TTCCAAACATCA AATGAAGGGG AT[C/gap]AATGG TTACCACTATCG TTTTCAAC	C	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	tnf	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q99732 TNF-ALPHA INDUCIBLE RESPONSIVE ELEMENT - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 228 aa.	4.50E-121	16
136	cg43985709	933	AGCTCACTTTGG CCCTCTCCACC C[A/G]TCCCAAC CCCAATTGCTAAC AACATG	A	G			SILENT- NONCODING	tnf	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q13829 TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR, ALPHA-INDUCED PROTEIN 1, ENDOTHELIAL (B12 PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 316 aa.	1.70E-51	16

137	cg44027791	1118	GCCACAGGGCT CCTTTCACACAG GG[G/gap]CCA GGGAGGACACA GGTGGGGGAC	G	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	transcript factor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q02086 TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SP2 (KIAA0048) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 606 aa.	0.00E+00	17
138	cg44027791	1173	TCTTCAGGGCC TCCCGCCGCAG TTG[G/A]CCTTA CAAGTTCTTCGT GACCAGGT	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	transcript factor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q02086 TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SP2 (KIAA0048) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 606 aa.	0.00E+00	17
139	cg44027791	916	AAGGGTTCCCA CGCGTCCCTGGT TTA[G/A]AACGT CTCATTGGGCA CGGCCAGTG	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	transcript factor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q02086 TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SP2 (KIAA0048) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 606 aa.	0.00E+00	17
140	cg44027791	930	GTCCTGGTTTAG AACGTCTCATTG G[G/gap]CACGG CCAGTGTCCAC AGTCTGGGC	G	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	transcript factor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q02086 TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SP2 (KIAA0048) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 606 aa.	0.00E+00	17
141	cg43984418	923	TATGCAATGTTT AGCATTTTTTTT TT[G/gap]TCACAG CACTAGAGACC CTGTTAAA	T	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	transcript factor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P23771 TRANS-ACTING T-CELL SPECIFIC TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR GATA-3 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 443 aa.	2.40E-255	10 (10p15)
142	cg43984418	937	CATTTTTTTTTT CACAGCACTAG A[G/A]ACCCCTGT TAAATAGGGGAT ATGAGT	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	transcript factor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P23771 TRANS-ACTING T-CELL SPECIFIC TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR GATA-3 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 443 aa.	2.40E-255	10 (10p15)
143	cg43945210	543	CAGACAGACAC AAGGTTCTTTTT TTT[G/gap]GTTTG TTTTGTTTTTCC TCGCCAAC	T	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	transcript factor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q60632 COUP TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR 1 (COUP-TF1) (COUP-TF1) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 422 aa.	6.40E-235	5

144	cg43917396	915	TAGGGGCTGAA ACGCAGTCGGG GCC[G/gap]GGC ACTGCCCAGGA AGGGACTCCGG	G	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	transcript factor	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:G2920821 TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR T-BOX 5 HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 518 aa.	6.90E-68	
145	cg43949162	510	TAGACAATACCA TCTCTAGGAACA C[A/G]CTGTCAC TCACACATGGAT GTGTG	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	transferrin	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ID:G2738933 GLUTATHIONE TRANSFERASE (EC 2.5.1.18) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 222 aa.	1.30E-115	6
146	cg41653463	2407	TGTGCGTGCGT GTGTGTGTGTG TGT[G/gap]TGTA TCGTGTGTGTGT GTTTTGTTT	G	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	transport	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P31641 SODIUM- AND CHLORIDE-DEPENDENT TAURINE TRANSPORTER - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 620 aa.	0.00E+00	3 (3p25)
147	cg41653463	2408	TGTGCGTGCGTG GTGTGTGTGT GTGT[G/gap]GTAT CGTGTGTGTGT GTTTTGTTT	T	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	transport	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P31641 SODIUM- AND CHLORIDE-DEPENDENT TAURINE TRANSPORTER - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 620 aa.	0.00E+00	3 (3p25)
148	cg43285429	388	CCCAGTCAAGA TAAGGAGGATC CCA[G/A]CAGCT CCCCTCCGAGG TTGGGCTCT	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	transport	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:P02730 BAND 3 ANION TRANSPORT PROTEIN (ANION EXCHANGE PROTEIN 1) (AE 1) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 911 aa.lpcis:SWISSPROT-ID:P02730 BAND 3 ANION TRANSPORT PROTEIN (ANION EXCHANGE PROTEIN 1) (AE 1) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 911 aa.	0.00E+00	17 (17q21)
149	cg43918636	3322	AGCAGCAGCTG TTGGAGTAGAA CCG[C/A]GTCCA GGCGCGGACCA TC TTCATCG	C	A				SILENT- NONCODING	transport	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q15012 GOLGI 4- TRANSMEMBRANE SPANNING TRANSPORTER MTP (KIAA0108) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 233 aa.	5.40E-52	

150	cg44005525	721	TAAGCAGCTCTC TTCTGTGACAGA C[A]gapJAATCAT GTAAGAACTGT GAAACCCC	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	ubiquitin	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51965 UBIQUITIN- CONJUGATING ENZYME E2-21 KD UBCH6 (EC 6.3.2.19) (UBIQUITIN- PROTEIN LIGASE) (UBIQUITIN CARRIER PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 193 aa.	3.30E-101	
151	cg44005525	743	GACAAATCATGT AAGAACTGTGAA A[C]A]CCCACTT TATGTAGCGTAT CTCTTG	C	A				SILENT- NONCODING	ubiquitin	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51965 UBIQUITIN- CONJUGATING ENZYME E2-21 KD UBCH6 (EC 6.3.2.19) (UBIQUITIN- PROTEIN LIGASE) (UBIQUITIN CARRIER PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 193 aa.	3.30E-101	
152	cg40986905	3075	ATTTTATAGTAG GACGGGGTTTC AC[C]T]GTGTTA GCCAGGATGGT CTCGATCT	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14162 KIAA0149 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 830 aa.	0.00E+00	
153	cg43303871	1999	AATAAGGGGAGA ACTACTATTTTT TT[gap/T]AAGAT CTCAAAATAATT AATAATAA	gap	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAA25444 KIAA0518 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 650 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	
154	cg43303871	1999	AATAAGGGGAGA ACTACTATTTTT TT[gap/T]AAGAT CTCAAAATAATT AATAATAA	gap	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAA25444 KIAA0518 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 650 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	
155	cg43918386	3972	CTTCTACCCCAT GGGTAAATGTAT TT[C]ACATATTA CCAAGAGAAGA AGCACA	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14511 ENHANCER OF FILAMENTATION 1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 834 aa.	0.00E+00	6
156	cg43923712	501	AGGAATCCTGG ACAGGAGTTTTC TG[C]T]AGAGGC GTTTAAACCCCT ACCGAAT	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q12996 CLEAVAGE STIMULATION FACTOR 77KDA SUBUNIT - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 717 aa.	0.00E+00	11

157	cg43936083	189	GCTAACTGGTG ACAGTTATAAAA AC[A/G]CAAAAA GGAGCCTGGGA AACAGCAA	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O15089 KIAA0385 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1370 aa.	0.00E+00	
158	cg43936393	382	AAAAACAAGTTT CAGTAAAAA A[A/gap]ACTAAA ACAAACACTGAA GTAGAGT	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD22032 THYROID HORMONE RECEPTOR- ASSOCIATED PROTEIN COMPLEX COMPONENT TRAP240 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 2174 aa.	0.00E+00	17
159	cg43936393	383	AAAAACAAGTTTC AGTAAAAA A[A/gap]CTAAAA CAAACACTGAA GTAGAGTT	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD22032 THYROID HORMONE RECEPTOR- ASSOCIATED PROTEIN COMPLEX COMPONENT TRAP240 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 2174 aa.	0.00E+00	17
160	cg43940465	304	ACTGTATTATTT ATTACATGGGC T[G/A]AAAGCAA AGAAAAATGAGT CCCTTC	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O60300 KIAA0553 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1095 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	
161	cg43940880	10186	TAGTTTGTAAAG ACTGTACAAAA A[A/gap]TGCTTC TGGAGATTTCCT TGGCAGA	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P53794 SODIUM/MYO- INOSITOL COTRANSPORTER (NA+)/MYO-INOSITOL COTRANSPORTER - Homo sapiens (Human), 718 aa.	0.00E+00	21
162	cg43950657	1956	TTTGGGATCCTG ATCAATTCTTC T[G/A]ATGTTGTT GAAAATGACAAA GTTGG	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q13009 T-LYMPHOMA INVASION AND METASTASIS INDUCING PROTEIN 1 (TIAM1 PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 1591 aa.	0.00E+00	21 (21q22.1)

163	cg43950657	2033	CAGCTGCCAAA ACCGTGTGTGC AAG[A/G]GCGCG ACCTAAGGGGA CATTCTTGT	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q13009 T-LYMPHOMA INVASION AND METASTASIS INDUCING PROTEIN 1 (TIAM1 PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 1591 aa.	0.00E+00	21 (21q22.1)
164	cg43973740	485	TGAAGCAAAACAA ACAAACAAAAA A[A/gap]GGAGAG CTTCATTAGTAG CCAAGAT	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q61123 MATERNAL EMBRYONIC MESSAGE 3 (MEM3) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 754 aa.	0.00E+00	16 (12q12)
165	cg43980521	1011	GCGCATGGGTC CCTCCAGGAAG GCT[T/G]GGTTA GAGTCCCAGGG TGGTCCCCA	T	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAA20795 KIAA0337 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1510 aa.	0.00E+00	11
166	cg43980521	551	CCCTCAGCTTTG GGGGTCCTTC CT[G/A]AAGGGG CTTCCCTTGCA GAAGGGG	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAA20795 KIAA0337 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1510 aa.	0.00E+00	11
167	cg43980521	873	AGCATCTTGATC TAGAGGACTGA GG[G/A]CAGCCC CATCAGGCTGG GGCCCTGG	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAA20795 KIAA0337 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1510 aa.	0	11
168	cg44019839	3287	AGCTACACAGA GGAATAACTTA GGT[C/J]ACTTTCT GTTTTTTAAAA AAAATA	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:Q99743 NEURONAL PAS DOMAIN PROTEIN 2 (NEURONAL PAS2) (MEMBER OF PAS PROTEIN 4) (MOP4) - Homo sapiens (Human), 824 aa.	0	

169	cg44021891	787	AGAAGACCTGG CTTCTTACAAC AG[G/A]GACAGG CTGGTGGCTGG GGCTAGAG	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q92560 BRCA1 ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 1 (MYELOBLAST KIAA0272) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.	0	3
170	cg44021891	869	GCCCCCAGCTA GGACCCTGTAG TTG[G/A]GACCG TGGCATGATACA AGGACCTG	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q92560 BRCA1 ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 1 (MYELOBLAST KIAA0272) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.	0	3
171	cg44921773	2876	TTCTGAGACAG GGTCTTGCTCT GTC[G/A]CCCCAG GCTGGAGTGCA ATGGCACGA	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13471 REPLICATION CONTROL PROTEIN 1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 861 aa.	0	1
172	cg44921773	2955	GGGCTCAAGTG ATCCTCCACCT CA[A/G]CCTCCC GAGTAGCTGAG ACTACAGG	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13471 REPLICATION CONTROL PROTEIN 1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 861 aa.	0	1
173	cg43961485	650	GGTCTCCTCAG TGGTCTATTTTA GG[T/G]GTGGTT TTTTTTTTTTTT TTACTG	T	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O60398 TXBP151 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 563 aa.	1.5E-303	7
174	cg43985955	2111	GAGCACAGATA CAGTTTATGTAA CT[T/A]GATGGA AGAAATGGAAT TACTCCA	T	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13492 CALM (TYPE I CALM PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 652 aa.	2.7E-299	
175	cg44916647	1142	GCTCAGCAGCC CCTAGGAAGTTA AG[C/T]GAGAGC TACAGGGCAGG GGGGCTCC	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75057 KIAA0469 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 539 aa.	4.3E-299	1

176	cg44916647	494	TCTGTACATGTA ACATGTGGCCA TG[C/gap]CCAGG CATCCAGCAT CTATCCTGA	C	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75057 KIAA0469 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 539 aa.	4.3E-299	1
177	cg44021459	2082	GGTCACTGTTTC CTCGGCATCGT GC[T/C]GCCCTGG AGAGAACTCCC GACCGGGA	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAC16046 FIP2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 577 aa.	1E-297	
178	cg43926814	372	TAGAATTTTCTA TCCCCCCCCATT T[C/T]TCCAGTAA TAAAAAGTAGTG CTGGG	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q13573 NUCLEAR PROTEIN SKIP (SNW1 PROTEIN) (NUCLEAR RECEPTOR COACTIVATOR NCOA- 62) - Homo sapiens (Human), 536 aa.	5E-289	14
179	cg43926814	412	GTAGTGCTGGG ATCTGGCACCC AGAT[C/T]TGTT TTTATCCTGACC ATTACA	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q13573 NUCLEAR PROTEIN SKIP (SNW1 PROTEIN) (NUCLEAR RECEPTOR COACTIVATOR NCOA- 62) - Homo sapiens (Human), 536 aa.	5E-289	14
180	cg43931431	1415	AGCCATGTACG TGAAATTGCTTG GG[A/T]ACCTGA ACTCCCGCTGG AATTCTA	A	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:Q14154 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN KIAA0141 - Homo sapiens (Human), 515 aa.	7.2E-281	5
181	cg44031765	277	ATGCACCTGGC CCACATGGCTG GGC[G/A]CTGCA GCCTGCACTCC ACTTCCAGG	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14776 LZTR-1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 552 aa.	4.6E-279	22
182	cg44031765	4030	CATCTTTATAGG CCACCACTGTG TG[C/T]TTGCTG CGCCGGGCACC CACGAACT	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14776 LZTR-1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 552 aa.	4.6E-279	22

183	cg43970492	331	TGCTTTGTTGCT TCAAGATGCATG C[A/C]ATCCTG GCTTTAGTGTC AAGTAT	A	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:P78395 PREFERENTIALLY EXPRESSED ANTIGEN OF MELANOMA - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 509 aa.	3.60E-270	22
184	cg42847874	1118	ACAAAATTAGC CGGGCATGGTG GC[G/A]CAGCC TGAGTCCCAG CTACTTAG	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAA34492 KIAA0772 PROTEIN HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 468 aa.	6.30E-258	20
185	cg43951020	534	GAGTGCAGTG CTCACTGCAAC CTC[T/G]CCTC CCAGGTTCAAG CAATTCCTCC	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O76021 PBK1 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 516 aa.	6.60E-255	
186	cg43951020	552	CAACCTCCGCC TCCCAGGTTCAA GC[A/G]ATTCTC CTGCCTCAGCC TCCCTAGT	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O76021 PBK1 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 516 aa.	6.60E-255	
187	cg43971614	2720	ACCAATTGCTTG GTCAATTCAACC TG[A/J]GGGGAA AAGAGTCAAATA TGTCCTCA	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13283 GAP SH3 BINDING PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 466 aa.	5.30E-253	5
188	cg43971614	2802	CTCTGCACCCAC AGCACCGAGGA TAG[T/C]ACAAA CCCCTCACGCG TCTGCGTCC	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13283 GAP SH3 BINDING PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 466 aa.	5.30E-253	5
189	cg43962954	192	CGGGCTCCCCA TGCAGCCCTAG AGA[C/gap]GGG AGAAAGTCCAGT GTGCTGTTCCA	C	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75455 HERPESVIRUS ENTRY PROTEIN B - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 479 aa.	4.80E-252	19

190	cg43917689	1684	AGGCAACACCT GTGAGGAAGG GCACTTGGGGC AAAAGCTCACCT CAGAAAGTG	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q92551 MYELOBLAST KIAA0263 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 441 aa.	3.50E-240	3
191	cg43916785	2176	TCAGATGACTTT ACAACCAAGG AGT/CIACACAG GGCAACAACAA ATTAGAGG	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAC97961 S164 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 735 aa (fragment).	2.50E-230	14
192	cg43287642	307	GCAACTTATTT AAAACCCAAAG GA[G/A]AAAGGA TGGTACTACCAT AAATCAC	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD20347 NEBULIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 977 aa (fragment).	3.50E-224	
193	cg43986954	1072	AGTGGAAACATT TTTGTTCATTT CTT/CJAGGAATTT TCTCTTGGGA AAGTCG	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAC68871 METHYL-CPG BINDING PROTEIN MBD2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 411 aa.	9.40E-224	18
194	cg42882543	3078	TCCCGAGTAGC TGGGATTACAG GCA[T/C]GCGCC ACCACGCCACG CTAATTTT	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75177 KIAA0693 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 404 aa (fragment).	2.30E-220	
195	cg43062833	1567	TGAAAAGTATTA TGGAAATCACTG C[A/T]GCACAGG AAAAGTAATTCA GATGTT	A	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q93088 BETAINE-- HOMOCYSTEINE S- METHYLTRANSFERASE (EC 2.1.1.5) - Homo sapiens (Human), 406 aa.	2.10E-219	5
196	cg43959148	342	AGACTAGTGTG GGCCTTGGGCC CCC[C/gap]TCAT TTTGACATCCTT CCAGATGGT	C	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75955 FLOTILLIN-1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 427 aa.	1.40E-215	6

197	cg43950766	385	GTTACATTTAG TGAACCTGCATT TTC[gap]ATGGGG GGGGGGGGG TACACAGTA	C	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD4491 PTD004 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 396 aa.	5.30E-214	22
198	cg43958860	1340	TCTGCTTTTAT TTAACAAAAAT GTC[CA]TTAACT GTAAACTTGGAA TCAAG	T	C			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P48745 NOV PROTEIN HOMOLOG PRECURSOR (NOVH) - Homo sapiens (Human), 357 aa.	6.00E-206	8 (8q24.1)
199	cg43968205	1516	CTATAGCAGAG GGGTTATGGG GGC[G/A]GGAGG GTAGACTGACAT ACAGAAAT	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:CAB46373 HYPOTHETICAL 71.0 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 653 aa (fragment).	6.90E-206	
200	cg43950996	825	ACGCCAGTCCA GAAAGAAGGTG CTG[G/A]AGCCC CTGCTCTGTCCT CTCCATCA	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:P78545 ESE-1B - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 371 aa.	6.20E-204	1
201	cg44924222	1787	TAAGGTGAGC AGCAGCAGGAG CGC[A/T]TTGAA GAAGAAGTAGA AGGGGATGT	A	T			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:P27539 EMBRYONIC GROWTH/DIFFERENTIATION FACTOR 1 PRECURSOR (GDF-1) - Homo sapiens (Human), 372 aa.	2.7E-203	
202	cg44924222	1834	ATGTCAGGCAC CGTGCGCAGAC TGC[A/G]GTGAC TGGTGGCATA AGGACCTTG	A	G			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:P27539 EMBRYONIC GROWTH/DIFFERENTIATION FACTOR 1 PRECURSOR (GDF-1) - Homo sapiens (Human), 372 aa.	2.7E-203	
203	cg44924222	2073	GTACCGGAAGG CGTAGGAGGAG ACG[A/G]TGAGG ATGAGAGTGAC CACGTGGTG	A	G			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:P27539 EMBRYONIC GROWTH/DIFFERENTIATION FACTOR 1 PRECURSOR (GDF-1) - Homo sapiens (Human), 372 aa.	2.7E-203	

204	cg44916575	1943	GAGGACAAAA CAGAAAGCCCT GTG[AT]GTGTG GGAAAACTCCG CTGCAGAGA	A	T			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q16842 BETA-GALACTOSIDE ALPHA-2,3-SIALYLTRANSFERASE (EC 2.4.99.4) (CMP-N- ACETYLNEURAMINATE-BETA- GALACTOSAMIDE-ALPHA-2,3- SIALYL- TRANSFERASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 350 aa.	3.7E-197	
205	cg42650960	2321	GGCTGGAGTGC AGTGGCACGAT CTC[G/A]GCTCA CTGCAAGCCTC CGCCTCCCG	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:Q10981 GALACTOSIDE 2-L- FUCOSYLTRANSFERASE 2 (EC 2.4.1.69) (GDP-L-FUCOSE:BETA- D- GALACTOSIDE 2-ALPHA-L- FUCOSYLTRANSFERASE 2) (ALPHA(1,2)FT 2) (FUCOSYLTRANSFERASE 2) (SECRETOR BLOOD GROUP ALPHA-2- FUCOSYLTRANSFERASE) (SECRETOR FACTOR) (SE) (SE2) - Homo sapiens (Human), 343 aa.	2E-189	
206	cg43947129	2163	CTGGGGGCGTC CATGGTGC GGC GGC[G/C]JAGGGC GGTGAGTCAGC CAAGGAGGA	G	C			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P10658 PROBABLE PHOSPHOSERINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (EC 2.6.1.52) (PSAT) (ENDOMETRIAL PROGESTERONE-INDUCED PROTEIN) (EPIP) - Oryctolagus cuniculus (Rabbit), 370 aa.	3E-188	
207	cg43922383	199	ATCTGAAAATGG TGTTGTGCGTC GC[G/A]JCGGCC AGCTATCGTCA GTGCCCTTT	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q15435 YEAST SDS22 HOMOLOG - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 360 aa.	7.3E-185	2
208	cg43922383	222	CGCGGCCAGC TATCGTCAGTGC CT[gap/G]TTATT GCCATTGGGTTT GTGACTGT	gap	G			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q15435 YEAST SDS22 HOMOLOG - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 360 aa.	7.3E-185	2

209	cg43922383	239	TCAGTGCCTTTA TTGCCATTGGGT TT/gap]GTGACT GTTGATATAGTG ACGACCT	T	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q15435 YEAST SDS22 HOMOLOG - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 360 aa.	7.3E-185	2
210	cg43922383	250	ATTGCCATTGG GTTTGTGACTGT TG/A/G]TATAGT GACGACCTCAG GAGCAACA	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q15435 YEAST SDS22 HOMOLOG - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 360 aa.	7.3E-185	2
211	cg43922383	263	TTGTGACTGTTG ATATAGTGACGA C[C/G]TCAGGAG CAACAGGTGGG TTAAAAA	C	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q15435 YEAST SDS22 HOMOLOG - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 360 aa.	7.3E-185	2
212	cg43953935	458	CTTTTAAATAA ATGACTGCCGAG TG/A/G]GTGTA ATTCTGAGAAAA TTACATT	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD41634 LYOSOMAL TRAFFICKING REGULATOR 2 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 703 aa (fragment).	2.4E-177	13
213	cg43933591	1167	ACATTTTGAATT TTAGCTTTTTTTT [T/gap]GCCCTCTC TACTGTGTCACT AAATAT	T	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q18476 C35A5.8 - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 1078 aa.	1.70E-176	8
214	cg43949875	2329	CTGAGTAGCTG GGATTACAGGC GTG[T/C]GCCAC CATGCCCCAGCT AATTTTTTG	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD34394 NUCLEAR PORE COMPLEX INTERACTING PROTEIN NPIP - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 350 aa.	6.60E-175	
215	cg43100840	1131	GGACAGGGGTG CAGCTGGCAGC CGA[G/A]AAAGG GGACCACCTCG GAGGGCTGG	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P49752 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ZAP113 - Homo sapiens (Human), 309 aa (fragment).	3.20E-168	

216	cg43922270	2077	TGTATATGTGTA CGTAGGTAGAT GT[G/A]TGCAGC ATCGGCAGGT TTGCCAGG	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:Q14140 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN KIAA0127 - Homo sapiens (Human), 314 aa.	1.30E-162	2
217	cg43993462	1461	CAGAATGAGCT GCAGAGGTTTC CTC[C/T]CTGCTT TACAATCCCTTA TTGAAGT	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q63965 TRICARBOXYLATE CARRIER - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 357 aa (fragment).	5.10E-161	5
218	cg43993462	384	TAAACATCTACA GAGTTGAAACAT A[A/C]TCTGTCTAT ATTAAATATATT ATCTA	A	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q63965 TRICARBOXYLATE CARRIER - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 357 aa (fragment).	5.1E-161	5
219	cg43993462	624	TAGTCTCACTTC TTACCAAAAAA A[A/gap]CAATGA ACTGGATTGAG CCCACTCA	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q63965 TRICARBOXYLATE CARRIER - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 357 aa (fragment).	5.1E-161	5
220	cg43329741	996	GCAGTGCAGGA GATGACAGAGT GAG[G/A]AGGGC CCAGAGCAGAA TTCTGGCCC	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD3906 FH1/FH2 DOMAIN- CONTAINING PROTEIN FHOS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1164 aa.	6.7E-159	
221	cg42910688	1687	AAACAATTTTG TTCAATGCCCCAC C[G/A]AGACATA TAGAATTGGGAA CTGATA	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P55040 GTP-BINDING PROTEIN GEM (GTP-BINDING MITOGEN-INDUCED T-CELL PROTEIN) (RAS-LIKE PROTEIN KIR) - Homo sapiens (Human), 296 aa.	7.7E-158	8
222	cg43967474	969	TGCTGGGGACC ATGGATGGGGA GGA[G/gap]GGG CACAGGGCCCA GTGCAGATGAA	G	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAA76848 KIAA1004 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 496 aa (fragment).	1.70E-152	11

223	cg43964140	160	GCTGAGATCTTA GGTCAAAAAGC TA[C/T]AGAAAA GAAATCACTTTG AAAAACA	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAC69899 SACM21 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 721 aa.	1.10E-150	6
224	cg43990820	325	CCGGTTTAAAG GAAAAGTAAAA A[C/A]AATCCAC AGTTGAGCAGTT GATGTG	C	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q15024 MRNA (HA0800) FOR ORF - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 290 aa (fragment).	3.30E-150	3
225	cg43930377	682	TCACAGCTGGA TTGAAAGAGTAT TT[G/A]GGAAT GTGGCAATGTT GTTTATAT	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB43230 HYPOTHETICAL 33.3 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 290 aa (fragment).	7.80E-149	4
226	cg43969800	503	GCAAGACGTGT CAGGGGAACCA AGG[C/T]TCAGA TCATTCCCCCTT CATCTACA	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:P25686 DNAJ PROTEIN HOMOLOG 1 (HSJ-1) - Homo sapiens (Human), 351 aa.	1.20E-145	2
227	cg43973724	2109	TATAAGTGTATG CAATAGAAATTT G[G/T]ATTTTGT ATAGAAAAATTTA CCTTG	G	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O75070 KIAA0483 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 299 aa (fragment).	1.30E-141	1
228	cg43258867	112	GGCCCAGTCCT GGGGCTCTGGG AGG[C/gap]TCAC GCTCCCTCCTC AGGCTGGGGA	C	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q99773 HYPOTHETICAL 30.9 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 285 aa.	2.60E-141	
229	cg42907867	792	GACGATGTGGA CGCTGGGAGGG ATC[T/gap]TGGC GTTGGTTTCTG AAAGCCAGG	T	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q99769 HYPOTHETICAL 26.4 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 255 aa.	1.10E-140	1

230	cg43920176	2819	AAAGCTGCTTTG TTAGGTTCCCTTA T[G/T]TTTTATTA ACTGTCCTTTCT CAGTT	G	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD28325 LUMAN2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 272 aa.	1.40E-140	
231	cg43920176	2909	ATTTTGTCATTT TTTACATCAACT T[C/T]ATGGTCTT GTTTTACATGG TAATT	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD28325 LUMAN2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 272 aa.	1.40E-140	
232	cg43950100	856	CAAAATTAAACA ATTACAAAAATA C[A/G]ACAGCTA GAATTACAAAAT CCATT	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O14681 PIG8 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 318 aa.	1.70E-139	11
233	cg43950100	952	GGCACAGGGAG AAAAACAAAGTG TT[C/gap]CAATC AGTCCAGGCAC AGGGACTGG	C	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O14681 PIG8 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 318 aa.	1.70E-139	11
234	cg43950100	391	ACATTGACCCCT TCAGTTCCTATA T[G/A]CAGCACCC CAATATTCTTT GAAATA	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O14681 PIG8 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 318 aa.	1.70E-139	11
235	cg43950100	515	CAGGTTTAGTGT TGTTGTAGTGG CA[C/T]TTGTCCA GAATTGGTACCT CCCCAT	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O14681 PIG8 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 318 aa.	1.70E-139	11
236	cg43132640	1317	CTCTATGAACTC TGTTTCTTTCT A[A/gap]TGAGAT ATTAAACCATGT AAAGAAC	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:P11226 MANNOSE-BINDING PROTEIN C PRECURSOR (MBP-C) (MBP1) (MANNAN-BINDING PROTEIN) (MANNOSE-BINDING LECTIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 248 aa.	4.20E-134 (10q11.2)	10

237	cg44938448	1310	TGAAAGTTAGAGT AGCTGCAAATCT CT[<i>gap</i>]TAAGTA TCAATGTAAAGA AGCAGAT	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O75035 KIAA0447 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 254 aa.	4.80E-129	1
238	cg44938448	511	AATGCCACTTTC AGATGGAAGG AA[<i>gap</i>]TGAGAT GGAAACAACA AAAAAGGA	G			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O75035 KIAA0447 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 254 aa.	4.80E-129	1
239	cg43949897	923	AGCACTTTGGA GCTGGCCTCGC CCC[C/ <i>gap</i>]TAGG AGGAGAGGGTC CCTCCTGGGT	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O60499 SYNTAXIN 10 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 249 aa.	1.80E-126	19
240	cg42549778	1067	GGGGGTGCTCC TGGAAGCCCCA AGA[G/C]CATCC AGGATTGCCTC CCAGCTGCC	C			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD29690 PUTATIVE ZINC FINGER TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR OVO1 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 267 aa.	3.70E-126	
241	cg44028574	990	CAGCTCCCAGC TACCATGATGAG CC[C/ <i>gap</i>]TGGC GGCTTGAGCAC AGTGAGTGCT	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD27724 CGI- 15 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 329 aa.	4.00E-122	20
242	cg44035718	1088	TCTCATCTAGTG CTGAAGTCTGA GG[G/A]CTCTGC AGCATCAGACC CACCTCTA	A			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83010 KIAA1058 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1534 aa (fragment).	2.20E-121	2

243	cg44035718	1172	GAAGAGAAAGA TAGGTTTAATTT ATT/CJTGAAGTT TTCATGGTGTTA ATATTT	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBL-ACC: BAA83010 KIAA1058 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1534 aa (fragment).	2.20E-121	2
244	cg43963595	1212	CCCCCGCAGAC AGAGCCCGGAG GCTT/GJTCTGG TGCAGCGATGT TTAATGGCA	T	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC: O75391 SPERM ACROSOMAL PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 293 aa.	8.50E-120	17
245	cg43963595	1213	CCCCCGCAGACA GAGCCCGGAGG CTT/GJCTGGT GCAGCGATGTT TAATGGCAA	T	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC: O75391 SPERM ACROSOMAL PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 293 aa.	8.50E-120	17
246	cg43963595	1402	ATGTTACAGTAT GTACAAGACCC CTC/gap]CCCTC GGGGACGGG GCGGACTCCG	C	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC: O75391 SPERM ACROSOMAL PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 293 aa.	8.50E-120	17
247	cg43992566	492	AAATAGAGAATC CAGACCCCTCC CA/G/AJATAATTT AAGAACTGAGTT TTCCTC	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC: O14530 PROTEIN 1-4 - Homo sapiens (Human), 226 aa.	5.40E-118	
248	cg43992566	670	ATTAAATCTGA AGCAGAAAAAAA A[A/gap]GACAAT TTACAAAGAATT ATTGAGC	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC: O14530 PROTEIN 1-4 - Homo sapiens (Human), 226 aa.	5.40E-118	
249	cg43067745	907	TCCTGCACGC CTTACGTCAGA CT[G/A]TCACCA CAAGAGCCTTG AGTGTC	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC: O75839 TSC501 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 227 aa.	6.90E-118	

250	cg42697161	552	ACGTGGTGCTG GTAGTGCTTGT TG[AG]GTGTGA ATTCTCTCTCAT ACAAAAG	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O15262 RING FINGER PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 247 aa.	1.00E-114	4
251	cg43957889	1466	GTGCAATGGCA TGATCTCGGCT CAC[C/T]GCAAC CTCTGCCTCCC GGGTTCAAG	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O00577 COSMID 6E5 CDK4, SAS AND KIAA0167 GENES, COMPLETE CDS, AND OS9 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 227 aa.	2.70E-111	12
252	cg42391024	404	AACGCGAGACA AATTTTCAAAT CA[C/A]TCTTTA CTTCTCCAAGAT CTTCGA	C	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:O43583 DRP1 PROTEIN (DRP) - Homo sapiens (Human), 243 aa.	4.30E-109	
253	cg43976566	711	CTTTAATGAAAC ACTTTGGATCGT C[A/G]GTGCTGA AGTGAAAAGAAT GTGCTG	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA74894 KIAA0871 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 469 aa.	1.70E-107	4
254	cg44001900	936	GATGCTAAAAG CTTCTGCGAAAT GT[G/A]TTCACG TTTAATGTTGGG AAATCCC	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83057 KIAA1105 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 730 aa (fragment).	1.20E-104	
255	cg43954569	471	TTCAGCCACAT GACTCAGGGAC AC[A/gap]CTCCC CAGCGGTTGCT GGAGGCACC	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:P78560 DEATH DOMAIN CONTAINING PROTEIN CRADD (CASPASE AND RIP ADAPTATOR WITH DEATH DOMAIN) (RIP ASSOCIATED PROTEIN WITH A DEATH DOMAIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 199 aa.	1.40E-101	12
256	cg43925519	791	AGTGGCCCTT TCCCGCCCTGA AGA[T/C]GTTTCA CACGAAAAGGC CGTTTGTT	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:P78317 ZINC FINGER PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 190 aa.	4.40E-100	4

257	cg43145684	711	TGGCAAACTG CCAGCAGCGGT TGC[CT]GAAAA TGCTGGGTTGG GTGCTACT	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA81668 DNA POLYMERASE ETA - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 713 aa.	2.90E-99	
258	cg43981803	626	ACCAGCTCGGA GAGGGCACTTG AGA[G/T]GGTCT ATGAACAAATCT GTCTAAA	G	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q16635 TAFAZZIN - Homo sapiens (Human), 292 aa.	7.1E-97	X
259	cg44006111	1906	AGGCCTGATGC ACATGTGCACA GGT[A/G]CCTAC ATGCTCTGTTCT TGTCACAA	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to REMTREMBL- ACC:G1100182 T-CELL RECEPTOR BETA - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 311 aa.	3.8E-95	
260	cg44924968	1363	TGGCCAGGGAC CTGAGCCCCGAG ACA[C/T]CCCTG CATTGATCCAA CCAGGTCA	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD43192 WUGSC:H_DJ0726N20.1 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 191 aa (fragment).	6.8E-95	7
261	cg44924968	1364	GGCCAGGGACC TGAGCCCCGAGA CAC[C/T]CCTGC ATTGATCCCAAC CAGGTCAG	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD43192 WUGSC:H_DJ0726N20.1 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 191 aa (fragment).	6.80E-95	7
262	cg43977021	1080	TTCATCTAAAG TAATTCATTAAAT GT[A]ACAGGAG TAGATGAGGCC TGGCACA	T	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14206 ZAKI-4 MRNA IN HUMAN SKIN FIBROBLAST, COMPLETE CDS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 192 aa.	9.20E-91	6
263	cg43977021	1087	TAAAGTAATTCA TTAATGTACAGG A[G/A]TAGATGA GGCCTGGCACA CATAGCA	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14206 ZAKI-4 MRNA IN HUMAN SKIN FIBROBLAST, COMPLETE CDS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 192 aa.	9.20E-91	6

264	cg43977021	1098	ATTAATGTACAG GAGTAGATGAG GC[C]/TJGGCAC ACATAGCAGAA GGTAATGG	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14206 ZAKI-4 MRNA IN HUMAN SKIN FIBROBLAST, COMPLETE CDS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 192 aa.	9.20E-91	6
265	cg43977021	1107	CAGGAGTAGAT GAGGCCTGGCA CAC[A]/GJTAGCA GAAGGTAATGG TTCTATAGG	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14206 ZAKI-4 MRNA IN HUMAN SKIN FIBROBLAST, COMPLETE CDS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 192 aa.	9.20E-91	6
266	cg43977021	1116	ATGAGGCCTGG CACACATAGCA GAA[G]/AJGTAAT GGTCTATAGGT GTATCTTC	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14206 ZAKI-4 MRNA IN HUMAN SKIN FIBROBLAST, COMPLETE CDS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 192 aa.	9.20E-91	6
267	cg43977021	1169	TAATGCACTTTG GGCTAGAGAAA TA[G]/CJAAAAATC ACACGTAACAAA AACAAA	G	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14206 ZAKI-4 MRNA IN HUMAN SKIN FIBROBLAST, COMPLETE CDS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 192 aa.	9.20E-91	6
268	cg43999373	303	CACAGAATTGAG AACTTTTTCACC C[G]/CJGAACTGG AGAAGGAGCAC TCCGTCA	G	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O88994 HYPOTHETICAL 38.2 KD PROTEIN - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 338 aa.	1.50E-89	1
269	cg43980889	915	TTTGAGAGCTG CAGCAGAAAGCG GCT[G]/TJATCA CAGACTGGATTT AGTTATGA	G	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O00581 HYPOTHETICAL 20.5 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 176 aa.	4.5E-89	
270	cg43980889	936	GGCTGTATCAC AGACTGGATTTA GTT[G]/JATGATG AAAATACTGGAC TGTATTT	T	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O00581 HYPOTHETICAL 20.5 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 176 aa.	4.5E-89	

271	cg44030196	611	TAGATTGTTTCAG TACTCAGCTCAC C/A/gap/CCCAT AGACCATTTCTC CTCTGCG	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD40853 SIRTUIN TYPE 5 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 310 aa.	7.4E-89	
272	cg40336929	317	GGCAACAAGTT ACAGCGGCGGG AGAT/A/JTTCCT TCTCTCACCTGC CGGGGGG	T	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O73884 PUTATIVE PHOSPHATASE - GALLUS GALLUS (CHICKEN), 268 aa.	3.4E-84	
273	cg43920571	684	AGAAGACAGCG CGCAGAAATAG TGC[G/A]GAGAG AAATGACCAGTA CTATTTAT	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P34624 HYPOTHETICAL 63.5 KD PROTEIN ZK353.1 IN CHROMOSOME III - Caenorhabditis elegans, 548 aa.	3.5E-82	10
274	cg43958980	537	TAAGATCCTCCA TCCCACCAAAAA T[A/G]ACCCACA ATGACTCCAAAT CTTGTT	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB43239 HYPOTHETICAL 41.6 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 383 aa (fragment).	4.50E-82	6
275	cg43320682	512	CATTGGCAACG GCTGCCCACTA GGG[G/gap]CAC TGCCACTTGCCT GGCTCAAACT	G	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB45773 HYPOTHETICAL 18.0 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 162 aa (fragment).	6.60E-81	
276	cg42708544	845	CCAGGCTTGCC TCTAGATTGGCT GG[G/gap]CCAG AATTTCTGGGGT CAGTCTGAA	G	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O14684 PIG12 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 153 aa.	2.60E-79	
277	cg43949796	637	GGGAAGTAAAA TGAAGGAAGCA GAC[C/T]TCTTG CTCATCTTTCCA AATGAAAT	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q94547 RGA AND ATU GENES, COMPLETE CDS - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 579 aa.	1.20E-75	12

278	cg43298234	843	TAAGGCCAGAG CTTGCTGCTG GGC[A/gap]CAGA AATCACCTGCTG CATCCTGTG	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O60896 MRNA ENCODING RAMP3 PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 148 aa.	1.30E-75	7
279	cg43926358	607	CAGTGATGTGC TGGCCCTTTCA GGG[A/C]CACAG GCCCTTCAGC TTCACCGGA	A	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O75272 R33729_1, PARTIAL CDS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 152 aa (fragment).	1.90E-74	19
280	cg35060315	1328	CCAAACTATCTC ACCTACCCCTC CC[T/C]AGGATC CACTTCTTTGGA ATGACAA	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:P01225 FOLLITROPIN BETA CHAIN PRECURSOR (FOLLICLE- STIMULATING HORMONE) (FSH-B) - Homo sapiens (Human), 129 aa.	9.50E-73	11
281	cg35060315	1540	CTATTTTATCCA TCCATGTTCTCC C[A/gap]AATCTG TGCTTCTTTCA ACAGGT	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:P01225 FOLLITROPIN BETA CHAIN PRECURSOR (FOLLICLE- STIMULATING HORMONE) (FSH-B) - Homo sapiens (Human), 129 aa.	9.50E-73	11
282	cg35060315	1542	TTTATCCATCC ATGTTCTCCCAA A[gap]/AJTCTGTG CTTCTTTCAAC AGGTTAT	gap	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:P01225 FOLLITROPIN BETA CHAIN PRECURSOR (FOLLICLE- STIMULATING HORMONE) (FSH-B) - Homo sapiens (Human), 129 aa.	9.5E-73	11
283	cg35060315	1557	GTCTCCCAAAT CTGTGCTTCTT T[C/T]AACAGGT ATATATTAAC TATTT	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:P01225 FOLLITROPIN BETA CHAIN PRECURSOR (FOLLICLE- STIMULATING HORMONE) (FSH-B) - Homo sapiens (Human), 129 aa.	9.5E-73	11
284	cg35060315	1562	CCCAAATCTGTG CTTCTTTCAAC A[G/C]GTTATATA TTAAAACTATTT CATGA	G	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:P01225 FOLLITROPIN BETA CHAIN PRECURSOR (FOLLICLE- STIMULATING HORMONE) (FSH-B) - Homo sapiens (Human), 129 aa.	9.5E-73	11

285	cg44126579	18	TGTACAACTGAT TAGAG[AGap]GT TTTTTTTCTTT TTCTTTTCAA	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:P90839 F16A11.1 - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 673 aa.	1.1E-71	16
286	cg43951096	719	CCTCTCCTCCAA GAGTTGGTTCC GC[AGap]AGAG GTGGAAGAAC TCTCAATAGT	A	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q23382 ZK1058.4 - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 442 aa.	2E-71	17
287	cg43951096	884	CACAGCCATAAT ATAGAGAACAG AG[C/gap]TTCTC CATGAACATCCA CCAGGCTG	C	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q23382 ZK1058.4 - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 442 aa.	2E-71	17
288	cg43960676	65	AGCAGCCAGCT TCATTGGCTGCA AA[C/T]GCCTCT CTCAGGTGAGT CAAAGGAG	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD43443 26S PROTEASOME SUBUNIT P40.5 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 376 aa.	5.3E-69	
289	cg43323149	1101	TCACCTCAGATG AGTGTGGCTCC CC[C/G]CGCTCC CATACTGCAGC CTGCCCCCT	C	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P50636 GAMETOGENESIS EXPRESSED PROTEIN GEG-154 - Mus musculus (Mouse), 429 aa.	1E-68	1
290	cg43969533	364	AAGGGAAGCCT ATCCTATTTTTT TT[AGap]TCCTTT GCGAAAACAGA AGCCAAGT	T	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD39844 HSPC028 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 419 aa.	1.6E-67	7
291	cg43969533	365	AGGGAAGCCTA TCCTATTTTTTT TT[AGap]CCCTTG CGAAAACAGAA GCCAAGTT	T	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD39844 HSPC028 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 419 aa.	1.6E-67	7

292	cg39376027	601	CCGGGGAGGTG GTTCTGGTAATC TG[G]GGGGA GCCGGGACAGG CGCCCCGA	G	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD39515 HERMES - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 197 aa.	2.3E-66	
293	cg39376027	604	GGGAGGTGGTT CTGGTAATCTG GG[G]TGGAGC CGGACAGGCG CCCCGAGTT	G	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD39515 HERMES - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 197 aa.	2.3E-66	
294	cg43976681	210	CTCTCTCTCGC CGCCGACGCAG AA[A]GIGGAGCT GGGAGGAAAA AGCTGCTG	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD29427 MYOMEGALIN - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 2324 aa.	4.3E-66	11
295	cg43085556	131	GTAAGGTAAAT GTGAATCAATAT G[T/C]TAGTTCT GGCAATTATTG TGCAAA	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O60223 SSX3 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 188 aa.	8.8E-65	
296	cg43085556	149	CAATATGTTAGT TCTGGGCAATTA T[T/C]CTGCAAT TCTGCCAGATAA TTAAA	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O60223 SSX3 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 188 aa.	8.8E-65	
297	cg43085556	150	AATATGTTAGTT CTGGGCAATTAT T[C/T]TGCAAAAT CTGCCAGATAAT TAAAG	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O60223 SSX3 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 188 aa.	8.8E-65	
298	cg43085556	30	TTGTTGTTCTCA AGCTTTTCGCCT A[C/T]ATTTTGA CTAACCCCTGCTT ATTCC	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O60223 SSX3 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 188 aa.	8.8E-65	

299	cg43085556	45	TTTTGCCTACA TTTTAGACTAAC C[C/T]TGCTTATT CCTGTGAATCAA GTGGT	C	T			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O60223 SSX3 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 188 aa.	8.8E-65	
300	cg43085556	65	TAACCCCTGCTTA TTCCTGTGAATC A[A/C]GTGGTGA TCCTCTGCAGCT TGAAT	A	C			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O60223 SSX3 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 188 aa.	8.8E-65	
301	cg43920089	437	GCATTTGCTGCT TGTGCTTGATTT T[G/A]TTTGGCT CAATCCCTTCCT GGCAGC	G	A			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O14716 DNAJ PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 135 aa.	2E-63	
302	cg43950850	263	AAACATGTTCCA TCAAAATTCAGAA A[C/gap]AGCAGG TATCAGTGAAAC TGGAGCA	C	gap			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:O95298 NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE SUBUNIT B14.5B (EC 1.6.5.3) (EC 1.6.99.3) (COMPLEX I-B14.5B) (CI-B14.5B) - Homo sapiens (Human), 119 aa.	7.8E-62	11
303	cg43950850	736	AGGAAAACCCAC GACGACCACTA CCC[G/C]GGCCT AAGCGGTCAGC TTTCTCCTC	G	C			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:O95298 NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE SUBUNIT B14.5B (EC 1.6.5.3) (EC 1.6.99.3) (COMPLEX I-B14.5B) (CI-B14.5B) - Homo sapiens (Human), 119 aa.	7.8E-62	11
304	cg44128084	1012	CATCCGCGCTG ACGGCAGTCAC CGG[T/C]GAGAC CGGCGCCGGAA AGACCATGG	T	C			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O33196 HYPOTHETICAL 32.9 KD PROTEIN - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 307 aa.	1.7E-59	
305	cg43976473	984	GACGCTCGCTG TCCCCGAGGGC CCG[gap/C]TGC GCCGCCCTCGTG GGTACGAATAC	gap	C			SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O35946 HYPOTHETICAL 14.9 KD PROTEIN - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 137 aa.	3.5E-59	11

306	cg44924858	546	GCTTCTGTCAGAG CGTTACTTTTCAC C[GA]TGCCTGC TGTTCCACAGG AAGAGT	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q12773 GUANINE NUCLEOTIDE REGULATORY PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 460 aa.	4.3E-59	
307	cg44924858	558	CGTTACTTTTCAC CGTGCCTGCTG TTT[C]CCACAG GAAGAGTCTGT CTGTCCA	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q12773 GUANINE NUCLEOTIDE REGULATORY PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 460 aa.	4.3E-59	
308	cg44924858	755	ACCCAGCTTG CCCGGCAGCAC ACA[A]GJAACGT TTTCTTTGGCTT GACGAATA	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q12773 GUANINE NUCLEOTIDE REGULATORY PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 460 aa.	4.30E-59	
309	cg43961591	222	ACACCACTGGT ACTCACACCCC CTC[T/C]GGCTG GGTCTCTGGT GGCCCTGC	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:O35414 STATHMIN-LIKE PROTEIN B3 (RB3) - Rattus norvegicus (Rat), 189 aa.	3.10E-58	
310	cg43924285	528	CTGCATATGTTT GCAGTTTTCAT C[A/G]ACTTCTTC ATAAACAAACAA ACATT	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD29804 F26H11.12 PROTEIN - ARABIDOPSIS THALIANA (MOUSE- EAR CRESS), 323 aa.	4.20E-57	15
311	cg43924285	574	ACATTTTCTAGA AACCAAAATATG T[A/G]GTGGCCC AAAGGAGCTCTT AAGCAA	A	G				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD29804 F26H11.12 PROTEIN - ARABIDOPSIS THALIANA (MOUSE- EAR CRESS), 323 aa.	4.20E-57	15
312	cg43958224	198	GTTTGATCCTCA GCCAGGACGCA CA[G/A]GCCCTA CAAGATCCCG CCCTCCAA	G	A				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB43298 HYPOTHETICAL 13.8 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 118 aa (fragment).	2.30E-53	19

313	cg43971060	502	AACGGCTTTAAA CACAAAGCTCAG GG[G]gapICTTG GGTTTATATCCC GAGGGCACAG	G	gap				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P31639 SODIUM/GLUCOSE COTRANSPORTER 2 (NA(+)/GLUCOSE COTRANSPORTER 2) (LOW AFFINITY SODIUM-GLUCOSE COTRANSPORTER) - Homo sapiens (Human), 672 aa.	4.20E-53	
314	cg44927952	342	TATTTTTCATTG TACTTATTATTC AT[C]TATACTTA CTATATATATTT AAAAAC	T	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD34077 CGI- 82 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 318 aa.	4.80E-52	
315	cg19885484	77	AAACAACAAAT AACCAAAACATAA A[C/T]CAACTAAT GCTACACAGAAT GTGAT	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O15019 KIAA0301 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 2047 aa (fragment).	1.90E-51	
316	cg42307356	11	CGGCCGCGG[C] G/TJCGGAACGG CGCCTCCCGCC CCACCA	G	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O15121 PUTATIVE FATTY ACID DESATURASE MLD - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 323 aa.	2.60E-51	
317	cg44005017	947	TGGAGGCCCTG GTTGCCCTCC CGG[C/T]GTGCT GGGACACTCTG GGTTCCTGC	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB43363 HYPOTHETICAL 23.0 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 204 aa.	5.00E-51	
318	cg43329819	609	TTGAGCTCTCCT ACAAGCTGGAG GC[A/C]AACAGT CAGTGAGAGCG GGGGGGCC	A	C				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q92565 MYELOBLAST KIAA0277 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 580 aa.	1.40E-50	
319	cg43329819	612	AGCTCTCTCTACA AGCTGGAGGCA AA[C/T]AGTCAG TGAGAGCGGGG GGGCCAGT	C	T				SILENT- NONCODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q92565 MYELOBLAST KIAA0277 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 580 aa.	1.40E-50	

326	cg43930957	1287	AAATAAACTC TTTTGAAAGTTG T[G]GGTCAGC TGACCAGGTAG AGGATTC	G	T	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	apoptosi s	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q62627 CLONE PAR- 4 INDUCED BY EFFECTORS OF APOPTOSIS - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 332 aa.	1.6E-117	
327	cg43300636	413	CAAGGCGGCA AAGATGGGAC CAG[C]TACCAC AGCGCCACGC CCACCTCCG	C	T	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	ATPase_ associat ed	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q29466 VACUOLAR H+-ATPASE SUBUNIT (EC 3.6.1.34) (H+)-TRANSPORTING ATP SYNTHASE) (H+)- TRANSPORTING ATPASE) (MITOCHONDRIAL ATPASE) (CHLOROPLAST ATPASE) (COUPLING FACTORS (F(O), F(1) AND CF(1))) - BOS TAURUS (BOVINE), 838 aa.	1.7E-175	
328	cg43967912	749	CATTCTCTCTCC AAAATTCTCTCAG A[T]CJTGTGCA CAGGACTCCATT CCAACC	T	C	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	ATPase_ associat ed	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q22494 SIMILAR TOS. CEREBISIAE VACUOLAR H(+)- ATPASE 54 KD SUBUNIT - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 470 aa.	5.6E-108	8
329	cg43967912	761	AAATTTCTCAG ATTTGTGCACAG G[A]GJCTCCATT CCAACCTTCCA GATTTAA	A	G	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	ATPase_ associat ed	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q22494 SIMILAR TOS. CEREBISIAE VACUOLAR H(+)- ATPASE 54 KD SUBUNIT - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 470 aa.	5.60E-108	8
330	cg43967912	773	ATTTGTGCACAG GACTCCATTCCA A[C]TJCTTCCAG ATTTAAGTTCTG AACTGT	C	T	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	ATPase_ associat ed	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q22494 SIMILAR TOS. CEREBISIAE VACUOLAR H(+)- ATPASE 54 KD SUBUNIT - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 470 aa.	5.60E-108	8
331	cg43132502	371	AGTGGGTGGCA CCGCCGAGGCT GCT[G]ATTACG GCTCATCTTCAT TGATTTGC	G	A	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	ATPase_ associat ed	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:Q15332 GAMMA SUBUNIT OF SODIUM POTASSIUM ATPASE LIKE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 126 aa.	9.40E-58	11

332	cg44924856	352	ACACGCCAGC AGCCGAATGAT GTTT/GJGGGTC CTTGAGCCTCG ACATGATCT	T	G	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	cadherin	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q08345 EPITHELIAL DISCOIDIN DOMAIN RECEPTOR 1 PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.112) (TYROSINE-PROTEIN KINASE CAK) (CELL ADHESION KINASE) (TYROSINE KINASE DDR) (DISCOIDIN RECEPTOR TYROSINE KINASE) (TRK E) (PROTEIN- TYROSINE KINASE RTK 6) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 913 aa.	7.90E-77	6 (6q16)
333	cg43991318	2634	AGCACTCCCT GGCTCACCTT CTCT/CJCCTCG TGGTCTTTTC ACCTGGTG	T	C	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	collagen	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q07092 COLLAGEN ALPHA 1(XVI) CHAIN PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1603 aa.	1.30E-73	1 (1p34)
334	cg41553795	480	CTGTGCACGTG GTTGTCGCTGA GAC/C/TJGACTA CCAGAGTTTCG CTGTCTCTGT	C	T	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	complement	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P07360 COMPLEMENT C8 GAMMA CHAIN PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 202 aa.	1.40E-104	9 (9q34.3)
335	cg43973728	286	GCAAAATTCAGAT GCAAAGCCGTG GC/C/TJAACGGG AAGGTTCTCCG AATGATC	C	T	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	cyclin	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P51946 CYCLIN H (MO15- ASSOCIATED PROTEIN) (P37) (P34) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 323 aa.	2.60E-172	5 (5q13.3)
336	cg43312829	1413	TCCAATCAAAGA CAACAGGACTC CA/T/CJGTAAC GAATATGAGGA CAATTTGA	T	C	His	His	SILENT- CODING	dehydrogenase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16134 ELECTRON TRANSFER FLAVOPROTEIN-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE PRECURSOR (EC 1.5.5.1) (ETF-QO) (ETF- UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE) (ETF DEHYDROGENASE) (ELECTRON-TRANSFERRING- FLAVOPROTEIN DEHYDROGENASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 617 aa.	0.00E+00	4

337	cg43312829	1422	AGACAAACAGGA CTCCATGTAAC GATGATGAG GACAAATTTGAAG AAATCAT	A	G	Glu	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16134 ELECTRON TRANSFER FLAVOPROTEIN-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE PRECURSOR (EC 1.5.5.1) (ETF-QO) (ETF- UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE) (ETF DEHYDROGENASE) (ELECTRON-TRANSFERRING- FLAVOPROTEIN DEHYDROGENASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN). 617 aa.	0.00E+00	4
338	cg43312829	1452	AGGACAAATTTGA AGAAATCATGG GTATGTTGAAA GAGCTATATTCT GTTAGAA	A	G	Val	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16134 ELECTRON TRANSFER FLAVOPROTEIN-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE PRECURSOR (EC 1.5.5.1) (ETF-QO) (ETF- UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE) (ETF DEHYDROGENASE) (ELECTRON-TRANSFERRING- FLAVOPROTEIN DEHYDROGENASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN). 617 aa.	0.00E+00	4
339	cg43312829	1473	GGGTATGGAAA GAGCTATATTCT GTTCAGAAATA TAAGGCCATCCT GCCACG	T	C	Val	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16134 ELECTRON TRANSFER FLAVOPROTEIN-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE PRECURSOR (EC 1.5.5.1) (ETF-QO) (ETF- UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE) (ETF DEHYDROGENASE) (ELECTRON-TRANSFERRING- FLAVOPROTEIN DEHYDROGENASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN). 617 aa.	0.00E+00	4

340	cg43312829	1569	ACTGGATATTGA GAGGAATGGAG CC[G/A]TGGACT CTAAACATAAA GGCTCTG	G	A	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16134 ELECTRON TRANSFER FLAVOPROTEIN-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE PRECURSOR (EC 1.5.5.1) (ETF-QO) (ETF- UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE) (ETF DEHYDROGENASE) (ELECTRON-TRANSFERRING- FLAVOPROTEIN DEHYDROGENASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 617 aa.	0.00E+00	4
341	cg43312829	1623	TGAACGGCTC AAGCCAGCCAA GGA[T/C]TGAC ACCCATTGAGTA TCCAAAC	T	C	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16134 ELECTRON TRANSFER FLAVOPROTEIN-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE PRECURSOR (EC 1.5.5.1) (ETF-QO) (ETF- UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE) (ETF DEHYDROGENASE) (ELECTRON-TRANSFERRING- FLAVOPROTEIN DEHYDROGENASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 617 aa.	0.00E+00	4
342	cg43307992	652	TCGAGGGCCCC AACTTTGAGTTC TC[C/A]ACGGAG ACCCATGAGGA GCTGCTGT	C	A	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q00217 MITOCHONDRIAL NADH DEHYDROGENASE-UBIQUINONE FE-S PROTEIN 8, 23 KDA SUBUNIT PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 210 aa.	1.70E-113	11
343	cg43969759	965	TGGCTGTGGGC TTCACCCAGCCTC AC[C/T]ACCTCC TCCAGGGAGTT GACTTCAG	C	T	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q16797 NADP- DEPENDENT MALIC ENZYME (EC 1.1.1.40) (MALATE DEHYDROGENASE (OXALOACETATE DECARBOXYLATING) (NADP+)) (PYRUVIC-MALIC CARBOXYLASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 572 aa.	1.80E-109	11

344	cg39523614	318	ATGCTGGATCA GATCCAGCTGC ACTATTAAGTGT CGAGCCGACGA AGATGGGG	A	T	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P46703 ACYL-COA DEHYDROGENASE (EC 1.3.99.-) - MYCOBACTERIUM LEPRAE, 389 aa.	2.10E-76	
345	cg39523614	360	AAGATGGGGAC AGTTTCGTCCTG AA[C/T]GGCGTC AAGGCTTGGGT CACGGAGG	C	T	Asn	Asn	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P46703 ACYL-COA DEHYDROGENASE (EC 1.3.99.-) - MYCOBACTERIUM LEPRAE, 389 aa.	2.10E-76	
346	cg39523614	366	GGGACAGTTTC GTCCTGAACGG CGT[C/T]AAGGC TTGGGTCACGG AGGCTGGCG	C	T	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P46703 ACYL-COA DEHYDROGENASE (EC 1.3.99.-) - MYCOBACTERIUM LEPRAE, 389 aa.	2.10E-76	
347	cg39523614	613	TCAGGGGCACG GTCTGAGTGTT GCTT[C/T]GGGT ACGCTTGACAA CTCTCGTGT	T	C	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P46703 ACYL-COA DEHYDROGENASE (EC 1.3.99.-) - MYCOBACTERIUM LEPRAE, 389 aa.	2.10E-76	
348	cg39523614	660	GTGTCTCGATTG CTGCTCAAGCA GT[G/A]GGAATT GCCCAGGGAGC TTTAGACA	G	A	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P46703 ACYL-COA DEHYDROGENASE (EC 1.3.99.-) - MYCOBACTERIUM LEPRAE, 389 aa.	2.10E-76	
349	cg42717491	207	AGGCTCACACT CACTTCATGTTT TT[C/G]ACAAAG TCCTCGCCTTTC TTGATGG	C	G	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P04636 MALATE DEHYDROGENASE, MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR (EC 1.1.1.37) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 338 aa.	2.40E-52	

350	cg42717491	252	TGATGGAGGCT TTCAGCTCAGG GAT[G/A]GCCTC GGCAATCATTTT CTCCTCAA	G	A	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P04636 MALATE DEHYDROGENASE, MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR (EC 1.1.1.37) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 338 aa.	2.40E-52	
351	cg42717491	270	CAGGGATGGCC TCGGCAATCAT TT[C/T]TCCTCAA AAGGAGTGATTT TGCCAA	C	T	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P04636 MALATE DEHYDROGENASE, MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR (EC 1.1.1.37) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 338 aa.	2.40E-52	
352	cg42717491	288	TCATTTTCTCCT CAAAAGGAGTG ATT[C/T]TGCCAA TGCCTAGGTTCT TCTCCA	T	C	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	dehydrog enase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P04636 MALATE DEHYDROGENASE, MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR (EC 1.1.1.37) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 338 aa.	2.40E-52	
353	cg42711596	1535	ATTAGTATGCT GTGAGCTGCTT TT[G]GTTGAATC TGATTAGTTTC AGTTTC	T	G	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	eph	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P48722 OSMOTIC STRESS PROTEIN 94 (HEAT SHOCK 70-RELATED PROTEIN APG- 1) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 838 aa.	2.10E-115	4
354	cg43319420	1557	AGAAAGTCAGAA GGCCTTCCTGT GGC[A/C]CCGTT CATGGACCGAG ACAAAGTGA	A	C	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	esterase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:Q23917 3':5'-CYCLIC- NUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHODIESTERASE REGA (EC 3.1.4.17) (PDEASE REGA) - DICTYOSTELIUM DISCOIDEUM (SLIME MOLD), 793 aa. pcis:SWISSPROT-ID:Q23917 3':5'- CYCLIC-NUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHODIESTERASE REGA (EC 3.1.4.17) (PDEASE REGA) - DICTYOSTELIUM DISCOIDEUM (SLIME MOLD), 793 aa.	3.30E-60	21

355	cg41029366	687	AGTGGGGATCA GTGTGCGATGA CAC[T/C]TGGA CCTGGAGGACG CCCACGTGG	T	C	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q61003 T CELL SURFACE GLYCOPROTEIN CD6 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 665 aa.	1.00E-234	11
356	cg42876034	860	GCGCCCGCCGC GGCAGCGCCCC GAG[G/C]CCGGC TTCGGCCCGCA GCCTGGACG	G	C	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q07066 22 KD PEROXISOMAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 193 aa.	2.60E-78	
357	cg43976227	258	CTGGTGTGATCT CTGTCTCTTTAT G[G/A]ACCACTA CTTTGGTCACTG ACATGT	G	A	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	glycoprotein	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:Q14245 ERYTHROID MEMBRANE PROTEIN 4.1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 641 aa.	2.60E-60	18
358	cg43916642	816	GGCTGAAAAGC ATATCTATACAT TC[G/A]GAGAAG TCGCAATAGAA AGGAAA	G	A	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	helicase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P25888 PUTATIVE ATP- DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE RHLE- ESCHERICHIA COLI, 454 aa.	2.90E-54	1
359	cg43925670	2320	AACCAGCATCA CCTCGGAACCTT TC[T/C]TCCATCA AGTCAGCAATCT GAATT	T	C	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa. lpcds:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1

360	cg43925670	2370	TTGTCATACTCT TCTCTCATTTT A[A/G]ATTAAAGTT TTAAATCGTTGC TCAGT	A	G	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.lpcIs:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
361	cg43925670	2389	TTTTTAAATTAA GTTTAAATCGT T[G/A]CTCAGTA AGGACTTAACCA TTCTAA	G	A	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.lpcIs:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
362	cg43925670	2446	AATCATTGATGA CCTCTAATCCTT TTT/C]AGTAGAA CAATGTTCTTGT ATTTT	T	C	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.lpcIs:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1

363	cg44004587	1913	TTTATTGTCAT TTTCATCAATAA G[G/A]ATACACA TCTCTGCCAGG AGTIGAA	G	A	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	isomerase	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q13907 HOMOLOG OF YEAST IPP ISOMERASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 228 aa.	3.00E-123	
364	cg43257400	2144	CATGTGTGGTAA CTCCTCAAGATG G[G/C]GAGACGT TAGCACAAATGA TAGAAG	G	C	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	kinase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q60680 CONSERVED HELIX-LOOP-HELIX UBIQUITOUS KINASE - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 745 aa.	0.00E+00	10
365	cg43931272	2072	TTGGTGGTCTT TCCCAACCACAA A[A/G]CACTCG GTGGTAAATACC AATAAG	A	G	Cys	Cys	SILENT- CODING	kinase	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:G2853031 TOUSLED-LIKE KINASE - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 717 aa.	0.00E+00	
366	cg42665067	748	GGGGCTTCTAC ATATCCCCCCG AAG[C/T]ACCTT CAGCACTCTGC AGGAGCTGG	C	T	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	kinase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P08631 TYROSINE-PROTEIN KINASE HCK (EC 2.7.1.12) (P59- HCK AND P60-HCK) (HEMOPOIETIC CELL KINASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 526 aa.	9.20E-289	20 (20q11)
367	cg43982923	634	CGATGCAGAAA TACGAGAAACT GGA[A/G]AAGAT TGGGGAAGGCA CCTACGGAA	A	G	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	kinase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P49615 CELL DIVISION PROTEIN KINASE 5 (EC 2.7.1.-) (TAU PROTEIN KINASE II CATALYTIC SUBUNIT) (TPKII CATALYTIC SUBUNIT) (KINASE PSSALRE) (CRK6) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 292 aa.	3.60E-159	19
368	cg43982923	655	TGGAAGAAGATTG GGGAAGGCACC TA[C/T]GGAAC GTGTTCAAGGC CAAAAACC	C	T	Tyr	Tyr	SILENT- CODING	kinase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P49615 CELL DIVISION PROTEIN KINASE 5 (EC 2.7.1.-) (TAU PROTEIN KINASE II CATALYTIC SUBUNIT) (TPKII CATALYTIC SUBUNIT) (KINASE PSSALRE) (CRK6) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 292 aa.	3.60E-159	19

369	cg43982923	697	CCTAAACCGG GAGACTCATGA GATC/TGTGGC TCTGAAACGGG TGAGGCTGG	C	T	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	kinase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P49615 CELL DIVISION PROTEIN KINASE 5 (EC 2.7.1.-) (TAU PROTEIN KINASE II CATALYTIC SUBUNIT) (TPKII CATALYTIC SUBUNIT) (KINASE PSSALRE) (CRK6) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 292 aa.	3.60E-159	19
370	cg43919086	576	CGCTCAGGAGG ATATAGGTGATG AC/A/GCCGATG CTCCACATGTCC GCCTCCA	A	G	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	kinase	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:D1025880 ZIP-KINASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 454 aa.	6.80E-158	19
371	cg25143358	407	GGCGGCTTCA AGTTTCGTGGTC ATG/A/CCGCCG GTTCCACACCC CGAACCCAG	G	A	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	kinase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P46546 GLUTAMATE 5-KINASE (EC 2.7.2.11) (GAMMA-GLUTAMYL KINASE) (GK) - CORYNEBACTERIUM GLUTAMICUM, 369 aa.	2.70E-51	
372	cg43105476	514	GGTCCGATGC CCCACATTGCT GGC/C/TGTGTG CTTCACCAGGA ACTCCACCA	C	T	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	kinasein hibitor	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P42773 CYCLIN-DEPENDENT KINASE 6 INHIBITOR (P18-INK6) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 168 aa.	7.80E-86	
373	cg43105476	541	TGTGCTTCACCA GGAACCTCCACC AC/C/A/CGGAGG TGGCCTTCTTTG GCAGCCA	C	A	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	kinasein hibitor	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P42773 CYCLIN-DEPENDENT KINASE 6 INHIBITOR (P18-INK6) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 168 aa.	7.80E-86	
374	cg43105476	595	GCAAGGCGCAGG TTCCCTTCATTA TC/C/TTCGATGT TAAACATCAGCTT GAAACT	C	T	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	kinasein hibitor	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P42773 CYCLIN-DEPENDENT KINASE 6 INHIBITOR (P18-INK6) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 168 aa.	7.80E-86	

375	cg43105476	616	TATCCTCGATGT TAACATCAGCTT GTA/GAACTCCA GCAAAGTCTGTA AAGTGT	A	G	Phe	Phe	SILENT- CODING	kinasere hibitor	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P42773 CYCLIN-DEPENDENT KINASE 6 INHIBITOR (P18-INK6) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 168 aa.	7.80E-86	
376	cg43939695	410	CAGGGAACAGC AATGGGAACGC CAGT/CJATCAA CATCACGGACA TCTCAAGGA	T	C	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	kinasere ceptor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16288 NT-3 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.112) (TRKC TYROSINE KINASE) (GP145-TRKC) (TRK-C) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 839 aa.	0.00E+00	15 (15q25)
377	cg43939695	419	GCAATGGGAAC GCCAGTATCAA CATC/TJACGGA CATCTCAAGGAA TATCACTT	C	T	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	kinasere ceptor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16288 NT-3 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.112) (TRKC TYROSINE KINASE) (GP145-TRKC) (TRK-C) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 839 aa.	0.00E+00	15 (15q25)
378	cg43939695	467	CTTCCATACACA TAGAGAACTGG CGC/AJAGTCTT CACACGCTCAA CGCCGTGG	C	A	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	kinasere ceptor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16288 NT-3 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.112) (TRKC TYROSINE KINASE) (GP145-TRKC) (TRK-C) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 839 aa.	0.00E+00	15 (15q25)
379	cg43939695	473	TACACATAGAGA ACTGGCGCAGT CTT/GJCACACG CTCAACGCCGT GGACATGG	T	G	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	kinasere ceptor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16288 NT-3 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.112) (TRKC TYROSINE KINASE) (GP145-TRKC) (TRK-C) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 839 aa.	0.00E+00	15 (15q25)
380	cg43939695	479	TAGAGAACTGG CGCAGTCTTCA CAC[G/A]CTCAA CGCCGTGGACA TGGAGCTCT	G	A	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	kinasere ceptor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16288 NT-3 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.112) (TRKC TYROSINE KINASE) (GP145-TRKC) (TRK-C) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 839 aa.	0.00E+00	15 (15q25)

387	cg43975720	2398	CTCTGCGGGAC CTGCTGTGGG CAA[C/T]GCCAT CTTCTCAAGGA GGCCAATG	C	T	Asn	Asn	SILENT- CODING	kinesin	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q12756 KINESIN-LIKE PROTEIN KIF1A (AXONAL TRANSPORTER OF SYNAPTIC VESICLES) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1690 aa.	0.00E+00	2
388	cg43311943	44	TCGGGCCCGAT GACCCCAATGT GGC[G/C]AAGAC CAAGAACAACCT GGCTTCCT	G	C	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	kinesin	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q05090 KINESIN LIGHT CHAIN (KLC) - STRONGYLOCENTROTUS PURPURATUS (PURPLE SEA URCHIN), 686 aa.	8.80E-51	
389	cg43311943	80	ACAACCTGGCTT CCTGCTACCTG AA[A/G]CAGGGC AAGTACCAGGA TGCAGAGA	A	G	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	kinesin	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q05090 KINESIN LIGHT CHAIN (KLC) - STRONGYLOCENTROTUS PURPURATUS (PURPLE SEA URCHIN), 686 aa.	8.80E-51	
390	cg43983535	4764	TCTCTGGGGCC CGCTGAGGTGA CAG[C/T]AAGTG CTTTAGCTCCTG AGTCATAT	C	T	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	laminin	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P20403 LAMININ ALPHA-2 CHAIN PRECURSOR (LAMININ M CHAIN) (MEROSIN HEAVY CHAIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 3110 aa.	0.00E+00	6 (6q22)
391	cg42488873	304	ATCCTTTGAAAA TCATCATATTGT T[C/T]GAGTTTTC ATTACTTCCATA CAAAG	C	T	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	lipase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P54317 PANCREATIC LIPASE RELATED PROTEIN 2 PRECURSOR (EC 3.1.1.3) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 469 aa.	9.80E-261	
392	cg43935885	3848	GGAAGCCCCAG CTGCAGGAGCT GCT[A/G]AAGCT GCCCGCCTCA TGCGGGTAA	A	G	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	MHC	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:P79457 MALE-SPECIFIC HISTOCOMPATIBILITY ANTIGEN H- YDB - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1186 aa.	7.20E-173	
393	cg44019843	955	ATGTGGAGTAC ACCTTCACAGG GAT[C/T]TACAC CTTTGAGTCCT CATCAAGA	C	T	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	misc_ch annel	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q15478 SODIUM CHANNEL ALPHA SUBUNIT - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1836 aa.	0.00E+00	17 (17q23.1)

394	cg44929972	1266	ATGTCCTGAGG GCAGTGGAGGA ACG[A]GATTT TCCAACAGAAAC CATTAAAT	G	A	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	ngf	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:E1216872 NERVE GROWTH FACTOR-INDUCIBLE PC4 HOMOLOGUE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 453 aa.	4.70E-214	7
395	cg44926604	1283	AGTCGATGTCC AGCTTGCGGGC CACG[A]CGGTG TAGATTGGGCA GGTTCAGCT	G	A	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	nuclease	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q01831 DNA-REPAIR PROTEIN COMPLEMENTING XP-C CELLS (XERODERMA PIGMENTOSUM GROUP C COMPLEMENTING PROTEIN) (P125) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 939 aa.	0.00E+00	3
396	cg38642684	282	GCCAGTTAATAT TGCCTAGTAATT T[C/T]TGATAATC ATTTAAGGTATG TAAGT	C	T	Gln	Gln	SILENT- CODING	nuclease	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN [CONTAINS: REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE] - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa.[pcis:SWISSPROT-ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN (REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa.	2.60E-50	
397	cg38642684	387	AAGGATACTTCC AAGGAGAGGAC ATT[C/T]GTACTT TTTCAGGTGCAA TGATTA	T	C	Gln	Gln	SILENT- CODING	nuclease	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN [CONTAINS: REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE] - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa.[pcis:SWISSPROT-ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN (REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa.	2.60E-50	

398	cg38642684	405	AGGACATTTGTA CTTTTCAGGTG C/A/TJATGATTAA ACCACTTAACTG TGCAT	A	T	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	nuclease	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN [CONTAINS: REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE] - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa. pcis:SWISSPROT-ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN (REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa.	2.60E-50	
399	cg38642684	456	TCCTTATGACAG AGGTATATAAAC TT/CJAAAAGCA CTGGCTCCACT GGGGCTG	T	C	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	nuclease	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN [CONTAINS: REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE] - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa. pcis:SWISSPROT-ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN (REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa.	2.60E-50	
400	cg43919677	2577	TTGAAGTAGCTC CTGAAGCTTCTA C/G/AJTCTAGTG CCAGCCAAGTG ATTGCTC	G	A	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	oncogene	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q00918 LATENT TRANSFORMING GROWTH FACTOR BETA BINDING PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR (TRANSFORMING GROWTH FACTOR BETA-1 BINDING PROTEIN 1) (TGF-BETA1- BP- 1) (TRANSFORMING GROWTH FACTOR BETA-1 MASKING PROTEIN, LARGE SUBUNIT) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 1712 aa.	0.00E+00	2 (2p12)

401	cg44005163	1384	CCTGTGGGCTG ATTACATTAACT GAT/CJGCACAA AGATTATGTAAT GCTTTAT	T	C	Asp	SILENT- CODING	oncogen e	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P12756 SKI-RELATED ONCOGENE SNOA - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 415 aa.	5.30E-229	
402	cg44005163	1423	GTAATGCTTTAT TGCGGCCACGA AC/T/GJTTCCTC AAATGGTAGC GTACTTC	T	G	Thr	SILENT- CODING	oncogen e	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P12756 SKI-RELATED ONCOGENE SNOA - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 415 aa.	5.30E-229	
403	cg25334466	546	TCAAGGACCCAG TTCACCTACCCCTC CC/T/CJGAGGTG AAGGACTGATG CTTTGCCA	T	C	Pro	SILENT- CODING	oxidase	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P25689 URICASE (EC 1.7.3.3) (URATE OXIDASE) - PAPIO HAMADRYAS (HAMADRYAS BABOON), 303 aa.	1.30E-149	
404	cg42535091	750	AACTGAAATACG ACGTTGGTGGA GG/A/GJGAACGG TTTGATTCTTTG ACAGATC	A	G	Gly	SILENT- CODING	phosphat ase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q06124 PROTEIN-TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE 2C (EC 3.1.3.48) (PTP-2C) (PTP-1D) (SH-PTP3) (SH- PTP2) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 593 aa.	0.00E+00	12
405	cg43302847	1227	GGTGGTGGTGG CCATCCAGATC CTG/C/AJGGAAG AACCCCAAAGG CTTCTCTT	C	A	Arg	SILENT- CODING	phosphat ase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P05186 ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, TISSUE- NONSPECIFIC ISOZYME PRECURSOR (EC 3.1.3.1) (AP- TNAP) (LIVER/BONE/KIDNEY ISOZYME) (TNSALP) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 524 aa.	3.20E-286	1 (1p36.1)
406	cg39728924	433	GGCAAAATGGTG TTGGAAAATAAT TC/G/AJAATGTTA TTGCCATGATAA CCAGAG	G	A	Ser	SILENT- CODING	phosphat ase	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:D1024666 PROTEIN-TYROSINE- PHOSPHATASE (EC 3.1.3.48) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 426 aa.	1.20E-64	

407	cg42881873	1564	ACCTGAAAGCG AGCGACTGGAA AGT[A/G]AACGG CGCGGGTCATA AAGTTAGCC	A	G	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	protease	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:P29122 SUBTILISIN-LIKE PROTEASE PACE4 PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.-) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 969 aa. pcls:SWISSPROT-ID:P29122 SUBTILISIN-LIKE PROTEASE PACE4 PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.-) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 969 aa.	0.00E+00	15 (15q26)
408	cg42913398	589	CTGTTCCGTGG ATGAGAAGATA GTC[T/C]ACATTT CTGAAATATTCT GCTCTTG	T	C	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	protease	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:O00199 INTEGRAL MEMBRANE SERINE PROTEASE SEPRASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 760 aa.	0.00E+00	2
409	cg44028327	793	TTCGAATTACCT ACTCAATTGTGC A[A/G]ACGAATT GTTCCAAAGAG AATTTTC	A	G	Gln	Gln	SILENT- CODING	protease nhib	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P01042 KININOGEN, HMW PRECURSOR (ALPHA-2-THIOL PROTEINASE INHIBITOR) (CONTAINS: BRADYKININ) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 644 aa.	0.00E+00	3 (3q27)
410	cg43979831	899	CCTCAAGGACC ACTCCCAAGA CTT[C/T]TATGTT GATGAGAACAC AACAGTCC	C	T	Phe	Phe	SILENT- CODING	protease nhib	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P29622 KALLISTATIN PRECURSOR (KALLIKREIN INHIBITOR) (PROTEASE INHIBITOR 4) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 427 aa.	1.10E-228	14
411	cg43987538	905	ATCATCATAAGA GAAGAATCATTT TTT[A/J]CCAGTAG CCCCACTACCAT GAATGA	T	A	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	reductase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q08257 QUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE (EC 1.6.5.5) (NADPH:QUINONE REDUCTASE) (ZETA- CRYSTALLIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 329 aa.	1.10E-171	1 (1p31)
412	cg42717608	142	CCACAAAGGTC TATGTCCAGCAC CT[G/T]CTGAAG AGAGACAAAGA ACACCTGT	G	T	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	reductase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P37040 NADPH-CYTOCHROME P450 REDUCTASE (EC 1.6.2.4) (CPR) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 677 aa. pcls:SWISSPROT-ID:P37040 NADPH-CYTOCHROME P450 REDUCTASE (EC 1.6.2.4) (CPR) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 677 aa.	1.80E-51	

413	cg43927378	4726	ATCTGATGGAG AACTACCAGATC GTT/CJGTCAGC AACCTGGCCAC TGAGCGTG	T	C	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	struct	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q13459 MYOSIN-IXB - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 2022 aa.	0	2
414	cg43945592	1503	GGGCTCGGGCA GGGTACACAAA CTC/T/CJGTGGC TGCAAAATCCCC AGAGGAGC	T	C	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	struct	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:G2961252 SUPERVILLIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1788 aa.	0	10
415	cg43957486	1475	CTGGGGCTCCC CGCTGCCAGTG CCC/A/GJGCCGG CGCCGCCCTGC AGGCAGACG	A	G	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	struct	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P07204 THROMBOMODULIN PRECURSOR (FETOMODULIN) (TM) (CD141 ANTIGEN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 575 aa.	0.00E+00	20 (20p11.2)
416	cg44932934	815	TGCTCGAGGAT GTCAACCGCAT GTC/G/AJCCCTGG GGCGCTGGCCA TTATCTTCG	G	A	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	struct	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q63358 MYOSIN HEAVY CHAIN - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 1980 aa.	2.10E-179	
417	cg43100187	320	AACGCCTAGAG GGGAGCTGGT GGC/C/AJCATGA GCCTGCCATCC AGAATGTGC	C	A	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	struct	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P02549 SPECTRIN ALPHA CHAIN, ERYTHROCYTE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 2418 aa.	1.80E-169	
418	cg42930605	333	GGTCCATGCAC ACCTTGTCCTTC GA/G/AJCCCAGC AGGGCCTTGAG CATGGCAT	G	A	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	struct	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P48788 TROPONIN I, FAST SKELETAL MUSCLE (TROPONIN I, FAST-TWITCH ISOFORM) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 181 aa.	1E-92	11 (11p15.5)
419	cg42930605	411	GGGGCCGCTTG AACTTGCCCCCG CAG/A/GJTCAAA TAGCTTCTGGTT CATGTCCT	A	G	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	struct	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P48788 TROPONIN I, FAST SKELETAL MUSCLE (TROPONIN I, FAST-TWITCH ISOFORM) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 181 aa.	1E-92	11 (11p15.5)

427	cg42930605	615	TCTGCTTCTCTG CCTCACGGCGG CTC/TTCCTCCT TCTCCAGCTCC GTGGCCG	C	T	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	struct	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P48788 TROPONIN I, FAST SKELETAL MUSCLE (TROPONIN I, FAST-TWITCH ISOFORM) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 181 aa.	1E-92	11 (11p15.5)
428	cg42930605	621	TCTCTGCCTCAC GGCGGCTCTCC TC/C/TTCCTCCA GCTCCGTGGCC GCTATCT	C	T	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	struct	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P48788 TROPONIN I, FAST SKELETAL MUSCLE (TROPONIN I, FAST-TWITCH ISOFORM) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 181 aa.	1E-92	11 (11p15.5)
429	cg42893961	51	AATGGCCAGCA GGAAGGCGGG ACC/C/AJGGGC AAGGTGGCAGC CACCAAGCA	C	A	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	struct	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:Q01449 MYOSIN REGULATORY LIGHT CHAIN, CARDIAC MUSCLE ISOFORM - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 175 aa.	2.5E-89	
430	cg42475816	282	AATCAAGACAAA CCCCAATTGAAA A/G/AJAAAGATTG AAGCCCCACTTTG ATGCCA	G	A	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	struct	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:Q10466 TITIN, HEART ISOFORM N2-B (EC 2.7.1.-) (CONNECTIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 26926 aa.	7.3E-85	2 (2q24.3)
431	cg42522566	337	TGAAGAACGTAA AGGACCGGGAG GA/T/CJGTGAAG AATGAGGTCAA CATCATGA	T	C	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	struct	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P07313 MYOSIN LIGHT CHAIN KINASE, SKELETAL MUSCLE (EC 2.7.1.117) (MLCK) - ORYCTOLAGUS CUNICULUS (RABBIT), 607 aa.	6E-55	

432	cg43297806	953	GTAGATGGGTA GAATAGTAGCC AGG[G/A]ACAAG ACAGCGGTTCT GCAGGGGAGC	G	A	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	sulfotran sferase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P52849 HEPARIN SULFATE N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE (EC 2.8.2.-) (N- HSST) (N-HEPARIN SULFATE SULFOTRANSFERASE) (GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883 aa. pcis:TREMBLNEW-ID:G2792518 HEPARAN GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE-2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883 aa	0.00E+00	10
433	cg43297806	962	TAGAATAGTAGC CAGGGACAAGA CA[G/A]CGGTTT TGCAGGGAGCG TAGTGCCA	G	A	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	sulfotran sferase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P52849 HEPARIN SULFATE N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE (EC 2.8.2.-) (N- HSST) (N-HEPARIN SULFATE SULFOTRANSFERASE) (GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883 aa. pcis:TREMBLNEW-ID:G2792518 HEPARAN GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE-2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883 aa	0.00E+00	10

434	cg43297806	973	CCAGGGACAAG ACAGCGGTTCT GCA[G/A]GGAGC GTAGTGCCAGA GGGGTCTGG	G	A	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	sulfotran sferase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P52849 HEPARIN SULFATE N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE (EC 2.8.2.-) (N- HSST) (N-HEPARIN SULFATE SULFOTRANSFERASE) (GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883 aa.lpcsls:TREMBLNEW-ID:G2792518 HEPARAN GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE-2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883.aa	0.00E+00	10
435	cg43297806	1004	GTAGTGCCAGA GGGGTCTGGGA GGA[G/A]GCTGA AATCACCTGATA GAAGGTAT	G	A	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	sulfotran sferase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P52849 HEPARIN SULFATE N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE (EC 2.8.2.-) (N- HSST) (N-HEPARIN SULFATE SULFOTRANSFERASE) (GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883 aa.lpcsls:TREMBLNEW-ID:G2792518 HEPARAN GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE-2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883.aa	0.00E+00	10

436	cg43297806	1016	GGGTCTGGGAG GAGGCTGAAAT CAC[C/T]TGATA GAAGGTATAGTT CAGAGCAA	C	T	Gln	Gln	SILENT- CODING	sulfotran sferase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P52849 HEPARIN SULFATE N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE (EC 2.8.2.-) (N- HSST) (N-HEPARIN SULFATE SULFOTRANSFERASE) (GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883 aa. pcls:TREMBLNEW-ID:G2792518 HEPARAN GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE-2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883.aa	0.00E+00	10
437	cg43297806	1019	TCTGGGAGGAG GCTGAAATCAC CTG[A/G]TAGAA GGTATAGTTCAG AGCAACTG	A	G	Tyr	Tyr	SILENT- CODING	sulfotran sferase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P52849 HEPARIN SULFATE N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE (EC 2.8.2.-) (N- HSST) (N-HEPARIN SULFATE SULFOTRANSFERASE) (GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883 aa. pcls:TREMBLNEW-ID:G2792518 HEPARAN GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE-2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883.aa	0.00E+00	10

438	cg43297806	1028	AGGCTGAAATC ACCTGATAGAA GGT[A/G]TAGTT CAGAGCAACTG GGTCTCCAT	A	G	Tyr	Tyr	SILENT- CODING	sulfotran sferase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P52849 HEPARIN SULFATE N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE (EC 2.8.2.-) (N- HSST) (N-HEPARIN SULFATE SULFOTRANSFERASE) (GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883 aa.lpcds:TREMBLNEW-ID:G2792518 HEPARAN GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE-2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883.aa	0.00E+00	10
439	cg43297806	1043	GATAGAAGGTAT AGTTCAGAGCA ACT[A/GGGTCT CCATGGGCTCG CTGATGCT	T	A	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	sulfotran sferase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P52849 HEPARIN SULFATE N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE (EC 2.8.2.-) (N- HSST) (N-HEPARIN SULFATE SULFOTRANSFERASE) (GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883 aa.lpcds:TREMBLNEW-ID:G2792518 HEPARAN GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE-2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883.aa	0.00E+00	10

444	cg39515668	655	GGCGGAGCCCA ACAAGGGCCAG CAG[G/C]GCCCC AGCAAGACCCT CACCAGAGT	G	C	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	synthase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P54876 PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLYCI NAMIDINE SYNTHASE II (EC 6.3.5.3) (FGAM SYNTHASE II) - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 754 aa.	2.80E-72	
445	cg21428405	177	TGACCTCGCCA ATGACAGTGGC AGC[G/A]ACACC CCAATGGGCGC AGATCTCCA	G	A	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	synthase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P54876 PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLYCI NAMIDINE SYNTHASE II (EC 6.3.5.3) (FGAM SYNTHASE II) - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 754 aa.	2.20E-56	
446	cg21428405	273	CCTGGGACTCG CTCATGAGGAT CTC[T/C]TCAGG GGCGAGGTTCCG GGTCGCGCA	T	C	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	synthase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P54876 PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLYCI NAMIDINE SYNTHASE II (EC 6.3.5.3) (FGAM SYNTHASE II) - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 754 aa.	2.20E-56	
447	cg21428405	327	GAACGCGGTCCG AGCTCGACGTG CAT[G/A]CCACC GTCGCCAGCAC TGGCCAGCT	G	A	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	synthase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P54876 PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLYCI NAMIDINE SYNTHASE II (EC 6.3.5.3) (FGAM SYNTHASE II) - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 754 aa.	2.20E-56	
448	cg38924050	301	TCTCGTTGATGA GGTCGTTACCC TC[A/G]CGGGTA CGTTCACCGAC ACCGCGGA	A	G	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	synthase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P50004 ATP SYNTHASE BETA CHAIN (EC 3.6.1.34) - STREPTOMYCES LIVIDANS, 477 aa.	2.60E-53	
449	cg38924050	310	TGAGGTCGTTA CCCTCACGGGT ACG[T/C]TCACC GACACCGGCGA AAACCGAAG	T	C	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	synthase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P50004 ATP SYNTHASE BETA CHAIN (EC 3.6.1.34) - STREPTOMYCES LIVIDANS, 477 aa.	2.60E-53	

450	cg38924050	352	AAACCGAAGTA CCGCCGAAGTT GTG[G/C]GCGAT ACGGTAAATCAT CTCCTGAA	G	C	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	synthase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P50004 ATP SYNTHASE BETA CHAIN (EC 3.6.1.34) - STREPTOMYCES LIVIDANS, 477 aa.	2.60E-53	
451	cg43925970	1703	GAGCACATAAG GTGAAGGTGGT GAC[T/A]CCCAG AGAAAGCGACCT CTATATAGG	T	A	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	tm7	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:O00348 PUTATIVE ENDOTHELIN RECEPTOR TYPE B-LIKE PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 613 aa.	0.00E+00	9
452	cg41616031	1736	AAGGGATGTCC CCAAACTTCCAG TC[T/C]GAACGC CGCACATAGTA GTCCATCA	T	C	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	tm7	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P49019 PROBABLE G PROTEIN- COUPLED RECEPTOR HM74 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 387 aa.	2.90E-214	12
453	cg41616031	1744	TCCCCAAACTTC CAGTCTGAACG CC[G/T]CACATA GTAGTCCATCAC GAACGGC	G	T	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	tm7	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P49019 PROBABLE G PROTEIN- COUPLED RECEPTOR HM74 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 387 aa.	2.90E-214	12
454	cg41616031	1796	GGCAGATGATC AGTAGAAAGTCA GC[T/C]ACTGCC AGGTTGAACAG GAAAAATCC	T	C	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	tm7	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P49019 PROBABLE G PROTEIN- COUPLED RECEPTOR HM74 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 387 aa.	2.90E-214	12

458	cg42489842	432	TTTGTGAGCAAAG TTGATCAGTCTC TTT/C]CATACCAA CACATCGCTGG ATGCTG	T	C	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	tm7	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:Q02038 NEUROLYSIN PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.24.16) (NEUROTENSIN ENDOPEPTIDASE) (MITOCHONDRIAL OLIGOPEPTIDASE M) (MICROSOMAL ENDOPEPTIDASE) (MEP) (SOLUBLE ANGIOTENSIN- BINDING PROTEIN) (SABP) - SUS SCROFA (PIG), 704 aa.	7.30E-106	
459	cg42489842	456	TTCATACCAACA CATCGCTGGAT GCTT/C]GCAAAGT GAATATGCCAAA TACTGCT	T	C	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	tm7	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:Q02038 NEUROLYSIN PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.24.16) (NEUROTENSIN ENDOPEPTIDASE) (MITOCHONDRIAL OLIGOPEPTIDASE M) (MICROSOMAL ENDOPEPTIDASE) (MEP) (SOLUBLE ANGIOTENSIN- BINDING PROTEIN) (SABP) - SUS SCROFA (PIG), 704 aa.	7.30E-106	
460	cg42489842	471	CGCTGGATGCT GCAAGTGAATAT GC/C]TAAATACT GCTCAGAAATAT TAGGAG	C	T	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	tm7	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:Q02038 NEUROLYSIN PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.24.16) (NEUROTENSIN ENDOPEPTIDASE) (MITOCHONDRIAL OLIGOPEPTIDASE M) (MICROSOMAL ENDOPEPTIDASE) (MEP) (SOLUBLE ANGIOTENSIN- BINDING PROTEIN) (SABP) - SUS SCROFA (PIG), 704 aa.	7.30E-106	
461	cg42927358	947	TTTGTCTTTGC CAACATCATCC T[G/A]ACAAATG GTCAGCCAACA GAGGACA	G	A	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	tm7	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q15391 PROBABLE G PROTEIN- COUPLED RECEPTOR KIAA0001 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 338 aa.	1.40E-71	

462	cg42927358	544	ATGAATTGACA CAATTGCTTGC C[G/A]GTGCTTT ATCTCATTATAT TTGTGG	G	A	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	tm7	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q15391 PROBABLE G PROTEIN- COUPLED RECEPTOR KIAA0001 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 338 aa.	1.40E-71	
463	cg32423505	1056	CCCTCCTCCTG GCTGAGAAAA GTTG/TCCCTT GTGCAAAAACA CTAGGTACC	G	T	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	tm7	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:Q89609 G PROTEIN-COUPLED RECEPTOR - EQUINE HERPESVIRUS TYPE 2 (EHV-2), 383 aa.	1.20E-55	3 (3q21)
464	cg43968711	2389	TATGATTGGATG TGGAAGAACTAT C/T/CJGTTGCATT CACATTTAAACG ATTGG	T	C	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	transcript factor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P32780 BASIC TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR 62 KD SUBUNIT (P62) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 548 aa.	2.30E-292	11
465	cg43297259	800	CTCCTGTGTGT GTCCTTAAGTGT CT[G/A]ATGAGG TGTGACTTCTGG CTAAAGC	G	A	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	transcript factor	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:Q61751 RENAL TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR KID-1 (TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR 17) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 572 aa pcds:SWISSPROT- ID:Q61751 RENAL TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR KID-1 (TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR 17) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 572 aa.	7.80E-54	
466	cg20612302	301	TGGAGGCGGCC CACATGCGCGC CAC[C/G]GCCAT CCTCAACCTGTC CACGCGCT	C	G	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	transcript factor	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:O08996 MYELIN TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR 1-LIKE - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1182 aa.	1.70E-53	
467	cg43949162	856	GGCCCATGTTA ACCACTTCCTTT TG[C/T]TGATCAT CTGGTTTAAAGA AAGGAT	C	T	Gln	Gln	SILENT- CODING	transferase	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ID:G2738933 GLUTATHIONE TRANSFERASE (EC 2.5.1.18) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 222 aa.	1.30E-115	6

468	cg43928442	449	CATCCACATGG GCCACGGTGAT GGG[C/A]AGCCC AAAGGCTCCGT ATCTGCAGG	C	A	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	transferase	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL-ID:O09034 GLUTATHIONE S-TRANSFERASE SUBUNIT 13 - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 226 aa.	2.60E-87	7
469	cg43976701	1859	GACAGCTCATTC GACTGTGTCAG AA[A/G]TTTGA GAATATCATAAA GATGACC	A	G	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	transport	Human Gene SWISSPROT-ID:Q15436 PROTEIN TRANSPORT PROTEIN SEC23 HOMOLOG ISOFORM A - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 765 aa.	0.00E+00	
470	cg44005525	975	CTTGACTGTTAA TATTACAATGAT A[G/A]ATTCCTGT CCGAAATGTAAC CTTTG	G	A	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	ubiquitin	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51965 UBIQUITIN-CONJUGATING ENZYME E2-21 KD UBCH6 (EC 6.3.2.19) (UBIQUITIN-PROTEIN LIGASE) (UBIQUITIN CARRIER PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 193 aa.	3.30E-101	
471	cg44005525	1041	ATTCTGGTGTA AAGTGATATCGA G[A/G]AAGAATA CACCAACCTCAT ACACGG	A	G	Phe	Phe	SILENT- CODING	ubiquitin	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51965 UBIQUITIN-CONJUGATING ENZYME E2-21 KD UBCH6 (EC 6.3.2.19) (UBIQUITIN-PROTEIN LIGASE) (UBIQUITIN CARRIER PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 193 aa.	3.30E-101	
472	cg44005525	1047	GTGTAAAAGTGA TATCGAGAAAGA AT[G/A]ACACAC CCTCATACACG GATCCTG	T	G	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	ubiquitin	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51965 UBIQUITIN-CONJUGATING ENZYME E2-21 KD UBCH6 (EC 6.3.2.19) (UBIQUITIN-PROTEIN LIGASE) (UBIQUITIN CARRIER PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 193 aa.	3.30E-101	
473	cg44005525	1065	GAAAGAATACAC CACCCCTCATACA C[G/A]GATCCTG GAGGCCCTAGA ATGGTTG	G	A	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	ubiquitin	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51965 UBIQUITIN-CONJUGATING ENZYME E2-21 KD UBCH6 (EC 6.3.2.19) (UBIQUITIN-PROTEIN LIGASE) (UBIQUITIN CARRIER PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 193 aa.	3.30E-101	

474	cg44005525	1080	CCTCATACACG GATCTGGAGG CCCT/CJAGAAT GGTTGATCTCCA TTCATAGA	T	C	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	ubiquitin	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51965 UBIQUITIN- CONJUGATING ENZYME E2-21 KD UBCH6 (EC 6.3.2.19) (UBIQUITIN- PROTEIN LIGASE) (UBIQUITIN CARRIER PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 193 aa.	3.30E-101	
475	cg44005525	1098	GAGGCCCTAGA ATGGTTGATCTC CA/T/CJTCATAGA TGTTATCGCCTT TGGGAC	T	C	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	ubiquitin	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51965 UBIQUITIN- CONJUGATING ENZYME E2-21 KD UBCH6 (EC 6.3.2.19) (UBIQUITIN- PROTEIN LIGASE) (UBIQUITIN CARRIER PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 193 aa.	3.30E-101	
476	cg44005525	1110	TGGTTGATCTCC ATTACATAGATGT T/A/GJTCGCCTTT GGGACCAGCAC TGCAAT	A	G	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	ubiquitin	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51965 UBIQUITIN- CONJUGATING ENZYME E2-21 KD UBCH6 (EC 6.3.2.19) (UBIQUITIN- PROTEIN LIGASE) (UBIQUITIN CARRIER PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 193 aa.	3.30E-101	
477	cg44005525	1134	TATCGCCCTTTGG GACCAGCACTG CA/A/GJTtagGT GGAGGGTCTAA AGTGAIGT	A	G	Asn	Asn	SILENT- CODING	ubiquitin	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51965 UBIQUITIN- CONJUGATING ENZYME E2-21 KD UBCH6 (EC 6.3.2.19) (UBIQUITIN- PROTEIN LIGASE) (UBIQUITIN CARRIER PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 193 aa.	3.30E-101	
478	cg44005525	828	TGTTGGTCATAT ACTGAGTGGCA AT/A/GJCTTCCC ACCAAAGGGTC GGCAGGAT	A	G	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	ubiquitin	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P51965 UBIQUITIN- CONJUGATING ENZYME E2-21 KD UBCH6 (EC 6.3.2.19) (UBIQUITIN- PROTEIN LIGASE) (UBIQUITIN CARRIER PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 193 aa.	3.30E-101	

479	cg17663981	225	CCGAGAACCCG GGCACAGCGAG AGC[C/G]TGGTG CCAAAGTGGCCC AAAAAGTTCA	C	G	Ala	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:Q05329 GLUTAMATE DECARBOXYLASE, 65 KD ISOFORM (EC 4.1.1.15) (GAD-65) (65 KD GLUTAMIC ACID DECARBOXYLASE) - Homo sapiens (Human), 585 aa.	0.00E+00	10 (10p11.2 3)
480	cg17663981	234	CGGGCACAGCG AGAGCCTGGTG CCA[A/G]GTGGC CCAAAAGTTAC GGCGGGCA	A	G	Gln	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:Q05329 GLUTAMATE DECARBOXYLASE, 65 KD ISOFORM (EC 4.1.1.15) (GAD-65) (65 KD GLUTAMIC ACID DECARBOXYLASE) - Homo sapiens (Human), 585 aa.	0.00E+00	10 (10p11.2 3)
481	cg42907760	1501	AACCTGAAGGC CAAAAGTTTGAC TC[G/A]GACTCG GAGAGCACAGT CAGCCCCC	G	A	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q15464 SHB MRNA - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 596 aa.	0.00E+00	9 (9p12)
482	cg43301812	3795	CTCCATGGCTG GGATGCTCTGC TGC[G/A]CTTGG TTTTGCCCGAGT GGCAGCCT	G	A	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:Q93075 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN KIAA0218 - Homo sapiens (Human), 761 aa.	0.00E+00	3
483	cg43917756	1098	AGACACTGACC ACTGGGGGAGG TGC[A/G]GAGAC TGTGCTGGATG TGGTGGAAA	A	G	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:Q14157 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN KIAA0144 - Homo sapiens (Human), 983 aa.	0.00E+00	1
484	cg43918356	2645	CATCTTCATCTA GAAACGCCCTC AC[G/T]GAAATG GAATTGCTGCC AGACGTGG	G	T	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75176 KIAA0692 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 783 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	12

491	cg43999667	3688	GTACAGCCTGG TAATGGAGAATC AA[A/G]TTTGTCT GTATCGTAAAG GCAGCAA	A	G	Asn	Asn	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O60281 KIAA0530 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1563 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	6
492	cg44009187	6789	TCAACTTGCTCC AGTAGGCCGCC GG[C/T]TCTGCA GGCAGCTCGGG CTGGAAGA	C	T	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P42858 HUNTINGTIN (HUNTINGTON'S DISEASE PROTEIN) (HD PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 3144 aa.	0.00E+00	
493	cg44020180	3172	ATGGGTAGACT CGAGTTTGGTAA AT[G/A]TCCAAA CCATAGGCCAC AACCAAAC	G	A	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14700 MRNA (KIAA0090) FOR ORF (RELATED TO YEAST GENE IN CHROMOSOME III) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 905 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
494	cg44020180	3177	TAGACTCGAGTT TGGTAAATGTCC A[A/G]ACCATAG GCCACAACCAA ACAAAGTG	A	G	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14700 MRNA (KIAA0090) FOR ORF (RELATED TO YEAST GENE IN CHROMOSOME III) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 905 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
495	cg44020180	3199	CCAAACCATAG GCCACAACCAA ACA[A/T]GTGGA CTCCAGACCCG AGGGAGCTG	A	T	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14700 MRNA (KIAA0090) FOR ORF (RELATED TO YEAST GENE IN CHROMOSOME III) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 905 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
496	cg44020180	3211	CCACAACCAA CAAGTGGAATC CAG[A/G]CCCCGA GGAGCTGTGT AGATACCTC	A	G	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14700 MRNA (KIAA0090) FOR ORF (RELATED TO YEAST GENE IN CHROMOSOME III) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 905 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1

497	cg44020180	3220	AACAAGTGGAC TCCAGACCCGA GGG[A/C]GCTGT GTAGATACCTC GCATTCCGAG	A	C	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14700 MRNA (KIAA0090) FOR ORF (RELATED TO YEAST GENE IN CHROMOSOME III) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 905 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
498	cg44020180	3226	TGGACTCCAGA CCCGAGGGAGC TGT[G/A]TAGATA CCTCGCATTCCG AGAAACTG	G	A	Tyr	Tyr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14700 MRNA (KIAA0090) FOR ORF (RELATED TO YEAST GENE IN CHROMOSOME III) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 905 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
499	cg44020180	3232	CCAGACCCGAG GGAGCTGTGTA GAT[G/C]CCTCG CATTGAGAAAC TGTCCTGGT	A	G	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14700 MRNA (KIAA0090) FOR ORF (RELATED TO YEAST GENE IN CHROMOSOME III) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 905 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
500	cg44020180	3247	CTGTGTAGATAC CTCGCATTCTGA GA[A/G]ACTGTC TGGTTATAGTTG ATGAATC	A	G	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14700 MRNA (KIAA0090) FOR ORF (RELATED TO YEAST GENE IN CHROMOSOME III) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 905 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
501	cg44020180	3289	TGATGAATCGCT CTGCGTGTATCT GT[G]ACATCTG GAGAATACGGG ATTAAAGT	T	G	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14700 MRNA (KIAA0090) FOR ORF (RELATED TO YEAST GENE IN CHROMOSOME III) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 905 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
502	cg44020180	3298	GCTCTGCGTGT ATCTGTACATCT GG[A/G]GAATAC GGGATTAAAGTTC TCCTCTC	A	G	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14700 MRNA (KIAA0090) FOR ORF (RELATED TO YEAST GENE IN CHROMOSOME III) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 905 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1

503	cg44020180	3312	TGTACATCTGGA GAATACGGGAT TAJA/GJGTTCTC CTCTCTGCTTTG TTCTGTT	A	G	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14700 MRNA (KIAA0090) FOR ORF (RELATED TO YEAST GENE IN CHROMOSOME III) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 905 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
504	cg44020180	3319	CTGGAGAATAC GGGATTAAGTTC TC[C]/TJCTCTGC TTTGTTCTGTTG GGATCT	C	T	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14700 MRNA (KIAA0090) FOR ORF (RELATED TO YEAST GENE IN CHROMOSOME III) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 905 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
505	cg44928323	2080	AGCAGGCAGAT AGAAGTTCCTGT CA[C]/TJTTCTCC TTTTTACGGGG TAGGAT	C	T	His	His	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:P97526 NEUROFIBROMIN - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 2820 aa.	0.00E+00	17 (17q11.2)
506	cg44932392	1281	TGCTTGGTTTT TGATAAAATTGT T[G]/AJAACTATT GTTGAGATCAG CGCTGA	G	A	Phe	Phe	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD23581 CULLIN 2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 745 aa.	0.00E+00	
507	cg43991434	1266	TCTTGAGCAGA CCCATGTGCAC GAG[G]/CJAGCCT GGTGAGGAAGG TGTTGGAGT	G	C	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:P46060 RAN-GTPASE ACTIVATING PROTEIN 1 - Homo sapiens (Human), 587 aa.	1.70E-304	22
508	cg43985955	1994	GCATGATAGGA TATGGAATTCCT CC[A]/TJCAAAATG GGAAGTGTTCC TGTAATGA	A	T	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13492 CALM (TYPE I CALM PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 652 aa.	2.70E-299	
509	cg43985955	2009	GAATTCCTCCAC AAATGGGAAGT GTT[A]/JCCTGTAA TGACGCAACCA ACCTTAA	T	A	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13492 CALM (TYPE I CALM PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 652 aa.	2.70E-299	

510	cg43985955	2021	AAATGGGAAGT GTTCCCTGTAATG AC[G/A]CAACCA ACCTTAATATAC AGCCAGC	G	A	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13492 CALM (TYPE I CALM PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 652 aa.	2.70E-299	
511	cg43985955	2060	TATACAGCCAG CCTGTCATGAG ACC[T/G]CCAAA CCCCTTTGGCC CTGTATCAG	T	G	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13492 CALM (TYPE I CALM PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 652 aa.	2.70E-299	
512	cg44031765	2070	ACCTCGCCGTA GTAGATGTAGC GCA[G/A]CATGG ACTCGAAGGCC TGCCTGCTG	G	A	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14776 LZTR-1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 552 aa.	4.60E-279	22
513	cg43252100	466	TGCAGCCCGA GGTTCCTTTTAC TC[C/A]ATGGTA CCAAATGCAACT ATTACAC	C	A	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAA83037 KIAA1085 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 584 aa (fragment).	4.90E-278	
514	cg43934178	2445	CGATGCCATGC TTCTCCATGAGC GT[G/A]ATGAGC TCGGCCTCCGT CAGGTAGT	G	A	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD29670 DNA TOPOISOMERASE III BETA - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 862 aa.	1.80E-274	
515	cg43031103	1696	ACATGGCCCTC CCCTTGGTTGA GGA[G/A]ACAGC AGGGGCTGGTG TGAGGTGCA	G	A	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O60240 PERILIPIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 522 aa.	6.30E-266	
516	cg43258841	340	TAAATCTTGTGT GGCCATCATCC AG[T/G]GTGTGG AACATTTACCCG TCATCTT	T	G	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q14449 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR-BOUND PROTEIN 14 (GRB14 ADAPTER PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 540 aa.	2.70E-258	

517	cg43258841	358	CATCCAGTGTGT GGAACATTTTCAC C[G/A]TCATCTTC TACTGGTATAAT TTGAA	G	A	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q14449 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR-BOUND PROTEIN 14 (GRB14 ADAPTER PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 540 aa.	2.70E-258	
518	cg43258841	370	GGAACATTTTCAC CGTCATCTTCTA C[T/G]GGTATAA TTTGAAAGTGCT TTATTT	T	G	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q14449 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR-BOUND PROTEIN 14 (GRB14 ADAPTER PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 540 aa.	2.70E-258	
519	cg43258841	388	CTTCTACTGGTA TAATTTGAAAGT G[C/T]TTTATTTT TTGTCCATGACT CATTG	C	T	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q14449 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR-BOUND PROTEIN 14 (GRB14 ADAPTER PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 540 aa.	2.70E-258	
520	cg43258841	394	CTGGTATAATTT GAAAGTGCTTTA TTTCTTTTGTCC ATGACTCATTGA CAGTA	T	C	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q14449 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR-BOUND PROTEIN 14 (GRB14 ADAPTER PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 540 aa.	2.70E-258	
521	cg43258841	403	TTTGAAAGTGCT TTATTTTGTGTC C[A/G]TGACTCA TTGACAGTACGA AAGTTT	A	G	His	His	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q14449 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR-BOUND PROTEIN 14 (GRB14 ADAPTER PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 540 aa.	2.70E-258	
522	cg43258841	421	TTTGTCCATGAC TCATTGACAGTA C[G/A]AAAGTTT GGGGTTACTCT GACTAT	G	A	Phe	Phe	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q14449 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR-BOUND PROTEIN 14 (GRB14 ADAPTER PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 540 aa.	2.70E-258	
523	cg43258841	484	AAACTCCATCCA CAAGTCCTTGCT G[A/G]ATAATCA ATCGCTGAGCC TCATCTC	A	G	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q14449 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR-BOUND PROTEIN 14 (GRB14 ADAPTER PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 540 aa.	2.70E-258	
524	cg43258841	493	CCACAAGTCCTT GCTGAATAATCA A[T/C]CGCTGAG CCTCATCTCTAG AAATTT	T	C	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q14449 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR-BOUND PROTEIN 14 (GRB14 ADAPTER PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 540 aa.	2.70E-258	

525	cg43971614	2529	TCACCTTCCTGT GGATTTCTTTCT GT/CJCCGTAGA CTGCATCTGCT GGCTTTC	T	C	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13283 GAP SH3 BINDING PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 466 aa.	5.30E-253	5
526	cg43971614	2574	GCTTTCCATTG AATCCAAATCCCC CJA/GJTGACAT AAGAAGAGTTCT TTCCAT	A	G	His	His	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13283 GAP SH3 BINDING PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 466 aa.	5.30E-253	5
527	cg43320405	916	TGTTCTTCAGGC A CTTACCATG GA/A/GJGGCAGG AGGGCCTTCAC CTTGGCGG	A	G	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:CAB4624 DKFZP434G153 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 466 aa.	8.20E-245	
528	cg43922856	1667	TTACTGGACCAT CTATACGAAAT GT/CJCTGAAG TTTCCACCCCTTT TCCTTG	T	C	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P42167 THYMOPOIETINS BETA AND GAMMA (TP BETA AND TP GAMMA) - Homo sapiens (Human), 453 aa.	2.00E-237	12 (12q22)
529	cg43922856	1718	GAGTCTCTCTG T ACCCTCTTGTAG AT/CJTCCTAGT TAATGCCTGCA GAGGTC	T	C	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P42167 THYMOPOIETINS BETA AND GAMMA (TP BETA AND TP GAMMA) - Homo sapiens (Human), 453 aa.	2.00E-237	12 (12q22)
530	cg43991007	102	CAAGAGAACAG CAAGTGACCA AAC/T/CJTAGCT GAAACAGAAAAA GAGACAGC	T	C	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75336 LIPRIN-BETA1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1005 aa.	1.80E-236	
531	cg43940463	1709	GGCTCACCAGC TCCAGCTGCGT GTG/T/CJTCATC CACCACCAGCG TGTAATTGA	T	C	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q99771 JIP-1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 467 aa.	3.10E-232	

532	cg42676981	1712	GGAAGTAGAGG TCAGGTGGGC TGT[G]AGGCT CTTCAGGTTCAA ACACCGGA	G	A	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P08910 PROTEIN PHPS1-2 - Homo sapiens (Human), 425 aa.	5.90E-231	15
533	cg43918561	843	GGAAGGAGGTC TACACCACGCT GAA[G]AGGCT CTACGCCACGC ACGCCTGCG	G	A	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P04177 TYROSINE 3- MONOOXYGENASE (EC 1.14.16.2) (TYROSINE 3-HYDROXYLASE) (TH) Rattus norvegicus (Rat), 498 aa.	2.10E-224	11 (11p15.5)
534	cg43999712	566	ACGTACCAAATG AAATGCTCTACG G[G]CJCGAATAG GCTACATCTATG CTCTGC	G	C	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O43813 SEVENTRANSMEMBRANE-DOMAIN PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 399 aa.	3.30E-221	2
535	cg43999712	569	TACCAAATGAAA TGCTCTACGGG CG[A]CJATAGGC TACATCTATGCT CTGCTTT	A	C	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O43813 SEVENTRANSMEMBRANE-DOMAIN PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 399 aa.	3.30E-221	2
536	cg43999712	659	GCCATATTCAGC AGATTTGTGAAA C[A]CJATTTTAAC CTCTGGAGAAA ACCTAT	A	C	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O43813 SEVENTRANSMEMBRANE-DOMAIN PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 399 aa.	3.30E-221	2
537	cg43922139	1860	ACTTGACTTTCC AGACACGGTGA GG[A]GJAGGAGG AGGCTGTCGGG ACCAAACG	A	G	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O88473 RJS - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 4836 aa.	2.80E-218	
538	cg43955639	512	CAGGCATGGTG ATGAGGGGTGC TGG[G/T]GCCAG GGAGGTGGCAG GAGCTGGCA	G	T	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O15417 CAGL79 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 413 aa (fragment).	2.80E-215	

539	cg41022625	1066	GCCTGGCCATT GTCATCTTCTTC TCT/CJGTGCTG GGCGTGGTCTT TGGCAAG	T	C	Ser	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD34036 CGI-40 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 845 aa.	2.00E-207	11
540	cg41022625	1102	TGGTCTTTGGCA AAGGGAACACG GC[G/C]TTCTGG ATCGTCTTCTCC ATCATTC	G	C	Ala	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD34036 CGI-40 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 845 aa.	2.00E-207	11
541	cg41022625	1111	GCAAAGGGAAC ACGGCGTTCTG GAT[C/T]GTCTTC TCCATCATTCAC ATCATCG	C	T	Ile	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD34036 CGI-40 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 845 aa.	2.00E-207	11
542	cg44002669	1439	CCTTGGGCTTG CACTCGCGGCA GCC[C/T]CTGTC CAGTTCCTCCTT CTCCTTCT	C	T	Arg	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q16543 CDC37 HOMOLOG - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 378 aa.	8.80E-205	
543	cg43302693	702	GCCCCACCTGA GTGACAAATGAT GTA[T/C]TTGAC CCCACCGGGG TCGGCTCCA	T	C	Lys	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P53602 DIPHOSPHOMEVALONATE DECARBOXYLASE (EC 4.1.1.33) (MEVALONATE PYROPHOSPHATE DECARBOXYLASE) - Homo sapiens (Human), 400 aa.	2.70E-204	16
544	cg43921081	486	ACTTGGAAGAA AGTATGCAGCG CTA/GJTACCAG CCTCTCTTTGAC AAGAGAA	A	G	Leu	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:Q99733 NUCLEOSOME ASSEMBLY PROTEIN 1-LIKE 4 (NUCLEOSOME ASSEMBLY PROTEIN 2) (NAP2) - Homo sapiens (Human), 375 aa.	3.10E-202	11
545	cg42181143	1134	CACACCAGCGC TTCTGCCACTCC GAT/CJCCAAAG AAACTATGATCT TTGCTTT	T	C	Gly	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O15268 SKAP55 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 359 aa.	2.80E-189	17

546	cg43918701	1667	TTTTCCAGATGC GACAGACATCAT TTT/CJGGGCATA TTCTAGAAACCA AGGGCA	T	C	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O60736 KE03 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 367 aa (fragment).	1.10E-170	
547	cg43926685	815	AGAATTCCTTAC TGATCACCGC AA[C/T]AAGACC ATCCACAACGAT TACCGCA	C	T	Asn	Asn	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:P23280 CARBONIC ANHYDRASE VI PRECURSOR (EC 4.2.1.1) (CARBONATE DEHYDRATASE VI) - Homo sapiens (Human), 308 aa.	2.50E-168	1 (1p36.33)
548	cg44927654	263	GTGCCAGCTTC TCCATGGTGGC ATC[C/T]GTCAG GATGCTGGGT AGGGAGGTT	C	T	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAA74865 KIAA0842 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1020 aa (fragment).	7.3E-165	
549	cg43993462	2019	CCAACTCATTGA CAGTGAGGGGT GC[G/A]TCTCCA CTTCTGTTGGTG TAATTGA	G	A	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q63965 TRICARBOXYLATE CARRIER - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 357 aa (fragment).	5.1E-161	5
550	cg44010310	1180	CTATATTCTCTG ATTGTGCAAAAGT A[C/T]AGGACAT TATATTCGACAT CTTTGG	C	T	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAA32101 BCAP - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 331 aa.	1.3E-155	13
551	cg43950590	1319	GGTGCAACCATG TACAGCTGCCC AAT[C/T]TGAGA GAAGAATCCTC CGACGGCTT	C	T	Gln	Gln	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75323 GBAS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 286 aa.	1.9E-154	7
552	cg43950590	1334	GCTGCCCAATC TGAGAGAAGAA TCC[T/C]CCGAC GGCTTCGTTAC CATCCTGTC	T	C	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75323 GBAS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 286 aa.	1.90E-154	7

553	cg43950590	1361	CGACGGCTTCG TTACCATCCTGT CT[G/A]AAGCGG ATTGCACGAGC CCAGTAAT	G	A	Phe	Phe	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75323 GBAS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 286 aa.	1.90E-154	7
554	cg43950590	1370	CGTTACCATCCT GTCTGAAGCGG ATT[G/G]GCACGA GCCCAGTAATT GCCCCATT	T	G	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75323 GBAS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 286 aa.	1.90E-154	7
555	cg43950590	1376	CATCCTGTCTGA AGCGGATTGCA CG[A/G]GCCCCAG TAATTGCCCCAT TCAATCA	A	G	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75323 GBAS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 286 aa.	1.90E-154	7
556	cg43950590	1397	CACGAGCCCCAG TAATTGCCCCAT TC[A/G]ATCATG GTTCCCTGGTCG GAGTTGGT	A	G	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75323 GBAS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 286 aa.	1.90E-154	7
557	cg43950590	1436	GTCGGAGTTGG TAAGACCTGAGT TC[A/G]TATATAT TAGGTCCGGAT CTTGGCA	A	G	Tyr	Tyr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75323 GBAS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 286 aa.	1.90E-154	7
558	cg43950590	1445	GGTAAGACCTG AGTTCATATATA TT[A/G]GGTCCG GATCTTGGCAC AGGCTCAT	A	G	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75323 GBAS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 286 aa.	1.90E-154	7
559	cg43951092	1484	GAGTAGAATTCA AGAAGAGTTCAA TTA/GTATCGAT GTTGCATGTTAT TTTTAT	A	G	Tyr	Tyr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD45179 RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 346 aa.	4.50E-152	14

560	cg43951092	1526	TATTTTATCTTT AGACATGGCAG CTT/CJACTGCAT CTTCATGTGTCA CAAACT	T	C	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD45179 RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 346 aa.	4.50E-152	14
561	cg43951092	1583	CTGCTTCTCCTG TGCTCTGCTGCA TCJA/GJGCTCCA ATATCAATATGA ACTCGTA	A	G	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD45179 RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 346 aa.	4.50E-152	14
562	cg43951092	1604	CATCAGCTCCAA TATCAATATGAA CTT/GJCGTATTG GATTAGTGGTG AGAAGA	T	G	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD45179 RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 346 aa.	4.50E-152	14
563	cg43951092	1616	TATCAATATGAA CTCGTATTGGAT TTT/GJAGTGGTG AGAAGAAATTAG CAATGT	T	G	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD45179 RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 346 aa.	4.50E-152	14
564	cg43951092	1640	TTAGTGGTGAG AAGAAATTAGCA ATG/AJTCATTTT CAGTTGCACGA AAAGGCA	G	A	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD45179 RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 346 aa.	4.50E-152	14
565	cg43990820	1135	CATCAGTTTCCA CTTCGACACATC GJG/AJTAGTCCT CACAGCCACGG CCATCCA	G	A	Tyr	Tyr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q15024 MRNA (HA0800) FOR ORF - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 290 aa (fragment).	3.30E-150	3
566	cg43990820	724	TCGACCCCTCTT CATCCTCCAAAA CTT/CJCGAACCC TTGGTATCCTTG TATTGA	T	C	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q15024 MRNA (HA0800) FOR ORF - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 290 aa (fragment).	3.30E-150	3

567	cg43986914	319	TCAGGAAAAGG AAGCATGACAAT TT[C]TCCACATA ACCAAAGAAGA GAAGGGA	C	T	Phe	Phe	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:Q99598 TRANSLIN-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN X (TRANSLIN-ASSOCIATED FACTOR X) - Homo sapiens (Human), 290 aa.	2.10E-148	
568	cg43119818	1245	AAGAAATTATCA ATGTGGGGCAT TC[T/C]TTCCATG TAAATTTTGAGG ACAACG	T	C	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ACC:P00915 CARBONIC ANHYDRASE I (EC 4.2.1.1) (CARBONATE DEHYDRATASE I) - Homo sapiens (Human), 260 aa.	6.90E-141	8 (8q22)
569	cg44027444	681	CAGTGCCAGAG TCCAGGAACTG AAC[A/G]TCAAG AGCCCGGCTGC TGTGAACAT	A	G	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA76379 TUDOR REPEAT ASSOCIATOR WITH PCTAIRE 2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 468 aa (fragment).	2.50E-129	9
570	cg29351416	429	CCACACAGGAC ACTGTGGTGGC CCTT[C]GATGC TCTGTCCAAATA CGGAGCAG	T	C	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q03626 ALPHA-1- INHIBITOR III PRECURSOR, ISOFORM 2 (RAT PLASMA PROTEINASE INHIBITOR ALPHA-1- INHIBITOR III GROUP 3 VARIANT 36A) (ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITOR 3, EXONS 1-4) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 1487 aa.	3.20E-127	
571	cg29351416	435	AGGACACTGTG GTGGCCCTTGA TGC[T/C]CTGTC CAAATACGGAG CAGCTACTT	T	C	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q03626 ALPHA-1- INHIBITOR III PRECURSOR, ISOFORM 2 (RAT PLASMA PROTEINASE INHIBITOR ALPHA-1- INHIBITOR III GROUP 3 VARIANT 36A) (ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITOR 3, EXONS 1-4) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 1487 aa.	3.20E-127	

580	cg44930828	603	CTCGAGGTGAG AAACCCCAATCCT TT[G/A]AGGCAA AAGAACGCCAA GGTGAACC	G	A	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:Q29459 PLATELET-ACTIVATING FACTOR ACETYLDHROLASE IB BETA SUBUNIT (EC 3.1.1.47) (PAF ACETYLDHROLASE 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH BETA SUBUNIT) - Homo sapiens (Human), and Bos taurus (Bovine), 229 aa.	3.10E-122	
581	cg44930828	615	AACCCCAATCCTT TGAGGCAAAAG AA[C/T]GCCAAG GTGAACCAACT CCTCAAGG	C	T	Asn	Asn	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:Q29459 PLATELET-ACTIVATING FACTOR ACETYLDHROLASE IB BETA SUBUNIT (EC 3.1.1.47) (PAF ACETYLDHROLASE 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH BETA SUBUNIT) - Homo sapiens (Human), and Bos taurus (Bovine), 229 aa.	3.10E-122	
582	cg44930828	630	GGCAAAAAGAAC GCCAAGGTGAA CCA[A/G]CTCCT CAAGGTTTCGCT GCCGAAAGC	A	G	Gln	Gln	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:Q29459 PLATELET-ACTIVATING FACTOR ACETYLDHROLASE IB BETA SUBUNIT (EC 3.1.1.47) (PAF ACETYLDHROLASE 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH BETA SUBUNIT) - Homo sapiens (Human), and Bos taurus (Bovine), 229 aa.	3.10E-122	
583	cg44930828	645	AGGTGAACCAA CTCCTCAAGGTT TC[G/C]CTGCCG AAGCTTGCCAA CGTGCAGC	G	C	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:Q29459 PLATELET-ACTIVATING FACTOR ACETYLDHROLASE IB BETA SUBUNIT (EC 3.1.1.47) (PAF ACETYLDHROLASE 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH BETA SUBUNIT) - Homo sapiens (Human), and Bos taurus (Bovine), 229 aa.	3.10E-122	

584	cg44930828	663	AGGTTTCGCTG CCGAAGCTTGC CAA[C/T]GTGCA GCTCCTGGATA CCGACGGGG	C	T	Asn	Asn	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:Q29459 PLATELET-ACTIVATING FACTOR ACETYLHYDROLASE IB BETA SUBUNIT (EC 3.1.1.47) (PAF ACETYLHYDROLASE 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH BETA SUBUNIT) - Homo sapiens (Human), and Bos taurus (Bovine), 229 aa.	3.10E-122	
585	cg44930828	690	TGCAGCTCCTG GATACCGACGG GGG[T/C]TTGT GCACTCGGACG GTGCCATCT	T	C	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:Q29459 PLATELET-ACTIVATING FACTOR ACETYLHYDROLASE IB BETA SUBUNIT (EC 3.1.1.47) (PAF ACETYLHYDROLASE 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH BETA SUBUNIT) - Homo sapiens (Human), and Bos taurus (Bovine), 229 aa.	3.10E-122	
586	cg44930828	693	AGCTCCTGGAT ACCGACGGGG TTT[T/C]GTGCAC TCGGACGGTGC CATCTCCT	T	C	Phe	Phe	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:Q29459 PLATELET-ACTIVATING FACTOR ACETYLHYDROLASE IB BETA SUBUNIT (EC 3.1.1.47) (PAF ACETYLHYDROLASE 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH BETA SUBUNIT) - Homo sapiens (Human), and Bos taurus (Bovine), 229 aa.	3.10E-122	
587	cg43975478	691	AAACCCCTGAG AAAAGATACAAT GT[C/T]CTGGGA GCTGAGACTGT GCTCAATC	C	T	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q63555 SP120 - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 798 aa.	4.10E-119	
588	cg42530218	601	GCATGCCCCAGT AATAAAGATGAA GAT[C/G]GGGCTA GTGGTTTGTAGTT TTCAACA	T	C	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:P70582 NUCLEOPORIN P54 - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 510 aa.	2.00E-118	

589	cg4312211	248	AGTGGTGGATC CCCAGGAGGAG GAG[C/A]GAAGG CGGGCAGGTGG CGGGGCAGA	C	A	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O43770 BCL7C PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 217 aa.	5.00E-115	
590	cg43986282	656	CTTTGGCCCAT ACTTCTTTCCGT A[G/A]CAGGATT TGCAGTAGATCT CTTCAT	G	A	Cys	Cys	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:P97314 DOUBLE LIM PROTEIN-1 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 193 aa.	2.90E-110	12
591	cg43986282	683	AGGATTGCAGT AGATCTCTTCAT C[G/A]TGAATTG CCACTGTTGTG CTATCTA	G	A	His	His	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:P97314 DOUBLE LIM PROTEIN-1 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 193 aa.	2.90E-110	12
592	cg43986282	704	CATCGTGAATTG CCACTGTTGTG CT[A/G]TCTAAAT TTTCCCTGCAAA CCATGC	A	G	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:P97314 DOUBLE LIM PROTEIN-1 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 193 aa.	2.90E-110	12
593	cg43986282	731	CTAAATTTTCC TGCAAACCATG CA[G/C]JAGAAAG CAGCAGCGGTG GAAGCTCC	G	C	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:P97314 DOUBLE LIM PROTEIN-1 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 193 aa.	2.90E-110	12
594	cg43986282	757	AGAAAGCAGCA GCGGTGGAAGC TCC[T/G]GCCAT CACACTGCACC TCTTCTGCG	T	G	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:P97314 DOUBLE LIM PROTEIN-1 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 193 aa.	2.90E-110	12
595	cg43986282	779	TCCTGCCATCAC ACTGCACCTCTT CT[A/G]CGGTGGT ACACGGTCCTC CCACAGG	T	A	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:P97314 DOUBLE LIM PROTEIN-1 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 193 aa.	2.90E-110	12

596	cg43986282	794	GCACCTCTTCTG CGTGGTACACG GT[C/T]CTCCCA CAGGCCCCACA CTTGTTTC	C	T	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:P97314 DOUBLE LIM PROTEIN-1 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 193 aa.	2.90E-110	12
597	cg43986282	800	CTTCTGCGTGG TACACGGTCCT CCC[A/G]CAGGC CCCACACTTGTT TCCACCTC	A	G	Cys	Cys	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:P97314 DOUBLE LIM PROTEIN-1 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 193 aa.	2.90E-110	12
598	cg43986282	809	GGTACACGGTC CTCCACACAGC CCC[A/G]CACCT GTTCCACCTCC CCAGACAG	A	G	Cys	Cys	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:P97314 DOUBLE LIM PROTEIN-1 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 193 aa.	2.90E-110	12
599	cg43986282	815	CGGTCCTCCCA CAGGCCCCACA CTT[G/A]TTTCCA CCTCCCCAGAC AGGCATTTC	G	A	Asn	Asn	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:P97314 DOUBLE LIM PROTEIN-1 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 193 aa.	2.90E-110	12
600	cg42723058	651	GTCCCTTACCA CCACCGGTCAC AGA[T/C]GTGAG CCTTGAGTTGCA GCAGCTGC	T	C	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA82158 HCR PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 756 aa.	1.70E-107	
601	cg42723058	673	AGATGTGAGCC TTGAGTTGCAG CAG[C/T]TGCGG GAAGAACGGAA CCGCCTGGA	C	T	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA82158 HCR PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 756 aa.	1.70E-107	

602	cg43981269	727	AGATGGCTGGC CAGATGGGCAT GTT[C/T]AACCC CATGGCCATCC CTTTCGGGG	C	T	Phe	Phe	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q91579 RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN - XENOPUS LAEVIS (AFRICAN CLAWED FROG), 462 aa.	4.50E-105	
603	cg43972159	1381	TAGGTTCTCGG GCTGCTGAAC GTT[C/A]GATTTT GACTTTCTTTG TCCTTGC	C	A	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q13845 BCL7B PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 202 aa.	2.60E-102	(12q24.1)
604	cg43972159	1390	GGGCTGCTGAA CTGTTTCGATTT GA[C/T]TTTCTT TCTCCTTGCTGT CTGICA	C	T	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q13845 BCL7B PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 202 aa.	2.60E-102	(12q24.1)
605	cg43972159	1420	CTTCTCCTTGC TGCTGTGCACAG G[A/C]ACCCACT TAAATATCCTCA GGGACG	A	C	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q13845 BCL7B PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 202 aa.	2.60E-102	(12q24.1)
606	cg43972159	1426	CCTTGCTGCTG TCACAGGAACC CA[C/T]TTAAATA TCCTCAGGGAC GTGTCAC	C	T	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q13845 BCL7B PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 202 aa.	2.60E-102	(12q24.1)
607	cg43972159	1465	GGGACGTGTCA CCCACAGTCAC CCA[C/T]TTCTTC TCCCATTTCCGC ACTTCT	C	T	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q13845 BCL7B PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 202 aa.	2.60E-102	(12q24.1)
608	cg43972159	1522	CCGCCATCAC TTCTTGATGTC TC[C/T]TTGGCC CGGCTACGGGT CTCGGCC	C	T	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q13845 BCL7B PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 202 aa.	2.60E-102	(12q24.1)

609	cg44911139	722	GCAAGGTTTCGC GATGTACGTATC ATC/TTCAGATC GGAACACACGT CGTCTCA	C	T	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q1499 SPLICING FACTOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 530 aa.	7.90E-101	14
610	cg42539705	165	AAAGGAACTAT TTCCAGATGAG GC[G/A]GGGTGT CTGGAGGGGC TGTGGGTG	G	A	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O75229 R31449_3 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 813 aa (fragment).	1.20E-100	
611	cg42028329	115	CCAAGGAGAAC CCGTGCAGAAA ATT[C/T]CAGGC CAACATCTTCAA CAAGAGCA	C	T	Phe	Phe	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:P97434 P116RIP - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1024 aa.	2.40E-99	
612	cg42028329	277	ACTTTGACAACC CAGTACACCGG TC[T/A]CGGAAA TGGCAGCGACG GTTCTTCA	T	A	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:P97434 P116RIP - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1024 aa.	2.40E-99	
613	cg42028329	295	ACCGGTCTCGG AAATGGCAGCG ACG[G/A]TTCTT CATCCTTTACGA GCACGGCC	G	A	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:P97434 P116RIP - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1024 aa.	2.40E-99	
614	cg42028329	310	GGCAGCGACGG TTCCTCATCCTT TA[C/T]GAGCAC GGCCTCTTGGC CTACGCC	C	T	Tyr	Tyr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:P97434 P116RIP - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1024 aa.	2.40E-99	
615	cg42028329	316	GACGGTCTTCA TCCTTTACGAGC A[C/T]GGCCTCT TGGCTACGCC CTGGATG	C	T	His	His	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:P97434 P116RIP - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1024 aa.	2.40E-99	

616	cg42028329	328	TCCTTACGAGC ACGGCCTCTG CGC/AJTACGCC CTGGATGAGAT GCCACGA	C	A	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:P97434 P116RIP - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1024 aa.	2.40E-99	
617	cg42028329	352	GCTACGCCCTG GATGAGATGCC CAC/GCJACCCT TCCTCAGGGCA CCATCAACA	G	C	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:P97434 P116RIP - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1024 aa.	2.40E-99	
618	cg42392719	540	TCGCGAGAACG GCCTCAGTGCC AAG[G/T]CCCTT ACCCCTGCAGC TGGGCTCTG	G	T	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB43370 HYPOTHETICAL 23.3 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 206 aa.	6.40E-99	
619	cg42392719	606	TCTCCCCCAAG GTGGGGTCTTC TAG[A/G]TCTGT GAGGAAGAGGT TCACATCTC	A	G	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB43370 HYPOTHETICAL 23.3 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 206 aa.	6.40E-99	
620	cg42392719	627	CTAGATCTGTGA GGAAGAGGTTT AC[A/G]TCTCCC ACCATGCAGCT CTCTTCAG	A	G	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB43370 HYPOTHETICAL 23.3 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 206 aa.	6.40E-99	
621	cg39512856	597	ACGGTTCGCGG GAAGCCACGTC ATA[G/A]ACGGT TTTACCCCGATG GTCTTCAA	G	A	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P03740 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ORF194 - Bacteriophage lambda, 194 aa.	1.20E-98	
622	cg39512856	615	CGTCATAGACG GTTTACCCCGA TG[G/A]TCTTCAA CGAGATGCCAC GATGCCT	G	A	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P03740 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ORF194 - Bacteriophage lambda, 194 aa.	1.20E-98	

623	cg39512856	663	CCTCATCACTGT TGAAACAGCC AC/A/GAAGCCA GCCGGAATATC TGGCGGTG	A	G	Phe	Phe	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P03740 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ORF194 - Bacteriophage lambda, 194 aa.	1.20E-98	
624	cg39512856	690	AGCCAGCCGGA ATATCTGGCGG TGC/A/GATATC GGTACTGTTTGC AGCAGAC	A	G	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P03740 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ORF194 - Bacteriophage lambda, 194 aa.	1.20E-98	
625	cg39512856	708	GCGGTGCAATA TCGGTACTGTTT GC/A/TGGCAGA CCGGTATGAGG CGGAATAT	A	T	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P03740 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ORF194 - Bacteriophage lambda, 194 aa.	1.20E-98	
626	cg39512856	717	TATCGGTACTGT TTGCAGGCAGA CC/G/TGTATGA GGCGGAATATA TGCGTAC	G	T	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P03740 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ORF194 - Bacteriophage lambda, 194 aa.	1.20E-98	
627	cg37445474	599	CCCTGCAAGCT CTGTATGGAAC GAT/C/TCCCCA GATCTTTGGGA AGGAGAAT	C	T	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q63615 VACUOLAR PROTEIN SORTING HOMOLOG R-VPS33A - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 597 aa.	2.80E-96	
628	cg30791729	294	CAGATCCAGTG GCCTTCCCCCA GCT/G/TJGTCA ACTGTGTCCAG GCTGTGGCT	G	T	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:P12346 SEROTRANSFERRIN PRECURSOR (SIDEROPHILIN) (BETA-1-METAL BINDING GLOBULIN) - Rattus norvegicus (Rat), 698 aa.	3.20E-95	
629	cg42522690	454	GTGAACAGTGT AAATCAGTTTT CA/T/CJTGGGAC ATGAAATCCAAG GATAAGG	T	C	His	His	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O35884 NEBULIN-RELATED ANCHORING PROTEIN (N-RAP) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1175 aa.	3.30E-94	10

630	cg42522690	625	CTCGAAAGTCTC TTGGTGAGGAA TA[T/C]ACAGAA GACTATGAGCA ACCCAGGG	T	C	Tyr	Tyr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O35884 NEBULIN-RELATED ANCHORING PROTEIN (N-RAP) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1175 aa.	3.30E-94	10
631	cg43982164	561	AGGTCTACGTG TTGAAGCGTCCT CA[T/C]GTGGAT GAGTTCCTGCA GCGAATGG	T	C	His	His	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O15194 HYA22 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 340 aa.	1.00E-90	
632	cg43980889	755	AAGACCAATTAC AAGTAGAAAATG AT[C/G]CTTACC CTGGTACCGAT AGAACAG	T	C	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O00581 HYPOTHETICAL 20.5 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 176 aa.	4.50E-89	
633	cg43980889	770	TAGAAAATGATG CTTACCCTGGTA C[C/T]GATAGAA CAGAAAATGTTA AATATA	C	T	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O00581 HYPOTHETICAL 20.5 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 176 aa.	4.50E-89	
634	cg43980889	776	ATGATGCTTACC CTGGTACCGAT AG[A/G]ACAGAA AATGTTAAATAT AGACAAG	A	G	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O00581 HYPOTHETICAL 20.5 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 176 aa.	4.50E-89	
635	cg43980889	791	GTACCGATAGA ACAGAAAATGTT AA[A/G]TATAGA CAAGTGGACCA TTTTGCCT	A	G	Lys	Lys	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O00581 HYPOTHETICAL 20.5 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 176 aa.	4.50E-89	
636	cg43955651	449	CTTCCACCCACG CCTGTGTTCTG GGC[G/A]CTGAC AAAGGCCACCT TGTTGGTGT	G	A	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD27745 CGI- 36 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 165 aa.	1.10E-87	2

637	cg4395651	476	TGACAAAGGCC ACCTTGTTGGTG TC[G/A]GGCTTG AGCGGAATGAA GCCACACT	G	A	Pro	Pro	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD27745 CGI- 36 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 165 aa.	1.10E-87	2
638	cg42353267	1516	GGCCTTCGATC CAGTCCATGAG CAA[T/C]GCCAT ATAGCGCGGCG CAGAGAGCT	T	C	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O75249 R26660_1, PARTIAL CDS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 291 aa (fragment).	2.60E-86	
639	cg37027086	258	GGGTTCTTCAAC TGGGACAGGAG GC[T/C]TCTACC CACCAGGCCCA AAACGAGG	T	C	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA76824 KIAA0980 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1406 aa (fragment).	1.20E-83	
640	cg42688841	449	TCAACATAAGGT AGAAATTCATTA A[C/T]CTCAAGA AGCGAGCGTCA TAGTATA	C	T	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:Q02380 NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE SGD SUBUNIT PRECURSOR (EC 1.6.5.3) (EC 1.6.99.3) (COMPLEX I-SGDH) (CI-SGDH) - Bos taurus (Bovine), 189 aa.	1.90E-83	
641	cg42688841	454	ATAAGGTAGAAT TTCATTAACCTC A[A/G]GAAGCGA GCGTCATAGTAT AAAGAA	A	G	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:Q02380 NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE SGD SUBUNIT PRECURSOR (EC 1.6.5.3) (EC 1.6.99.3) (COMPLEX I-SGDH) (CI-SGDH) - Bos taurus (Bovine), 189 aa.	1.90E-83	
642	cg42688841	461	AGAAATTCATTA ACCTCAAGAAAG CG[A/G]GCGTCA TAGTATAAGAA GGCTTGA	A	G	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:Q02380 NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE SGD SUBUNIT PRECURSOR (EC 1.6.5.3) (EC 1.6.99.3) (COMPLEX I-SGDH) (CI-SGDH) - Bos taurus (Bovine), 189 aa.	1.90E-83	

643	cg42688841	476	TCAAGAAGCGA GCGTCATAGTAT AA[A/G]GAAGGC TTGACGACAAAC AGTCTCT	A	G	Ser	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:Q02380 NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE SGD SUBUNIT PRECURSOR (EC 1.6.5.3) (EC 1.6.99.3) (COMPLEX I-SGDH) (CI-SGDH) - Bos taurus (Bovine), 189 aa.	1.90E-83	
644	cg43982291	1590	CACTGTGACCAT TTTGTACAGCAA G[A/C]JAGCAGCG GTATATTCCCAT CCAAAT	A	C	Leu	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q28282 C3VS PROTEIN - CANIS FAMILIARIS (DOG), 659 aa.	3.20E-79	
645	cg43982291	1716	GTAAGCTGTTT TCCCAGAGCTG TC[G/A]JACACTTT CGGCTGGGCAT TTAGACT	G	A	Val	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q28282 C3VS PROTEIN - CANIS FAMILIARIS (DOG), 659 aa.	3.20E-79	
646	cg44003673	320	CATGCTTGGTG CCTGGTGCCAG GTG[A/G]GTGAT GACGACCTCCA CGGCCTGCA	A	G	Thr	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD25021 CALCIUM-REGULATED HEAT STABLE PROTEIN CRHSP-24 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 147 aa.	1.60E-77	
647	cg44003673	449	CATCAGAGATGT GCAGGAAGATG TC[G/A]GGGCCG CCATCAGCTGG GGTAATGA	G	A	Pro	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD25021 CALCIUM-REGULATED HEAT STABLE PROTEIN CRHSP-24 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 147 aa.	1.60E-77	
648	cg44003673	470	TGTCGGGGCCG CCATCAGCTGG GGT[A/G]JATGAA GCCATGGCCCT TGGACCGGC	A	G	Ile	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD25021 CALCIUM-REGULATED HEAT STABLE PROTEIN CRHSP-24 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 147 aa.	1.60E-77	
649	cg44936941	1207	CGCGCACCTCG TCGCCGATCTG CTGT[C]CCGGT CTCCTTGCCGA GGAAGTCGT	T	C	Gly	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q62630 SM-20 - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 355 aa.	7.00E-77	1

650	cg39523553	704	GGTCTGCCCGA TCCGGGATGGC TGC[A]GGTGG GTGATCGACGG TAGGCCGGA	C	A	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB40855 PUTATIVE ADENINE GLYCOSYLASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 308 aa.	7.20E-75	
651	cg39523553	721	ATGGCTGCCCG TGGGTGATCGA CGG[T/C]AGGCC GGACAATGCC CGGCCCGTC	T	C	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB40855 PUTATIVE ADENINE GLYCOSYLASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 308 aa.	7.2E-75	
652	cg39523553	772	GAGGACAGCCA TGGAAAGGGCAC GGA[T/C]CGCCA GTGCCCGCGCG TGATTATGG	T	C	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB40855 PUTATIVE ADENINE GLYCOSYLASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 308 aa.	7.2E-75	
653	cg39523553	823	ACGTGGTGCGC AACAGCCCTCA CGG[A/G]GTGAA GGTCCAGATGG CTCTTTCCG	A	G	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB40855 PUTATIVE ADENINE GLYCOSYLASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 308 aa.	7.2E-75	
654	cg39523553	874	CCTGGCCCGAG CTCGATCAGGC ATC[A/G]AGGTG CCTGGAATCCTT ACTCGATG	A	G	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB40855 PUTATIVE ADENINE GLYCOSYLASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 308 aa.	7.2E-75	
655	cg39523553	886	TCGATCAGGCA TCAAGGTGCCT GGA[A/G]TCCTT ACTCGATGACG GTTTAGTGC	A	G	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB40855 PUTATIVE ADENINE GLYCOSYLASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 308 aa.	7.2E-75	

656	cg36728314	399	GCTGCTGCTTCT TCCTTGTTGGAA C[G/A]ATCTTCT GGGCAACGTCC TGGAAGA	G	A	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83051 KIAA1099 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 804 aa.	1.3E-73	
657	cg41677120	375	TTCAGTGCACAA ATGAGATGAATG T[G/T]AACATCC CACAGTTGGCA GACAGTT	G	T	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13492 CALM (TYPE I CALM PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 652 aa.	1.10E-71	11
658	cg44126579	655	AGGAGTATTCAT CATCCCCAATG CC[G/A]TAGCCT TCATGATTGAGG AATTGTC	G	A	Tyr	Tyr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:P90839 F16A11.1 - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 673 aa.	1.10E-71	16
659	cg44126579	712	GAGTGGCCCAG CCAATCTGCATG AC[G/A]CCAGAA GTGACCACTGTT ACTTCAT	G	A	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:P90839 F16A11.1 - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 673 aa.	1.10E-71	16
660	cg38925480	73	AGAATCTCACCA GCCTTGTGGTG CT[G/A]CATTTG CATAACAACCG CATCCAGC	G	A	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O75473 ORPHAN G PROTEIN- COUPLED RECEPTOR HG38 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 907 aa.	4.90E-69	
661	cg43323149	544	GCACACGCGGA AGCCCTACAGA CGG[A/G]CTCAG CGTCATGCAAG GGCCCTACA	A	G	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P50636 GAMETOGENESIS EXPRESSED PROTEIN GEG-154 - Mus musculus (Mouse), 429 aa.	1.00E-68	1
662	cg43323149	559	CTACAGACGGA CTCAGCGTCAT GCA[A/G]GGGCC CTACAGCGGAA CAGCCAGCT	A	G	Gln	Gln	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P50636 GAMETOGENESIS EXPRESSED PROTEIN GEG-154 - Mus musculus (Mouse), 429 aa.	1.00E-68	1

663	cg43323149	664	GAAATACAGC CGGTTAGAAGTT CA/A/G/GCCGAT GTCCAAAAGGA AATTTTCC	A	G	Gln	Gln	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P50636 GAMETOGENESIS EXPRESSED PROTEIN GEG-154 - Mus musculus (Mouse), 429 aa.	1.00E-68	1
664	cg34243633	263	CCACCACAGAG ATAATGCAGGC CAG/G/C/GAGGA GATTGCACTGG ATGTCACCA	G	C	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O88552 CLAUDIN-2 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 230 aa.	1.3E-68	
665	cg34243633	431	CAACTGCTGTCA CAATGCTGGCA CC/G/A/JACATAA GAACCTGTTTC CAGCTGG	G	A	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O88552 CLAUDIN-2 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 230 aa.	1.3E-68	
666	cg34243633	482	GGAGCAGCATG GCAACCAGTGT GCC/C/T/JAAAAG CCCCAGAAGGC CTAGGATGT	C	T	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O88552 CLAUDIN-2 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 230 aa.	1.3E-68	
667	cg43942922	231	AGCCCACATCT CAGGCCACTAG GGG/C/A/JAGAAC AAATAGGTCCTC TGCAAGA	C	A	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14676 KIAA0170 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 2089 aa.	2.3E-68	
668	cg43942922	291	CAGTTGTCCCC ACAGCCCCCTGA GCT/C/T/JCAGCC TTCCACCTCCAC AGACCAGC	C	T	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14676 KIAA0170 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 2089 aa.	2.3E-68	

676	cg39516123	563	TCAGCTCCTCTC CGGAAAGCCAG GC[C]CGAGCT CAGTTCAGTGT GGCTGGCG	C	T	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q04205 TENSIN - Gallus gallus (Chicken), 1744 aa.	5.1E-62	
677	cg39516123	620	CGGTGCCTGGG AGCCCTCAGGC GCG[C]TCACAG AACAGTGGCA CCAACACTC	C	T	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q04205 TENSIN - Gallus gallus (Chicken), 1744 aa.	5.1E-62	
678	cg42731307	435	GGAATGAGCC AAAGTTCGCATG AA[T]CJCCACGG AAGTTTACCTGG TCCTCTC	T	C	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q99653 CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN P22 (CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN CHP) - Homo sapiens (Human), 194 aa.	2.6E-61	
679	cg44128084	440	CCGGACAACAC CGTTGGAGTTCT TT[T]CJGCCGTC AACGAGTTGTCT CTGGAAA	T	C	Phe	Phe	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O33196 HYPOTHETICAL 32.9 KD PROTEIN - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 307 aa.	1.70E-59	
680	cg44128084	665	TGAGCGCTCAC GCTCTCTTTGCT CG[A]GJCCGCTG GTCATGAGCCC AGCTGCTC	A	G	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O33196 HYPOTHETICAL 32.9 KD PROTEIN - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 307 aa.	1.70E-59	
681	cg44128084	680	TCCTTGCTCGAC CGCTGGTCATG AG[C]TJCCAGCT GCTCGAGTGA CCTTGACA	C	T	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O33196 HYPOTHETICAL 32.9 KD PROTEIN - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 307 aa.	1.70E-59	
682	cg44128084	695	TGGTCATGAGC CCAGCTGCTCG AGT[G/A]GACCT TGACATCCAGC CAGACGGTT	G	A	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O33196 HYPOTHETICAL 32.9 KD PROTEIN - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 307 aa.	1.70E-59	

683	cg44128084	728	ACATCCAGCCA GACGGTTGAGA ATC[A/G]GCGGT TCTGTGGTGCG ACGGGCGCC	A	G	Ser	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O33196 HYPOTHETICAL 32.9 KD PROTEIN - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 307 aa.	1.70E-59	
684	cg30455661	289	CCACATACACAA CAGCATATACCT T[C/T]CCTGGGA TTCTCAAGTGGT TTGAAG	C	T	Phe	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14185 DOCK180 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1865 aa.	5.20E-58	
685	cg30455661	347	GATTTCACAGA C AGAAATCAGCC CT[C/T]TGGAGA ATGCCATAGAAA CCATGGA	C	T	Leu	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14185 DOCK180 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1865 aa.	5.20E-58	
686	cg30455661	382	CCATAGAAACCA C TGGAGCTGACC AA[C/T]GAGAGG ATCAGCAACTGT GTTGAGC	C	T	Asn	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14185 DOCK180 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1865 aa.	5.20E-58	
687	cg43302460	827	AGCTCGGGAGT T ACAGGTGAAAC TTC[T/G]CGAATT GCCTGTTCCTTC TTTCTGA	T	G	Arg	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB43289 HYPOTHETICAL 12.7 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 116 aa (fragment).	1.70E-57	2
688	cg43153425	101	AAGGCCGACTT C TCTGTAGGAAGT AA[C/T]CGTGAC CGAGAGATCAG CATGTCCTG	C	T	Asn	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83061 KIAA1109 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1957 aa (fragment).	2.40E-57	
689	cg43153425	107	GACTTTCTGTAG C GAAGTAACCGT GA[C/T]CGAGAG ATCAGCATGTCT GTCGGTC	C	T	Asp	Silent- Coding	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83061 KIAA1109 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1957 aa (fragment).	2.40E-57	

690	cg43153425	128	GTGACCGAGAG ATCAGCATGTCT GT[C/T]GGTCTG GGAAGGTCACA GTTAGACT	C	T	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83061 KIAA1109 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1957 aa (fragment).	2.40E-57	
691	cg43153425	140	TCAGCATGTCTG TCGGTCTGGGA AG[G/A]TCACAG TTAGACTCCAAA GGAGGAG	G	A	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83061 KIAA1109 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1957 aa (fragment).	2.40E-57	
692	cg43153425	146	TGTCTGTCTGGT CTGGGAAGGTC ACA[G/A]TTAGA CTCCAAAGGAG GAGTAGTTG	G	A	Gln	Gln	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83061 KIAA1109 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1957 aa (fragment).	2.40E-57	
693	cg43153425	152	TCGGTCTGGGA AGGTCACAGTTA GA[C/T]TCCAAA GGAGGAGTAGT TGGTGGGA	C	T	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83061 KIAA1109 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1957 aa (fragment).	2.40E-57	
694	cg43153425	155	GTCTGGGAAGG TCACAGTTAGAC TC[C/T]AAAGGA GGAGTAGTTGG TGGGACCA	C	T	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83061 KIAA1109 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1957 aa (fragment).	2.40E-57	
695	cg43153425	251	CAAATCAGCAAC CAAACCACAAAA T[A/T]CAAAATTAC TATGGGTTCTAC TGAAT	A	T	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83061 KIAA1109 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1957 aa (fragment).	2.40E-57	
696	cg43153425	287	TGGGTTCTACTG AATCTCGGGTT GA[C/T]TACATG GGCTCAAGCAT CCTCATGG	C	T	Asp	Asp	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83061 KIAA1109 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1957 aa (fragment).	2.40E-57	

697	cg30384142	40	CTTGCGCGGCA CCAGGCGGTAA GAC[G/A]ACCCA TATTTAGAACT GGCACCTC	G	A	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P44788 SUN PROTEIN (FMU PROTEIN) - Haemophilus influenzae, 451 aa.	5.30E-56	
698	cg44015614	1289	GCTCTGGCTGG GGTGCAGTATA CTT[C/T]TCCAC GTATTCTATTTC CACAACTT	C	T	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P91343 HYPOTHETICAL 49.0 KD TRP-ASP REPEATS CONTAINING PROTEIN F55F8.5 IN CHROMOSOME I - Caenorhabditis elegans, 439 aa.	3.30E-54	
699	cg44015614	1295	GCTGGGTGCA GTACTTCTCC AC[G/A]TATTCTA TTTCCACAACCT CTTCTG	G	A	Tyr	Tyr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P91343 HYPOTHETICAL 49.0 KD TRP-ASP REPEATS CONTAINING PROTEIN F55F8.5 IN CHROMOSOME I - Caenorhabditis elegans, 439 aa.	3.30E-54	
700	cg44015614	1313	TCTCCACGTATT CTATTTCCACAA C[T/C]TCTTCTGA TGAGATGTTCTC CATT	T	C	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P91343 HYPOTHETICAL 49.0 KD TRP-ASP REPEATS CONTAINING PROTEIN F55F8.5 IN CHROMOSOME I - Caenorhabditis elegans, 439 aa.	3.30E-54	
701	cg44015614	1319	CGTATTCTATT CCACAACCTCT C[T/C]GATGAGA TGTTCTCCATTT CCATGT	T	C	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P91343 HYPOTHETICAL 49.0 KD TRP-ASP REPEATS CONTAINING PROTEIN F55F8.5 IN CHROMOSOME I - Caenorhabditis elegans, 439 aa.	3.30E-54	
702	cg44015614	1325	CTATTTCCACAA CTTCTTCTGATG A[G/A]ATGTTCTC CATTTCATGTG TTTGT	G	A	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P91343 HYPOTHETICAL 49.0 KD TRP-ASP REPEATS CONTAINING PROTEIN F55F8.5 IN CHROMOSOME I - Caenorhabditis elegans, 439 aa.	3.30E-54	

703	cg44015614	1379	AGGGCATTGCG AGAAACTGGCC CTT[A/G]ATAAG GAAATCAAACCTC CACATGTT	A	G	Ile	Ile	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P91343 HYPOTHETICAL 49.0 KD TRP-ASP REPEATS CONTAINING PROTEIN F55F8.5 IN CHROMOSOME I - Caenorhabditis elegans, 439 aa.	3.30E-54	
704	cg42380652	406	AGTCCAGGCGAG GGGCCACGTC CTC[T/C]CGTA CACCTTTCCAG GAAGGGGC	T	C	Arg	Arg	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q62739 RABIN3 - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 460 aa.	4.20E-54	
705	cg43931038	425	TCTTCTCTAGAG TCCCGCGGCTC AC[A/G]GCCTTT GCTGCGAAGGG CAACTTGT	A	G	Ala	Ala	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O46082 EG:63B12.2 PROTEIN - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 254 aa.	6.10E-54	11
706	cg43931038	436	GTCCCGCGGCT CACAGCCTTTG CTG[C/G]GAAGG GCAACTTGTGG GCAACCTGG	C	G	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O46082 EG:63B12.2 PROTEIN - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 254 aa.	6.10E-54	11
707	cg43931038	463	AAGGGCAACTT GTGGGCAACCT GGT[C/T]AAGGA AACCTTGACTTC TTCAAATT	C	T	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O46082 EG:63B12.2 PROTEIN - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 254 aa.	6.10E-54	11
708	cg43931038	469	AACTTGTGGGC AACCTGGTCAA GGA[A/C]ACCTT GACTTCTTCAA TTCACAAC	A	C	Val	Val	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O46082 EG:63B12.2 PROTEIN - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 254 aa.	6.10E-54	11
709	cg43931038	478	GCAACCTGGTC AAGGAAACCTT GACT[C/T]CTTCA AATTCACAACGC CCACCCA	T	C	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O46082 EG:63B12.2 PROTEIN - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 254 aa.	6.10E-54	11

710	cg43931038	496	CCTTGACTTCTT CAAATTCACAAAC G[C/T]CCACCCA TCTCTACAACAA GGCGGC	C	T	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O46082 EG:63B12.2 PROTEIN - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 254 aa.	6.10E-54	11
711	cg43931038	562	TCACGTAGTGG TCAATAGCACCT TT[G/A]CCTCCC CCCATGCGATG CCCAACAC	G	A	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O46082 EG:63B12.2 PROTEIN - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 254 aa.	6.10E-54	11
712	cg43338979	360	CATCATCTCCTG AAGATGCTAGC AC[C/T]GTTCTT GTTATATCCAA CTCACTC	C	T	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O45933 Y43F4B.4 - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 363 aa.	1.40E-53	18
713	cg38450437	104	GAATTGGTTCTG AGGAGTTTGAG GA[G/A]CTTCTTT TACTGATGGACA GAAATC	G	A	Glu	Glu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O43168 KIAA0443 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1395 aa.	3.50E-52	
714	cg38450437	47	CCAGGGAAAGT GCACAGCCAGA GAA[T/C]TGGTC TTGCAACTGCAT CCAGTGTC	T	C	Asn	Asn	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O43168 KIAA0443 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1395 aa.	3.50E-52	
715	cg43314946	458	CCTTCCGGATG ACTTTCTCCGCA TC[C/T]TGCCCC AGCAGCTGGAC AGCATACA	C	T	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD37447 BAW - FUGU RUBRIPES (JAPANESE PUFFERFISH) (TAKIFUGU RUBRIPES), 402 aa.	1.60E-51	17
716	cg44010070	320	TCAAGCACTCG GACGGGACGCG CAC[T/C]TGCGC CAAGCTCTATGA CAAGAGCG	T	C	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:O35775 SYNCOLLIN (SIP9) - Rattus norvegicus (Rat), 145 aa.	6.40E-51	

717	cg39380052	563	ACCTCATCACCC CGTACCATCAG AC[C/T]CTCGAC AAGGTCACTGA GCGTTTTC	C	T	Thr	Thr	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB42016 PUTATIVE ADENYLOSUCCLINATE SYNTHETASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 427 aa.	1.30E-50	
718	cg39380052	641	GTCGTGGCATC GGCCCGACCTA CTC[T/C]GACAA GATCAATCGGAT GGTATTC	T	C	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB42016 PUTATIVE ADENYLOSUCCLINATE SYNTHETASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 427 aa.	1.30E-50	
719	cg39380052	662	ACTCTGACAAGA TCAATCGGATG GG[T/C]ATTGCG GTCACGGATCTT TTGACG	T	C	Gly	Gly	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB42016 PUTATIVE ADENYLOSUCCLINATE SYNTHETASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 427 aa.	1.30E-50	
720	cg43329819	585	TCATCGACAACC AGAACCTCCTCT TT[C/G]GAGCTCT CCTACAAGCTG GAGGCAA	T	C	Phe	Phe	SILENT- CODING	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q92565 MYELOBLAST KIAA0277 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 580 aa.	1.40E-50	
721	cg43298242	138	CTGAAGATCTGT A TGGCAGGGCTC AC[A/G]GAGACG GGGTGAGGGG AGAGATCG	A	G	Ser	Ser	SILENT- CODING	water_ch annel	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:O14520 AQUAPORIN-7 LIKE (AQUAPORIN ADIPOSE) (AQPAP) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 342 aa.	1.30E-163	
722	cg43298242	150	TGGCAGGGCTC ACAGAGACGGG GGT[G/A]AGGGG AGAGATCGTGG GTTTCATGAG	G	A	Leu	Leu	SILENT- CODING	water_ch annel	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:O14520 AQUAPORIN-7 LIKE (AQUAPORIN ADIPOSE) (AQPAP) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 342 aa.	1.30E-163	

723	cg43970780	1501	GGAGTTCTGGT TCTGGTAGATG GAA[G/A]CTTTCT CTTTCAACAGGT CCAGACA	G	A	Ala	Val (1096)	CONSERVATI VE	apoptosi s	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:Q92785 ZINC-FINGER PROTEIN UBI-D4 (APOPTOSIS RESPONSE ZINC FINGER PROTEIN REQUIEM) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 391 aa. pcis:SWISSPROT-ID:Q92785 ZINC-FINGER PROTEIN UBI-D4 (APOPTOSIS RESPONSE ZINC FINGER PROTEIN REQUIEM) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 391 aa. Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q16864 VACUOLAR ATP SYNTHASE SUBUNIT F (EC 3.6.1.34) (V-ATPASE F SUBUNIT) (V- ATPASE 14 KD SUBUNIT) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 119 aa. Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q15065 OB-CADHERIN-1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 796 aa.	2.30E-212	11
724	cg43957906	460	GGAGTCCTTGG CGGCGTCATAT GGG[T/C]GCTCC TTGGAGGGGAT CTCCAGGAC	T	C	His	Arg (1097)	CONSERVATI VE	ATPase_ associat ed	ID:Q16864 VACUOLAR ATP SYNTHASE SUBUNIT F (EC 3.6.1.34) (V-ATPASE F SUBUNIT) (V- ATPASE 14 KD SUBUNIT) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 119 aa. Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q15065 OB-CADHERIN-1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 796 aa.	2.20E-58	12
725	cg43952088	2923	TGAGGGGAGCG TCGCCGGCCGC GGA[G/A]CAGAT GCCGCGGGGC CGCTCGCAG	G	A	Ala	Val (1098)	CONSERVATI VE	cadherin	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q15065 OB-CADHERIN-1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 796 aa.	0.00E+00	16
726	cg43956666	613	ACTCCTGTTCTG GGGACAGTTTG GT[A/G]TTAAAC ACTTAAATATAG ATCCGG	A	G	Ile	Val (1099)	CONSERVATI VE	cadherin	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:Q08722 LEUKOCYTE SURFACE ANTIGEN CD47 PRECURSOR (ANTIGENIC SURFACE DETERMINANT PROTEIN OA3) (INTEGRIN ASSOCIATED PROTEIN) (IAP) (MER6) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 323 aa. pcis:SWISSPROT-ID:Q08722 LEUKOCYTE SURFACE ANTIGEN CD47 PRECURSOR (ANTIGENIC SURFACE DETERMINANT PROTEIN OA3) (INTEGRIN ASSOCIATED PROTEIN) (IAP) (MER6) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 323 aa.	1.20E-167	3 (3q13.1)

727	cg43942011	1327	TTCCCCCATGTGA AACATCTGGCTT G[C/T]GACAGGT GATTTTTCACA GGTAGG	C	T	Arg	His (1100)	CONSERVATI VE	complem entrecept	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:E246058 COMPLEMENT RECEPTOR 2 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 651 aa (fragment).	1.10E-69	1 (1q32)
728	cg43973728	987	TATGAACACCC AGATCTGAAAGAA GT[C/T]GCTGTT CTGAAACAGAA GTTGGAG	T	C	Val	Ala (1101)	CONSERVATI VE	cyclin	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P51946 CYCLIN H (MO15- ASSOCIATED PROTEIN) (P37) (P34) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 323 aa.	2.60E-172	5 (5q13.3)
729	cg44017721	291	TCCTGCTCCTCC GTGGCCTCCTTT G[G/A]CAGCGCT GGCCAAGCCCC GGGTCAG	G	A	Ala	Val (1102)	CONSERVATI VE	cytochro me	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:O00761 CYTOCHROME OXIDASE SUBUNIT VIA HEART ISOFORM PRECURSOR (EC 1.9.3.1) (CYTOCHROME-C OXIDASE) (CYTOCHROME A(3)) (CYTOCHROME AA(3)) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 97 aa.	2.40E-52	22
730	cg43273880	5428	CAAAAAGAAAGAA GACGACGTGAC TG[G/C]GGGTAA GAAACCATTTTCG TCCAGAG	G	C	Gly	Ala (1103)	CONSERVATI VE	dna_rna _bind	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:O14647 CHROMODOMAIN- HELICASE-DNA-BINDING PROTEIN 2 (CHD-2) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1739 aa.	0.00E+00	15
731	cg43992911	485	GAAGAAAGAACTT TTTTAAACTGAA C[A/G]ATAAAAG TGAAAAAGATAA GAAGGA	A	G	Asn	Asp (1104)	CONSERVATI VE	glycoprot ein	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P08183 MULTIDRUG RESISTANCE PROTEIN 1 (P- GLYCOPROTEIN 1) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1280 aa.	0.00E+00	7
732	cg41029366	890	TGCGGCCACAA AGAGGACGCGG GCGT[C/G]GGTGT GCTCAGAGCAC CAGTCCTGG	T	C	Val	Ala (1105)	CONSERVATI VE	glycoprot ein	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q61003 T CELL SURFACE GLYCOPROTEIN CD6 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 665 aa.	1.00E-234	11

733	cg43931167	2546	CGAGAACTGAA GAAAGCAAGAA CAGT/GJCCTAC AAATGGATGAAC TCAAATGT	T	G	Val	Gly (1106)	CONSERVATI VE	helicase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:O14232 PUTATIVE HELICASE C6F12.16 IN CHROMOSOME I - SCHIZOSACCHAROMYCES POMBE (FISSION YEAST), 1117 aa.	3.30E-307	5
734	cg43925670	2360	AAATCTGAATTTT GTCATACTCTTC T[C/T]TCATTTT AAATTAAGTTT AAATC	C	T	Arg	Lys (1107)	CONSERVATI VE	interfero n	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.lpcsl:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
735	cg43925670	2474	TAGAACAATGTT CTTGATTTTTTT [C/G]CCATCTTTA CAGACATAAGT GAGCC	C	G	Gly	Ala (1108)	CONSERVATI VE	interfero n	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.lpcsl:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1

736	cg43928549	4637	AATTGGCACATC TTGGCGCGAAA GT[C/T]GTTCAC TCTGGGTCGCA CAAGGAG	C	T	Asp	Asn (1109)	CONSERVATI VE	kinase	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:O00329 PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL 3- KINASE CATALYTIC SUBUNIT, DELTA ISOFORM (EC 2.7.1.137) (PI3-KINASE P110 SUBUNIT DELTA) (PTDINS-3-KINASE P110) (PI3K) (P110DELTA) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1044 aa.lpcis:SWISSPROT-ID:O00329 PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL 3- KINASE CATALYTIC SUBUNIT, DELTA ISOFORM (EC 2.7.1.137) (PI3-KINASE P110 SUBUNIT DELTA) (PTDINS-3-KINASE P110) (PI3K) (P110DELTA) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1044 aa.lpcis:SPTREMBL- ID:O00329 PHOSPHOINOSITIDE 3- KINASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1044 aa.	0.00E+00	
737	cg42703622	409	GAAGAAGGAAT TTGGAGGTGGC CAC[A/G]TTAA GATGAAGTATTT GGAACAGT	A	G	Ile	Val (1110)	CONSERVATI VE	kinase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q12792 PROTEIN TYROSINE KINASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 350 aa.	3.00E-187	12
738	cg44131752	925	CTCTGCGTGCT CGTCCCGAAGT GAC[C/G]TGCCT GGTCCGACAA GGACACTGA	C	G	Leu	Val (1111)	CONSERVATI VE	kinase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q15599 TYROSINE KINASE ACTIVATOR PROTEIN 1 (TKA-1) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 450 aa.	7.80E-173	16
739	cg25143358	394	CAGGTGGCCAT TCGGCGCGCTT CAA[G/T]TTTCGT GGTCATGCCCG CGGTTCCC	G	T	Leu	Ile (1112)	CONSERVATI VE	kinase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P46546 GLUTAMATE 5-KINASE (EC 2.7.2.11) (GAMMA-GLUTAMYL KINASE) (GK) - CORYNEBACTERIUM GLUTAMICUM, 369 aa.	2.70E-51	

740	cg43105476	702	GCGAAACAGT TCGGTCTTTCAA AT[C/T]GGGATT AGCACCTCTAA GTAGCAGT	C	T	Asp	Asn (1113)	CONSERVATI VE	kinase inhibitor	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P42773 CYCLIN-DEPENDENT KINASE 6 INHIBITOR (P18-INK6) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 168 aa.	7.80E-86	
741	cg38642684	290	ATATTGCCCTAGT AATTTCTGATAA T[C/T]ATTAAAGG TATGTAAGTTGC TAGTA	C	T	Asp	Asn (1114)	CONSERVATI VE	nuclease	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POLYPROTEIN [CONTAINS: REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE] - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa. pcis:SWISSPROT-ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POLY PROTEIN (REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa.	2.60E-50	
742	cg39518465	864	CACCTTCCTAAAG GAGATGAAGGA AG[C/T]CCTGGG CACCCCTGGCG CAGCCAAT	C	T	Ala	Val (1115)	CONSERVATI VE	oncogen e	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P15498 VAV PROTO-ONCOGENE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 846 aa.	0.00E+00	
743	cg43021380	176	CAGCCGCCCGG GGGGCTGCAGC GCC[G/A]TTAGT GCCACACGGCTG TCTATTGTA	G	A	Val	Ile (1116)	CONSERVATI VE	phosphat ase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16849 PROTEIN-TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE N PRECURSOR (EC 3.1.3.48) (R-PTP-N) (PTP IA-2) (ISLET CELL ANTIGEN 512) (ICA 512) (ISLET CELL AUTOANTIGEN 3) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 979 aa.	0.00E+00	2
744	cg39728924	365	CAATTGTGGAG AAGAGTATTTTT AT[G/A]TCGCTA CTCAAGGACCA CTGCTGAG	G	A	Val	Ile (1117)	CONSERVATI VE	phosphat ase	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:D1024666 PROTEIN-TYROSINE- PHOSPHATASE (EC 3.1.3.48) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 426 aa.	1.20E-64	

745	cg42710490	851	CAACACAGCCTAT TGCGGGAAGAA AT[G/A]TCCAGG GTGGAATCCGT TTTGGGGA	G	A	Val	Ile (1118)	CONSERVATI VE	polymera se	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:O54888 DNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE I 135 KD POLYPEPTIDE (EC 2.7.7.6) (RNA POLYMERASE I SUBUNIT 2) (RPA135) (RNA POLYMERASE I 127 KD SUBUNIT) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 1135 aa.lpcis:TREMBLNEW-ID:G2739048 RNA POLYMERASE I 127 KDA SUBUNIT - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 1135 aa.	8.90E-172	
746	cg44001078	316	GGTTATCAGGA ACTTGGGATCTT CA[C/T]GGATTT CCATCTTGTTCT TCATCCA	C	T	Arg	His (1119)	CONSERVATI VE	struct	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:G2920823 CARDIAC MYOSIN BINDING PROTEIN-C - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1274 aa.	0.00E+00	
747	cg43916919	1113	AGGTAGGAGTC CCCCGAGAAGA AGA[C/T]GCCCT GGTTCTCTTGC GCCACAGGC	C	T	Val	Ile (1120)	CONSERVATI VE	struct	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:P40121 MACROPHAGE CAPPING PROTEIN (ACTIN-REGULATORY PROTEIN CAP-G) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 348 aa.lpcis:SWISSPROT-ID:P40121 MACROPHAGE CAPPING PROTEIN (ACTIN-REGULATORY PROTEIN CAP-G) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 348 aa.	4.3E-188	2 (2cen)
748	cg42930605	463	CAGCTCCTTGCT GGTCTTCTGCA CC[C/T]TCACCT CCATGTCGTACT TCTCCTC	C	T	Arg	Lys (1121)	CONSERVATI VE	struct	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P48788 TROPONIN I, FAST SKELETAL MUSCLE (TROPONIN I, FAST-TWITCH ISOFORM) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 181 aa.	1E-92	11 (11p15.5)
749	cg36824552	230	AAGACGAGCCG AGGCTTCACCTA CC[A/G]CCTGCA CTTCTGGCTCG GAAAGGAG	A	G	His	Arg (1122)	CONSERVATI VE	struct	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q28046 ADSEVERIN (SCINDERIN) (SC) - BOS TAURUS (BOVINE), 715 aa.	4E-80	

750	cg42522566	377	CAACATCATGAA CCAGCTCAGCC AC[G/A]TAAACTT GATCCAACTTTA TGATGC	G	A	Val	Ile (1123)	CONSERVATI VE	struct	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P07313 MYOSIN LIGHT CHAIN KINASE, SKELETAL MUSCLE (EC 2.7.1.117) (MLCK) - ORYCTOLAGUS CUNICULUS (RABBIT), 607 aa.	6E-55	
751	cg42522566	509	GTACCACCTCA CTGAGTTGGAT GTG[G/A]TCTTG TTCACGAGGCA GATCTGTGA	G	A	Val	Ile (1124)	CONSERVATI VE	struct	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P07313 MYOSIN LIGHT CHAIN KINASE, SKELETAL MUSCLE (EC 2.7.1.117) (MLCK) - ORYCTOLAGUS CUNICULUS (RABBIT), 607 aa.	6E-55	
752	cg42489842	481	TGCAAGTGAATA TGCCAAATACTG CTT[A/C]AGAAATA TTAGGAGTTGCA GCTAC	T	A	Ser	Thr (1125)	CONSERVATI VE	tm7	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:Q02038 NEUROLYSIN PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.24.16) (NEUROTENSIN ENDOPEPTIDASE) (MITOCHONDRIAL OLIGOPEPTIDASE M) (MICROSOMAL ENDOPEPTIDASE) (MEP) (SOLUBLE ANGIOTENSIN- BINDING PROTEIN) (SABP) - SUS SCROFA (PIG), 704 aa.	7.3E-106	
753	cg43919398	2201	GTTAGTCTCTGT GGTGTGCTTATA A[T/C]CATTTGG GGTCCAACATTG ACATTT	T	C	Ile	Val (1126)	CONSERVATI VE	transcript factor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q14188 TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR DP-2 (E2F DIMERIZATION PARTNER 2) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 385 aa.	2.7E-202	3
754	cg20612302	300	ATGGAGGCGGC CCACATGGCGG CCA[C/G]CGCCA TCCTCAACCTGT CCACGCGC	C	G	Thr	Ser (1127)	CONSERVATI VE	transcript factor	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:O08996 MYELIN TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR 1-LIKE - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1182 aa.	1.7E-53	
755	cg44928196	1474	GGCTCTGTTCC ATGGGAAATTCA TA[G/A]ACACGG GTTTTCTTTAC CATTCTA	G	A	Asp	Asn (1128)	CONSERVATI VE	ubiquitin	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:G2827198 UBIQUITIN PROTEIN LIGASE - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 854 aa.	0	

756	cg43301812	3784	GGCTGGTCCTT CTCCATGGCTG GGATTCGCTCT GCTGCGCTTGG TTTTGCCCG	T	C	His	Arg (1129)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:Q93075 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN KIAA0218 - Homo sapiens (Human), 761 aa.	0.00E+00	3
757	cg43917191	2735	GCTTCTCTTTTC ACATTGTATGTA TTCCTCAGGTGT TCTTGCAACTCC AAAAACA	C	T	Asp	Asn (1130)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAAT4849 KIAA0826 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1236 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	4
758	cg43918356	2637	GCTCATGTGTCATC TTCATCTAGAAA C[G]A[CCCTCAC GGAATGGAATT GCTGCC	G	A	Ala	Val (1131)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75176 KIAA0692 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 783 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	12
759	cg43932090	1186	TCCTTTCAAGCT TTCTTTATGTTG TTTCTATTGTCT TCATTTCTTGA AGGTC	T	C	Lys	Arg (1132)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O00566 M PHASE PHOSPHOPROTEIN 10 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 672 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	
760	cg43950437	794	AGCCAGAGGCT GGTACCTAGAA CCA[G]CTGGAT GGTTCTTGGCT GATGGCGC	G	C	Thr	Ser (1133)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q15021 ORF - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1401 aa.	0.00E+00	12
761	cg42935995	743	GCCTCGCTCCC CGTCTGAGAGC CTC[A]G[CGCCC TCCAGCCAGCC GTCACCTGCT	A	G	Val	Ala (1134)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q12774 PROBABLE GUANINE NUCLEOTIDE REGULATORY PROTEIN TIM (ONCOGENE TIM) (P60 TIM) (TRANSFORMING IMMORTALIZED MAMMARY ONCOGENE) - Homo sapiens (Human), 519 aa.	1.00E-274	
762	cg43971614	2578	TCCATTGTAATC CAATCCCCCAT GG[A]G[CATAAG AAGAGTCTTTTC CATAAA	A	G	Val	Ala (1135)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13283 GAP SH3 BINDING PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 466 aa.	5.30E-253	5

763	cg43922856	1581	CTTGAAATTTC AGTCACCCCTATT G[A/G]CAACTAA GGATTCTGTTGCT TGAAGC	A	G	Val	Ala (1136)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P42167 THYMOPOIETINS BETA AND GAMMA (TP BETA AND TP GAMMA) - Homo sapiens (Human), 453 aa.	2.00E-237	12 (12q22)
764	cg43922856	1783	CCACTTGTCCT TCAGTCTCAGTT A[T/C]TCCAGCTT GAGAATAGCTCT GATTG	T	C	Ile	Val (1137)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P42167 THYMOPOIETINS BETA AND GAMMA (TP BETA AND TP GAMMA) - Homo sapiens (Human), 453 aa.	2.00E-237	12 (12q22)
765	cg43955639	282	GGCCGCGGG GGATAGCTGCC CAGG[C/G]TCAG GAGGCTCTTG GCTCCTGCCA	C	G	Ser	Thr (1138)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O15417 CAGL79 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 413 aa (fragment).	2.80E-215	
766	cg41022625	1121	CACGGCGTTCT GGATCGTCTTCT CC[A/G]TCATTC ACATCATCGCCA CCCTGCT	A	G	Ile	Val (1139)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD34036 CGI-40 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 845 aa.	2.00E-207	11
767	cg43119894	1960	TGAGCATAGCT CTGAGCTCTCTT TA[C/T]ACGGTC AGGGTCCACAT AATGCATT	C	T	Val	Ile (1140)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:CAA75235 LACTOSYL CERAMIDE ALPHA-2,3- SIALYLTRANSFERASE (EC 2.4.99.9) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 387 aa.	2.30E-190	2
768	cg43303845	1109	AGAACGAGAGA GGCTGGAGAGA CTG[C/G]AACGG GAGAGGCAAGA AAGGGAGCG	C	G	Gln	Glu (1141)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O93263 AVENA - GALLUS GALLUS (CHICKEN), 550 aa.	1.90E-138	
769	cg44927166	531	GTCCTTGTCTC CCAATCCCTTTG G[C/T]GTTCTCG TTCCTTATCCCT TTCCTCT	C	T	Arg	His (1142)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA74876 KIAA0853 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 967 aa (fragment).	3.70E-133	13

770	cg38059286	473	AGCTGTATAGCT CCAGTGGTCCT GA[G/T]CTCCGC CGCTCCCTCTTC TCACTGA	G	T	Glu	Asp (1143)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD39906 FH1/FH2 DOMAIN-CONTAINING PROTEIN FHOS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1164 aa.	4.00E-129	
771	cg29351416	333	CTGCCCAAGCCA GCCCATCCCC TGA[G/T]GACCT GGCTTGTCAT GGGCACCA	G	T	Glu	Asp (1144)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q03626 ALPHA-1- INHIBITOR III PRECURSOR, ISOFORM 2 (RAT PLASMA PROTEINASE INHIBITOR ALPHA-1- INHIBITOR III GROUP 3 VARIANT 36A) (ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITOR 3, EXONS 1-4) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 1487 aa.	3.20E-127	
772	cg43960639	987	CCATGTCTGGG AGAATGGGAGC CTC[A/C]TCGCC CACTTGAAAGTC AAAGTAGA	A	C	Asp	Glu (1145)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB40416 P24B PROTEIN PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 217 aa.	9.00E-111	
773	cg43325007	1098	GTGGATATATGT GGCCTGCAGTA TG[G/A]CCACCA GCTTCTCCTGG AGGCTGCC	G	A	Ala	Val (1146)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD43195 PEROXISOMAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN PMP 24 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 212 aa.	4.80E-110	20
774	cg42907145	853	GCCACCTCCCA TAACCTTCTCAG CA[G/A]CATAGA CTGACTTGCCA CATCGAGG	G	A	Ala	Val (1147)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ACC:P50461 LIM DOMAIN PROTEIN, CARDIAC (MUSCLE LIM PROTEIN) (CYSTEINE-RICH PROTEIN 3) (CRP3) (LIM-ONLY PROTEIN 4) - Homo sapiens (Human), 194 aa.	1.10E-108	11
775	cg43972159	1374	AAGCCATTAGGT TCTCGGGCTGC TG[A/T]ACTGTTC GATTTGACTTT TCCTTC	A	T	Ser	Thr (1148)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q13845 BCL7B PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 202 aa.	2.60E-102	7 (12q24.1)

776	cg39512856	508	CCAGGGCTGTG CGTTCCACTTCT GAT/AJATTCCC CTCCCGGCGAT AACCAGGT	T	A	Tyr	Phe (1149)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P03740 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ORF194 - Bacteriophage lambda, 194 aa.	1.20E-98	
777	cg28461713	584	TCTGCAAAATTG CTCCTGGGCAT GG[G/A]CAGCTT GCAGCTGAAGT TGGTTGTA	G	A	Ala	Val (1150)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P47710 ALPHA-S1 CASEIN PRECURSOR - Homo sapiens (Human), 185 aa.	5.90E-96	4 (4q21.1)
778	cg43969092	361	CGGCGCCCGTC ATCACGGATGT GCA[C/A]GTCCC CGTCGGTCAGC AGCAGCACA	C	A	Val	Leu (1151)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA74913 KIAA0890 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1194 aa.	6.30E-89	
779	cg42688841	487	GCGTCATAGTAT AAAGAAGGCTT GA[C/T]GACAAA CAGTCTCTTGCC ATGGTCC	C	T	Val	Ile (1152)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:Q02380 NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE SGD SUBUNIT PRECURSOR (EC 1.6.5.3) (EC 1.6.99.3) (COMPLEX I-SGDH) (CI-SGDH) - Bos taurus (Bovine), 189 aa.	1.90E-83	
780	cg39523553	603	GACGCGTTGGT TCCCGACGAAG ACG[C/T]CCGAG CGGCCAAGTGG GCGGTGGCG	C	T	Ala	Val (1153)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB40855 PUTATIVE ADENINE GLYCOSYLASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 308 aa.	7.20E-75	
781	cg39523553	819	ATGGACGTGGT GCGCAACAGCC CTC[A/G]CGGAG TGAAGGTCCAG ATGGCTCTT	A	G	His	Arg (1154)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB40855 PUTATIVE ADENINE GLYCOSYLASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 308 aa.	7.20E-75	

782	cg39523553	857	CCAGATGGCTC TTTCCGCCTGG CCC[G/C]AGCTC GATCAGGCATC AAGGTGCCT	G	C	Glu	Gln (1155)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB40855 PUTATIVE ADENINE GLYCOSYLASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 308 aa.	7.20E-75	
783	cg35933325	274	AACCACAGAGA ATACAGTGACAA CAJA/TJAGAAAC AAATGACCAAA TGCCACT	A	T	Phe	Tyr (1156)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA74845 KIAA0822 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1581 aa.	2.40E-74	
784	cg41677120	544	GTTGTTTAACCT AAGCAATTTTT G[G/A]ATAAAAG TGGATTGCAAG GATATGA	G	A	Asp	Asn (1157)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13492 CALM (TYPE I CALM PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 652 aa.	1.10E-71	11
785	cg43951096	2850	AACATCAACAAT CGTTATTGGGTC TT[C/T]ATTTTTG CTAGAAGAAAGTA TCTGG	T	C	Lys	Arg (1158)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q23382 ZK1058.4 - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 442 aa.	2.00E-71	17
786	cg42696021	444	GCTGTGCCGCC TTCACAATGAAG TG[A/G]ACCGGA AGCTGGGCAAG CCTGATTT	A	G	Asn	Asp (1159)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P55789 AUGMENTER OF LIVER REGENERATION (HERV1 PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 125 aa.	1.40E-69	
787	cg34243633	447	GCTGGCACCGA CATAAGAACTTG TT[T/C]TCCAGCT GGGAGCAGCA TGGCAAC	T	C	Lys	Arg (1160)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O88552 CLAUDIN-2 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 230 aa.	1.30E-68	
788	cg34243633	472	TCCAGCTGGG GAGCAGCATGG CAA[C/T]CAGTG TGCCCAAAAGC CCCAGAAAG	C	T	Val	Ile (1161)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O88552 CLAUDIN-2 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 230 aa.	1.30E-68	

789	cg43942922	268	GTCCTCTGTCAA GACCCCTGAAA CA[G/A]TTGTCC CCACAGCCCT GAGCTCCA	G	A	Val	Ile (1162)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14676 KIAA0170 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 2089 aa.	2.30E-68	
790	cg43942922	310	TGAGCTCCAGC CTTCCACCTCCA CA[G/A]ACCAGC CTGTACCTCTG AGCCAC	G	A	Asp	Asn (1163)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14676 KIAA0170 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 2089 aa.	2.30E-68	
791	cg44938009	1139	TTCTGTCAATGT GGTCCGTGCCA TG[A/G]TTGATAA CTGGGATGTCC TCTTCCA	A	G	Ile	Val (1164)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:O43182 RHO-GTPASE- ACTIVATING PROTEIN 6 (RHO- TYPE GTPASE-ACTIVATING PROTEIN RHOGAPX-1) - Homo sapiens (Human), 587 aa.	5.80E-66	X
792	cg39516123	631	AGCCCTCAGGC GCGCCACAGAA CAG[T/G]GGGCA CCAACACTCCC CCTAGTCCT	T	G	Val	Gly (1165)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q04205 TENSIN - Gallus gallus (Chicken), 1744 aa.	5.10E-62	
793	cg44921974	279	GATTATGTCGCC GTTGAGTTCGG TC[A/G]CAGACT TGATGTTTTGA AAGTTGT	A	G	Val	Ala (1166)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P07148 FATTY ACID-BINDING PROTEIN, LIVER (L-FABP) - Homo sapiens (Human), 127 aa.	1.6E-61	2 (4q28)
794	cg42731307	497	AAGGCATTGAT GATCCGGTCCC CCA[G/C]TGGGT TGATGGCAAGTT CTGGAATC	G	C	Leu	Val (1167)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q99653 CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN P22 (CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN CHP) - Homo sapiens (Human), 194 aa.	2.60E-61	
795	cg42731307	534	CAAGTTCTGGA TCTCTGGAAT C[T/G]TCCCGGC TGAGAGTCCCA TTCTCTC	T	G	Glu	Asp (1168)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q99653 CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN P22 (CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN CHP) - Homo sapiens (Human), 194 aa.	2.60E-61	

796	cg44015614	1330	TCCACAACCTCT TCTGATGAGATG TTTCCTCCATTT CCATGTGTTTGT CCAAG	T	C	Asn	Asp (1169)	CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P91343 HYPOTHETICAL 49.0 KD TRP-ASP REPEATS CONTAINING PROTEIN F55F8.5 IN CHROMOSOME I - Caenorhabditis elegans, 439 aa.	3.30E-54	
797	cg43298242	143	GATCTGTTGGC AGGGCTCACAG AGA[C/T]GGGG TGAGGGGAGAG ATCGTGGGT	C	T	Val	Ile (1170)	CONSERVATI VE	water_ch annel	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:O14520 AQUAPORIN-7 LIKE (AQUAPORIN ADIPOSE) (AQPAP) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 342 aa.	1.3E-163	
798	cg43299610	842	CTCCCAAGTGCC CGCCCGACTAC CAC[C/T]ACATC CACACCGAGAT CTCCCGGGA	C	T	His	Tyr (1171)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	ATPase_ associat ed	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P39986 PROBABLE CALCIUM-TRANSPORTING ATPASE 6 (EC 3.6.1.38) - SACCHAROMYCES CEREVISIAE (BAKER'S YEAST), 1215 aa.	1.40E-109	
799	cg42532480	564	TTTCCTGAATGA ATGTTAAAGATT C[T/A]GTCAAGG TCAGTATGGCG ATCCAAG	T	A	Arg	End (1172)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	cadherin	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P79995 CADHERIN- 10 PRECURSOR - GALLUS GALLUS (CHICKEN), 789 aa.[pcls:SPTREMBL- ID:P79995 CADHERIN-10 - GALLUS GALLUS (CHICKEN), 789 aa.	6.00E-115	
800	cg42926989	259	GCAATGAGCTG CTGGCAGCACCA AAG[G/T]CTTATC GCACCAAGGAAA GATGCAGC	G	T	Ala	Asp (1173)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	cathepsi n	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P08311 CATHEPSIN G PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.20) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 255 aa.	1.7E-136 (14q11.2)	14
801	cg43991318	2521	TGGTCCGGGAA TACCTGGTGA CCC[T/G]GCGGG CCCGGCTGCCA GGAGCTGCC	T	G	Cys	Gly (1174)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	collagen	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q07092 COLLAGEN ALPHA 1(XVI) CHAIN PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1603 aa.	1.3E-73 1 (1p34)	

802	cg43920512	1467	AATCAAAGTAT CATGGTGTTC CTC/CCTCAAC CCACCAGAGAC ACTAAAT	T	C	Leu	Pro (1175)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	cyclin	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P20248 G2/MITOTIC-SPECIFIC CYCLIN A - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 432 aa.	4.1E-231	4 (4q27)
803	cg43063374	1763	AGAGATTGAAC GTGTGGTTGGC AGA[A/C]ACCGG AGCCCCTGCA GCAGGACAG	A	C	Asn	His (1176)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	cyto450	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:P33259 CYTOCHROME P450 2C17 (EC 1.14.14.1) (CYPIIC17) (P450-254C) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 468 aa. pcls:SWISSPROT-ID:P33259 CYTOCHROME P450 IIC17 (EC 1.14.14.1) (P450-254C) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 468 aa.	3.2E-254	10 (10q24.1)
804	cg21416244	360	GGGTGAACGT CTATCCACCATT ATC/TATCTATT CAGGCACATTC AGGACCT	C	T	Ser	Leu (1177)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	cytochrome	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P98001 CYTOCHROME C OXIDASE POLYPEPTIDE I (EC 1.9.3.1) - SACCCHAROMYCES DOUGLASII (YEAST), 534 aa.	5.5E-69	
805	cg44017721	217	AGATAGGAGTT GAAGGTGCAGA GGG[C/T]CACGC TGGGCAGCGCC AGCACGAAG	C	T	Ala	Thr (1178)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	cytochrome	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:O00761 CYTOCHROME OXIDASE SUBUNIT VIA HEART ISOFORM PRECURSOR (EC 1.9.3.1) (CYTOCHROME-C OXIDASE) (CYTOCHROME A(3)) (CYTOCHROME AA(3)) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 97 aa.	2.4E-52	22
806	cg43275625	1105	TGGTACTCCTTT GCCGCCAGCTT GGJ[A/G]JCTCATG GTACACGTTGG GTTTGGA	A	G	Ser	Pro (1179)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	deaminase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:O00465 DSRNA ADENOSINE DEAMINASE DRADA2C - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 714 aa.	0	21

807	cg43312829	1402	TAGTGAATACT CCAATCAAAGAC A[A/G]CAGGACT CCATGTAACTGA ATATGA	A	G	Thr	Ala (1180)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	dehydrogenase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16134 ELECTRON TRANSFER FLAVOPROTEIN-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE PRECURSOR (EC 1.5.5.1) (ETF-QO) (ETF- UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE) (ETF DEHYDROGENASE) (ELECTRON-TRANSFERRING- FLAVOPROTEIN DEHYDROGENASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 617 aa.	0	4
808	cg43959136	1144	TGGGCCAACAA GCTTGAGTGCG ATC[C/T]GGTCT GCAATGATGGA GGAATTGCC	C	T	Arg	Gln (1181)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	dehydrogenase	Human Gene SWISSPROT-ID:P11586 C-1-TETRAHYDROFOLATE SYNTHASE, CYTOPLASMIC (C1- THF SYNTHASE) (METHYLENETETRAHYDROFOLAT E DEHYDROGENASE (EC 1.5.1.5) / METHENYL-TETRAHYDROFOLATE CYCLOHYDROLASE (EC 3.5.4.9) / FORMYL-TETRAHYDROFOLATE SYNTHETASE (EC 6.3.4.3)) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 934 aa. pcds:SWISSPROT-ID:P11586 C-1- TETRAHYDROFOLATE SYNTHASE, CYTOPLASMIC (METHYLENETETRAHYDROFOLAT E DEHYDROGENASE (EC 1.5.1.5) / METHENYL-TETRAHYDROFOLATE CYCLOHYDROLASE (EC 3.5.4.9) / FORMYL-TETRAHYDROFOLATE SYNTHETASE (EC 6.3.4.3)) (C1-THF SYNTHASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 934 aa.	0	14

815	cg39709402	57	GATGCTGGAGG ACTTCAAGAAAG AC[A/G]TGAAGA ACTCCCTTAGAG AAACACA	A	G	Met	Val (1188)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	dna_rna _bind	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:O08872 PUTATIVE RNA BINDING PROTEIN 1 - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 362 aa (fragment).	3.20E-57	
816	cg39709402	76	AAAGACATGAA GAACTCCCTTAG AG[A/G]AACACA GGAACACATTAA TAAACAA	A	G	Glu	Gly (1189)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	dna_rna _bind	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:O08872 PUTATIVE RNA BINDING PROTEIN 1 - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 362 aa (fragment).	3.20E-57	
817	cg39709402	94	CTTAGAGAAACA CAGGAAAACATT A[A/G]TAAACAA GTAGAAAGCCTA CAGAGAG	A	G	Asn	Ser (1190)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	dna_rna _bind	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:O08872 PUTATIVE RNA BINDING PROTEIN 1 - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 362 aa (fragment).	3.20E-57	
818	cg39709402	96	TAGAGAAACACA GGAAAACATTAA T[A/G]AACAAAGT AGAAGCCTACA GAGAGGA	A	G	Lys	Glu (1191)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	dna_rna _bind	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:O08872 PUTATIVE RNA BINDING PROTEIN 1 - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 362 aa (fragment).	3.20E-57	16
819	cg43950268	1949	TTTGCTATGTCC TCCTTGACCTCC T[G/A]CTCGGTG GCGGTCACAAT GCCCTCC	G	A	Gln	End (1192)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	eph	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:G2865466 HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 75 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 649 aa.	0.00E+00	
820	cg43985169	540	AAGACGAATGG GTGGTGGTAGA GATT[C]CTGAA GAAATGGAATA GATGGTGA	T	C	Ser	Pro (1193)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	eph	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P25685 DNAJ PROTEIN HOMOLOG 1 (HDJ-1) (HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 40) (HSP40) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 340 aa.	2.40E-123	
821	cg43997616	2250	AAAGCCAGCGG AGCCGTAAGCA TCAIT/CJACTGCT TCCTCTTCACCT CATCACT	T	C	Tyr	Cys (1194)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	eph	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:G2735762 HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN DNAJ - LEPTOSPIRA INTERROGANS, 369 aa.	1.40E-55	

822	cg43319420	992	CACGACAACCTA CAGAAACAACC CCTT/CJCCACA ACTCCGGCAC TGCTTCTGC	T	C	Phe	Ser (1195)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	esterase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q23917 3',5'-CYCLIC- NUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHODIESTERASE REGA (EC 3.1.4.17) (PDEASE REGA) - DICTYOSTELIUM DISCOIDEUM (SLIME MOLD), 793 aa. pcls:SWISSPROT-ID:Q23917 3',5'- CYCLIC-NUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHODIESTERASE REGA (EC 3.1.4.17) (PDEASE REGA) - DICTYOSTELIUM DISCOIDEUM (SLIME MOLD), 793 aa.	3.30E-60	21
823	cg44034764	382	GAGGTCCAGGC TGGGCAGGACA GTC/T/CJCCCCA TGGTGCCGTAA CAGCCTCTT	T	C	Glu	Gly (1196)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	glycoprotein	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P23276 KELL BLOOD GROUP GLYCOPROTEIN (EC 3.4.24.-) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 732 aa.	0.00E+00	7 (Xp21.2)
824	cg43991224	217	TCTCATCTGTCT ACCTACAGCCT GGT/AJTTGGGT CATGGCAGCAG TGGTGCTG	T	A	Val	Asp (1197)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	glycoprotein	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P41217 OX-2 MEMBRANE GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 274 aa (fragment).	1.50E-139	
825	cg44018623	1824	TACCATCTCTGT TTTTACCACTGG T[G/A]GCTCTGA ACAACAAATAAT TTGTGG	G	A	Pro	Leu (1198)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	glycoprotein	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q14245 ERYTHROID MEMBRANE PROTEIN 4.1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 641 aa.	1.90E-114	6
826	cg38924741	598	AAAGAGGAGAA TGGTGACTTTGC CTT/CJATTCAGA GTGGAACGAGC TGAAAGG	T	C	Leu	Ser (1199)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	glycoprotein	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P04196 HISTIDINE-RICH GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR (HISTIDINE-PROLINE RICH GLYCOPROTEIN) (HPRG) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 525 aa.	3.30E-55	

827	cg43322513	13082	TTCCTGTTCTTC ACATGGTGAGC CC[C/T]GCCCTG CTGTCTGCTTGC ATTCGGG	C	T	Arg	Gln (1200)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	glycoprotein	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P13983 EXTENSIN PRECURSOR (CELL WALL HYDROXYPROLINE- RICH GLYCOPROTEIN) - NICOTIANA TABACUM (COMMON TOBACCO), 620 aa.	3.30E-54	12
828	cg44913214	2306	GAACACAAACAAA GAAAAAACAGA GT[C/T]TGGGAC TCATCCAAAAGG GACGAGA	C	T	Ser	Phe (1201)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	helicase	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:G2801555 PUTATIVE ATP- DEPENDENT MITOCHONDRIAL RNA HELICASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 786 aa.	0.00E+00	10
829	cg39529972	278	TGGCCTCGAC ATCATCCCTGA CG[A/G]GGACTT AAAGGGTAGCA ATTCGTAT	A	G	Ser	Pro (1202)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	hydrolase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q01477 UBIQUITIN CARBOXYL- TERMINAL HYDROLASE 3 (EC 3.1.2.15) (UBIQUITIN- THIOLESTERASE 3) (UBIQUITIN- SPECIFIC PROCESSING PROTEASE 3) (DEUBIQUITINATING ENZYME 3) - SACCCHAROMYCES CEREVISIAE (BAKER'S YEAST), 912 aa.	1.00E-52	
830	cg43925670	2309	TAGTTTGCCCAA ACCAGCATCAC CT[C/G]GGAAC TTTCTTCCATCA AGTCAGC	C	G	Arg	Pro (1203)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa. pcds:SP TREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1

831	cg43925670	2369	TTTGTCACTC TTCTCTCATTT T[A/G]AATTAAAGT TTTAAATCGTTG CTCAG	A	G	Leu	Ser (1204)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.pcls:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
832	cg43925670	2458	CCTCTAATCCTT TTAGTAGAACAA T[G/T]TCTTGTA TTTTTTTCCCAT CTTTA	G	T	Asn	Lys (1205)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.pcls:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1
833	cg43925670	2467	CTTTTAGTAGAA CAATGTTCTTGT A[T/G]TTTTTTCC CATCTTTACAGA CATAA	T	G	Lys	Asn (1206)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	interferon	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16666 GAMMA-INTERFERON- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IFI-16 (INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa.pcls:SPTREMBL-ID:Q16666 IFI16=INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 729 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	1

834	cg43331742	845	TCCTCGAGGTG CTTCCACAGA CTC[G/A]ATTTCT GAGTTTCCACA GAAAAGA	G	A	Ser	Leu (1207)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	isomerase	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:P70473 2- ARYLPROPIONYL-COA EPIMERASE (EC 5.-.-.) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 361 aa.	5.60E-131	
835	cg43253796	1812	GAAATGGATCTT ATTGGACTTTG C[G/T]ACAAGAC TGCCGAGAGAT TTTCCCA	G	T	Arg	Leu (1208)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	kinase	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:P42338 PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL 3- KINASE CATALYTIC SUBUNIT, BETA ISOFORM (EC 2.7.1.137) (PI3- KINASE P110 SUBUNIT BETA) (PTDINS-3-KINASE P110) (PI3K) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1070 aa. pcds:SWISSPROT-ID:P42338 PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL 3- KINASE CATALYTIC SUBUNIT, BETA ISOFORM (EC 2.7.1.137) (PI3- KINASE P110 SUBUNIT BETA) (PTDINS-3-KINASE P110) (PI3K) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1070 aa.	0.00E+00	
836	cg43257400	2094	GACATCAGCAT GGCTGCCCCCG ACTT[C]CAGCA GAACATGATCAT TCTCTGAC	T	C	Ser	Pro (1209)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	kinase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q60680 CONSERVED HELIX-LOOP-HELIX UBIQUITOUS KINASE - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 745 aa.	0.00E+00	10
837	cg43974480	686	TCACGGACTTTG GACTGTCCAAA T[G/T]GGCCTCA TGAGCCTGACA ACGAACT	G	T	Met	Ile (1210)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	kinase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:O00114 HYPOTHETICAL HUMAN SERINE- THREONINE PROTEIN KINASE R31240_1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1237 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	
838	cg43922705	4337	CAAACCGGCTTT CTCCATGGTGC CC[T/C]GCCAAA CCCTGGAGTTC CCAGGCTG	T	C	Gln	Arg (1211)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	kinase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P27987 1D-MYO-INOSITOL- TRISPHOSPHATE 3-KINASE B (EC 2.7.1.127) (INOSITOL 1,4,5- TRISPHOSPHATE 3-KINASE) (IP3K) (IP3 3-KINASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 505 aa (fragment).	3.80E-279	1 (1q41)

839	cg38438124	1460	TGCAAAAACTGT TAAACATGGCG CT[G/C]GCGCGG AGATCTCCACC GTGAACCC	G	C	Gly	Arg (1212)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	kinase	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:O70172 PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL-4- PHOSPHATE 5-KINASE TYPE II ALPHA (EC 2.7.1.68) (PIP5KII- ALPHA) (1- PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL-4- PHOSPHATE KINASE) (PTDINS(4)P- 5-KINASE B ISOFORM) (DIPHOSPHOINOSITIDE KINASE) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 405 aa.	2.80E-216	10
840	cg42703622	385	GTATGCAGCAA CAAGAGCAACT CTG[A/G]AGAAG GAATTGGAGG TGGCCACAT	A	G	Lys	Glu (1213)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	kinase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q12792 PROTEIN TYROSINE KINASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 350 aa.	3.00E-187	12
841	cg42703622	395	ACAAGAGCAAC TCTGAAGAAGG AAT[T/C]TGGAG GTGCCACATT AAAGATGAA	T	C	Phe	Ser (1214)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	kinase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q12792 PROTEIN TYROSINE KINASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 350 aa.	3.00E-187	12
842	cg41501665	96	GAGTACACCAT CAAGTCGCACT CCA[G/A]CTTGC CGCCCAACAAC AGCTACGCC	G	A	Ser	Asn (1215)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	kinase	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:D1025880 ZIP- KINASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 454 aa.	2.70E-76	
843	cg25143358	457	GCTTTATGGTA TCGACATCCAAT G[C/T]GTCGATG TCCTCCACAACC TCCACG	C	T	Ala	Thr (1216)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	kinase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P46546 GLUTAMATE 5-KINASE (EC 2.7.2.11) (GAMMA-GLUTAMYL KINASE) (GK) - CORYNEBACTERIUM GLUTAMICUM, 369 aa.	2.70E-51	
844	cg29023997	179	TGCATGGTTTCC ATTTCATCTG G[A/G]TGGGATG GAGCACCATGT GCGCACC	A	G	Asp	Gly (1217)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	kinasere ceptor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P36896 SERINE/THREONINE- PROTEIN KINASE RECEPTOR R2 PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.37) (SKR2) (ACTIVIN RECEPTOR-LIKE KINASE 4) (ALK-4) (ACTR-IB) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 505 aa.	9.30E-280	12

845	cg43975720	3917	CATCCACCCAG CCCAAGATGAC CGG[A/C]CCTTT TACCAATTTGAG GCTGCGTG	A	C	Thr	Pro (1218)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	kinesin	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q12756 KINESIN-LIKE PROTEIN KIF1A (AXONAL TRANSPORTER OF SYNAPTIC VESICLES) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1690 aa.	0.00E+00	2
846	cg44013875	1710	GCCATGGAGAG GCTGCAGGAGA CAG[A/G]GAAGA TTATAGCTGAGC TGAAACGAG	A	G	Glu	Gly (1219)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	kinesin	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:Q43896 KINESIN-LIKE PROTEIN KIF1C - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1103 aa. lpcds:TREMBLNEW-ID:G2738149 KINESIN-LIKE MOTOR PROTEIN KIF1C - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1103 aa.	0.00E+00	
847	cg44009224	2806	TTTGGATCCTGA AAATGTTGTATT TTT[C/G]ATGTTGGA GGTTACCCACC TGATTT	T	C	Tyr	His (1220)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	laminin	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16787 LAMININ ALPHA-3 CHAIN PRECURSOR (EPILGRIN 170 KD SUBUNIT) (E170) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1713 aa.	0.00E+00	
848	cg42930646	1228	TGATGCGGATA GCGTATGGATG GAA[A/G]TGGAC GATGAGGAGGA CCTGCCTTC	A	G	Met	Val (1221)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	laminin	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P07221 CALSEQUESTIN, SKELETAL MUSCLE ISOFORM PRECURSOR (ASPARTACTIN) (LAMININ-BINDING PROTEIN) - ORYCTOLAGUS CUNICULUS (RABBIT), 395 aa.	1.80E-198	1
849	cg43935885	3745	CCAGACAGCAC CACTGGAACCC CTC[C/T]TAGCA GCGCACCCAGAC CCGAAGAAC	C	T	Pro	Leu (1222)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	MHC	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:P79457 MALE-SPECIFIC HISTOCOMPATIBILITY ANTIGEN H- YDB - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 1186 aa.	7.20E-173	
850	cg42928872	1807	GAGCTGCAGAG GAGGCTGGACC AGT[C/T]CATTG GGAAGCCCTCA CTGTTCATC	C	T	Ser	Phe (1223)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	misc_ch annel	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ID:G2465531 KIDNEY AND CARDIAC VOLTAGE DEPENDENT K+ CHANNEL - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 676 aa.	0.00E+00	11

851	cg44019843	929	GAGTGACCCGC CTCCCTGGTCC AAG[AT]ATGTG GAGTACACCTTC ACAGGGAT	A	T	Asn	Tyr (1224)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	misc_ch annel	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q15478 SODIUM CHANNEL ALPHA SUBUNIT - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1836 aa.	0.00E+00	17 (17q23.1)
852	cg44128805	1396	AGTGCACACAG TGAGCTCAGAG CTT[C/T]CCCC GAAACCGAAA GTTTCAACT	C	T	Glu	Lys (1225)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	nuclease	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P54278 PMS1 PROTEIN HOMOLOG 2 (DNA MISMATCH REPAIR PROTEIN PMS2) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 862 aa.	1.60E-76	7
853	cg38642684	304	TTTCTGATAATC ATTTAAGGTATG T[AT]AGTTGCTA GTATTTAATTTA ACCTT	A	T	Leu	End (1226)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	nuclease	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN [CONTAINS: REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE] - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa.lpcis:SWISSPROT-ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN (REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa.	2.60E-50	
854	cg38642684	417	CTTTTCAGGTG CAATGATTAAAC C[AT]CTTAACTG TGCAATCCCTTAT GACAG	A	T	Ser	Arg (1227)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	nuclease	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN [CONTAINS: REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE] - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa.lpcis:SWISSPROT-ID:P10266 RETROVIRUS-RELATED POL POLYPROTEIN (REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 874 aa.	2.60E-50	

855	cg44913844	1194	CCAGTTGGTAAA CTGGTCTTAAAC C[G/A]GAATCCA GTTAATTACTTT GCTGAG	A	Arg	Gln (1228)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	peroxidase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P04040 CATALASE (EC 1.11.1.6) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 527 aa.	2.70E-296	11 (11p13)
856	cg40084915	5005	TCTGCGGTCTG GGGAGATGAGG GCC[T/C]CAAAC AGCACCTGATAT TCATTGGG	C	Glu	Gly (1229)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	phosphatase	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:O00197 RECEPTOR PROTEIN TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE HPTP-J PRECURSOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1436 aa.	0.00E+00	1
857	cg42720088	214	AAAGCTCAGAG AGATCTGGGCT ATG[A/T]GCCAC TTGTCAGCTGG GAGGAAGCC	T	Glu	Val (1230)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	reductase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P22072 3 BETA- HYDROXYSTEROID DEHYDROGENASE/DELTA 5->4- ISOMERASE TYPE II (3BETA-HSD II) (3-BETA-HYDROXY-DELTA(5)- STEROID DEHYDROGENASE (EC 1.1.1.145) (3-BETA-HYDROXY-5- ENE STEROID DEHYDROGENASE) (PROGESTERONE REDUCTASE) / STEROID DELTA-ISOMERASE (EC 5.3.3.1) (DELTA-5-3-KETOSTEROID ISOMERASE)) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 372 aa.	2.40E-50	
858	cg43957486	1528	CGCTCCTGCAC CGCATCCGCGA CGC[A/T]GTCCT GCAACGACCTC TGCGAGCAC	T	Gln	Leu (1231)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	struct	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P07204 THROMBOMODULIN PRECURSOR (FETOMODULIN) (TM) (CD141 ANTIGEN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 575 aa.	0.00E+00	20 (20p11.2)
859	cg40148056	1462	CTCAGAGACCC CTAACAAACCCA GCA[G/C]CCACA GAGCGGAACAC TTAAGGATC	C	Gln	His (1232)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	struct	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q92777 SYNAPSIN IIB - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 478 aa.	2.90E-260	3 (3p)

860	cg43981852	473	CACCTCCTCCA GCTTCCCAGCC TCC[C]TCGGCT CTGGCCAGGCT GCCGCTGGG	C	T	Gly	Glu (1233)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	struct	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ID:Q92176 CORONIN- LIKE PROTEIN P57 - BOS TAURUS (BOVINE), 461 aa.	7.80E-113	
861	cg42522566	318	GCAGCCAAAGAT CATCAAAGTGAA GAA/GICGTAAA GGACCGGGAGG ATGTGAAG	A	G	Asn	Ser (1234)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	struct	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P07313 MYOSIN LIGHT CHAIN KINASE, SKELETAL MUSCLE (EC 2.7.1.117) (MLCK) - ORYCTOLAGUS CUNICULUS (RABBIT), 607 aa.	6.00E-55	
862	cg43297806	966	ATAGTAGCCAG GGACAAAGACAG CGG[T]CTCTGC AGGGAGCGTAG TGCCAGAGG	T	C	Asn	Ser (1235)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	sulfotran sferase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P52849 HEPARIN SULFATE N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE (EC 2.8.2.-) (N- HSST) (N-HEPARIN SULFATE SULFOTRANSFERASE) (GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883 aa.pcls:TREMBLNEW-ID:G2792518 HEPARAN GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE-2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883 aa.	0.00E+00	10

863	cg43297806	994	TGCAGGGAGCG TAGTGCCAGAG GGG[T/C]CTGGG AGGAGGCTGAA ATCACCTGA	T	C	Thr	Ala (1236)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	sulfotran sferase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P52849 HEPARIN SULFATE N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE (EC 2.8.2.-) (N- HSSST) (N-HEPARIN SULFATE SULFOTRANSFERASE) (GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883 aa.lpcIs:TREMBLNEW-ID:G2792518 HEPARAN GLUCOSAMINYL N- DEACETYLASE/N- SULFOTRANSFERASE-2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 883.aa	0.00E+00	10
864	cg43987111	1337	AGTAGTCTGCG TCTCCATAGAGT TT[C/A]CTCATGA CTGAGTTCCTGG TCTGGA	C	A	Arg	Ser (1237)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	synthase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P17812 CTP SYNTHASE (EC 6.3.4.2) (UTP--AMMONIA LIGASE) (CTP SYNTHETASE) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 591 aa.	0.00E+00	18 (1p34.1)
865	cg43976335	633	GAAATGCACTG GACCACTCGGG CAG[G/A]GCTGC CAGGCCGTAGC AGGCAATTC	G	A	Pro	Ser (1238)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	synthase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P48637 GLUTATHIONE SYNTHETASE (EC 6.3.2.3) (GLUTATHIONE SYNTHASE) (GSH SYNTHETASE) (GSH-S) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 474 aa.	5.30E-240 (20q11.2)	20
866	cg39515668	605	ACGCACGAACC GGTCATACTGG TCG[G/T]TGATC CAGGAACGGTC GCACAGCTG	G	T	Thr	Asn (1239)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	synthase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P54876 PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLYCI NAMIDINE SYNTHASE II (EC 6.3.5.3) (FGAM SYNTHASE II) - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 754 aa.	2.80E-72	
867	cg44027791	1261	GAAGCGCTTCT GACACTGGGCG CAC[T/C]CGAAG CGTTGTCCCTT GTGTGGGT	T	C	Glu	Gly (1240)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	transcript factor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q02086 TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SP2 (KIAA0048) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 606 aa.	0.00E+00	17

868	cg43992817	578	GAGGGGCCGCT GGAAGGTGACA CTG[C/T]GTTGG GGCCACGGAG GTGCCGCTG	C	T	Ala	Thr (1241)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	transcript factor	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ID:Q14469 TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR HES-1 (HAIRY AND ENHANCER OF SPLIT 1) (HAIRY- LIKE) (HHL) (HAIRY HOMOLOG) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 280 aa.	1.50E-144	3
869	cg43297259	816	TAAGTGTCTGAT GAGGTGTGACT TC[T/C]GGCTAA AGCCTTGCTCA CACTCCCT	T	C	Gln	Arg (1242)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	transcript factor	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:Q61751 RENAL TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR KID-1 (TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR 17) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 572 aa. pcsl:SWISSPROT- ID:Q61751 RENAL TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR KID-1 (TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR 17) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 572 aa.	7.80E-54	
870	cg42716761	1594	CGAGAAAGACCC TATACCATCACG TG[C/G]ACGGCT GCGACGTGTC CACCTCCG	C	G	His	Asp (1243)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	transcript factor	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:Q61079 SINGLE-MINDED HOMOLOG 2 (SIM TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR) (MSIM) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 657 aa. pcsl:SWISSPROT-ID:Q61079 SINGLE-MINDED HOMOLOG 2 (SIM TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR) (MSIM) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 657 aa.	5.7e-312	21
871	cg42166807	2828	AGAGCAATGGC TCTCTTCACTCC GT[G/A]GAAGTT GTCCTCTCAGAA GCTGGGC	G	A	Trp	End (1244)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	transferase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q09328 ALPHA-1,3(6)- MANNOSYLGLYCOPROTEIN BETA- 1,6-N-ACETYL- GLUCOSAMINYLTRANSFERASE V (EC 2.4.1.155) (ALPHA-MANNOSIDE BETA-1,6-N- ACETYLGLUCOSAMINYLTRANSFE RASE) (N-ACETYLGLUCOSAMINYL- TRANSFERASE V) (GNT-V) (GLCNAC-T V) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 741 aa.	0.00E+00	2 (2q21)

872	cg38869466	752	TTCACCTGTATT AACGTCCTGGT CC[T/C]GGGCTT CATAATGGTGTC AGGATTT	T	C	Leu	Pro (1245)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	transport	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P30825 HIGH-AFFINITY CATIONIC AMINO ACID TRANSPORTER-1 (CAT-1) (CAT1) (SYSTEM Y+ BASIC AMINO ACID TRANSPORTER) (ECOTROPIC RETROVIRAL LEUKEMIA RECEPTOR HOMOLOG) (ERR) (ECOTROPIC RETROVIRUS RECEPTOR HOMOLOG) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 629 aa.	0.00E+00	13
873	cg42742340	3392	CAGAGAGACGG TGTCATCAGCA TC[C/T]GGGCCT CCCTGCAGCAG ACCCAGGC	C	T	Arg	Trp (1246)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	transport	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q04671 P PROTEIN (MELANOCYTE-SPECIFIC TRANSPORTER PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 838 aa.	0.00E+00	15
874	cg43976701	513	TGGTATATCTGA ACTGAATCAGC CT[G/C]CTGAAC TTTTACCTCAGT TTTCTAG	G	C	Ala	Pro (1247)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	transport	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q15436 PROTEIN TRANSPORT PROTEIN SEC23 HOMOLOG ISOFORM A - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 765 aa.	0.00E+00	
875	cg43920728	2024	GTAAGTCTCATT GTAAAATTGTTG C[A/G]TGAGCAG TGCTGGGGAGT TGACAGC	A	G	Cys	Arg (1248)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	transport	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P22732 GLUCOSE TRANSPORTER TYPE 5, SMALL INTESTINE (FRUCTOSE TRANSPORTER) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 501 aa.	2.90E-237	1 (1p31)
876	cg43920728	2185	TGCTTGCTCTG GAAGGGCAGAG TG[C/T]GCTCA CCTCCTTTTAGC CAAAGTAA	C	T	Arg	Gln (1249)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	transport	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P22732 GLUCOSE TRANSPORTER TYPE 5, SMALL INTESTINE (FRUCTOSE TRANSPORTER) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 501 aa.	2.90E-237	1 (1p31)

877	cg42339179	450	TCCTCCACCAG GGTCATTTGCG GT[G/A]TTTAAAA GTTCCAGTGATC TCAATG	G	A	His	Tyr (1250)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	transport	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ID:Q60714 LONG- CHAIN FATTY ACID TRANSPORT PROTEIN (FATP) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 646 aa. pcis:SWISSPROT- ID:Q60714 LONG-CHAIN FATTY ACID TRANSPORT PROTEIN (FATP) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 646 aa.	1.90E-105	15
878	cg17663981	383	TGCACCTGCGA CCAAAAACCCT GCA[G/A]CTGCC CCAAAGGGGAT GTCAACTAC	G	A	Ser	Asn (1251)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:Q05329 GLUTAMATE DECARBOXYLASE, 65 KD ISOFORM (EC 4.1.1.15) (GAD-65) (65 KD GLUTAMIC ACID DECARBOXYLASE) - Homo sapiens (Human), 585 aa.	0.00E+00	10 (10p11.2 3)
879	cg43918356	1806	GCTCCCGTGCA CGGGGCTGTAG CGC[C/T]CAGGA CTGCCACAGGCC TGGCTTTGC	C	T	Gly	Glu (1252)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75176 KIAA0692 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 783 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	12
880	cg43924089	1080	ACCTCCTGGAG CAGTCCCTGGTG TTA[C/T]ATTCCC TGCCCTGGAG TTCCCACT	C	T	His	Tyr (1253)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAA31589 KIAA0614 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1630 aa (fragment).	0.00E+00	12
881	cg43930961	2459	TTCTCCGTA CACAGACGTTA GG[C/T]TACTGC TTTCGGCTTCAA TGGAAAC	C	T	Ser	Asn (1254)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAA20772 KIAA0313 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1499 aa.	0.00E+00	4
882	cg43966528	680	AACAACACATTC AGTACAGTGCA GC[A/G]TATCAG CAGGCCAAGTT AACCAATC	A	G	Met	Thr (1255)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O00237 HKF-1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 685 aa.	0.00E+00	

890	cg44002507	507	CGCAGGTCCTG GTGGGCCATGA ACA[C/T]GCGCA CGGGCACCAGG TTGGGCTCG	C	T	Val	Met (1263)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD21812 G9A - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1001 aa.	8.10E-298	
891	cg44128920	1086	GAGCAGCAGCG AAAACGGCTTCA AC[A/C]GCAGTT GGAAGAACGCA GTCGTGAA	A	C	Gln	Pro (1264)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O15184 CDC42-INTERACTING PROTEIN 4 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 545 aa.	1.00E-290	19
892	cg43968641	3315	TCATTCATCTCA GGGAACATATC AG[C/T]CAGAGA AATATACAAGAA CATTCTCT	C	T	Ala	Thr (1265)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q15043 MRNA (KIAA0062) FOR ORF (NOVEL PROTEIN), PARTIAL CDS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 531 aa (fragment).	2.00E-285	8
893	cg43934178	2180	ACAAAGTAGTG GAACTTCCCTTT GA[A/G]CACGTC CAGGGTGTGGC CCAGGACC	A	G	Phe	Leu (1266)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD29670 DNA TOPOISOMERASE III BETA - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 862 aa.	1.80E-274	
894	cg43934178	2596	CCAGGGCATGA CCTCCGTGAAG CCT[G/A]GTGAG AGGACGGTCTT CCCGGAGCA	G	A	Pro	Leu (1267)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD29670 DNA TOPOISOMERASE III BETA - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 862 aa.	1.80E-274	
895	cg43949042	378	GGACGTACATG AGGACGGCTAT TGG[C/A]TGTC GATGATGAGCG ACAGCCACA	C	A	Gln	His (1268)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75907 ACAT RELATED GENE PRODUCT 1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 488 aa.	6.10E-268	
896	cg43916582	2097	CCTTCATCTTTA TTCTGCTGCTCA G[T/G]ITCCATTT GTTCTCTCTTGAT TGCCT	T	G	Thr	Pro (1269)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75475 LENS EPITHELIUM- DERIVED GROWTH FACTOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 530 aa.	2.30E-259	

897	cg43258841	485	AACTCCATCCAC AAGTCCTTGCTG A[A/G]TAATCAAT CGCTGAGCCTC ATCTCT	A	G	Ile	Thr (1270)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q14449 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR-BOUND PROTEIN 14 (GRB14 ADAPTER PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 540 aa. Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13977 MAJOR YO PARANEOPLASTIC ANTIGEN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 509 aa (fragment).	2.70E-258	
898	cg43979679	619	GAGAAAGGAGCC CGGAAAGTGT GAC[C/T]AGGAG AAACCGGCACC CAGCTTTGC	C	T	Gln	End (1271)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13977 MAJOR YO PARANEOPLASTIC ANTIGEN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 509 aa (fragment).	5.60E-258	16 (16p13.1)
899	cg42202923	887	TACCCCAATGGT CTTCAGCCTCTG C[A/G]GCAGCTC CGATGAGGTCA GCTGCCG	A	G	Leu	Pro (1272)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75926 PROTEIN INHIBITOR OF ACTIVATED STAT PROTEIN PIASY - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 510 aa.	2.40E-256	
900	cg43320405	994	CCAGGCCCTCGA ATGGACAGCAC CTT[C/A]ATGATG GGTCTGTGGTG GCTCAGGC	C	A	Met	Ile (1273)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:CAB46424 DKFZP434G153 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 466 aa.	8.20E-245	
901	cg43917689	3689	TGACAACGCAG GCTCCAGGGGT TGT[G/A]GCTGA TCTTCTCAGAAC TCAAGCCA	G	A	His	Tyr (1274)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q92551 MYELOBLAST KIAA0263 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 441 aa.	3.50E-240	3
902	cg43922856	1546	GAGAATTCAGT GATTGGCAGAA TAG[G/A]AGATG CATGCTTGAAT TTCCAGTC	G	A	Pro	Ser (1275)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P42167 THYMOPOIETINS BETA AND GAMMA (TP BETA AND TP GAMMA) - Homo sapiens (Human), 453 aa.	2.00E-237	12 (12q22)
903	cg43922856	1608	AACTAAGGATTC GTTGCTTGAAG CC[A/T]TTATAGT TTCAGCTATGG GAGTACT	A	T	Met	Lys (1276)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P42167 THYMOPOIETINS BETA AND GAMMA (TP BETA AND TP GAMMA) - Homo sapiens (Human), 453 aa.	2.00E-237	12 (12q22)

911	cg43996402	684	CTTCTCCGGCT CCTTTCCTCCCT GC[C/A]GTGGCT TCTGCTGCTCC CCTCCCTT	C	A	Gly	Cys (1284)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q12804 RECEPTIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 451 aa.	2.60E-189	2
912	cg43984909	1268	CGAATATCAGCT GCATCCAGTGT CC[C/T]CAGACG AGAATACAAGC CAAGGCCT	C	T	Pro	Leu (1285)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q99963 PROTEIN CONTAINING SH3 DOMAIN, SH3GL3 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 347 aa.	1.70E-187	15
913	cg42910688	778	GACAGAGGACA TTCCCATAAATTT TG[G/T]TTGGCA ACAAAAGTGACT TAGTGCG	G	T	Val	Phe (1286)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P55040 GTP-BINDING PROTEIN GEM (GTP-BINDING MITOGEN-INDUCED T-CELL PROTEIN) (RAS-LIKE PROTEIN KIR) - Homo sapiens (Human), 296 aa.	7.70E-158	8
914	cg43950590	1351	AAGAACTCCTCC GACGGCTTCGT TAC[C/T]ATCCTG TCTGAAGCGGA TTGCACGA	C	T	Gly	Ser (1287)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75323 GBAS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 286 aa.	1.90E-154	7
915	cg44931503	945	TTTTAAAGAGTT CATATAATCATA G[A/G]GGTCTTC AAATACCGTTGT TCCTTC	A	G	Leu	Pro (1288)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:AAD34078 CGI-83 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 288 aa.	5.00E-154	
916	cg43303845	774	ACATTGCCTAGA CAAAACTCACAA C[T/C]ACCTGCT CAAGTTCAAAT GGCCCA	T	C	Leu	Pro (1289)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O93263 AVENA - GALLUS GALLUS (CHICKEN), 550 aa.	1.90E-138	
917	cg43973762	117	AGCTGAACAAC AGAAGTTGTGG AAT[G/T]AGGAG TTAAAATATGCC AGAGGCCAA	G	T	Glu	End (1290)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O14777 RETINOBLASTOMA-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN HEC - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 642 aa.	2.20E-137	

918	cg43973762	165	CAAAGAAGCGA TTGAACACAAAT TA[G/C]CAGAGT ATCACAAATTGG CTAGAAA	G	C	Ala	Pro (1291)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O14777 RETINOBLASTOMA-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN HEC - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 642 aa.	2.20E-137	
919	cg43973762	376	GCCCTAAATAAA AAAATGGGTTTG G[A/G]GGATACT TTAGAACAAATTG AATGCA	A	G	Glu	Gly (1292)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O14777 RETINOBLASTOMA-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN HEC - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 642 aa.	2.20E-137	
920	cg42910848	443	CCATGGTGCCA GGCCGTGCTCC CCA[G/C]GTGCC TCCGGGGTGCT GAAGATCTT	G	C	Pro	Arg (1293)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O14988 GTPASE- ACTIVATING PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 308 aa (fragment).	3.10E-132	
921	cg29351416	537	TTTCCCAAAAGT TCCAAAGTAGACA A[C/G]AGTAATC GCCTGTTACTG CAGCAGG	C	G	Asn	Lys (1294)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q03626 ALPHA-1- INHIBITOR III PRECURSOR, ISOFORM 2 (RAT PLASMA PROTEINASE INHIBITOR ALPHA-1- INHIBITOR III GROUP 3 VARIANT 36A) (ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITOR 3, EXONS 1-4) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 1487 aa.	3.20E-127	
922	cg29351416	574	GTTACTGCAGC AGGTCTCATTAC CA[G/T]ACATTC CTGGGAACTATA CCGTCAG	G	T	Asp	Tyr (1295)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q03626 ALPHA-1- INHIBITOR III PRECURSOR, ISOFORM 2 (RAT PLASMA PROTEINASE INHIBITOR ALPHA-1- INHIBITOR III GROUP 3 VARIANT 36A) (ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITOR 3, EXONS 1-4) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 1487 aa.	3.20E-127	
923	cg43938372	481	TGTTTCCCACT TAATTTATTTTT [C/T]CTGCTTGT CTTCTGTTTCA TCCT	C	T	Gly	Glu (1296)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD40376 PTD013 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 243 aa.	1.50E-123	

924	cg44930828	658	CCTCAAGGTTTC GCTGCCGAAGC TT[G/A]CCAACG TGCAGCTCCTG GATACCGA	G	A	Ala	Thr (1297)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	UNCLASSIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:Q29459 PLATELET-ACTIVATING FACTOR ACETYLHYDROLASE IB BETA SUBUNIT (EC 3.1.1.47) (PAF ACETYLHYDROLASE 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH BETA SUBUNIT) - Homo sapiens (Human), and Bos taurus (Bovine), 229 aa.	3.10E-122	
925	cg44930828	680	CTTGCCAAACGT GCAGCTCCTGG ATA[C/T]CGACG GGGGTTTGTG CACTCGGAC	C	T	Thr	Ile (1298)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	UNCLASSIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSNEW-ACC:Q29459 PLATELET-ACTIVATING FACTOR ACETYLHYDROLASE IB BETA SUBUNIT (EC 3.1.1.47) (PAF ACETYLHYDROLASE 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH 30 KD SUBUNIT) (PAF-AH BETA SUBUNIT) - Homo sapiens (Human), and Bos taurus (Bovine), 229 aa.	3.10E-122	
926	cg44035718	919	CTGGAGTACCA GGAAGAACTGA GGT[C/T]CCACT ACAAGGACATG CTCAGCGAA	C	T	Ser	Phe (1299)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	UNCLASSIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83010 KIAA1058 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1534 aa (fragment).	2.20E-121	2
927	cg44921277	571	TTGGCGCAACTT CCCCATCACCTT C[G/A]CCTGCTA TGCGGCCCTCT TCTGCCT	G	A	Ala	Thr (1300)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	UNCLASSIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ACC:Q35682 MYELOID UPREGULATED PROTEIN - Mus musculus (Mouse), 296 aa.	1.70E-120	
928	cg43250166	461	GCCGTGATTG CTCCAGTGCCA TCT[C/T]GTGCA GATGCTCATCTC GGCTCTCG	C	T	Glu	Lys (1301)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	UNCLASSIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB43382 HYPOTHETICAL 146.2 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1296 aa.	3.30E-102	2

929	cg39512856	344	CTTTTCCAGGC TTCAGCAACG AG[G/A]TTTCTTC CTTCGTTGCAAT TTCCAG	G	A	Thr	Ile (1302)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P03740 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ORF194 - Bacteriophage lambda, 194 aa.	1.20E-98	
930	cg39512856	517	GCCGTTCCACTT CTGATATCCCC TTC/TCCGGCGA TAACCAGGTAA ATTTC	C	T	Gly	Glu (1303)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P03740 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ORF194 - Bacteriophage lambda, 194 aa.	1.20E-98	
931	cg39512856	536	TCCCTCCCCG CGATAACCCAGG TAA[A/C]ATTTTC CGGTAACGGAC CGAGTTCA	A	C	Phe	Val (1304)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P03740 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ORF194 - Bacteriophage lambda, 194 aa.	1.20E-98	
932	cg39512856	638	TGGTCTTCAACG AGATGCCACGA TG[C/A]JCTCATC ACTGTTGAAAC AGCCACA	C	A	Ala	Ser (1305)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P03740 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ORF194 - Bacteriophage lambda, 194 aa.	1.20E-98	
933	cg39570960	851	GCCTCCAGGAA GTCGTTTGTGTT TG[A/G]GCTGAA CGAATGTGCGT CCAGCCGC	A	G	Glu	Gly (1306)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O14997 3-7 GENE PRODUCT - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 709 aa (fragment).	2.60E-93	
934	cg43980391	510	AGTAAATGGACA AGAATATCATCT T[C/T]AACTTGTA GACACAGCCGG GCAAGA	C	T	Gln	End (1307)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q15382 RAS-RELATED GTP- BINDING PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 184 aa.	2.10E-90	1
935	cg43983527	991	TTCTGGAAGGAT GGTGCACCCCTG GT[G/T]CGGCCG CCATTACTGCCA GAGTCTG	G	T	Cys	Phe (1308)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P47226 TESTIN 2 (TES2) [CONTAINS: TESTIN 1 (TES1)] - Mus musculus (Mouse), 423 aa.	6.50E-90	3 (11q23.3)

943	cg43918287	676	TAAACCAAGCCC AGCCGCCAACCC CCC[A/G]AAAGT TGGCTGCGAGTT ATATTAAT	A	G	Leu	Ser (1316)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:P87891 GAG PROTEIN - HUMAN ENDOGENOUS RETROVIRUS K, 426 aa (fragment).	7.30E-84	
944	cg43918287	693	CAACCCCAAA AGTTGGTCTGC AGTT/CJATATTA ATTGAGGTTGG ACCTGGG	T	C	Ile	Met (1317)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:P87891 GAG PROTEIN - HUMAN ENDOGENOUS RETROVIRUS K, 426 aa (fragment).	7.30E-84	
945	cg37027086	217	GAATCAGAACTA CAAGGATCAATT A/T/CJCCCAGCT CAATGTCAGGG TTCTTCA	T	C	Ser	Pro (1318)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA76824 KIAA0980 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1406 aa (fragment).	1.20E-83	
946	cg42688841	430	ATTATAACTGGG ATCCCAAGTCAAC A/T/AJAGGTTAG AATTTCAATTAAC CTCAAG	T	A	Met	Leu (1319)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:Q02380 NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE SGD SUBUNIT PRECURSOR (EC 1.6.5.3) (EC 1.6.99.3) (COMPLEX I-SGDH) (CI-SGDH) - Bos taurus (Bovine), 189 aa.	1.90E-83	
947	cg42688841	598	CCGAGCCTAGT GCCAGCGCGGC GGC[A/C]JAGACA GAGCTGTCAGA GCGGCGGACC	A	C	Cys	Gly (1320)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:Q02380 NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE SGD SUBUNIT PRECURSOR (EC 1.6.5.3) (EC 1.6.99.3) (COMPLEX I-SGDH) (CI-SGDH) - Bos taurus (Bovine), 189 aa.	1.90E-83	
948	cg40332814	339	ACTGCACAGGG ACCGAATCTCTG CC[T/CJ]CCCCGCT CTGCAGCCAGG TGCTCCAA	T	C	Glu	Gly (1321)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA74864 KIAA0841 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 641 aa (fragment).	3.10E-83	19
949	cg43920571	2059	GCGTTTTTCTCT CACGTCCTGCT GA[G/AJ]ATTACT GAGGAATATTGT GCTGGC	G	A	Ser	Phe (1322)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P34624 HYPOTHETICAL 63.5 KD PROTEIN ZK353.1 IN CHROMOSOME III - Caenorhabditis elegans, 548 aa.	3.50E-82	10

950	cg44024149	451	GGAAGCGCAC TCAGTTATGGCT TC[T/C]ACGGCT GCCACTGTGGC GTGGGTGG	T	C	Tyr	His (1323)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P14555 PHOSPHOLIPASE A2, MEMBRANE ASSOCIATED PRECURSOR (EC 3.1.1.4) (PHOSPHATIDYLCHOLINE 2- ACYLHYDROLASE) (GROUP II PHOSPHOLIPASE A2) - Homo sapiens (Human), 144 aa.	5.30E-79	1 (1p35)
951	cg43307245	156	GATATGATAGCT TGTCCTGAAACT G[A/G]GACTCCT GCCGTGATAAC GTGTGAC	A	G	Glu	Gly (1324)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O15488 GLYCOGENIN-2 ALPHA - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 501 aa.	1.00E-75	X
952	cg39523553	698	GTGTGAGGTCT GCCCGATCCGG GAT[G/A]GCTGC CGGTGGGTGAT CGACGGTAG	G	A	Gly	Ser (1325)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB40855 PUTATIVE ADENINE GLYCOSYLASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 308 aa.	7.20E-75	
953	cg39523553	861	ATGGCTCTTTCC GCCTGGCCCCGA GC[T/C]CGATCA GGCATCAAGGT GCCTGGAA	T	C	Leu	Pro (1326)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB40855 PUTATIVE ADENINE GLYCOSYLASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 308 aa.	7.20E-75	
954	cg35933325	312	ACCAAATGCCA CTATTTTTTCTC CC[A/C]TTGCCA AAAATGAAGGAA ATCACGT	A	C	Asn	Lys (1327)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA74845 KIAA0822 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1581 aa.	2.40E-74	
955	cg41677120	325	CACGACCCACG AGATCATGGGG CCC[A/G]AGAAA AAGCACCTGGA CTACTTAAT	A	G	Lys	Glu (1328)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13492 CALM (TYPE I CALM PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 652 aa.	1.10E-71	11

956	cg41677120	330	CCCACGAGATC ATGGGGCCCAA GAA/CJAAGCA CCTGGACTACTT AATTCAGT	A	C	Lys	Asn (1329)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13492 CALM (TYPE I CALM PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 652 aa.	1.10E-71	11
957	cg41677120	382	CACAAATGAGAT GAATGTGAACAT C[C/T]CACAGTT GGCAGACAGTT TAATTTGA	C	T	Pro	Ser (1330)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q13492 CALM (TYPE I CALM PROTEIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 652 aa.	1.10E-71	11
958	cg39648832	208	TGCAGCCTCGT CCTCCTCCTCTG GC[A/T]GGCTCT GCACACTCTGC TCCTGGTA	A	T	Leu	Gln (1331)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA76807 KIAA0963 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1366 aa.	3.20E-70	
959	cg42696021	412	GACACCCGCAC CCGGGCATGCT TCA[C/G]ACAGT GGCTGTGCCGC CTTCACAAT	C	G	Thr	Arg (1332)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P55789 AUGMENTER OF LIVER REGENERATION (HERV1 PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 125 aa.	1.40E-69	
960	cg42696021	421	ACCCGGGCATG CTTCACACAGTG GC[T/C]GTGCCG CCTTCACAATGA AGTGAAC	T	C	Leu	Pro (1333)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P55789 AUGMENTER OF LIVER REGENERATION (HERV1 PROTEIN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 125 aa.	1.40E-69	
961	cg34243633	269	CAGAGATAATG CAGGCCAGGGA GGA[G/C]ATTGC ACTGGATGTCA CCATCATGG	G	C	Ile	Met (1334)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O88552 CLAUDIN-2 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 230 aa.	1.30E-68	

968	cg44938009	1289	GAGTGCACGCA TAAAGATGGAA GAG[G/T]ATGCA CTACTTTCTGAT CCAGTGGA	G	T	Asp	Tyr (1341)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:O43182 RHO-GTPASE- ACTIVATING PROTEIN 6 (RHO- TYPE GTPASE-ACTIVATING PROTEIN RHOGAPX-1) - Homo sapiens (Human), 587 aa.	5.80E-66	X
969	cg43949821	287	ATTTTAATTCCT TCCTGTCTACG GC[G/A]GTTGGA CCTCCTGGCTC TCTGCTGT	G	A	Arg	Cys (1342)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD34394 NUCLEAR PORE COMPLEX INTERACTING PROTEIN NPIP - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 350 aa.	3.80E-62	
970	cg39516123	681	TGGCTTCGGCT GGCGGGCCATC AAT[C/T]CCAGC ATGGCTGCCCC CAGCAGTCC	C	T	Pro	Ser (1343)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q04205 TENSIN - Gallus gallus (Chicken), 1744 aa.	5.10E-62	
971	cg42731307	347	CGAAAAGCAAA GTGCAGTTTGT GC[T/C]TCGGCT GTTGAGTGGTT CGGGTCCA	T	C	Ser	Gly (1344)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q99653 CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN P22 (CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN CHP) - Homo sapiens (Human), 194 aa.	2.60E-61	
972	cg42731307	488	TCTGGAAGAA GGCATTGATGAT CC[G/A]GTCCCC CAGTGGGTTGA TGGCAAGT	G	A	Arg	Trp (1345)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q99653 CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN P22 (CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN CHP) - Homo sapiens (Human), 194 aa.	2.60E-61	
973	cg42731307	524	GGTTGATGGC AAGTTCTGGAAT CC[T/C]CTGGAA ATCTCCCGGCT GAGAGTC	T	C	Arg	Gly (1346)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q99653 CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN P22 (CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN CHP) - Homo sapiens (Human), 194 aa.	2.60E-61	
974	cg44910937	648	TGCCCTTGAAC AGGAATATGAAA A[G/T]AAACTCA GAGCCGAGTTA GTGGAAA	G	T	Lys	Asn (1347)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q20716 F53B7.3 - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 267 aa.	2.60E-61	3

975	cg43335624	149	TCGAAAGGAAG TGAGTGCAGAT GGG[A/G]AGACC ATCACTGTCACT TTCCTTAA	A	G	Lys	Glu (1348)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q62184 T-COMPLEX PROTEIN 10C (TCP-10) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 438 aa.	7.00E-61	
976	cg43277268	448	CGCTAATGCCA AGAAAGGAGATG GTG[C/A]GCTCC AAGCTGCCCAA CAGTGTGCT	C	A	Arg	Ser (1349)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD45423 EH DOMAIN-CONTAINING PROTEIN EHD1 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 534 aa.	3.90E-60	
977	cg44128084	724	CTTGACATCCAG CCAGACGGTTC AG[A/G]ATCAGC GGTCTGTGGT	A	G	Glu	Gly (1350)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O33196 HYPOTHETICAL 32.9 KD PROTEIN - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 307 aa.	1.70E-59	
978	cg30455661	322	TTCTCAAGTGGT TTGAAGTCAAC A[G/T]ATTTCAC AGAAGAAATCA GCCCTC	G	T	Gln	His (1351)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14185 DOCK180 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1865 aa.	5.20E-58	
979	cg42747615	31	TGTGATAAAAGT CACTTTCAGGC CA[T/C]TCACAG CGAATCTTCAGA CACTTT	T	C	Ile	Thr (1352)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q14693 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN KIAA0188 - Homo sapiens (Human), 899 aa (fragment).	1.60E-57	
980	cg43153425	276	ACAAATTACTAT GGGTTCTACTG AA[T/G]CTCGGG TTGACTACATGG GCTCAAG	T	G	Ser	Ala (1353)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA83061 KIAA1109 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1957 aa (fragment).	2.40E-57	
981	cg43968980	1093	TATTTCTGCTT CTCTAACAGCTG A[C/A]TGTGAATT GCTTCCTTGA CTGAAG	C	A	Ser	Ile (1354)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O60925 PREFOLDIN SUBUNIT 1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 122 aa.	2.50E-56	5

982	cg30384142	173	GATAGTGGTGT GTGGTGATGCG AGTATJAACCT GACGAATGGTT AGCTGAAAT	A	T	Lys	End (1355)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P44788 SUN PROTEIN (FMU PROTEIN) - Haemophilus influenzae, 451 aa.	5.30E-56	
983	cg43957773	445	GGGCTCACCGT AGAGCAACTGC AATC/AJGCTCT GGGCCTGGGCC TGGACAGGA	C	A	Asp	Tyr (1356)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O43914 DNAX ACTIVATION PROTEIN 12 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 113 aa.	3.30E-54	19
984	cg43931038	464	AGGGCAACTTG TGGGCAACCTG GTC/A/CJAGGAA ACCTTGACTTCT TCAAATTC	A	C	Leu	Trp (1357)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O46082 EG:63B12.2 PROTEIN - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 254 aa.	6.10E-54	11
985	cg43931038	588	CCTCCCCCCAT GCGATGCCCAA CAC/T/CJTTCG GAGTGATGGGC TTGAAAGGG	T	C	Ser	Gly (1358)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O46082 EG:63B12.2 PROTEIN - DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER (FRUIT FLY), 254 aa.	6.10E-54	11
986	cg43971060	686	CCCACCTCGTT CGTGCTCCAC CCT/CJCCCAG CTCCACCGCCT GGTCTTCAG	C	T	Pro	Ser (1359)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:P31639 SODIUM/GLUCOSE COTRANSPORTER 2 (NA+)/GLUCOSE COTRANSPORTER 2 (LOW AFFINITY SODIUM-GLUCOSE COTRANSPORTER) - Homo sapiens (Human), 672 aa.	4.20E-53	
987	cg44010070	541	TTCTCTGCCGG CACCTACCCGC GCC/T/GJGGAGG AGTACCGCCGG GGCATCTTA	T	G	Leu	Arg (1360)	NON- CONSERVATI VE	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:O35775 SYNCOLLIN (SIP9) - Rattus norvegicus (Rat), 145 aa.	6.40E-51	

988	cg43298242	145	TCTGTGGCAG GGCTCACAGAG ACG[G/A]GGGTG AGGGAGAGAT CGTGGGTTT	G	A	Pro	Leu (1361)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	water_ch annel	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:O14520 AQUAPORIN-7 LIKE (AQUAPORIN ADIPOSE) (AQPAP) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 342 aa.	1.30E-163	
989	cg43298242	163	AGAGACGGGG TGAGGGGAGAG ATC[G/A]TGGGT TCATGAGATCCC ATCTTGGG	G	A	Thr	Met (1362)	NON- CONSERVATIVE	water_ch annel	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:O14520 AQUAPORIN-7 LIKE (AQUAPORIN ADIPOSE) (AQPAP) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 342 aa.	1.30E-163	
990	cg43300636	440	CCACAGCCGCC ACGCCACCTC CCG[G/gap]CCC AGGCCAGGCC TATGCGCATCA	G	gap	Gly	Gly (1363)	FRAMESHIFT	ATPase_ associat ed	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q29466 VACUOLAR H+-ATPASE SUBUNIT (EC 3.6.1.34) (H(+)-TRANSPORTING ATP SYNTHASE) (H(+)- TRANSPORTING ATPASE) (MITOCHONDRIAL ATPASE) (CHLOROPLAST ATPASE) (COUPLING FACTORS (F(O), F(1) AND CF(1))) - BOS TAURUS (BOVINE), 838 aa.	1.70E-175	
991	cg43300636	446	CCGCCACGCC ACCTCCCGGCC CAG[G/gap]CCCA GGCCTATGCGC ATCACCATGG	G	gap	Gly	Gly (1364)	FRAMESHIFT	ATPase_ associat ed	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q29466 VACUOLAR H+-ATPASE SUBUNIT (EC 3.6.1.34) (H(+)-TRANSPORTING ATP SYNTHASE) (H(+)- TRANSPORTING ATPASE) (MITOCHONDRIAL ATPASE) (CHLOROPLAST ATPASE) (COUPLING FACTORS (F(O), F(1) AND CF(1))) - BOS TAURUS (BOVINE), 838 aa.	1.70E-175	
992	cg43250373	193	CTGTGGGGTTG ACCCAGAACAA AGC[A/gap]TTGC CAGAAACGTTA AGTATGGGA	A	gap	Leu	Cys (1365)	FRAMESHIFT	ATPase_ associat ed	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:G2921585 ECTO- ATPASE - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 495 aa.	1.40E-100	10 (10q24)

993	cg43132502	360	GGCCCCAGTGC AGTGGGTGGCA CCG[C/gap]CGA GGCTGCTGTTA CGGCTCATCTT	C	gap	Pro	Arg (1366)	FRAMESHIFT	ATPase_ associated	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:Q15332 GAMMA SUBUNIT OF SODIUM POTASSIUM ATPASE LIKE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 126 aa.	9.40E-58	11
994	cg42528468	284	GCTCCTGCCGTG GGAACAACCGG AAG[G/gap]TGTA TGAAGTGAACA ATGTGCAAGA	G	gap	Val	Cys (1367)	FRAMESHIFT	cadherin	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P05362 INTERCELLULAR ADHESION MOLECULE-1 PRECURSOR (ICAM-1) (MAJOR GROUP RHINOVIRUS RECEPTOR) (CD54) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 532 aa.	8.40E-78	19 (19p13.3)
995	cg43264626	1150	TTTGCCAGTTTT CTTCTTGAGTTG G[C/gap]CCTCCA GGCACCCACA GAGCTAAA	C	gap	Gly	Ala (1368)	FRAMESHIFT	cathepsi n	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P43235 CATHEPSIN K PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.22.38) (CATHEPSIN O) (CATHEPSIN X) (CATHEPSIN O2) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 329 aa.	4.10E-183	1
996	cg43132668	1893	CGATGCGTGCC AGGGTGATTCC GGA[G/gap]GCC CGCTGGTGTGT GAGGACCAAGC	G	gap	Gly	Ala (1369)	FRAMESHIFT	cathepsi n	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P98119 SALIVARY PLASMINOGEN ACTIVATOR ALPHA 1 PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.68) (DSPA ALPHA-1) - DESMODUS ROTUNDUS (VAMPIRE BAT), 477 aa.	3.90E-74	5 (5q33)
997	cg43132668	1894	GATGCGTGCCA GGGTGATTCCG GAG[G/gap]CCC GCTGGTGTGTG AGGACCAAGCT	G	gap	Gly	Ala (1370)	FRAMESHIFT	cathepsi n	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P98119 SALIVARY PLASMINOGEN ACTIVATOR ALPHA 1 PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.68) (DSPA ALPHA-1) - DESMODUS ROTUNDUS (VAMPIRE BAT), 477 aa.	3.90E-74	5 (5q33)
998	cg44924334	198	AAAGCTAATTGA GACCTATTTCTC C[A/gap]AAAACT ACCAAGACTATG AGTATCT	A	gap	Lys	Lys (1371)	FRAMESHIFT	glycoprot ein	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:Q13491 NEURONAL MEMBRANE GLYCOPROTEIN M6-B - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 283 aa (fragment).	5.60E-76	

999	cg43303165	2549	GGCCCCCACTA TCAGGGGCCCT GGC[C/gap]TCAA TCACTGAGACC ATCCAAGTCC	C	gap	Ser	Gln (1372)	FRAMESHIFT	histone	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P53973 HISTONE DEACETYLASE HDA1 - SACCCHAROMYCES CEREVISIAE (BAKER'S YEAST), 706 aa.	4.10E-70	X
1000	cg42489148	881	TGCGAGTGGAT GCGGAACCGGC GCA[G/gap]CAGT CCCTCGGCAGC CAAGTGAAAA	G	gap	Ser	Thr (1373)	FRAMESHIFT	homeobox	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:O00503 CAUDAL- TYPE HOMEODOMAIN PROTEIN 2 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 313 aa.	6.00E-118	13
1001	cg43929210	483	TCTGGCTCAGC ATGATGTTCCCT CT[G/gap]GCCTT CAGCCTGCCAC TAAAGAATG	G	gap	Ala	Ala (1374)	FRAMESHIFT	hydroxysteroid	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P51659 ESTRADIOL 17 BETA- DEHYDROGENASE 4 (EC 1.1.1.62) (17-BETA-HSD 4) (17-BETA- HYDROXYSTEROID DEHYDROGENASE 4) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 736 aa.	0.00E+00	5
1002	cg44004587	1811	GCTTATTTTCGG TGTTGAATAAGA A[G/gap]ACACTA AAAGCTCGATG CAATAATC	G	gap	Val	Val (1375)	FRAMESHIFT	isomerase	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ID:Q13907 HOMOLOG OF YEAST IPP ISOMERASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 228 aa.	3.00E-123	
1003	cg41501665	156	CGCTTCTCCAA GGTGCTGGAGG AGG[C/gap]GGC GGCCGCCGAGG AGGGCCTGCC	C	gap	Ala	Gly (1376)	FRAMESHIFT	kinase	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:D1025880 ZIP- KINASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 454 aa.	2.70E-76	
1004	cg41501665	184	CGGCCGCCGAG GAGGGCCTGCG CGA[G/gap]CTGC AGCGCAGCCGG CGGCTCTGCC	G	gap	Leu	Cys (1377)	FRAMESHIFT	kinase	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:D1025880 ZIP- KINASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 454 aa.	2.70E-76	

1005	cg41501665	202	TGCGGAGCTG CAGCGCAGCCG GCG[G/gap]CTCT GCCACGAGGAC GTGGAGGCCG	G	gap	Leu	Ser (1378)	FRAMESHIFT	kinase	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:D1025880 ZIP- KINASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 454 aa.	2.70E-76	
1006	cg41501665	232	GCCACGAGGAC GTGGAGGCCGCT GGC[C/gap]GCC ATCTACGAGGA GAAGGAGGCCCT	C	gap	Ala	Pro (1379)	FRAMESHIFT	kinase	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:D1025880 ZIP- KINASE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 454 aa.	2.70E-76	
1007	cg43939695	342	CAAGACTGAGA TCAATTGCCGG CGG[C/gap]CGG ACGATGGGAAC CTCTCCCCCT	C	gap	Pro	Arg (1380)	FRAMESHIFT	kinase ceptor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q16288 NT-3 GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.112) (TRKC TYROSINE KINASE) (GP145-TRKC) (TRK-C) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 839 aa.	0.00E+00	15 (15q25)
1008	cg29023997	199	TCTGGATGGGA TGGAGCACCAT GTG[C/gap]GCAC CTGCATCCCCA AAGTGGAGCT	C	gap	Arg	Ala (1381)	FRAMESHIFT	kinase ceptor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P36896 SERINE/THREONINE- PROTEIN KINASE RECEPTOR R2 PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.37) (SKR2) PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.37) (SKR2) (ACTIVIN RECEPTOR-LIKE KINASE 4) (ALK-4) (ACTR-IB) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 505 aa.	9.30E-280	12
1009	cg43983535	4377	CTCCAACACAGCT TCTTCACCTTTT T[C/gap]AGAAGG GCTTCTGCAGC TACCAACT	C	gap	Leu	Leu (1382)	FRAMESHIFT	laminin	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P24043 LAMININ ALPHA-2 CHAIN PRECURSOR (LAMININ M CHAIN) (MEROSIN HEAVY CHAIN) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 3110 aa.	0.00E+00	6 (6q22)
1010	cg42488873	480	TTCCCCTTAAAT TGGTCAGCATA GT[G/gap]CCCCA TTTTGGGGCATC CTTCAGCT	G	gap	His	Thr (1383)	FRAMESHIFT	lipase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P54317 PANCREATIC LIPASE RELATED PROTEIN 2 PRECURSOR (EC 3.1.1.3) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 469 aa.	9.80E-261	

1011	cg42488873	494	GTCAGCATAGT GCCCCATTTTG GGG[C/gap]ATCC TTCAGCTGGAC AAGGGAACA	C	gap	Cys	Ser (1384)	FRAMESHIFT	lipase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P54317 PANCREATIC LIPASE RELATED PROTEIN 2 PRECURSOR (EC 3.1.1.3) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 469 aa.	9.80E-261	
1012	cg42488873	923	CACGCGGCCCC CCAGCCTCCTG CCC[G/gap]CCTC CGCGGCCGTGT GCGCGCCCGAG	G	gap	Ala	Gly (1385)	FRAMESHIFT	lipase	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P54317 PANCREATIC LIPASE RELATED PROTEIN 2 PRECURSOR (EC 3.1.1.3) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 469 aa.	9.80E-261	
1013	cg43249083	2329	GGAGCAGCTCC AGGAGACGCTG CTG[C/gap]GGG CTCTTCGGGCT CTGGTGCTGAA	C	gap	Arg	Gly (1386)	FRAMESHIFT	nucl_rec pt	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P20393 V-ERBA RELATED PROTEIN EAR-1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 614 aa.	0.00E+00	17 (17q11.2)
1014	cg43991048	6644	TCTTTCTTTTCTT CTTCTTTTTTTT C/gap]TGTTTTT CTGCTTTATCCT CTTCT	C	gap	Glu	Lys (1387)	FRAMESHIFT	nucl_rec pt	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q60974 NUCLEAR RECEPTOR CO- REPRESSOR - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 2453 aa.	0.00E+00	17
1015	cg43919677	4055	GAAGAAAAGAA AGAATGCTACTA TA[A/gap]TCTCA ATGACGCCAGT CTCTGTGAT	A	gap	Asn	Ile (1388)	FRAMESHIFT	oncogen e	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q00918 LATENT TRANSFORMING GROWTH FACTOR BETA BINDING PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR (TRANSFORMING GROWTH FACTOR BETA-1 BINDING PROTEIN 1) (TGF-BETA1- BP- 1) (TRANSFORMING GROWTH FACTOR BETA-1 MASKING PROTEIN, LARGE SUBUNIT) - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 1712 aa.	0	2 (2p12)

1016	cg43997978	3546	CATCAGCTCACT GTAGATTACCTC T[G/gap]CTTCGT CAATGAGGGAT TCCACGGA	G	gap	Ala	Glu (1389)	FRAMESHIFT	oncogene	Human Gene SPTREMBL-ID:Q60875 LFC ONCOGENE - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 573 aa.	2.9E-244	1
1017	cg43916615	75	ATGACGGAATAT AAGCTGGTGGT GGT[gap]GGGC GCCGGCGGTGT GGCAAGAGT	T	gap	Val	Gly (1390)	FRAMESHIFT	oncogene	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:G332185 TRANSFORMING PROTEIN (P21 HAS) - HARVEY MURINE SARCOMA VIRUS, 241 aa.	3.1E-98	
1018	cg43916615	76	TGACGGAATATA AGCTGGTGGT GT[G/gap]GGCG CCGGCGGTGTG GGCAAGAGTG	G	gap	Gly	Ala (1391)	FRAMESHIFT	oncogene	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:G332185 TRANSFORMING PROTEIN (P21 HAS) - HARVEY MURINE SARCOMA VIRUS, 241 aa.	3.1E-98	
1019	cg43916615	77	GACGGAATATA GCTGGTGGTG TG[G/gap]GGCG CGCGGTGTGG GCAAGAGTGC	G	gap	Gly	Ala (1392)	FRAMESHIFT	oncogene	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ID:G332185 TRANSFORMING PROTEIN (P21 HAS) - HARVEY MURINE SARCOMA VIRUS, 241 aa.	3.1E-98	
1020	cg43069905	900	AGCTCCAGCAG TGACAGGTCATT CT[C/gap]CCCCG CGTCCGCGTCA TACCGCATG	C	gap	Glu	Arg (1393)	FRAMESHIFT	protease	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P25155 COAGULATION FACTOR X PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.6) (STUART FACTOR) (VIRUS ACTIVATING PROTEASE) (VAP) - GALLUS GALLUS (CHICKEN), 475 aa.	1.3E-57	13
1021	cg43069905	904	CAGCAGTGACA GGTCATTCTCCC CC[gap/C]GCGTC CGCGTCATACC GCATGTGCA	gap	C	Ala	Ala (1394)	FRAMESHIFT	protease	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P25155 COAGULATION FACTOR X PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.6) (STUART FACTOR) (VIRUS ACTIVATING PROTEASE) (VAP) - GALLUS GALLUS (CHICKEN), 475 aa.	1.3E-57	13

1022	cg44028327	904	ATGCATACATCG ATATTCAGCTAC G[A/gap]ATTGCT TCCTTCTCACAG AACTGTG	A	gap	Ile	Leu (1395)	FRAMESHIFT	protease nhib	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P01042 KININOGEN, HMW PRECURSOR (ALPHA-2-THIOL PROTEINASE INHIBITOR) (CONTAINS: BRADYKININ) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 644 aa.	0	3 (3q27)
1023	cg43940280	720	CCTCGAAGTCT GCCTGGGCACA CAC[C/gap]ACAT GCAGATTTGGT GCTTTCCCA	C	gap	Gly	Val (1396)	FRAMESHIFT	ribosoma lprot	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ID:P49207 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L34 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 116 aa.	7.6E-56	
1024	cg43974196	5050	GATTCAGGGCG TGCTCTGGGTG AAG[C/gap]CCAC AGGGTTGAGAA AGCGAACCTC	C	gap	Pro	Pro (1397)	FRAMESHIFT	struct	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q02440 DILUTE MYOSIN HEAVY CHAIN, ISOFORM I (MYOSIN HEAVY CHAIN P190) (MYOSIN-V) - GALLUS GALLUS (CHICKEN), 1829 aa.	0	15 (15q21)
1025	cg43916919	1130	GAAGAAGACGC CCTGGTTCTCTT GC[G/gap]CCACA GGCACCGGCTT CAGCTTCTC	G	gap	Ala	Gly (1398)	FRAMESHIFT	struct	Human Gene SWISSNEW-ID:P40121 MACROPHAGE CAPPING PROTEIN (ACTIN-REGULATORY PROTEIN CAP-G) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 348 aa. pcds:SWISSPROT-ID:P40121 MACROPHAGE CAPPING PROTEIN (ACTIN-REGULATORY PROTEIN CAP-G) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 348 aa.	4.3E-188	2 (2cen)
1026	cg21428405	293	ATCTCTTCAGGG GCGAGGTTCCG GT[C/gap]GCGCA GCGGAACGCGG TCGAGCTCG	C	gap	Asp	Thr (1399)	FRAMESHIFT	synthase	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ID:P54876 PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLYCI NAMIDINE SYNTHASE II (EC 6.3.5.3) (FGAM SYNTHASE II) - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 754 aa.	2.2E-56	
1027	cg43336100	290	ATCATGCTGGA GAACTCGCAGA TGA[G/gap]AGAG CGCATGCTGCT GCAAGCCACG	G	gap	Arg	Lys (1400)	FRAMESHIFT	tnf	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P26022 PENTAXIN-RELATED PROTEIN PTX3 PRECURSOR (TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR- INDUCIBLE PROTEIN TSG-14) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 381 aa.	2.2E-207	3 (3q25)

1028	cg39517655	438	GGGCGCCTTAC TCGCTATGCTG CAA[G/gap]GGC CCCGGGCCTTG GCTTCGGCCGC	G	gap	Gly (1401)	FRAMESHIFT	transcript factor	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:Q14209 TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR E2F2 (E2F-2) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 437 aa.	1.4E-237	1
1029	cg43954704	1391	CCCACCTGGAAG TGGAGGCTCCA GTC[A/gap]AACC CCCCCTCGAGC TCCGAGGCAG	A	gap	Phe (1402)	FRAMESHIFT	transfe se	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ID:Q29121 UDP- GALNAC:POLYPEPTIDE ALFA-1,O N-ACETYLGALACTOSAMINYL TRANSFERASE - SUS SCROFA (PIG), 559 aa.	1.1E-68	2
1030	cg43986426	1227	GCGGACAGTCG CCCTAAGCAGT GCA[A/gap]GGTG TCTTGAGCCCTA TGGTGGCCA	A	gap	Gly (1403)	FRAMESHIFT	ubiquitin	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ID:P41226 UBIQUITIN-ACTIVATING ENZYME E1 HOMOLOG (D8) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1011 aa.	0	1
1031	cg43917221	2853	GAAATGTCATCC ACGGTATTTTT TT[gap]CAGTTT TAGTTTGACCAA AGCTTTA	T	gap	Lys (1404)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q13563 POLYCYSTIN 2 (AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT POLYCYSTIC KIDNEY DISEASE TYPE II PROTEIN) (POLYCYSTWIN) (R48321) - Homo sapiens (Human), 968 aa.	0 4 (4q21)	
1032	cg43918356	2640	ATGTCATCTTCA TCTAGAAACGC CC[gap/A]TCACG GAAATGGAATTG CTGCCAGA	gap	A	Met (1405)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75176 KIAA0692 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 783 aa (fragment).	0	12
1033	cg43918446	2812	CTTTCCACATG ACTTGTTACATT C[C/gap]GACCCAC TGGGACCACTC GGTGAGCT	C	gap	Ser (1406)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P35446 F-SPONDIN PRECURSOR - Rattus norvegicus (Rat), 807 aa.	0	

1034	cg43927750	2857	TAAAGTTATTC TCCAATGGTGAT T[G/gap]GGCAAG CCCTGCCTCCT GTATTCTT	G	gap	Pro	Pro (1407)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:Q13496 MYOTUBULARIN - Homo sapiens (Human), 603 aa.	0	X (Xq28)
1035	cg43961075	1344	GGGTAGGATTG CTCATTTTCAGGG CA[G/gap]CTGTC GCAAGCATCTC CCACCCCGT	G	gap	Ser	Ser (1408)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P49746 THROMBOSPONDIN 3 PRECURSOR - Homo sapiens (Human), 956 aa.	0	1
1036	cg43961763	1192	CATCTAGGTCAA CAGGAAGGTCA AG[C/gap]TCCCG CTCCGGTTCCA CTGATCCAT	C	gap	Glu	Asp (1409)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P13521 SECRETOGNANIN II PRECURSOR (SGII) (CHROMOGRANIN C) - Homo sapiens (Human), 617 aa.	0	2
1037	cg43968223	2979	GTTCTGTTCTTG TAGCGCTTTCTG C[G/gap]CTGCAG CATGATCTGAAG CTTGTTG	G	gap	Arg	Ala (1410)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O60342 KIAA0602 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 962 aa (fragment).	0	14
1038	cg43980727	2673	CCCTCCAGGTA GAGGCCTAGGA AGG[C/gap]CCCA GAACTGAAGCC GAAGCGCTGG	C	gap	Ala	Pro (1411)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P38432 P80-COILIN - Homo sapiens (Human), 576 aa.	0	17
1039	cg43999667	3941	TTCTGTTTTGTC AGGACTTTTTT TT[G/gap]CTACAA GTTGTTTTTCTG GGATCAC	T	gap	Glu	Glu (1412)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O60281 KIAA0530 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1563 aa (fragment).	0	6
1040	cg44022781	3927	GTATCAAAAGTGC TCTTTCCAACCT TT[G/gap]GGAGGC CCCATCACCACT ACCGGTA	T	gap	Pro	Pro (1413)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q14692 KIAA0187 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1282 aa.	0	

1041	cg44919370	571	CGTGGACTTTTC CGAGGATGACC CC[C/gap]TGGAG GCCACTGTCCA TTGGGCCCC	gap	Leu	Trp (1414)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O60624 CLASS I CYTOKINE RECEPTOR - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 636 aa.	0	19
1042	cg44932924	2612	TCTACAACCCAGA GCCAGGAATTA CA[G/gap]ACGAA GCTGGAGGACT GCAGGAACA	gap	Thr	Arg (1415)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q92574 HAMARTIN (MYELOBLAST KIAA0243) - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1164 aa.	0	9
1043	cg43991434	1167	GGGTGCAAGG GCCTTGGGGAA ATA[G/gap]TCCT GCTGCACCATG TGGTTCAGCG	gap	Asp	Asp (1416)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSNEW- ACC:P46060 RAN-GTPASE ACTIVATING PROTEIN 1 - Homo sapiens (Human), 587 aa.	1.7E-304	22
1044	cg44931278	1264	CCTCCTCCAGG GAAGCACTGGC CAG[G/gap]TCCT GCAGTGTAGGC CACTTCTGCA	gap	Asp	Asp (1417)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q15830 MUTY HOMOLOG - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 535 aa.	4.5E-280	1
1045	cg43949042	427	CACAGCTGCGT TGCCATAGTTGC CC[T/gap]GGAAA AAGCGGCCAC GAACCAGGC	gap	Gln	Arg (1418)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O75907 ACAT RELATED GENE PRODUCT 1 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 488 aa.	6.10E-268	
1046	cg43972066	2313	TAAATTGACTT TTCTCATGTAAA A[A/gap]TGTCTA ATGCGATGTATT TGGTAAT	gap	His	His (1419)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O60747 PUTATIVE G-BINDING PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 562 aa (fragment).	4.10E-221	10

1047	cg43955639	723	GGGGTACTGG GGACCTCGTCT GTT[G/gap]GGTT CCCCTCCTCCA GGGTAGCGGC	G	gap	Pro	Gln (1420)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O15417 CAGL79 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 413 aa (fragment).	2.80E-215	
1048	cg43955639	725	GGGTACTGGGG ACCTCGTCTGTT GG[G/gap]TTCCC CTCCTCCAGGG TAGCGGCTC	G	gap	Asn	Asn (1421)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O15417 CAGL79 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 413 aa (fragment).	2.80E-215	
1049	cg43965656	391	CTGCCTATTCTG AACCAGCCAAC AT[C/gap]TGAGA TTGTTGCCAATG CCCCGAGGT	C	gap	Ser	Leu (1422)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:Q99541 ADIPOPHILIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 437 aa (fragment).	7.20E-210	
1050	cg43944615	2370	TACATGGCACA GAGGAAGAAGC GCA[G/gap]CAC GGCGCTGCAGT TCACGTCACCC	G	gap	Leu	Cys (1423)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SPTREMBL- ACC:O14877 FRPHE - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 346 aa.	1.30E-192	
1051	cg43323906	334	CTCTGGTGCTG CTCCTCTGAAGA TT[C/gap]AAGCT TATTTCAATGAG ACTGCAGA	C	gap	Gln	Lys (1424)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P42081 T LYMPHOCYTE ACTIVATION ANTIGEN CD86 PRECURSOR (ACTIVATION B7-2 ANTIGEN) (CTLA-4 COUNTER- RECEPTOR B7.2) (B70) (FUN-1) (BU63) - Homo sapiens (Human), 329 aa.	1.80E-174	
1052	cg44004690	251	GAGGAGGAGGA GGTGGAGGAGG AGG[A/gap]GGG AGAAAGAGGATG TTTTACCCGAG	A	gap	Glu	Gly (1425)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene TREMBLNEW- ACC:BAA74892 KIAA0869 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 888 aa (fragment).	2.50E-161	

1059	cg43965796	1704	ATCACTGTTGAT GCTCTGGGCCA CG[C/gap]CAGG GTACTGGATCTT CATGGCCAC	C	gap	Gly	Ala (1432)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ACC:Q60936 HYPOTHETICAL HEART PROTEIN - Mus musculus (Mouse), 298 aa (fragment).	9.00E-148	1
1060	cg43965796	1705	TCACTGTTGATG CTCTGGGCCAC GC[C/gap]AGGG TACTGGATCTTC ATGGCCACC	C	gap	Gly	Ala (1433)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ACC:Q60936 HYPOTHETICAL HEART PROTEIN - Mus musculus (Mouse), 298 aa (fragment).	9.00E-148	1
1061	cg42907867	1100	AGGGCCACGGG GTGGGCCAGGG GGC[C/gap]GGG CCATTCCAGTG GCTCCTTGTC	C	gap	Arg	Arg (1434)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q99769 HYPOTHETICAL 26.4 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 255 aa.	1.10E-140	1
1062	cg43922710	126	TCTACCCAGCTA AATACACATTAT G[G/gap]CATTTA GCAAACTAACTT ACAAGTC	G	gap	Ala	His (1435)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA74897 KIAA0874 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 601 aa (fragment).	4.90E-140	
1063	cg43303845	1073	GCAGGAACGCC TGGATCGGGAG AGG[C/gap]AAGA AAGACAAGAAC GAGAGAGGCT	C	gap	Gln	Lys (1436)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O93263 AVENA - GALLUS GALLUS (CHICKEN), 550 aa.	1.90E-138	
1064	cg43973762	430	ATAACAGAAAAGC AAGAGAAAGTG GA[G/gap]AACTC TGAAAGAAAGAA GTTCAAAAG	G	gap	Arg	Lys (1437)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:O14777 RETINOBLASTOMA-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN HEC - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 642 aa.	2.20E-137	

1065	cg43918679	411	TCACAGATATCT CCATTGCCCAG GA[G/gap]ATGCC CAGCCTGGAGG TGATCACGC	G	gap	Met	Cys (1438)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ACC:O43822 28.3 KD PROTEIN C21ORF2 (C21ORF- HUMF09G8.5) (YF5/A2) - Homo sapiens (Human), 256 aa.	3.00E-131	21
1066	cg38059286	503	GCCGCTCCCTC TTCTCACTGAAG CA[G/gap]ATCTT CCAGGAGGACA AAGACCTGG	G	gap	Ile	Ser (1439)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD39906 FH1/FH2 DOMAIN-CONTAINING PROTEIN FHOS - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1164 aa.	4.00E-129	
1067	cg42549778	1014	ACTGTCACCTCC CTGCTGCAGGG CA[G/gap]CCCCC ACCTGTGAGTG GCTCGAGCC	G	gap	Ser	Thr (1440)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD29690 PUTATIVE ZINC FINGER TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR OVO1 - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 267 aa.	3.70E-126	
1068	cg44921277	516	CCCTGATCATCC TCATCGTGGAG CT[G/gap]TGCGG GCTCCAGGCC GCTTCCCCC	G	gap	Cys	Ala (1441)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ACC:O35682 MYELOID UPREGULATED PROTEIN - Mus musculus (Mouse), 296 aa.	1.70E-120	
1069	cg44921277	518	CTGATCATCCTC ATCGTGGAGCT GT[G/gap]CGGG CTCCAGGCCCG CTTCCCCCTG	G	gap	Cys	Ser (1442)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SWISSPROT-ACC:O35682 MYELOID UPREGULATED PROTEIN - Mus musculus (Mouse), 296 aa.	1.70E-120	
1070	cg42530218	327	GATTTAATACAC AGCAGCAGCAG CA[gap/G]AACTA CATTAGGTGGT CTCTTCAGT	gap	G	Gln	Gln (1443)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:P70582 NUCLEOPORIN P54 - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 510 aa.	2.00E-118	

1071	cg42530218	329	ATTAAATACACA GCAGCAGCAGC AA[A/gap]CTACA TTAGGTGGTCTC TTCAGTCA	A	gap	Thr	Leu (1444)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:P70582 NUCLEOPORIN P54 - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 510 aa.	2.00E-118	
1072	cg43325007	979	AGGATACCCCC GAGGAAGGCCG CCA[G/gap]GAAT GCGTGTGCTGG GTAGGTCTTG	G	gap	Leu	Trp (1445)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD43195 PEROXISOMAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN PMP 24 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 212 aa.	4.80E-110	20
1073	cg43981269	776	GGCCTACGGCG CCTACGCTCAG GCA[C/gap]TGAT GCAGCAGCAAG CGGCCCTGAT	C	gap	Leu	End (1446)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to SPTREMBL-ACC:Q91579 RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN - XENOPUS LAEVIS (AFRICAN CLAWED FROG), 462 aa.	4.50E-105	
1074	cg43250166	166	AGGTGGCCCTC ACACCCAGTGC TGT[G/gap]CTGC GCGGAGGGCTG TACTGAAGGT	G	gap	Ala	Asp (1447)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Homologous to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB43382 HYPOTHETICAL 146.2 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 1296 aa.	3.30E-102	2
1075	cg43982164	778	CTGCGGCGGGT GCTCATCCTGG ACA[gap]CJATTTC ACCTGCCTCCTA TGCTCTTCCA	gap	C	Asn	Thr (1448)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O15194 HYA22 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 340 aa.	1.00E-90	
1076	cg43980889	812	TTAAATATAGAC AAGTGGACCAT TTT[gap]GCCCTCA AATTCACAGGA GCCAGCAT	T	gap	Ala	Pro (1449)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O00581 HYPOTHETICAL 20.5 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 176 aa.	4.50E-89	

1077	cg43970119	832	GTGGCCATTGG TGAGACATCCAT CA[A/gap]TATTG CAAACCAAAAGT TTTATTTTC	A	gap	Ile	Met (1450)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O88719 CMP-N- ACETYLNEURAMINIC ACID SYNTHETASE (EC 2.7.7.43) (ACYLNEURAMINATE CYTIDYLTRANSFERASE) (CMP- SIALATE PYROPHOSPHORYLASE) (CMP-SIALATE SYNTHASE) - MUS MUSCULUS (MOUSE), 432 aa.	1.00E-82	12
1078	cg44030987	447	TCGGCATGTTG AGTGGAACAGT TGT[A/gap]TTTA CTTGAATTCCTCA TCTCCTTCT	A	gap	Tyr	Thr (1451)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA76495 TYPE II MEMBRANE PROTEIN SIMILAR TO CD69 - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 149 aa.	1.90E-81	
1079	cg43320682	665	GGTGGCTCAGG GGCTGGGGGAG GCT[C/gap]CCCT GGGGCTTCAGA CAGCACATAG	C	gap	Glu	Ser (1452)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB45773 HYPOTHETICAL 18.0 KD PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 162 aa (fragment).	6.60E-81	
1080	cg25255686	366	AAGGCACCATC AAGTCGGCGGT GGC[C/gap]TTCG GGCATCTCCTT GCCGAGGGTA	C	gap	Phe	Ser (1453)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB39700 CONSERVED HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 384 aa.	2.10E-77	
1081	cg43988975	371	CTCCTCCTGAC CGAGTGGGCCG GCA[G/gap]GAG CTTGAAATCGTC ATTGGAGATG	G	gap	Glu	Ser (1454)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:P50606 MAGO NASHI PROTEIN HOMOLOG - Homo sapiens (Human), and Mus musculus (Mouse), 146 aa.	8.00E-76	
1082	cg39523553	670	CACTGGTATGC ACGGCGCGGTC TCC[G/gap]CAGT GTGAGGTCTGC CCGATCCGGG	G	gap	Gln	Ser (1455)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB40855 PUTATIVE ADENINE GLYCOSYLASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 308 aa.	7.20E-75	

1083	cg43951096	2953	CTCCCTCCTGG GTATCTGCATCT TC[gap/A]AAAAAT CTCCTTCTTGGT TTTCATCC	gap	A	Glu	End (1456)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q23382 ZK1058.4 - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 442 aa.	2.00E-71	17
1084	cg42831353	806	GGACACAGGCT GCGGTGTAAGC CCG[C/gap]GTCA CCGCCGGCACC TGCAGGAACT	C	gap	Thr	Thr (1457)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD37863 PUTATIVE NADH OXIDOREDUCTASE COMPLEX I SUBUNIT - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 237 aa.	1.30E-67	22
1085	cg44938009	688	AATACTCCGTGC AGCGAGTGCGT CA[G/gap]CTCCG TGAAGAAATTTGA TCAAGGTC	G	gap	Leu	Ser (1458)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSNEW- ACC:Q43182 RHO-GTPASE- ACTIVATING PROTEIN 6 (RHO- TYPE GTPASE-ACTIVATING PROTEIN RHOGAPX-1) - Homo sapiens (Human), 587 aa.	5.80E-66	X
1086	cg43054992	315	CAAAATCACAGC TGAAGAAATGTA T[G/gap]ATATAT TTGGGAAATATG GACCTAT	G	gap	Asp	Ile (1459)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:AAD34105 CGI- 110 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 125 aa.	4.60E-64	2
1087	cg39516123	928	CCTGGGGCTCA CCAAGGCAACC TGG[C/gap]CTCC GGCTTCATAGC AATGCAATA	C	gap	Ala	Ala (1460)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q04205 TENSIN - Gallus gallus (Chicken), 1744 aa.	5.10E-62	
1088	cg43983590	713	GGAGGAGCCAG GCGAGCACACC CCQ[C/gap]TGTT GGCCCCTGCCA CGCCCCAGCC	C	gap	Leu	Cys (1461)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:Q19498 SIMILAR TO MELIBIOSE CARRIER PROTEIN - CAENORHABDITIS ELEGANS, 501 aa.	1.50E-60	

1089	cg44128084	499	CGCGGGCGCAT GCTCGACGTT TGG[C/gap]GTCT GTCGACGAGTT GCCGGTGCAA	C	gap	Ala	Gly (1462)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O33196 HYPOTHETICAL 32.9 KD PROTEIN - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 307 aa.	1.70E-59	
1090	cg44128084	524	CGTCTGTCGAC GAGTTGCCGGT GCA[A/gap]CGCT GGAGCTGCGAC GGGATCCTGG	A	gap	Arg	Ala (1463)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O33196 HYPOTHETICAL 32.9 KD PROTEIN - MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS, 307 aa.	1.70E-59	
1091	cg43976473	931	GGCCCTGTGCT TGGAGCCGTGG GCT[C/gap]CGTA GCCCGAGTGAT AAGCCATGGC	C	gap	Gly	Glu (1464)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SPTREMBL- ACC:O35946 HYPOTHETICAL 14.9 KD PROTEIN - RATTUS NORVEGICUS (RAT), 137 aa.	3.50E-59	11
1092	cg40309770	385	TTCCGGCCGCC GCGTCCAGGGC TCG[C/gap]CCGC TGAGGTCGTTT ATGACCCCGC	C	gap	Gly	Gly (1465)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to SWISSPROT- ACC:Q60870 POLYPOSIS LOCUS PROTEIN 1 HOMOLOG (TB2 PROTEIN HOMOLOG) (GP106) - Mus musculus (Mouse), 185 aa.	4.10E-56	
1093	cg42725664	184	AGATAGCTGAG AATATTCTGCGC AA[G/gap]CCTCA CAGCTTGTTTCC TGGCAGCC	G	gap	Leu	Leu (1466)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:BAA74896 KIAA0873 PROTEIN - HOMO SAPIENS (HUMAN), 466 aa (fragment).	1.5E-51	
1094	cg39380052	497	ATGAGATCGAC GCCTTGCGCGG CCG[C/gap]GGC GTAGACATTCC GCACCCGCTCA	C	gap	Gly	Ala (1467)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene Similar to TREMBLNEW-ACC:CAB42016 PUTATIVE ADENYLOSUCINATE SYNTHETASE - STREPTOMYCES COELICOLOR, 427 aa.	1.3E-50	

1095	cg44928804	1181	CTCTCAATCATG CCGCTTTAGAG AA[T/gap]GCAAC ATGGGCAACCT GATTTGTGA	T	gap	Cys	Ala (1468)	FRAMESHIFT	UNCLAS SIFIED	Human Gene SWISSPROT- ACC:P21589 5'-NUCLEOTIDASE PRECURSOR (EC 3.1.3.5) (ECTO- NUCLEOTIDASE) (5'-NT) (CD73 ANTIGEN) - Homo sapiens (Human), 574 aa.	9.1e-313	6 (6q14)
------	------------	------	---	---	-----	-----	---------------	------------	------------------	--	----------	----------

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am an original, first and joint inventor which is claimed and for which a utility patent is sought on the invention entitled:

**NUCLEIC ACIDS CONTAINING SINGLE NUCLEOTIDE POLYMORPHISMS
AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF**

the specification of which:

- ☐ was filed on _____, as United States non-provisional application
U.S.S.N. _____, bearing Attorney Docket No. _____.
- ☒ is attached hereto.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

- ☐ I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119(a)-(d) or §365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or §365(a) of any PCT International application designating at least one country other than the United States listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

[illegible]

- ☒ I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) or §120 of any United States application(s), or §365(c) of any PCT International application(s) designating the United States of America listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application:

Application No. <i>(U.S.S.N.)</i>	Filing Date <i>(dd/mm/yy)</i>	Status <i>(Patented, Pending, Abandoned)</i>
60/167,383	November 24, 1999	Pending

PCT International Applications designative the United States:

PCT Appln No.	US Serial No.	PCT Filing Date	Status

I hereby appoint the following attorneys and/or agents to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

Attorney or Agent	Registration No.	Attorney or Agent	Registration No.
Kevin Ainsworth	39,586	Kristin E. Konzak	44,848
Ingrid Beattie	42,306	Cynthia Kozakiewicz	42,764
David B. Bernstein	32,112	Barry Marenberg	40,715
Naomi Biswas	38,384	William Marino	44,219
David F. Crosby	36,400	Robert Klauzinski	42,742
James G. Cullem	43,569	A. Jason Mirabito	28,161
Brett N. Dorny	35,860	Michel Morency	Limited Recognition
Marianne Downing	42,870	Bradley Olson	40,750
Ivor R. Elrifi	39,529	Carol H. Peters	45,010
Heidi A. Erlacher	45,409	Michael Renaud	44,299
Christina Gadiano	37,628	Brian Rosenbloom	41,276
John A. Harre	37,345	Thomas M. Sullivan	39,392
Shane Hunter	41,858	Howard Susser	33,556
David E. Johnson	41,874	Shelby J. Walker	45,192
Kris Kalidindi	41,461	Martin M. Zoltick	35,745
Christina Karnakis	45,899		

Address all telephone calls to Ivor R. Elrifi at telephone number 617/348-1747.

Address all correspondence to:

Ivor R. Elrifi, Ph.D.
Mintz, Levin, Cohn, Ferris, Glovsky and Popeo, P.C.
One Financial Center
Boston, Massachusetts 02111

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or patent issued thereon.

Inventor's Signature
Full Name of Inventor: Richard A. Shimkets, Ph.D.
Citizenship: USA
Residence: USA
Post Office Address: West Haven, CT 06516

Date

Inventor's Signature
Full Name of Inventor: Martin Leach
Citizenship: USA
Residence: USA
Post Office Address: Webster, MA 01570

Date

TRADOCS:1403394.1(%2V601!.DOC)

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> Shimkets, Richard A.
Leach, Martin D.

<120> NUCLEIC ACIDS CONTAINING SINGLE NUCLEIC ACID POLYMORPHISMS AND METHODS OF
USE THEREOF

<130> 15966-599

<150> 60/163,783

<151> 1999-11-24

<160> 1468

<170> CuraGen Patent Formatter Version 0.9

<210> 1

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43921971

<400> 1

gggtttgtat tggcgcacca agatcccaa cagccagtgt gtgtttccca t

51

<210> 2

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43336508

<400> 2

ccaggctact agaatgtttc agtggtattc aatcaacca aagatgtaat g

51

<210> 3

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

Sequence Listing

<220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (25)...(26)
 <223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg43314087

<400> 3
 atgggttttt ttgtttttgt ttttgttttt ttttaaaggc aaaggggtct

50

<210> 4
 <211> 50
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (25)...(26)
 <223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg43314087

<400> 4
 tttgtttttg tttttgtttt tttttaagg caaaggggtc tgaagagatg

50

<210> 5
 <211> 50
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (25)...(26)
 <223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg43132502

<400> 5
 catgaggtgg cacgaggcag gagttgcat gccacctggg ggtcacattg

50

<210> 6
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43988460

<400> 6
acataatttg taccaaaaaa aaaaagaaag gaaagaaagg ggtggcctga

50

<210> 7
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43988460

<400> 7
taccaaaaaa aaaaaggaaa ggaaaaaaag ggtggcctg acactggtgg c

51

<210> 8
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43982945

<400> 8
gacacatgtc aggctggggc agcagcactc tgatcagcac cagggtcccqa

50

<210> 9
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43266931

<400> 9
gggcgctagc ggggggtgcac ggcggccggt aggccgccag gatctcggcg

50

<210> 10
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43321451

<400> 10
gaaggcacac acacacacac acacaagcaa aagctaaatc atcacccgcg

50

<210> 11
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43933757

<400> 11

tcattctccct gcaacctccg cctcccgggt tcaagcgatt cttgtgctc a

51

<210> 12

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43933757

<400> 12

ccgcctcctg ggttcaagcg attctcgtgc ctcagcctcc caagcagctg g

51

<210> 13

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43933757

<400> 13

tccaactcct gacctcaggt aatccacctg ccttgacctc ccaaagtgt g

51

<210> 14

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42185571

<400> 14
cttagctcta cgatttaaatt ccatgggtcca aggggggaaaa catattatat

50

<210> 15
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42185571

<400> 15
taatatagat agtgttcagt agcagataga atgaacataa actattagtt

50

<210> 16
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43947909

<400> 16
gaattgtcca gaagacttgg ctgagttgga ggagctgata gacatggctg t

51

<210> 17
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43143315

<400> 17
gtgtgtgtgt ctgtgtgtgt gtgtcgggtgt atgtgtgtgt gggttctaata g

51

<210> 18
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43327428

<400> 18
agcaggttg cctatgtggt ctaaggttca gcctgaaact catagacact g

51

<210> 19
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg32296860

<400> 19
cagcactttg ggaggccgag gcgggaggat caccgaggt caggagttag a

51

<210> 20
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg32296860

<400> 20
ttgggaggcc gaggcgggtg gatcaccgag gtcaggagtt cgagaccagc

50

<210> 21

<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg32296860

<400> 21
gggaggccga ggcgggtgga tcaccgaggt caggagttcg agaccagcct

50

<210> 22
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg32296860

<400> 22
cgggtggatc acccgaggtc aggagatcga gaccagcctg gccaacatgg t

51

<210> 23
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg32296860

<400> 23
caacatggtg aaaccctgtc tctacaaaa atacaaaaat tagctgggtg c

51

<210> 24
<211> 51
<212> DNA

Variable	Mean	SD	Min	Max	Median	Q1	Q3	Mode	Skewness	Kurtosis	Shapiro-Wilk	Normality
Age	35.2	12.5	18	65	32	28	36	35	0.15	2.1	0.98	Normal
Gender	1.2	0.4	1	2	1	1	1	1	0.05	0.1	0.99	Normal
Marital Status	2.1	0.8	1	3	2	1	3	2	0.12	1.8	0.97	Normal
Education	15.8	2.5	10	20	16	15	17	16	0.18	2.2	0.96	Normal
Income	1200	300	500	2000	1100	900	1300	1000	0.22	2.5	0.95	Normal
Occupation	1.5	0.5	1	3	1	1	2	1	0.08	0.2	0.99	Normal
Health Status	2.5	0.6	1	3	2	2	2	2	0.03	0.05	0.99	Normal
Stress Level	3.2	1.1	1	5	3	2	4	3	0.10	1.5	0.98	Normal
Life Satisfaction	4.1	0.9	2	5	4	3	5	4	0.07	0.8	0.99	Normal
Work-Life Balance	3.8	1.0	2	5	4	3	5	4	0.06	0.7	0.99	Normal
Family Support	4.5	0.7	3	5	4	4	5	4	0.04	0.3	0.99	Normal
Community Involvement	2.8	0.9	1	4	3	2	4	3	0.09	1.2	0.98	Normal
Personal Growth	3.5	1.0	2	5	3	2	4	3	0.11	1.6	0.97	Normal
Overall Well-being	4.2	0.8	3	5	4	3	5	4	0.05	0.6	0.99	Normal

```

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0

```

<221> misc feature

<223> Accession number cg43264442

ggggcgcggg tggagaagct gcgggcggcgc ggcccgtagg aaggtgctgt c

51

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<221> allele

 $\langle 222 \rangle \quad (26) \dots (0)$

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc feature

 $\langle 222 \rangle \quad (0) \dots (0)$

<223> Accession number cg43264442

aggaaggtgc tgtccgaacg atcggaatag gagcgggtccc tgcgcttgct g

51

<210> 26

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<221> allele

 $\langle 222 \rangle \quad (26) \dots (0)$

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc feature

<222> (25) ... (26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc feature

$$\langle 222 \rangle \quad (0) \dots (0)$$

<223> Accession number cg43998926

<400> 26

gaaccacaaga gccactgata actggacaat ccaatgaaac agaggaagca

50

<210> 27

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43998926

<400> 27
ctcaggctga gttgcctcca gtcttgggaa tgtcatctta tactgggtact g

51

<210> 28
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43941594

<400> 28
ggttataaaa atagataact cgcagggtca taaatatcta cagttagtag a

51

<210> 29
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43962927

<400> 29
gccactccct gtcacctgcc tgagcaccat tcgcagtctt gtttcctggt t

51

<210> 30
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

CG43998926

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43991661

<400> 30
cttgtttatt atctatcata gacatgaaga tgatcatagt taataccaat t

51

<210> 31
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43991661

<400> 31
actgttttag gcccaatatt gatatgttaa atgaaggat cagagaatct t

51

<210> 32
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43310449

<400> 32
ctaaagattt catgttttca gtggagctgg catactgttaa ttgctatgtg g

51

<210> 33
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43310449

<400> 33
actggcatac tgtaattgct atgtgaaact taatataacc tcaacagcag c

51

<210> 34
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43984524

<400> 34
tcaatgaggc tttctattaa tttcccttaa aagcaatggt tattattgaa a

51

<210> 35
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43248101

<400> 35
ggccctgaat gttatgaagg tttgaagtca gcctacagat aacaggatta t

51

<210> 36
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43974968

<400> 36
cagtggtca cgcctataat cccagaactt tgggaggcca aggcaggagg a

51

<210> 37
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43074195

<400> 37
cagctgaagg agataattgg tgtgagcaga agctgaaagc ttctaattgga g

51

<210> 38
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43074195

<400> 38
attggtgtga acagaagctg aaagcatcta atggagacac tcctacacat g

51

<210> 39
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43074195

<400> 39
aacagaagct gaaagcttct aatggggaca ctctacaca tgaagacttg a

51

<210> 40
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

CG43074195

<223> Accession number cg43074195

<400> 40

tgaaagcttc taatggagac actccaacac atgaaqactt gaccaagaac a

51

<210> 41

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43988092

<400> 41

tagcgataca aatatatata tatattttat ccaaaaatat gttttataca

50

<210> 42

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43953517

<400> 42

aagttottgt agtaggtagg gggattact agggatatct gtggcatgat t

51

<210> 43

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43953517

<400> 43
tgtagtaggt aggggtact actagcgata tctgtggcat gattatgcat t 51

<210> 44
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43953517

<400> 44
atatctgtgg catgattatg cattcgtagt attatttaat taatttgggg 50

<210> 45
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43953517

<400> 45
gtagtattat ttaattaatt tgggggtcat tttgcttct tttctttatg c 51

<210> 46
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

CG43953517

<223> Accession number cg43953517

<400> 46

aattaatttg ggggttcattt tgcttctttt ctttatgctt agattatctt

50

<210> 47

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43953517

<400> 47

attaatttgg ggttcattt gcttcttttc tttatgctta gattatctta

50

<210> 48

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43290087

<400> 48

cctaacctct tggtaacggt agtcccgaga gttcgcagtg tcagtgaaat c

51

<210> 49

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43294632

CG43953517

<400> 49
agtagagagt aggggtaaaa gctgggcatt gcaaaaggat tggtttaaga a

51

<210> 50
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43056971

<400> 50
gttatttgaa aaatacctat tttttccaaa gtgtgtaaaa gattgttttg

50

<210> 51
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43976227

<400> 51
ttcatgtgca agctaagtta ttcctatggt caatcctctc catcttcttg t

51

<210> 52
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43994600

<400> 52
ccttggtccc actctccttc atatctaagt catcaaacat ctgaatgaga g

51

<210> 53
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 53
atgttcttgt atttttttcc catctctaca gacataagtg agcctcactg g

51

<210> 54
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 54
tgtatttttt tcccatcttt acagatataa gtgagcctca ctggaaattt t

51

<210> 55
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 55
catctttaca gacataagtg agccttactg gaaatttttt caacagtagt c

51

<210> 56
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 56
tacagacata agtgagcctc actgggaatt ttttcaacag tagtccagat c

51

<210> 57
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 57
cataagtgag cctcactgga aatttcttca acagtagtcc agatcttgag a

51

<210> 58
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 58
ccagatcttg agatcttcag aaatgtagga atcaatgctt atttgtgtga g

51

<210> 59
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

CG43925670

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42489232

<400> 59
atttttagta gagacaagggt tttgctatgt tggccagggt ggtctcgaac t

51

<210> 60
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42489232

<400> 60
gtagagacaa ggttttgcca tgttgcccag gctggctctcg aactcctgac c

51

<210> 61
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42489232

<400> 61
tttgccatgt tggccagggt ggtcttgaac tcttgacctc aagcgatccg c

51

<210> 62
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43926168

CG42489232

<400> 62
gaagggtctt ccttcacggg gactgaaaaa aaaaatcatg aaatccta

50

<210> 63
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43926168

<400> 63
ccttcacggg gactgaaaaa aaaaatcatg aaatccta tttcattttc

50

<210> 64
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43336163

<400> 64
agccgggaat gctgctgctg ctgctactgc tgctgctgct gctgggggga t

51

<210> 65
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43987164

<400> 65

CG43926168

agggcagccc ctcagaagcc ttcccagcag atccggggac cccgttctgg t

51

<210> 66

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43119489

<400> 66

tttttcatcc tatcaattga atgtgccttg aaaaatccag caagagcggg g

51

<210> 67

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43957170

<400> 67

ctactaaaaa tacaaaaaat tagccaggcg tgggtggcgca tgcctgtagt c

51

<210> 68

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43957170

<400> 68

acaaaaaatt agccgggagc ggtggtgcat gcctgtagtc ccagctactc g

51

<210> 69

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

Downloaded from

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43957170

<400> 69
aaaattagcc gggcgtggtg gcgcacgcct gtagtcccag ctactcggga g

51

<210> 70
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg38438124

<400> 70
actttgtgta tatgtgtgtg tgtgtttgtg ggggggggtg agtgtgtgcg

50

<210> 71
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg38438124

<400> 71
tttgtgtata tgtgtgtgtg tgtgtttggg ggggggtgag tgtgtgcgcg

50

<210> 72
<211> 51

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42923882

<400> 72
agtgggcagg gaccctggga gcctcaattc tcaatgcccc accctttacc t

51

<210> 73
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43948037

<400> 73
aaagtctctg aaatgcttca tccccaaaca agcaaatttc atgtccgtca g

51

<210> 74
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43948037

<400> 74
ctgttgcttt ccctgggggtg tccagactca ccagggggagt cagaatcttc t

51

<210> 75
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43948037

<400> 75

tccctggggt gtccaggctc accagcggag tcagaatctt ctggttctcc c

51

<210> 76

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43948037

<400> 76

tgtccaggct caccagggga gtcaggatct tctggttctc ccttttcata a

51

<210> 77

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43948037

<400> 77

caccagggga gtcagaatct tctggctctc ccttttcata aagtcttcta a

51

<210> 78

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42703622

CG43948037

<400> 78
tgtgggttga cagattttta aaatacaatt tagagtattt ggggttttgt t 51

<210> 79
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43336176

<400> 79
tgctgctgct gctgctgctg gggggatcac agaccatttc tttctttcgg 50

<210> 80
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43982923

<400> 80
acgcaggggt cccgcgggcc gccgcaatgc agaaatacga gaaactggaa a 51

<210> 81
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43265203

<400> 81
acattcaagc tcggtgttgt ttcacccgcg tgcgccccgg ctgcggcggt g 51

<210> 82
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43966625

<400> 82
cgctgcccgc gcggggacca caacccaagt cgcggccgcc gcagccatgc g

51

<210> 83
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44004317

<400> 83
caccacgatg cggacccac tgcccagctc gacctcctcg ggaggggggc c

51

<210> 84
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925424

<400> 84
tcggcgacaca gtcgctgctc cgcgctcgcg cccggcgggc ctccaggtgc t

51

<210> 85
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

CG43966625

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44002977

<400> 85
tagaggacca cagggtgcag agaggatgtc ctgagggtcc ttcctaagag g

51

<210> 86
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg27803682

<400> 86
ttgagcctcc aggcttctcc ttgacatcat tcctctcctt ccttgctgca a

51

<210> 87
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43971768

<400> 87
gaactgcagt catgcacagc tggcggccag ccaaaggcat tttactgagc a

51

<210> 88
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.03.11.288888>; this version posted March 11, 2020. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43987181

<400> 88
aagcttagta ctaaaaagtc aaaatatttt tgcattgatag aggagtgtaa a

51

<210> 89
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43263644

<400> 89
gccgggacag tggtgtacag tggttcgggc atgcacgtga tactcacaca g

51

<210> 90
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44131079

<400> 90
cggtgatatt acaaaacaat gaatttggaa ctattataga ttgggcacct c

51

<210> 91
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44031914

<400> 91
gcacagggga gtgagggcag ggcgcccgcg gggggcacgc agggagggcc c

51

CG43987181

<210> 92
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43932550

<400> 92
catcatagaa ctccttgtgg atctcataga gctcaggcac tttgaagaag a

51

<210> 93
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43932550

<400> 93
gacaggaccc attttotcat ctccaggccc tttccaagt ccagctcact c

51

<210> 94
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43967268

<400> 94
acggagaaag gagcagctga aagtgacctg gactccagcc ctggctgttg t

51

<210> 95
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43920534

<400> 95
cgtcactatg tacttggttt tgcgcttttt ttccttaaaa aaaaaaggcc

50

<210> 96
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43920534

<400> 96
cttcataaaa ccaatcgaga gagagggact taaaatcctg cttaccaaaa

50

<210> 97
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43926887

<400> 97
attgttttca acatgaagta aagaaaaacg ttgaggcctt tactattagc t

51

<210> 98
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43926887

<400> 98
gtctaatact cctgggagga aggaaaatat ctatctagta agaattttta t

51

<210> 99
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43088901

<400> 99
gagcaccgtg tcaagctgct ctgagtcaca gtgggatgaa ccagccgggg c

51

<210> 100
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43920213

<400> 100
gtgagccata atatgatggc cagcagtggc gctgccttcc acccatggtg

50

<210> 101
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43969348

<400> 101
tgggggaaat gggcctcttg ggggttcact gcacggcttg ttcattggca

50

<210> 102
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43966692

<400> 102
tacgaattgg catatttggt tatttttcagt ttgtgaaaat gtccttaatt

50

<210> 103
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43265754

<400> 103
cgagaccagc ctggccaaca tggtgcaacc ccattctctac taaaaataca a

51

<210> 104
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43265754

<400> 104
ccaacatggt gaaaccccat ctctattaaa aatacaaaaa ttagccgggc g

51

<210> 105
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922227

<400> 105
atgttggtgtt gggccccag attcctatatt gattttcttg catcattttc t

51

<210> 106
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43927549

<400> 106
gtaagcagca cactaggagg cccagcgcag gcaaagagaa gatgggtgctg

50

<210> 107
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43957486

<400> 107
tgtatcatag aaatgtaact tttgtgagac aaaggttttc ctcttctatt t 51

<210> 108
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43973080

<400> 108
gacactagga atttcttaaa aagaagatgt tggaagcaga acacttacta 50

<210> 109
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42914441

<400> 109
ctctgacctg agtctttggt ttaaggagta tttgtcttcc tttgtctaata g 51

<210> 110
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43942318

<400> 110

ggacaccctc ggaccctcga aaacgtctca ggagctatga agacatgatt g

51

<210> 111

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43929933

<400> 111

caggccaggc ctgtgtgtcc acctggacag gcattctcct tgttccagaa a

51

<210> 112

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43929933

<400> 112

cgcagcccca agtgtcaaca aggggttcaa taaggctttc tgggagccac t

51

<210> 113

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43929933

<400> 113
ctggcagctg gtgggatgga aggggaggtg gaaaagggca gaggaaatgg

50

<210> 114
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43070037

<400> 114
aggtcaggag tttagacca gcctaaccac catggtgaaa cccatctct a

51

<210> 115
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43070037

<400> 115
ggtcaggagt tttagaccag cctaggcaac atggtgaaac cccatctcta c

51

<210> 116
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43070037

<400> 116
gtgggtgcct gtaatcccag ctacttggga ggctgaggca ggagaatcac c

51

CG43929933

<210> 117
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43070037

<400> 117
atcccagcta ctcgaggaggc tgaggtagga gaatcacctg aacctaggag g

51

<210> 118
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43070037

<400> 118
tcccagctac tcgggaggct gaggcgggag aatcacctga acctaggagg c

51

<210> 119
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43123664

<400> 119
agtacgccag cccggggggcg ccccgcatgt acatgttcca cgcgggattc c

51

<210> 120
<211> 42
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (17)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg21428405

<400> 120
nacgcgttgg cgtcgtcctc gttgagctca tcaatccacc ac

42

<210> 121
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43982633

<400> 121
acacagcccc agtttgcttt acagcgcaag ttacaaactg tccctttaa a

51

<210> 122
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43054268

<400> 122
tctagatatt taactgaccc actatttcct caaggatact gcatttggac

50

<210> 123
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43054268

<400> 123
gactatatga tcaaagcott atagcaaaaa aattttttaa tatttgcaaa

50

<210> 124
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43943775

<400> 124
tgaagattac cccacacct gtgtggcaag tgatcaaaaa ggaacaggac c

51

<210> 125
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42886565

<400> 125
ggcaacaaaa gcgaaactcc atctcaaaaa aaagagctat aggatcttta

50

<210> 126
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42886565

<400> 126
aagcgaaact ccattctcaaa aaaaagagct ataggatctt tacaatatat

50

<210> 127
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42886565

<400> 127
tcctctgtct gctggctggc cgcgtatatg aagaagacta attggacaca g

51

<210> 128
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42886565

<400> 128
gcgtgtatga agaagactaa ttggatacag agccgtgatg aattaaagtc t

51

<210> 129
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43307001

<400> 129
gctctccggg ttcaagtgat tctccgcct cagcctccca gtagctggga t

51

<210> 130
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43307001

<400> 130
ggggtttcac catgttgcc aggctagtct cgaactcctg acctcaagtg a

51

<210> 131
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43307001

<400> 131
atgttgcca ggctggtctc gaacttctga cctcaagtga tccgcccacc t

51

<210> 132
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43047341

<400> 132
ggtggatcac ctgaggtcac gagtttgaga ccagcctgac caacatggag a

51

<210> 133
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43965652

<400> 133
tccatttctt tttctttttt ttttttaagt gagactacat tggcaaattg

50

<210> 134
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43965652

<400> 134
ccatttcttt ttcttttttt tttttaagt agactacatt ggcaaattgg

50

<210> 135
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44027791

<400> 138
tcttcagggc ctccgccgc agttgacctt acaagttctt cgtgaccagg t

51

<210> 139
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44027791

<400> 139
aaggggtccc acgcgtcctg gtttaaacg tctcattggg cacggccagt g

51

<210> 140
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44027791

<400> 140
gtcctggttt agaacgtctc attggcacgg ccagtgtcca cagtctgggc

50

<210> 141
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43984418

<400> 141
tatgcaatgt tcagcatttt ttttttcaca gcactagaga ccctgttaaa

50

<210> 142
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43984418

<400> 142
catttttttt tttcacagca ctagaaaccc tgtaaataag gggatatgag t

51

<210> 143
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43945210

<400> 143
cagacagaca caaggttctt tttttgtttg ttttgttttt cctcgccaac

50

<210> 144
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43917396

<400> 144
taggggctga aacgcagtcg gggccggcac tgcccaggaa gggactccgg

50

<210> 145
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43949162

<400> 145
tagacaatac catctctagg aacacgctgt cactcacaca tggatgtgtt g

51

<210> 146
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41653463

<400> 146
tgtgcgtgcg tgtgtgtgtg tgtgttgtat cgtgtgtgtg tgttttgttt

50

<210> 147
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

CG43917396

<222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (25)...(26)
 <223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg41653463

 <400> 147
 gtgcgtgcgt gtgtgtgtgt gtgtggtatc gtgtgtgtgt gttttgtttt

50

<210> 148
 <211> 51
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg43285429

<400> 148
 occagtcaag ataaggagga tcccaacagc tcccctccga ggttgggctc t

51

<210> 149
 <211> 51
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg43918636

<400> 149
 agcagcagct gttggagtag aaccgagtcc agggcgcgac catcttcac g

51

<210> 150
 <211> 50
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005525

<400> 150
taagcagctc tcttctgtga cagacaatca tgtaagaact gtgaaacccc

50

<210> 151
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005525

<400> 151
gacaaatcat gtaagaactg tgaaaaccca gtttatgtag cgtatctctt g

51

<210> 152
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg40986905

<400> 152
atttttagta gagacggggt ttcactgtgt tagccaggat ggtctcgatc t

51

<210> 153
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

00716321.1

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43303871

<400> 153
aataagggag aactactatt tttttaaga tctcaaaata attaataata a

51

<210> 154
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43303871

<400> 154
aataagggag aactactatt tttttaaga tctcaaaata attaataata a

51

<210> 155
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43918386

<400> 155
cttctaacc atgggtaaatt gtattcacat attaccaaga gaagaagcac a

51

<210> 156
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43923712

<400> 156
aggaatcctg gacaggagtt ttctgtagag gcgtttaaaa ccctaccgaa t

51

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<210> 157
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43936083

<400> 157
gctaactggt gacagttata aaaacgcaaa aaggagcctg ggaaacagca a 51

<210> 158
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43936393

<400> 158
aaaaacaagt ttcagtaaaa aaaaaactaa aacaaacact gaagtagagt 50

<210> 159
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43936393

<400> 159

CG22244

aaaacaagtt tcagtaaaaa aaaaactaaa acaaacactg aagtagagtt 50

<210> 160
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43940465

<400> 160
actgtattat ttatttacat gggctaaaag caaagaaaaa tgagtcctt c 51

<210> 161
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43940880

<400> 161
tagtttgtaa gaactgtaca aaaaatgctt ctggagattt ctttggcaga 50

<210> 162
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950657

<400> 162
tttgggatcc tgatcaattc tttctaattg tgttgaaaat gacaaagttg g 51

<210> 163
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950657

<400> 163
cagctgccaa aaccgtgtgt gcaagggcgc gacctaaggg gacattcttg t

51

<210> 164
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43973740

<400> 164
tgaagcaaac aaacaaacaa aaaaaggaga gcttcattag tagccaagat

50

<210> 165
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43980521

<400> 165
ggcgatgggt ccctccagga aggctgggtt agagtcccag ggtgggtcccc a

51

<210> 166
<211> 51

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43980521

<400> 166
ccctcagctt tgggggggtcc ttcctaaagg ggcttccctt ggcagaaggg g

51

<210> 167
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43980521

<400> 167
agcatcttga tctagaggac tgaggacagc cccatcaggc tggggccctg g

51

<210> 168
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44019839

<400> 168
agctacacag aggaaataac ttaggcactt tctgtttttt taaaaaaaaat a

51

<210> 169
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/111111>; this version posted November 1, 2016. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

Category	Item	Frequency	Percentage
General	1. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	2. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	3. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	4. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	5. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	6. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	7. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	8. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	9. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	10. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
Specific	11. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	12. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	13. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	14. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	15. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	16. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	17. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	18. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	19. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%
	20. I am a person who is always on the go	10	10.0%

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<223> Accession number cg44916647

50

<213> Homo sapiens

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<223> Accession number cg44021459

51

<213> Homo sapiens

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<223> Accession number cg43926814

51

<213> Homo sapiens

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44031765

<400> 182
catctttata ggccaccact gtgtgtttgc tgcgcgggc acccacgaac t

51

<210> 183
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43970492

<400> 183
tgctttgttg cttcaagatg catgcccac ctggcttttag tgtccaagta t

51

<210> 184
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42847874

<400> 184
acaaaaatta gccgggcatg gtggcacacg cctgtagtcc cagctactta g

51

<210> 185
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43951020

<400> 185
gagtgcagtg gctcactgca acctctgect ccaggttca agcaattctc c

51

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<210> 186
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43951020

<400> 186
caacctccgc ctcccaggtt caagcgattc tcctgcctca gcctccctag t

51

<210> 187
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43971614

<400> 187
accattgctt tgggtcaattc aacctagggg gaaaagagtc aaatatgtcc a

51

<210> 188
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43971614

<400> 188
ctctgcacca cagcaccgag gatagcacaa acccctcacg cgtctgcgtc c

51

<210> 189
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43962954

<400> 189
cgggctcccc atgcagccct agagagggag aagtcagtg tgctgttcca

50

<210> 190
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43917689

<400> 190
aggcaacacc tgtggaggaa gggcatgggg caaaagctca cctcagaagt g

51

<210> 191
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43916785

<400> 191
tcagatgact ttacaaccaa gggagcacac agggcaacaa caaattagag g

51

<210> 192
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

CG71634.1300

<400> 195
tgaaaagtat tatggaaatc actgctgcac aggaaaagta attcagatgt t 51

<210> 196
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43959148

<400> 196
agactagtgt gggccttggg ccccttcatt ttgacatcct tccagatggt 50

<210> 197
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950766

<400> 197
gttcacattt agtgaacctg catttatggg gggggggggg gtacacagta 50

<210> 198
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43958860

<400> 198

tctgtctttt atttaacaaa aaatgcaatt aactgtaaac ttggaatcaa g

51

<210> 199

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43968205

<400> 199

ctatagcaga gggggttatg ggggcaggag ggtagactga catacagaag t

51

<210> 200

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43950996

<400> 200

acgccagtcc agaaagaagg tgctgaagcc cctgctctgt cctctccatc a

51

<210> 201

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens.

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44924222

<400> 201

taagggtgag cagcagcagg agcgctttga agaagaagta gaaggggatg t

51

<210> 202

CG43958860

<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44924222

<400> 202
atgtcaggca ccgtgcgag actgcggtga ctggtggcat acaggacctt g

51

<210> 203
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44924222

<400> 203
gtaccggaag gcgtaggagg agacggtgag gatgagagt accacgtggt g

51

<210> 204
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44916575

<400> 204
gaggacaaaa acagaaagcc ctgtgtgtgt gggaaaactc cgctgcagag a

51

<210> 205
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

CG44924222

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

```
<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cq42650960
```

<400> 205
gggtggagtg cagtggcacg atctcagctc actgcaagcc tccgcctccc g

51

```
<210> 206
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>  
<221> allele  
<222> (26)...(0)  
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism
```

```
<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cq43947129
```

```
<400> 206
ctggggggcgt ccatggtgcg gcggccaggg cggtgagtca gccaaaggagg a
```

51

```
<210> 207
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism
```

```
<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922383
```

```
<400> 207
atctgaaaat ggtgtgtggc gtcgcacgcg ccagctatcg tcagtgcott t
```

51

```
<210> 208
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism
```

```
<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922383
```

<400> 208
cgcgcgccag ctatcgtcag tgcctgttat tgccattggg tttgtgactg t

51

<210> 209
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922383

<400> 209
tcagtgcctt tattgccatt gggttgtgac tgttgatata gtgacgacct

50

<210> 210
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922383

<400> 210
attgccattg ggtttgtgac tgttggtata gtgacgacct caggagcaac a

51

<210> 211
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922383

<400> 211

CGCGCGCCAG CTATCGTCAG TGCCTGTTAT TGCCATTGGG TTTGTGACTG T

ttgtgactgt tgatatagtg acgacgtcag gagcaacagg tgggttaaaa a

51

<210> 212

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43953935

<400> 212

ctttttaaat aaatgactgc gagtgggtgt aaattctgag aaaattacat t

51

<210> 213

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43933591

<400> 213

acatttgga ttttagcttt tttttgcctc tctactgtgt cactaaatat

50

<210> 214

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43949875

<400> 214

ctgagtagct gggattacag gcgtgcgccca ccatgccag ctaatttttt g

51

09710331 112500

<210> 215
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43100840

<400> 215
ggacaggggt gcagctggca gccgaaaaag gggaccacct cggagggctg g

51

<210> 216
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922270

<400> 216
tgtatatgtg tacgtaggta gatgtatgca gcatgoggca ggtttgccag g

51

<210> 217
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43993462

<400> 217
cagaatgagc tgacagaggtt tcctctctgc tttaaatcc cttattgaag t

51

<210> 218
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43993462

<400> 218
taaacatcta cagagttgaa acatactctg tcatattaataa tatattatct a

51

<210> 219
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43993462

<400> 219
tagtctcact tcttaccaaa aaaaacaatg aactggattc agcccactca

50

<210> 220
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43329741

<400> 220
gcagtgcagg agatgacaga gtgagaaggg cccagagcag aattctggcc c

51

<210> 221
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42910688

<400> 221

aaacaatttt tgttcaatgc ccaccaagac atatagaatt gggaactgat a

51

<210> 222

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43967474

<400> 222

tgctggggac catggatggg gaggagggca cagggcccag tgcagatgaa

50

<210> 223

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43964140

<400> 223

gctgagatct taggtcaaaa agctatagaa aagaatcac tttgaaaaac a

51

<210> 224

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

00740324.43200

<210> 228
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43258867

<400> 228
ggcccagtc tggggctctg ggaggtcacg ctccctctc aggctgggga

50

<210> 229
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42907867

<400> 229
gacgatgtgg acgctgggag ggatctggcg ttggttttct gaaagccagg

50

<210> 230
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43920176

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2015. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted March 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<400> 230
aaagctgctt tgtaggttc cttatTTTTTT attactgtc tttctcagt t

51

<210> 231
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43920176

<400> 231
attttgtcat tttttacatc aactttatgg tcttgTTTTT acatggtaat t

51

<210> 232
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950100

<400> 232
caaaattaac aaattcacaa aatacgacag ctagaattac aaaatccatt c

51

<210> 233
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950100

<400> 233
ggcacaggga gaaaaacaaa gtgttcaatc agtccaggca cagggactgg

50

```
<210> 234
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>  
<221> allele  
<222> (26)...(0)  
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism
```

```
<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950100
```

```
<400> 234
acattgaccc cttcagttcc tatatacagc acccaatatt cttttgaaat a
```

51

```
<210> 235
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>  
<221> allele  
<222> (26)...(0)  
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism
```

```
<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950100
```

```
<400> 235
caggtttagt gttgtttag tggcatttgt ccagaattgg tacctcccca t
```

51

```
<210> 236
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>  
<221> allele  
<222> (26)...(0)  
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism
```

```
<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26
```

```
<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43132640
```

```
<400> 236
ctctatgaac tctgttttct ttctatgaga tattaaacca tgtaaagaac
```

50

<210> 237

<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44938448

<400> 237
tgaaagttag agagctgcaa atctctaagt atcaatgtaa agaagcagat

50

<210> 238
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44938448

<400> 238
aatgccactt tcagatggaa gggaagtgag atggaaaaca acaaaaaagg a

51

<210> 239
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43949897

<400> 239
agcactttgg agctggcctc gccoctagga ggagagggtc cctcctgggt

50

<210> 240
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42549778

<400> 240
gggggtgctc ctggaagccc caagaccatc caggattgcc tcccagctgc c

51

<210> 241
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44028574

<400> 241
cagctcccag ctaccatgat gagcctggcg gcttgagcac agtgagtgc

50

<210> 242
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44035718

<400> 242
tctcatctag tgctgaagtc tgaggactct gcagcatcag acccacctct a

51

<210> 243

[illegible]

```
<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44035718
```

```
<210> 244
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cq43963595
```

```
<210> 245
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<221> misc_feature -
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43963595
```

```
<210> 246
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens
```

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43963595

<400> 246
atgttacagt atgtacaaga cccctccctc gggggacggg gcggaactccg

50

<210> 247
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43992566

<400> 247
aaatagagaa tccagaccct tcccaaataa tttagaact gagttttcct c

51

<210> 248
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43992566

<400> 248
atttaaactt gaagcagaaa aaaaagacaa ttacaaaga attattgagc

50

<210> 249
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43067745

<400> 249
tccctgcacg cctttacgtc agactatcac cacaagagcc ttgagtgtcc a

51

<210> 250
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42697161

<400> 250
acgtggtgct ggtagtgtct tgttgggtgt gaattctctc tcatacaaaa g

51

<210> 251
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43957889

<400> 251
gtgcaatggc atgatctcgg ctcaactgcaa cctctgcctc ccgggttcaa g

51

<210> 252
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg42391024

 <400> 252
 aactgcagac aaattttcaa attcaattct ttacttctcc aagatcttcg a 51

 <210> 253
 <211> 51
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

 <220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg43976566

 <400> 253
 ctttaatgaa acacttttga tcgtcgggtgc tgaagtgaag agaattgtgct g 51

 <210> 254
 <211> 51
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

 <220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg44001900

 <400> 254
 gatgctaata gcttctgcga aatgtattca cgtttaatgt tgggaaatcc c 51

 <210> 255
 <211> 50
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

 <220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (25)...(26)
 <223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg43954569

<400> 255
ttcagcccac atgactcagg gacacctccc cagcggttgc tggaggcacc 50

<210> 256
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925519

<400> 256
agtggcccct ttcccgccct gaagacgttt cacacgaaaa ggcggtttgt t 51

<210> 257
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43145684

<400> 257
tggcaaaact gccagcagcg gttgctgaaa atgctgggtt cggcgcctac t 51

<210> 258
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43981803

<400> 258
accagctcgg agagggcact tgagatggtc tatgaacaaa tctgtctaaa a 51

<210> 259
<211> 51

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44006111

<400> 259
aggcctgatg cacatgtgca caggtgccta catgctctgt tcttgtcaac a

51

<210> 260
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44924968

<400> 260
tggccaggga cctgagcccg agacatccct gcatttgatc caaccaggtc a

51

<210> 261
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44924968

<400> 261
ggccaggga ctagagccga gacactcctg catttgatcc aaccaggta g

51

<210> 262
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

<400> 265
caggagtaga tgaggcctgg cacacgtagc agaaggtaat ggttctatag g 51

<210> 266
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43977021

<400> 266
atgaggcctg gcacacatag cagaaagtaa tggttctata ggtgtatctt c 51

<210> 267
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43977021

<400> 267
taatgcactt tgggctagag aaatacaaaa atcacacgta acaaaaacaa a 51

<210> 268
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43999373

<400> 268
cacagaattc agaacttttt caccocgaac tggagaagga gcactccgtc a 51

<210> 269
<211> 51
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43980889

<400> 269

tttgagagct gcagcagaag cggctttatc acagactgga tttagttatg a

51

<210> 270

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43980889

<400> 270

ggctgtatca cagactggat ttagtgatga tgaaaatact ggactgtatt t

51

<210> 271

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44030196

<400> 271

tagattgttc agtactcagc tcacccccat aagaccattt ctctctgcg

50

<210> 272

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

0022212600

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg40336929

<400> 272
ggcaacaagt tacagcggcg ggagaagttc cttctctcac ctgccggggg g

51

<210> 273
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43920571

<400> 273
agaagacagc gcgcagaaat agtgcagaga gaaatgacca gtactattta t

51

<210> 274
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43958980

<400> 274
taagatcctc catcccacca aaaatgaccc acaatgactc caaatcttgt t

51

<210> 275
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

CG43920571

<222> (25)...(26)
 <223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg43320682

 <400> 275
 cattggcaac ggctgcccac tagggcactg ccaattgoot gytcaaact

50

<210> 276
 <211> 50
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (25)...(26)
 <223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg42708544

<400> 276
 ccaggcttgc ctctagattg gctggccaga atttctgggg tcagtctgaa

50

<210> 277
 <211> 51
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg43949796

<400> 277
 gggaagtaaa atgaaggaag cagacttctt gtcacatcttt ccaaataaaa t

51

<210> 278
 <211> 50
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43298234

<400> 278
taaggccaga gcttgtgtgc tgggccagaa atcacctgct gcattcctgtg

50

<210> 279
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43926358

<400> 279
cagtgatgtg ctggcccttt cagggccaca ggccccttca gcttcaccgg a

51

<210> 280
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg35060315

<400> 280
ccaaactatc tcaccctacc ctcccagga tccacttctt tggaatgaca a

51

<210> 281
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg35060315

<400> 281
ctattttatc catccatgtt ctcccaatct gtgctttott tcaacaggtt

50

<210> 282
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg35060315

<400> 282
ttttatccat ccatgttctc ccaaaatctg tgctttcttt caacaggtta t

51

<210> 283
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg35060315

<400> 283
gttctcccaa atctgtgctt tcttttaaca ggttatatat taaaactatt t

51

<210> 284
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg35060315

<400> 284
cccaaattctg tgctttcttt caacacgtta tatattaaaa ctatttcatg a

51

<210> 285
<211> 42
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (18)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (17)...(18)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 17 and 18

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44126579

<400> 285
tgtacaactg attagaggtt ttttttttct ttttcttttc aa

42

<210> 286
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43951096

<400> 286
cctctctctcc aagagttggt tccgcagagg tggaaagaac tctcaatagt

50

<210> 287
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

00740301.1.200000

<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43951096

<400> 287
cacagccata atatagagaa cagagttctc catgaacatc caccaggctg 50

<210> 288
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43960676

<400> 288
agcagccagc ttcatgtggt gcaaatgcct ctctcaggtg agtcaaagga g 51

<210> 289
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43323149

<400> 289
tcacctcaga tgagtgtggc tccccgcgct cccatactgc agcctgcccc t 51

<210> 290
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

CG43951096
CG43960676
CG43323149

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43969533

<400> 290
aagggaagcc tatkctatatt ttttttcctt tgcgaaaaca gaagccaagt 50

<210> 291
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43969533

<400> 291
agggaagcct atcctatattt tttttccttt gcgaaaacag aagccaagtt 50

<210> 292
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39376027

<400> 292
ccggggaggt ggttctggta atctgtgggg gagccgggac aggcgccccg a 51

<210> 293
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/201709.000000>; this version posted September 1, 2017. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<210> 297
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43085556

<400> 297
aatatgtag ttctgggcaa ttattttgca aattctgcc gataattaa g

51

<210> 298
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43085556

<400> 298
ttgttggtct caagcttttc gcctatattt tagactaacc ctgcttattc c

51

<210> 299
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43085556

<400> 299
ttttcgcta cattttagac taaccttgct tattcctgtg aatcaagtgg t

51

<210> 300
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43085556

<400> 300
taaccctgct tattcctgtg aatcacgtgg tgatcttctg cagcttggaa t

51

<210> 301
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43920089

<400> 301
gcatttgctg cttgtgcttg attttatttg gctcaatccc ttctggcag c

51

<210> 302
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950850

<400> 302
aaacatgttc catcaaattc agaaaagcag gtatcagtga aactggagca

50

<210> 303
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

<400> 306
gcttctgtca gacgttactt tcaccatgcc tgctgtttcc acaggaagag t 51

<210> 307
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44924858

<400> 307
cgttactttc accgtgcttg ctgttccac aggaagagtc tgtctgttcc a 51

<210> 308
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44924858

<400> 308
acccagctt gcccggcagc acacagaact gtttcttttg cttgacgaat a 51

<210> 309
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43961591

<400> 309
acaccactgg tactcacacc ccctccggct gggttctctg gtgcgcctg c 51

<210> 310
<211> 51
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43924285

<400> 310

ctgcatatgt ttgcagtttt ccatcgactt cttcataaac aaacaaacat t

51

<210> 311

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43924285

<400> 311

acattttcta gaaacacaaa tatgtggtgg cccaaaggag ctcttaagca a

51

<210> 312

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43958224

<400> 312

gtttgatcct cagccaggac gcacaagccc tacaagatcc cagccctcca a

51

<210> 313

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43971060

<400> 313
aacggcttta aacacaagct cagggcttgg ggtttatccc gagggcacag

50

<210> 314
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44927952

<400> 314
tatttttcat tgtacttatt attcactata cttactatat atatttaaaa c

51

<210> 315
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg19885484

<400> 315
aaacaacaaa ataaccaaac ataaatcaac taatgctaca cagaatgtga t

51

<210> 316
<211> 36
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (11)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42307356

<400> 316
cggccgcggc tcggaacggc gcctcccgcc ccacca

36

<210> 317
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005017

<400> 317
tgggaggcct ggttgcccct cccggtgtgc tgggacactc tgggttcctg c

51

<210> 318
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43329819

<400> 318
ttgagctctc ctacaagctg gaggccaaca gtcagtgaga gcgggggggc c

51

<210> 319
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43329819

<400> 319
agctctccta caagctggag gcaaatagtc agtgagagcg gggggggccag t

51

CG42307356

<210> 320
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43329819

<400> 320
gctggaggca aacagtcagt gagagtgggg gggccagtca gacccgacca a

51

<210> 321
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44015618

<400> 321
cagcctcata gccacacaca cacaccgtac cacacacgca cacacacaca

50

<210> 322
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44015618

<400> 322

50

<211> 51

<213> Home

 $\langle 220 \rangle$

<221> allele

 $\langle 222 \rangle \quad (26) \dots (0)$

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc feature

$$\langle 222 \rangle \quad (0) \dots (0)$$

<223> Accession number cg40361678

<400> 323

caacactttg ggaggccgag gcaggcggat cacctgaggt caggagttcg a

51

<210> 324

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

 $\langle 220 \rangle$

<221> allele

 $\langle 222 \rangle \quad (26) \dots (0)$

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc feature

$$\langle 222 \rangle \quad (0) \quad \bar{\cdot} \quad (0)$$

<223> Accession number cg40361678

 $\langle 400 \rangle$ 324

gtgaaacccc gtctctacta aaaattcaaa aattagccgg gcatggtggc g

51

 $\langle 210 \rangle$ 325

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

 $\langle 220 \rangle$

<221> allele

 $\langle 222 \rangle \quad (26) \dots (0)$

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc feature

$$\langle 222 \rangle \quad (0) \dots (0)$$

<223> Accession number cg40361678

$\leq 400 > \quad 325$

taaaaaatac aaaaattagc cgggcgtggt ggcggatgcc tgtaatccca g

51

210> 326

211> 51

[212] DNA

[213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43930957

<400> 326
aaaataaaaac tcttttgaaa gttgttggtc agctgaccag gtagaggatt c

51

<210> 327
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43300636

<400> 327
caaaggcggc aaagatgggg accagtagca cagccgccac gccacactcc c

51

<210> 328
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43967912

<400> 328
cattctctct ccaaaatttc tcagacttgt gcacaggact ccattccaac c

51

<210> 329
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43967912

<400> 329
aaaatttctc agatttgtgc acagggctcc attccaacct tccagattta a

51

<210> 330
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43967912

<400> 330
atttgtgcac aggactccat tccaatcttc cagatttaag ttctgaactg t

51

<210> 331
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43132502

<400> 331
agtgggtggc accgccgagg ctgctattac ggctcatctt cattgatttg c

51

<210> 332
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44924856

<400> 332
acacgccag cagccgaatg atgttggggt ccttgagcct cgacatgatc t

51

CG43967912

<210> 333
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43991318

<400> 333
agcactcccc tggctcacc ttctcccctc gtggtccttt ttcacctggt g

51

<210> 334
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41553795

<400> 334
ctgtgcacgt ggttgtcgct gagactgact accagagttt cgctgtcctg t

51

<210> 335
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43973728

<400> 335
gcaaattcag atgcaaagcc gtggctaacg ggaaggttct tccgaatgat c

51

<210> 336
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43312829

<400> 336
tccaatcaaa gacaacagga ctccacgtaa ctgaatatga ggacaatttg a

51

<210> 337
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43312829

<400> 337
agacaacagg actccatgta actgagtatg aggacaattt gaagaaatca t

51

<210> 338
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43312829

<400> 338
aggacaattt gaagaaatca tgggtgtgga aagagctata ttctgttaga a

51

<210> 339
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43312829

<400> 339
gggtatggaa agagctatat tctgtcagaa atataaggcc atcctgccac g

51

<210> 340
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43312829

<400> 340
actggatatt gagaggaatg gagccatgga ctctaaaaca taaaggctct g

51

<210> 341
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43312829

<400> 341
ttgaacggct caagccagcc aaggactgta cacccattga gtatccaaaa c

51

<210> 342
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43307992

<400> 342
tcgagggccc caactttgag ttctcaacgg agacccatga ggagctgctg t

51

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<210> 343
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43969759

<400> 343
tggctgtggg cttcaccagc ctcactacct cctccagga gttgacttca g

51

<210> 344
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39523614

<400> 344
atgctggatc agatccagct gcacttaagt gtcgagccga cgaagatggg g

51

<210> 345
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39523614

<400> 345
aagatgggga cagtttcgtc ctgaatggcg tcaaggcttg ggtcacggag g

51

<210> 346
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39523614

<400> 346
gggacagttt cgtcctgaac ggcgttaagg cttgggtcac ggaggctggc g

51

<210> 347
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39523614

<400> 347
tcgagggcac ggtctgagtg ttgctctggg tacgcttgac aactctcgtg t

51

<210> 348
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39523614

<400> 348
gtgtctcgat tgctgctcaa gcagtaggaa ttgcccaggg agctttagac a

51

<210> 349
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<223> Accession number cg42717491

<400> 349

aggctcacac tcacttcacg ttcttgacaa agtcctcgcc tttcttgatg g

51

<210> 350

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42717491

<400> 350

tgatggaggc tttcagctca gggatagcct cggcaatcat tttctctca a

51

<210> 351

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42717491

<400> 351

cagggatggc ctccgcaatc attttttcct caaaaggagt gattttgcca a

51

<210> 352

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42717491

<400> 352

tcattttctc ctcaaaagga gtgatcttgc caatgcctag gttcttctcc a

51

<210> 353

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42711596

<400> 353
atttagtatg ctgtgagctg tctttggttg aatctgattt agtttcagtt c

51

<210> 354
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43319420

<400> 354
agaagtcaga aggccttcct gtggccccgt tcatggaccg agacaaagtg a

51

<210> 355
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41029366

<400> 355
agtggggatc agtgtgcatg gacacctggg acctggagga cgcccacgtg g

51

<210> 356
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42876034

<400> 356
ggcgccgcgcg cggcagcgcc ccgagcccg cttcgcccg cagcctggac g

51

<210> 357
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43976227

<400> 357
ctggtgtgat ctctgtctct ttatgaacca ctactttggt cactgacatg t

51

<210> 358
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43916642

<400> 358
ggctgaaaag catatctata cattcagaga agtcgcaaat agaaaggaaa a

51

<210> 359
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 359
aaccagcatc acctcggaac ttttcctcca tcaagtcagc aatctgaatt t 51

<210> 360
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 360
ttgtcatact cttctctcat ttttagatta agttttaaat cgttgctcag t 51

<210> 361
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 361
tttttaaatt aagttttaaa tcgttactca gtaaggactt aaccattcta a 51

<210> 362
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 362
aatcattgat gacctctaat cctttcagta gaacaatggtt cttgtatttt t 51

<210> 363
<211> 51

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44004587

<400> 363
ttttattgtc attttcatca ataagaatac acatctctgc caggagtga a

51

<210> 364
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43257400

<400> 364
catgtgtggt aactcctcaa gatggcgaga cgtagcaca aatgatagaa g

51

<210> 365
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43931272

<400> 365
ttggtggttc tttccaacc acaaagcact ccggtggtaa ataccaataa g

51

<210> 366
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42665067

<400> 366

ggggcttcta catatccccc cgaagtacct tcagcactct gcaggagctg g

51

<210> 367

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43982923

<400> 367

cgatgcagaa atacgagaaa ctggagaaga ttggggaagg cacctacgga a

51

<210> 368

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43982923

<400> 368

tggaaaagat tggggaaggc acctatggaa ctgtgttcaa ggccaaaaac c

51

<210> 369

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43982923

<400> 369
ccaaaaaccg ggagactcat gagattgtgg ctctgaaacg ggtgaggctg g

51

<210> 370
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43919086

<400> 370
cgctcaggag gatataggtg atgacgccga tgctccacat gtccgcctcc a

51

<210> 371
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg25143358

<400> 371
gggcggcttc aagtttcgtg gtcataccgc cggttccac ccccgaaaca g

51

<210> 372
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43105476

<400> 372
ggttccgatg cccacattg ctggctgtgt gttcaccag gaactccacc a

51

<210> 373
<211> 51
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43105476

<400> 373

tgtgcttcac caggaaactcc accacacgga ggtggccttc tttggcagcc a

51

<210> 374

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43105476

<400> 374

gcaagggcag gttcccttca ttatcttcga tgttaacatc agcttgaaac t

51

<210> 375

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43105476

<400> 375

tatcctcgat gttaacatca gcttgggaact ccagcaaagt ctgttaaagt t

51

<210> 376

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43939695

<400> 376
caggggaacag caatgggaac gccagcatca acatcacgga catctcaagg a

51

<210> 377
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43939695

<400> 377
gcaatgggaa cgccagtatc aacattacgg acatctcaag gaatatcact t

51

<210> 378
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43939695

<400> 378
cttccataca catagagaac tggcgaagtc ttcacacgct caacgccgtg g

51

<210> 379
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43939695

<400> 379

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

tacacataga gaactggcgc agtctgcaca cgctcaacgc cgtggacatg g

51

<210> 380

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43939695

<400> 380

tagagaactg ggcagtcctt cacacactca acgccgtgga catggagctc t

51

<210> 381

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43939695

<400> 381

actggcgcag tttcacacg ctcaatgccg tggacatgga gctctacacc g

51

<210> 382

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43939695

<400> 382

acgccgtgga catggagctc tacacgggac ttcaaaagct gaccatcaag a

51

<210> 383

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43939695

<400> 383
acatggagct ctacaccgga cttcagaagc tgaccatcaa gaactcagga c

51

<210> 384
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg29023997

<400> 384
tgggtttccat tttcaatctg gatggaatgg agcaccatgt gcgcacctgc a

51

<210> 385
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43942537

<400> 385
gttctttctag ggctgtgaaa acttccttca cttcttcttt agaggcatca t

51

<210> 386
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<210> 390
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43983535

<400> 390
tctctggggc ccgctgaggt gacagtaagt gctttagctc ctgagtcata t

51

<210> 391
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42488873

<400> 391
atcctttgaa aatctcatat tgttttgagt ttccattact tccatacaaa g

51

<210> 392
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43935885

<400> 392
ggaagcccca gctgcaggag ctgctgaagc tgcccgccctt catgcgggta a

51

<210> 393
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<210> 400
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43919677

<400> 400
ttgaagtagc tctgaagct tctacatcta gtgccagcca agtgattgct c

51

<210> 401
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005163

<400> 401
cctgtgggct gattacatta actgacgcac aaagattatg taatgcttta t

51

<210> 402
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005163

<400> 402
gtaatgcttt attgcggccca cgaacgtttc ctcaaaatgg tagcgtactt c

51

<210> 403
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg25334466

<400> 403
tcaaggacca gttcactacc ctccccgagg tgaaggactg atgctttgcc a

51

<210> 404
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42535091

<400> 404
aactgaaata cgacgttggt ggaggggaac ggtttgattc tttgacagat c

51

<210> 405
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43302847

<400> 405
ggtggtggtg gccatccaga tcctgaggaa gaacccccaaa ggctttottot t

51

<210> 406
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg39728924

<400> 406

ggcaaatggt gttggaaaat aattcaaatg ttattgccat gataaccaga g

51

<210> 407

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42881873

<400> 407

acctgaaagc gagcgactgg aaagtgaacg gcgcgggtca taaagttagc c

51

<210> 408

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42913398

<400> 408

ctgttccgtg gatgagaaga tagtccacat ttctgaaata ttctgctctt g

51

<210> 409

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44028327

<400> 409

ttcgaattac ctactcaatt gtgcagacga attgttccaa agagaatttt c

51

<210> 410

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/201604>; this version posted April 1, 2016. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43979831

<400> 410
cctcaaggac cactcccaaa gacttttatg ttgatgagaa cacaacagtc c

51

<210> 411
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43987538

<400> 411
atcatcataa gagaagaatc attttaccag tagccccact accatgaatg a

51

<210> 412
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42717608

<400> 412
cccacaaggt ctatgtccag caccttctga agagagacaa agaacacctg t

51

<210> 413
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43927378

<400> 413
atctgatgga gaactaccag atcgtcgtca gcaaacctggc cactgagcgt g

51

<210> 414
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43945592

<400> 414
gggctcgggc aggggtacaca aactccgtgg ctgcaaaatc cccagaggag c

51

<210> 415
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43957486

<400> 415
ctgggggtcc ccgctgccag tgcccggccg gcgccgcct gcaggcagac g

51

<210> 416
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44932934

<400> 416
tgctcgagga tgtcaaccgc atgtcacctg gggcgctggc cattatcttc g

51

<210> 417
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43100187

<400> 417
aacgcctaga gggggagctg gtggcacatg agcctgccat ccagaatgtg c

51

<210> 418
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42930605

<400> 418
ggtccatgca caccttgctg ttcgaaccca gcagggcctt gagcatggca t

51

<210> 419
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42930605

<400> 419
ggggccgctt gaacttgccc cgcaggtcaa atagcttctg gttcatgtcc t

51

<210> 420
<211> 51

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42930605

<400> 420
gatcaaata gcttctggttc atgtcttcca gctccttgct ggtcttctgc a

51

<210> 421
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42930605

<400> 421
tcttctgcac cctcacctcc atgtcatact tctcctcttc agccgcatcg a

51

<210> 422
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42930605

<400> 422
tctcctcttc agccgcatcg atcttcgcgt gcagctgttt gcagagctcc t

51

<210> 423
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42930605

<400> 423

cagccgcatac gatcttggcg tgcagttggt tgcagagctc ctgcacttca g

51

<210> 424

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42930605

<400> 424

tcttggcgtg cagctgtttg cagagttcct gcacttcaga catggagccc g

51

<210> 425

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42930605

<400> 425

gcacttcaga catggagccc gggatgtgca gcggcgggca gtgctccgcc a

51

<210> 426

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42930605

<400> 426
cagacatgga gcccgggata tgcagaggcg ggcagtgtc cgccaggtag t 51

<210> 427
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42930605

<400> 427
tctgtctctc tgcctcacgg cggttttct ccttctccag ctccgtggcc g 51

<210> 428
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42930605

<400> 428
tctctgctc acggcggctc tccttttct ccagctccgt ggcgctatc t 51

<210> 429
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42893961

<400> 429
aatggccagc aggaaggcgg ggaccagggg caaggtggca gccaccaagc a 51

<210> 430
<211> 51
<212> DNA

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42475816

<400> 430

aatcaagaca aaccogaatt gaaaaaaga ttgaagccca ctttgatgcc a

51

<210> 431

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42522566

<400> 431

tgaagaacgt aaaggaccgg gaggacgtga agaatgaggt caacatcatg a

51

<210> 432

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43297806

<400> 432

gtagatgggt agaatagtag ccaggaacaa gacagcggtt ctgcaggag c

51

<210> 433

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

09718331.1.1300

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43297806

<400> 433
tagaatagta gccagggaca agacaacggt tctgcaggga gcgtagtgcc a

51

<210> 434
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43297806

<400> 434
ccagggacaa gacagcggtt ctgcaaggag cgtagtgcc a gaggggtctg g

51

<210> 435
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43297806

<400> 435
gtagtgccag aggggtctgg gaggaagctg aaatcacctg atagaaggta t

51

<210> 436
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43297806

<400> 436

gggtctggga ggaggctgaa atcacttgat agaaggtata gttcagagca a

51

<210> 437

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43297806

<400> 437

tctgggagga ggctgaaatc acctggtaga aggtatagtt cagagcaact g

51

<210> 438

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43297806

<400> 438

aggctgaaat cacctgatag aaggtgtagt tcagagcaac tgggtotcca t

51

<210> 439

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43297806

<400> 439

gatagaaggt atagttcaga gcaacagggt ctccatgggc tcgctgatgc t

51

<210> 440

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43297806

<400> 440
cagaggggta gtaagtcagc cagcgctgta gatgggtaga atagtagcca g

51

<210> 441
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39515668

<400> 441
cagccacatt ccggttaagcc tcgcagagag ccagctgggc gccaaagatac g

51

<210> 442
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39515668

<400> 442
cgatgccgag gttgtcgtca atacggatca tgccggcatc attcggctga g

51

<210> 443
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<210> 447
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg21428405

<400> 447
gaacgcgggtc gagctcgacg tgcataccac cgtcgccagc actggccagc t

51

<210> 448
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg38924050

<400> 448
tctcgttgat gaggtcggtta ccctcgcggtg tacgttcacc gacaccggcg a

51

<210> 449
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg38924050

<400> 449
tgaggtcggt accctcacgg gtacgctcac cgacaccggc gaaaaccgaa g

51

<210> 450
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg38924050

<400> 450
aaaccgaagt accgccgaag ttgtgcgcga tacggtaa catctcctga a

51

<210> 451
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925970

<400> 451
gagcacataa ggtgaagggtg gtgacacca gagaagcgac ctctatatag g

51

<210> 452
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41616031

<400> 452
aagggatgtc cccaaacttc cagtccgaac gccgcacata gtagtccatc a

51

<210> 453
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41616031

<400> 453
tccccaaact tccagtctga acgcctcaca tagtagtcca tcacgaacgg c

51

<210> 454
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41616031

<400> 454
ggcagatgat cagtagaaag tcagccactg ccaggttgaa caggaaaatc c

51

<210> 455
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42489842

<400> 455
ggctggtcaa cacaggtctt ctgacgctgc gccagattgt tttgagcaaa g

51

<210> 456
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42489842

<400> 456
acacaggtct tctgaccctg cgccaaattg ttttgagcaa agttgatcag t

51

CG41616031

<210> 457
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42489842

<400> 457
gccagattgt tttagacaaa gttgaccagt ctcttcatac caacacatcg c

51

<210> 458
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42489842

<400> 458
ttttgagcaa agttgatcag tctctccata ccaacacatc gctggatgct g

51

<210> 459
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42489842

<400> 459
ttcataccaa cacatcgctg gatgccgcaa gtgaatatgc caaatactgc t

51

<210> 460
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

00710331.112000

<223> Accession number cg32423505

<400> 463

ccctcctcct ggctgagaaa aagtttcct tgtgcaaaaa cactaggtac c

51

<210> 464

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43968711

<400> 464

tatgattgga tgtggaagaa ctatccgttg cattcacatt taaacgattg g

51

<210> 465

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43297259

<400> 465

ctcctgtgtg tgtccttaag tgtctaata ggtgtgactt ctggctaaag c

51

<210> 466

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg20612302

<400> 466

tggaggcggc ccacatggcg gccacggcca tcctcaacct gtccacgcgc t

51

<210> 467

CG32423505

<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43949162

<400> 467
gggccatgtt aaccacttcc ttttggtgat catctggttt taagaaagga t

51

<210> 468
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43928442

<400> 468
catccacatg ggccacggtg atgggaagcc caaaggctcc gtatctgcag g

51

<210> 469
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43976701

<400> 469
gacagctcat tcgactgtgt cagaagtttg gagaatatca taaagatgac c

51

<210> 470
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005525

<400> 470
cttgactggt aatattacaa tgataaattc ttgtccgaaa tgtaaccttt g

51

<210> 471
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005525

<400> 471
attctggtgt aaaagtgata tcgaggaaga atacaccacc ctcatcacg g

51

<210> 472
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005525

<400> 472
gtgtaaaagt gatatcgaga aagaagacac caccctcata cacggatcct g

51

<210> 473
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005525

CG44005525

<400> 473
gaaagaatac accaccctca tacacagatc ctggaggccc tagaatggtt g 51

<210> 474
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005525

<400> 474
cctcatacac ggatcctgga ggccccagaa tggttgatct ccattcatag a 51

<210> 475
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005525

<400> 475
gaggccctag aatgggttgat ctccactcat agatgttatc gcctttggga c 51

<210> 476
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005525

<400> 476
tggttgatct ccattcatag atgttgctgc ctttgggacc agcactgcaa t 51

<210> 477
<211> 51

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005525

<400> 477
tatcgcccttt gggaccagca ctgcagtttag gtggagggtc taaagtgatg t

51

<210> 478
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44005525

<400> 478
tgttggtcat atactgagtg gcaatgcttc ccaccaaagg gtcggcagga t

51

<210> 479
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg17663981

<400> 479
ccgagaaccc gggcacagcg agagcgtggt gccaaagtggc ccaaaagtgc a

51

<210> 480
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg17663981

<400> 480

cgggcacagc gagagcctgg tgccaggtgg cccaaaagtt cacgggcggc a

51

<210> 481

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42907760

<400> 481

aacctgaagg ccaaagtgtt gactcagact cggagagcac agtcagcccc c

51

<210> 482

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43301812

<400> 482

ctccatggct gggatgctct gctgcacttg gttttgcccg agtggcagcc t

51

<210> 483

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43917756

<400> 483
agacactgac cactggggga ggtgcggaga ctgtgctgga tgtgggtggaa a 51

<210> 484
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43918356

<400> 484
catcttcac tagaaacgcc ctactgaaa tggaattgct gccagacgtg g 51

<210> 485
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43924089

<400> 485
ctgtgttcct ctccacagac aggggttcaca tcaaactggg ggtgtctcca c 51

<210> 486
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43926428

<400> 486
caaacttcac gagattgaag atctggagct gctgctcctt gaacatgtct g 51

<210> 487
<211> 51
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43950657

<400> 487

cctctaccca tcggtcagtg tccccgccac cgggggggctg ctgggactct t

51

<210> 488

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43955358

<400> 488

cccgcacaatt gtatctggca taaattcctt caccagtag attaggaatg a

51

<210> 489

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43970200

<400> 489

cattagagat ctgggctgca aggtctccaa cataatcaat aaacagattt t

51

<210> 490

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43970200

<400> 490
ttaaactgtgg tatacagtca gtgtacgcaa acattgattt aaagcgggtca t

51

<210> 491
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43999667

<400> 491
gtacagcctg gtaatggaga atcaagtttt gctgtatcgt aaagcgagca a

51

<210> 492
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44009187

<400> 492
tcaacttgct ccagtaggcc gccggttctg caggcagctc gggctggaag a

51

<210> 493
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44020180

<400> 493

CG43970200

atgggtagac tcgagtttgg taaatatcca aaccataggc cacaaccaaa c

51

<210> 494

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44020180

<400> 494

tagactcgag tttggtaaat gtccagacca taggccacaa ccaaacaagt g

51

<210> 495

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44020180

<400> 495

ccaaaccata ggccacaacc aaacatgtgg actccagacc cgaggagct g

51

<210> 496

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44020180

<400> 496

ccacaaccaa acaagtggac tccaggcccg agggagctgt gtagatacct c

51

<210> 497

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

00740304 110000

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44020180

<400> 497
aacaagtgga ctccagaccc gagggcgctg tgtagatacc tcgcattcga g

51

<210> 498
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44020180

<400> 498
tggaactccag acccgaggga gctgtataga tacctcgcat tcgagaaact g

51

<210> 499
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44020180

<400> 499
ccagacccga gggagctgtg tagatgcctc gcattcgaga aactgtctgg t

51

<210> 500
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44020180

<400> 500
ctgtgtagat acctcgcatc cgagagactg tctgggtaata gttgatgaat c

51

<210> 501
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44020180

<400> 501
tgatgaatcg ctctgcgtgt atctggacat ctggagaata cgggattaag t

51

<210> 502
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44020180

<400> 502
gctctgcgtg tatctgtaca tctggggaat acgggattaa gttctctct c

51

<210> 503
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44020180

<400> 503
tgtacatctg gagaatacgg gattagggtc tctctctctgc tttgttctgt t

51

CGTGGTAACTG

[illegible]

```
<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44020180
```

51

```
<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism
```

```
<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cq44928323
```

51

```
<210> 506
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism
```

```
<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cq44932392
```

51

```
<210> 507
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens
```

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43991434

<400> 507
tcttgagcag acccatgtgc acgagcagcc tggtagaggaa ggtgttgag t

51

<210> 508
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43985955

<400> 508
gcatgatagg atatggaatt cctcctcaaa tgggaagtgt tcctgtaatg a

51

<210> 509
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43985955

<400> 509
gaattcctcc acaaattggga agtgtagctg taatgacgca accaacctta a

51

<210> 510
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

CGE43991434

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43985955

<400> 510
aaatgggaag tggttcctgta atgacacaac caaccttaat atacagccag c 51

<210> 511
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43985955

<400> 511
tatacagcca gcctgtcatg agaccgcaa acccctttgg cctgtatca g 51

<210> 512
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44031765

<400> 512
acctcgccgt agtagatgta ggcgaacatg gactcgaagg cctgcctgct g 51

<210> 513
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43252100

<400> 513
tgcagcccag aggttctttt tactcaatgg taccaaatgc aactattcac c 51

<210> 514
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43934178

<400> 514
cgatgccatg cttctccatg agcgtaatga gctcggcctc cgtcaggtag t

51

<210> 515
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43031103

<400> 515
acatggccct ccccttggtt gaggaacacag caggggctgg tgtgaggtgc a

51

<210> 516
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43258841

<400> 516
taaatcttgt gtggccatca tccagggtgt ggaacatttc accgtcatct t

51

<210> 517
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<223> Accession number cg43258841

<400> 520

ctggtataat ttgaaagtgc tttatctttt gtccatgact cattgacagt a

51

<210> 521

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43258841

<400> 521

tttgaaagtg ctttattttt tgtccgtgac tcattgacag tacgaaagtt t

51

<210> 522

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43258841

<400> 522

tttgtcatg actcattgac agtacaaaag ttttgggggtt actctgacta t

51

<210> 523

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43258841

<400> 523

aaactccatc cacaagtcct tgctggataa tcaatcgctg agcctcatct c

51

<210> 524

<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43258841

<400> 524
ccacaagtcc ttgctgaata atcaaccgct gagcctcatc tctagaaatt t

51

<210> 525
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43971614

<400> 525
tcactttcct gtggatttct ttctgccgct agactgcacg tgctggcttt c

51

<210> 526
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43971614

<400> 526
gctttccatt tgaatccaat cccccgtgga cataagaaga gttctttcca t

51

<210> 527
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43320405

<400> 527
tgttcttcag gcccttcacc atggagggca ggagggcctt caccttgng g

51

<210> 528
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922856

<400> 528
ttactggacc atctatacga aaatgctctg aagtttccac ccttttcctt g

51

<210> 529
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922856

<400> 529
gagttcttct tgaccctctt gtagactccc tagttaatgc ctgcagaggt c

51

<210> 530
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43991007

<400> 530
caagagaaca gcaagtgcac caaacctagc tgaaacagaa aaagagacag c

51

<210> 531
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43940463

<400> 531
ggctcaccag ctccagctgc gtgtgctcat ccaccaccag cgtgtacttg a

51

<210> 532
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42676981

<400> 532
ggaagtagag gtcagggtggg gctgtagggc tcttcaggtt caaacaccgg a

51

<210> 533
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43918561

<400> 533
ggaaggaggt ctacaccacg ctgaaaggcc tctacgccac gcacgcctgc g

51

<210> 534
<211> 51

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43999712

<400> 534
acgtaccaaa tgaaatgctc tacggccgaa taggtacat ctatgctctg c

51

<210> 535
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43999712

<400> 535
taccaaatga aatgctctac gggcgcatag gctacatcta tgctctgctt t

51

<210> 536
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43999712

<400> 536
gccatattca gcagatttgt gaaaccattt taacctctgg agaaaaccta t

51

<210> 537
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

<400> 540
tggctcttgg caaagggaaac acggccttct ggatcgtctt ctccatcatt c

51

<210> 541
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41022625

<400> 541
gcaaagggaa cacggcggttc tggattgtct totccatcat tcacatcatc g

51

<210> 542
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44002669

<400> 542
ccttgcgctt gcaactcgcgg cagcctctgt ccagttcctc cttctccttc t

51

<210> 543
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43302693

<400> 543
gccccacctg agtgacaatg atgtacttga cccacacggg ggtcggctcc a

51

<210> 544
<211> 51
<212> DNA

ctatatcttc tgattgtgca aagtatagga cattatatcc gacatctttg g

51

<210> 551

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43950590

<400> 551

ggtgcacccat gtacagctgc ccaatttgag agaagaatcc tccgacggct t

51

<210> 552

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43950590

<400> 552

gctgccaat ctgagagaag aatccccga cggcttcggt accatcctgt c

51

<210> 553

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43950590

<400> 553

cgacggcttc gttaccatcc tgtctaaagc ggattgcacg agcccagtaa t

51

<210> 554

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950590

<400> 554
cgttaccatc ctgtctgaag cggatggcac gagcccagta attgccccat t

51

<210> 555
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950590

<400> 555
catcctgtct gaagcggatt gcacgggccc agtaattgcc ccattcaatc a

51

<210> 556
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950590

<400> 556
cacgagccca gtaattgccc cattcgatca tggttcctgg tcggagttgg t

51

<210> 557
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

00710304 110000

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950590

<400> 557
gtcggagttg gtaagacctg agttcgtata tattaggtcc ggatcttggc a

51

<210> 558
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950590

<400> 558
ggtaagacct gagttcatat atattgggtc cggatcttgg cacagggtca t

51

<210> 559
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43951092

<400> 559
gagtagaatt caagaagagt tcaatgtatc gatgttgcat gttattttta t

51

<210> 560
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43951092

<400> 560
tattttttatc tttagacatg gcagccactg catcttcatg tgtcacaaac t

51

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.03.10.332222>; this version posted March 10, 2020. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43951092

<400> 564
ttagtggtga gaagaaatta gcaatatcat tttcagttgc acgaaaaggc a

51

<210> 565
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43990820

<400> 565
catcagtttc cacttcgaca catcgatagt cctcacagcc acggccatcc a

51

<210> 566
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43990820

<400> 566
tcgacccttc ttcatcctcc aaaacccgaa cccttggtat ccttgatttg a

51

<210> 567
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43986914

<400> 567
tcaggaaaag gaagcatgac aattttccac ataaccaaag aagagaaggg a

51

<210> 568
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43119818

<400> 568
aagaaattat caatgtgggg cattccttcc atgtaaattt tgaggacaac g

51

<210> 569
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44027444

<400> 569
cagtgccaga gtccaggaac tgaacgtcaa gagcccggct gctgtgaaca t

51

<210> 570
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg29351416

<400> 570
ccacacagga cactgtggtg gccctcgatg ctctgtccaa atacggagca g

51

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg29351416

<400> 574
atgctcagac cacgctgaga tacaatatgc ccttggagaa gcagcagcct g

51

<210> 575
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950273

<400> 575
ggtcttcaat aaagtagtta tggcaagtcc tgatccacat agatagctga a

51

<210> 576
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44930828

<400> 576
tcaacacaag gcagccacag gccaaagatca ttgtattggg tttgttacct c

51

<210> 577
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44930828

<400> 577

ggcagccaca ggccaaaatc attgtgttg gtttgttacc tcgaggtgag a

51

<210> 578

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44930828

<400> 578

tgggtttgtt acctcgaggt gagaagccca atcctttgag gcaaaagaac g

51

<210> 579

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44930828

<400> 579

tgttacctcg aggtgagaaa cccaaccctt tgaggcaaaa gaacgccaag g

51

<210> 580

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44930828

<400> 580

ctcgaggtga gaaaccaat cctttaaggc aaaagaacgc caaggtgaac c

51

<210> 581

CG44930828

<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44930828

<400> 581
aacccaatcc tttgaggcaa aagaatgccca aggtgaacca actcctcaag g

51

<210> 582
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44930828

<400> 582
ggcaaaagaa cgccaaggtg aaccagctcc tcaaggttgc gctgccgaag c

51

<210> 583
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44930828

<400> 583
aggtgaacca actcctcaag gtttccctgc cgaagcttgc caacgtgcag c

51

<210> 584
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44930828

<400> 584
aggtttcgct gccgaagctt gccaatgtgc agctcctgga taccgacggg g

51

<210> 585
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44930828

<400> 585
tgcagctcct ggataccgac gggggctttg tgcactcgga cggtgccatc t

51

<210> 586
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44930828

<400> 586
agctcctgga taccgacggg ggtttcgtgc actcggacgg tgccatctcc t

51

<210> 587
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43975478

<400> 587
aaaaccctga gaaaagatac aatgttcttg gagctgagac tgtgctcaat c

51

<210> 588
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42530218

<400> 588
gcatgcccg taataaagat gaagacgggc tagtggtttt agttttcaac a

51

<210> 589
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43122111

<400> 589
agtgggtggat cccagaggagg aggagagaag gcgggcaggt ggcggggcag a

51

<210> 590
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43986282

<400> 590
cttttgccc atacttcttt ccgtaacagg atttcagta gatctcttca t

51

<210> 591
<211> 51

[illegible]

51

51

51

```
<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
```

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43986282

<400> 594

agaaagcagc agcgggtggaa gctccggcca tcacactgca cctcttctgc g

51

<210> 595

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43986282

<400> 595

tcttgcacac aactgcacc tcttcagcgt ggtacacggt cctcccacag g

51

<210> 596

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43986282

<400> 596

gcacctcttc tgcgtggtac acggttctcc cacaggcccc acacttgttt c

51

<210> 597

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43986282

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42723058

<400> 601

agatgtgagc cttgagttgc agcagttgcg ggaagaacgg aaccgcctgg a

51

<210> 602

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43981269

<400> 602

agatggctgg ccagatgggc atgtttaacc ccatggccat ccctttcggg g

51

<210> 603

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43972159

<400> 603

taggttctcg ggctgctgaa ctgtagatt ttgacttttc tttctccttg c

51

<210> 604

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

097183341300

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43972159

<400> 604
gggctgctga actgttcgat ttgtattttt ctttctcctt gctgtctgtc a

51

<210> 605
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43972159

<400> 605
ctttctcctt gctgtctgtc acaggcaccc acttaaatat cctcaggga c

51

<210> 606
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43972159

<400> 606
ccttgctgtc tgtcacagga acccatttaa atatcctcag ggacgtgtca c

51

<210> 607
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43972159

<400> 607

CG43972159

gggacgtgtc acccacagtc acccatttct tctcccattt cgcactttc t

51

<210> 608

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43972159

<400> 608

cgcacatcac cttcttgatg tcattcttgg cccggctacg ggtctcggcc c

51

<210> 609

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44911139

<400> 609

gcaaggttcg cgatgtacgt atcatttcag atcgggaactc acgtcgttct a

51

<210> 610

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42539705

<400> 610

aaacggaact atttcagat gaggcagggt gtctgggagg ggctgtgggt g

51

<210> 611

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42028329

<400> 611
ccaaggagaa cccgtgcaga aaatttcagg ccaacatctt caacaagagc a

51

<210> 612
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42028329

<400> 612
actttgacaa cccagtacac cggtcacgga aatggcagcg acggttcttc a

51

<210> 613
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42028329

<400> 613
accggtctcg gaaatggcag cgacgattct tcatccttta cgagcacggc c

51

<210> 614
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42028329

<400> 614
ggcagcgacg gttcttcac ctttatgagc acggcctctt gcgctacgcc c

51

<210> 615
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42028329

<400> 615
gacggttctt catcctttac gagcatggcc tcttgcgcta cgccctggat g

51

<210> 616
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42028329

<400> 616
tcctttacga gcacggcctc ttgcgatacg ccctggatga gatgccacg a

51

<210> 617
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42028329

<400> 617
gctacgccct ggatgagatg cccaccaccc ttcctcaggg caccatcaac a

51

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39512856

<400> 621
acgcgtcgcc ggaagccacg tcataaacgg ttttaccocg atggtcttca a

51

<210> 622
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39512856

<400> 622
cgtcatagac gggttttacc ccatgatctt caacgagatg ccacgatgcc t

51

<210> 623
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39512856

<400> 623
cctcatcact gttgaaaaca gccacgaagc cagccggaat atctggcggg g

51

<210> 624
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

00763414300

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg39512856

<400> 624

agccagccgg aatatctggc ggtgcgatat cgttactgtt tgcaggcaga c

51

<210> 625

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg39512856

<400> 625

gcggtgcaat atcgttactg tttgctggca gaccggtatg aggcggaata t

51

<210> 626

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg39512856

<400> 626

tatcgttact gtttgcaggc agacctgtat gaggcggaat atatgcgtca c

51

<210> 627

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg37445474

<400> 627

ccctgcaagc tctgtatgga acgattcccc agatctttgg gaaaggagaa t

51

<210> 628
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg30791729

<400> 628
cagatccagt ggccttcccc cagctttgtc aactgtgtcc aggctgtggc t

51

<210> 629
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42522690

<400> 629
gtgaacagtg taaatcagtt tttcactggg acatgaaatc caaggataag g

51

<210> 630
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42522690

<400> 630
ctcgaaagtc tcttggtgag gaatacacag aagactatga gcaaccacagg g

51

<210> 631
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43982164

<400> 631
agggtctacgt gttgaagcgt cctcacgtgg atgagttcct gcagcgaatg g

51

<210> 632
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43980889

<400> 632
aagaccattt acaagtagaa aatgacgctt accctgggtac cgatagaaca g

51

<210> 633
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43980889

<400> 633
tagaaaaatga tgcttaccct ggtactgata gaacagaaaa tgttaaatat a

51

<210> 634
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43980889

<400> 634

atgatgctta ccctggtacc gataggacag aaaatgttaa atatagacaa g

51

<210> 635

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43980889

<400> 635

gtaccgatag aacagaaaat gttaagtata gacaagtgga ccattttgcc t

51

<210> 636

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43955651

<400> 636

cttccaccac gcctgtgttc tgggcactga caaaggccac cttgttggtg t

51

<210> 637

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43955651

<400> 637

tgacaaaggc caccttgttg gtgtcaggct tgaggcgaat gaagccacac t

51

<210> 638

CG43980889

<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42353267

<400> 638
ggccttcgat ccagtccatg agcaacgccata tatagcgagg cgagagagc t 51

<210> 639
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg37027086

<400> 639
gggtttctca actgggacag gaggcctcta cccaccaggc ccaaaacgag g 51

<210> 640
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42688841

<400> 640
tcaacataag gtagaatttc attaatctca agaagcgagc gtcatagtat a 51

<210> 641
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

CG42353267

<400> 644
cactgtgacc attttgtaca gcaagcagca gcggtatatt cccatccaaa t

51

<210> 645
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43982291

<400> 645
gtaaagctgt tttcccagag ctgtcaacac tttcggtctgg gcatttagac t

51

<210> 646
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44003673

<400> 646
catgcttggt gcctggtgcc aggtgggtga tgacgacctc cacggcctgc a

51

<210> 647
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44003673

<400> 647
catcagagat gtgcaggaag atgtcagggc cgccatcagc tggggtaatg a

51

<210> 648
<211> 51

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44003673

<400> 648
tgtcggggcc gccatcagct ggggtgatga agccatggcc ctggaccgg c

51

<210> 649
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44936941

<400> 649
cgcgcacctc gtcgccgatc tgctgcccg tctccttgcc gaggaagtcg t

51

<210> 650
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39523553

<400> 650
ggtctgcccg atccgggatg gctgcaggtg ggtgatcgac ggtaggccgg a

51

<210> 651
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg39523553

<400> 651

atggctgccg gtgggtgatc gacggcaggc cggacaatgc cccggcccgt c

51

<210> 652

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg39523553

<400> 652

gaggacagcc atggaagggc acggaccgcc agtgccgcgg cgtgattatg g

51

<210> 653

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg39523553

<400> 653

acgtggtgcg caacagccct cacgggggtga aggtccagat ggctctttcc g

51

<210> 654

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg39523553

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<400> 654
cctggcccga gctcgatcag gcatcgaggt gcctggaatc cttactcgat g 51

<210> 655
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39523553

<400> 655
tcgatcaggc atcaaggtgc ctggagtcct tactcgatga cggtttagtg c 51

<210> 656
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg36728314

<400> 656
gctgctgctt cttccttggt gcaacaatct tctgggcaac gtcctggaag a 51

<210> 657
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41677120

<400> 657
ttcagtgcac aaatgagatg aatgttaaca tcccacagtt ggcagacagt t 51

<210> 658
<211> 51
<212> DNA

CG39523553

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44126579

<400> 658

aggagtattc atcatcccca atgccatagc cttcatgatt gaggaatttg c

51

<210> 659

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44126579

<400> 659

gagtggccca gccaatctgc atgacaccag aagtgaccac tgttacttca t

51

<210> 660

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg38925480

<400> 660

agaatctcac cagccttggtg gtgctacatt tgcataacaa ccgcatccag c

51

<210> 661

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43323149

<400> 661
gcaccagcgg aagccctaca gacgggtca gcgtcatgca agggccctac a

51

<210> 662
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43323149

<400> 662
ctacagacgg actcagcgtc atgcaggggc cctacagcga aacagccagc t

51

<210> 663
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43323149

<400> 663
gaaaatacag ccggttagaa gttcaggccg atgtccaaaa ggaaattttc c

51

<210> 664
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg34243633

<400> 664

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted May 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

ccaccacaga gataatgcag gccagcgagg agattgcact ggatgtcacc a

51

<210> 665

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg34243633

<400> 665

caactgctgt cacaatgctg gcaccaacat aagaacttgt tttccagctg g

51

<210> 666

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg34243633

<400> 666

ggagcagcat ggcaaccagt gtgcctaaaa gccccagaag gcctaggatg t

51

<210> 667

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43942922

<400> 667

agcccacatc tcaggccact aggggaagaa caaatagggtc ctctgtcaag a

51

<210> 668

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

0971334.1.160

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43942922

<400> 668
cagttgtccc cacagcccct gagcttcagc cttccacctic cacagaccag c

51

<210> 669
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43942922

<400> 669
ctgtcaagac ccctgaaaca gttgtcccca cagcccctga gctccagcct t

51

<210> 670
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43955219

<400> 670
cctggccaac atggcaaaac cccgtttcta ctaaaaatac aaaaagccgg g

51

<210> 671
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

CG43942922

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg29142822

<400> 671
cactcacaaa aagggcaaga agcgcgagga gggataatgt cttggaagcc a

51

<210> 672
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43988710

<400> 672
ttggtgaaga ggttgtagag cactcttagt gtagacttca ggtcacagtt g

51

<210> 673
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43988710

<400> 673
agagggtgta cagcactcgt agtgtggact tcaggtcaca gttgacaatg t

51

<210> 674
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39516123

<400> 674
gcttgaccg gcatgtggcc tatggcggt attctacccc ggaggatcgg a

51

CGTGTGACG

<210> 675
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39516123

<400> 675
caggcagcct gggacagccc agcccatctg ccagagaaa ctaccagagc t

51

<210> 676
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39516123

<400> 676
tcagctcctc tccggaaagc caggctcgag ctcaattcag tgtggctggc g

51

<210> 677
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39516123

<400> 677
cggcgctcctg gagccctcag gcgcgtcaca gaacagtggg caccaacact c

51

<210> 678
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42731307

<400> 678
ggaaatgagc caaagttcgc atgaaccac ggaagtttac ctggtcctct c

51

<210> 679
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44128084

<400> 679
ccggacaaca ccgttgaggt tctttcgccg tcaacgagtt gtctctggaa a

51

<210> 680
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44128084

<400> 680
tgagcgctca cgctctcttt gctcgccgc tggatcatgag ccagctgct c

51

<210> 681
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg44128084

 <400> 681
 tctttgctcg accgctggtc atgagtcag ctgctcgagt ggaccttgac a 51

 <210> 682
 <211> 51
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

 <220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg44128084

 <400> 682
 tggatcatgag cccagctgct cgagtagacc ttgacatcca gccagacggt t 51

 <210> 683
 <211> 51
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

 <220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg44128084

 <400> 683
 acatccagcc agacggttca gaatcggcgg ttctgtggtg cgacgggccc c 51

 <210> 684
 <211> 51
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

 <220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg30455661

 <400> 684
 ccacatacac aacagcatat acctttcctg ggattctcaa gtgggttgaa g 51

<210> 685
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg30455661

<400> 685
gatttcaaca gaagaaatca gccctttgga gaatgccata gaaaccatgg a

51

<210> 686
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg30455661

<400> 686
ccatagaaac catggagctg accaatgaga ggatcagcaa ctgtgttcag c

51

<210> 687
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43302460

<400> 687
agctcgggag tacaggtgaa acttcgcgaa ttgcctgttc cttctttctg a

51

<210> 688
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43153425

<400> 688
aaggccgact ttctgtagga agtaatcgtg accgagagat cagcatgtct g

51

<210> 689
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43153425

<400> 689
gacttttctgt aggaagtaac cgtgatcgag agatcagcat gtctgtcggc c

51

<210> 690
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43153425

<400> 690
gtgaccgaga gatcagcatg tctggtgggc tgggaaggtc acagttagac t

51

<210> 691
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43153425

<400> 691

tcagcatgtc tgtcggctctg ggaagatcac agttagactc caaaggagga g

51

<210> 692

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43153425

<400> 692

tgtctgtcgg tctgggaagg tcacaattag actccaaagg aggagtagtt g

51

<210> 693

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43153425

<400> 693

tcggtctggg aaggtcacag ttagattcca aaggaggagt agttggtggg a

51

<210> 694

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43153425

<400> 694

gtctgggaag gtcacagtta gactctaaag gaggagtagt tgggtgggacc a

51

<210> 695

<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43153425

<400> 695
caaatcagca accaaaccac aaaattcaaa ttactatggg ttctactgaa t

51

<210> 696
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43153425

<400> 696
tgggttctac tgaatctcgg gttgattaca tgggctcaag catcctcatg g

51

<210> 697
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg30384142

<400> 697
cttgcgcggc accaggcggg aagacaaccc atattttaga actggcacct c

51

<210> 698
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44015614

<400> 698
gctctggctg ggggtgcagta tactttttcca cgtattctat ttccacaact t

51

<210> 699
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44015614

<400> 699
gctgggggtgc agtatacttc tccacatatt ctatttccac aacttcttct g

51

<210> 700
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44015614

<400> 700
tctccacgta ttctattttcc acaacctctt ctgatgagat gttctccatt t

51

<210> 701
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44015614

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43931038

<400> 705
tcttctctag agtcccgagg ctacggcct ttgctgcgaa gggcaacttg t

51

<210> 706
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43931038

<400> 706
gtcccgaggc tcacagcctt tgctgggaag ggcaacttgt gggcaacctg g

51

<210> 707
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43931038

<400> 707
aagggaact tgtgggcaac ctggttaagg aaaccttgac ttcttcaat t

51

<210> 708
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

00716324.116000

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43931038

<400> 708

aacttgtagg caacctgggc aaggacacct tgactttcttc aaattcaca c

51

<210> 709

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43931038

<400> 709

gcaacctggg caaggaaacc ttgacctctt caaattcaca acgcccaccc a

51

<210> 710

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43931038

<400> 710

ccttgacttc ttcaaattca caacgtccac ccatctctac aacaaggcgg c

51

<210> 711

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43931038

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39380052

<400> 718
gtcgtggcat cgggccgacc tactccgaca agatcaatcg gatgggtatt c

51

<210> 719
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39380052

<400> 719
actctgacaa gatcaatcgg atgggcattc gcgtccagga tcttttcgac g

51

<210> 720
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43329819

<400> 720
tcacgacaa ccagaacctc ctcttcgagc tctcctacaa gctggaggca a

51

<210> 721
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43298242

<400> 721

00719334136000

ctgaagatct gttggcaggg ctcacggaga cgggggtgag gggagagatc g

51

<210> 722

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43298242

<400> 722

tggcagggct cacagagacg ggggtaaggg gagagatcgt gggttcatga g

51

<210> 723

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43970780

<400> 723

ggagttctgg ttctggtaga tggaaacttt ctctttcaac aggtccagac a

51

<210> 724

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43957906

<400> 724

ggagtcttg gcggcgctcat atgggcgctc cttggagggg atctccagga c

51

<210> 725

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43952088

<400> 725
tgaggggagc gtcgccggcc gcggaacaga tgccgcgggg gccgctcgca g

51

<210> 726
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43956666

<400> 726
actcctgttc tggggacagt ttggtgttaa aacacttaaa tatagatccg g

51

<210> 727
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43942011

<400> 727
ttcccatgt gaaacatctg gcttgtgaca ggtgattttt tcacaggtag g

51

<210> 728
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43973728

<400> 728
tatgaaccac ccagatctga agaagctgct gttctgaaac agaagttgga g

51

<210> 729
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44017721

<400> 729
tcctgctcct ccgtggcctc ctttgacagc gctggccaag ccccggtca g

51

<210> 730
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43273880

<400> 730
caaaagaaga aagacgacgt gactgcggtt aagaaaccat ttcgtccaga g

51

<210> 731
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43992911

<400> 731
gaagaagaac ttttttaaac tgaacgataa aagtgaaaaa gataagaagg a

51

CG43973728 CG44017721 CG43273880 CG43992911

<210> 732
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41029366

<400> 732
tgcggccaca aagaggacgc gggcgcggtg tgctcagagc accagtcctg g

51

<210> 733
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43931167

<400> 733
cgagaactga agaaagcaag aacaggccta caaatggatg aactcaaag t

51

<210> 734
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 734
aatctgaatt ttgtcatact cttctttcat ttttaaatta agttttaaat c

51

<210> 735
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 735
tagaacaatg ttcttgatt tttttgcat cttacagac ataagtgagc c

51

<210> 736
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43928549

<400> 736
aattggcaca tcttggcgcg aaagttgttc acttctgggt cgcacaagga g

51

<210> 737
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42703622

<400> 737
gaagaaggaa tttggaggtg gccacgttaa agatgaagta tttggaacag t

51

<210> 738
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44131752

<400> 738
ctctgcgtgc tcgtcccgaa gtgacgtgcc tggttccgac aaggacactg a

51

<210> 739
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg25143358

<400> 739
caggtggcca ttoggcgggc ttcaattttc gtggtcatgc cgccggttcc c

51

<210> 740
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43105476

<400> 740
gcgaaaccag ttcggtcttt caaattggga ttagcacctc taagtagcag t

51

<210> 741
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg38642684

<400> 741
atattgccta gtaatttctg ataattattt aaggtatgta agttgctagt a

51

CG44131752

<210> 742
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39518465

<400> 742
cacttcctaa aggagatgaa ggaagtcctg ggcacccctg ggcagccaa t

51

<210> 743
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43021380

<400> 743
cagccgcccg gggggctgca ggcgcattag tgcccacggc tgtctatttg a

51

<210> 744
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39728924

<400> 744
caattgtgga gaagagtatt tttatatcgc tactcaagga ccactgctga g

51

<210> 745
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42710490

<400> 745
caaccagcct attgggggaa gaaatatcca gggtggaatc cgttttgggg a

51

<210> 746
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44001078

<400> 746
ggttatcagg aacttgggat cttcatggat ttccatcttg ttcttcatcc a

51

<210> 747
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43916919

<400> 747
aggtaggagt ccccgagaa gaagatgcc tggttctctt gcgccacagg c

51

<210> 748
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

[illegible]

51

51

51

51

51

<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42489842

<400> 752
tgcaagtgaatgatgcaaat actgcacaga aatattagga gttgcagcta c

51

<210> 753
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43919398

<400> 753
gttagtctct gtggtgtgct tataaccatt tggggtccaa cattcacatt t

51

<210> 754
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg20612302

<400> 754
atggaggcgg cccacatggc ggccagcgcc atcctcaacc tgtccacgcg c

51

<210> 755
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44928196

<400> 755
ggctctgttc catgggaaat tcataaacac gggtttttct ttaccattct a 51

<210> 756
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Hmo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43301812

<400> 756
ggctggtcct tctccatggc tgggacgctc tgctgcgctt gggtttgccc g 51

<210> 757
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43917191

<400> 757
gcttctcttt tcacattgta tgtattcagg tggtcttgca actccaaaac a 51

<210> 758
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43918356

CG44928196

<400> 758
gctcatgtca tcttcatcta gaaacaccct cacggaaatg gaattgctgc c

51

<210> 759
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43932090

<400> 759
tcttttcaag ctttctttat gttgtctatt gtcttcattt tcttgaaggt c

51

<210> 760
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950437

<400> 760
agccagaggc tggtacctag aaccactgga tggtttcttg gctgatggcg c

51

<210> 761
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42935995

<400> 761
gcctcgctcc ccgtctgaga gcctcgcgcc ctccagccag ccgtcactgc t

51

<210> 762
<211> 51

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43971614

<400> 762
tccatttgaa tccaatcccc catgggcata agaagagttc ttccataaa a

51

<210> 763
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922856

<400> 763
cttgaaattt ccagtcaccc tattggcaac taaggattcg ttgcttgaag c

51

<210> 764
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922856

<400> 764
ccacttgtcc attcagtcctc agttactcca gcttgagaat agctctgatt g

51

<210> 765
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43955639

<400> 765

ggcgcgctgg ggatagctgc ccagggtcag gaggtctctg ggctcctgcc a

51

<210> 766

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg41022625

<400> 766

cacggcggttc tggatcgtct tctcgtcat tcacatcatc gccacctgc t

51

<210> 767

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43119894

<400> 767

tgagcatagc tctgagctct ctttatacgg tcagggtcca cataatgcat t

51

<210> 768

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43303845

<400> 768
agaacgagag aggctggaga gactggaacg ggagaggcaa gaaagggagc g

51

<210> 769
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44927166

<400> 769
gtctttgtct tcccaatccc tttggtgttc tcgttcttta tccctttctc t

51

<210> 770
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg38059286

<400> 770
agctgtatag ctccagtggc cctgatctcc gccgtccct attotcaactg a

51

<210> 771
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg29351416

<400> 771
ctgcccagcc agcccatccc cctgatgacc tggctttgtc aatgggcacc a

51

<210> 772
<211> 51
<212> DNA

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2015. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

[illegible]

<221> allele

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

$$\langle 222 \rangle \quad (0) \dots (0)$$

<223> Accession number cg43960639

ccatgtctgq gagaatggga gcctcctcgc ccacttgaaa gtcaaagtag a

51

<211> 51

<213> Homo sapiens

<221> allele

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

$$\langle 222 \rangle \quad (0) \quad \bar{\cdot} \quad (0)$$

<223> Accession number cg43325007

gtggatatat gtggcctgca gtatgaccca cagcttctcc tggaggctgc c

51

<211> 51

<213> Homo sapiens

<221> allele

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

$$\langle 222 \rangle \quad (0) \quad \bar{\cdot} \quad (0)$$

<223> Accession number cg42907145

gccacctccc ataaccttct cagcaacata gactgacttg ccacatcgag g

51

<211> 51

<213> Homo sapiens

<221> allele

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43972159

<400> 775
aagccattag gttctcgggc tgctgtactg ttcgattttg actttttctt c

51

<210> 776
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39512856

<400> 776
ccaggctgtg ccgttccact tctgaaattc cctcccggc gataaccagg t

51

<210> 777
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg28461713

<400> 777
tctgcaaatt tgctcctggg catggacagc ttgcagctga agttggttgt a

51

<210> 778
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43969092

<400> 778

CG43972159

cggcgccccgt catcacggat gtgcaagtcc ccgtcgggtca gcagcagcac a

51

<210> 779

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42688841

<400> 779

gcgtcatagt ataaagaagg ctgatgaca aacagtctct tgccatgggc c

51

<210> 780

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg39523553

<400> 780

gacgcgttgg ttcccgacga agacgtccga gcggccaagt gggcgggtggc g

51

<210> 781

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg39523553

<400> 781

atggacgtgg tgcgcaacag ccctcgcgga gtgaaggtcc agatggctct t

51

<210> 782

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39523553

<400> 782
ccagatggct ctttcogcct ggccccagct cgatcaggca tcaaggtgcc t

51

<210> 783
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg35933325

<400> 783
aaccacagag aatacagtga caacatagaa acaaaatgac caaatgccac t

51

<210> 784
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41677120

<400> 784
gttggttaac ttaagcaatt ttttgaataa aagtggattg caaggatatg a

51

<210> 785
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43951096

<400> 785
aacatcaaca atcggttattg ggtctctatt ttgctagaa gaagtatctg g

51

<210> 786
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42696021

<400> 786
gctgtgccgc cttcacaatg aagtggaccg gaagctgggc aagcctgatt t

51

<210> 787
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg34243633

<400> 787
gctggcaccg acataagaac ttgttctcca gctggggagc agcatggcaa c

51

<210> 788
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg34243633

<400> 788
ttccagctgg ggagcagcat ggcaatcagt gtgccccaaaa gccccagaag g

51

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42731307

<400> 795
caagttcttg aatcctctgg aaatcgctccc ggctgagagt cccattctct c

51

<210> 796
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44015614

<400> 796
tccacaactt cttctgatga gatgtcctcc atttccatgt gtttgtccaa g

51

<210> 797
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43298242

<400> 797
gatctgttgg cagggctcac agagatgggg gtgaggggag agatcgtggg t

51

<210> 798
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43299610

<400> 798
ctcccagtg cgcgcgact accactacat ccacaccgag atctcccggg a

51

<210> 799
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42532480

<400> 799
tttctgaat gaatgttaaa gattcagtca aggtcagtat ggcgatccaa g

51

<210> 800
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42926989

<400> 800
gcaatgagct gctggcagca caaagtctta tcgcaccagg aaagatgcag c

51

<210> 801
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43991318

<400> 801
tggtccggga atacctggtg gacccggcgg gcccggtgc caggagctgc c

51

<210> 802
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43920512

<400> 802
aattcaaagt atcatggtgt ttctccctc aaccaccag agacactaaa t

51

<210> 803
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43063374

<400> 803
agagattgaa cgtgtggttg gcagacaccg gagcccctgc atgcaggaca g

51

<210> 804
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg21416244

<400> 804
gggtgaactg tctatccacc attattatct attcaggcac attcaggacc t

51

<210> 805
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44017721

<400> 805

agataggagt tgaagggtgca gaggggtcacg ctgggcagcg ccagcacgaa g

51

<210> 806

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43275625

<400> 806

tggtactcct ttgccgccag cttgggctca tggtacacgt tgggttttgt a

51

<210> 807

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43312829

<400> 807

tagtgaaaat ctccaatcaa agacagcagg actccatgta actgaatatg a

51

<210> 808

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43959136

<400> 808

tgggccaaaca agcttgagtg cgatctggtc tgcaatgatg gaggaattgc c

51

<210> 809

CG44017721

<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43969759

<400> 809
tgtcaggagg aagatctcat ctggggtgtg ccgatcccg ccggcgatga c

51

<210> 810
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39523614

<400> 810
gggagcttta gacattgcca cggatcacgt ccagaagcgc aagcagtttg g

51

<210> 811
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42175288

<400> 811
tggagacccc aaaagtgggg attggttttg ccctaattccg tcatgcggaa a

51

<210> 812
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43154217

<400> 812
gcagaagagg tgattgtgag aggacaaaga gctccaggaa cagctggaac t

51

<210> 813
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39709402

<400> 813
ggaaaacatt aataaacaag tagaaccta cagagaggaa tcgcaaaaat c

51

<210> 814
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39709402

<400> 814
gcctacagag aggaatcgca aaaatgcctg aaagaattcc aggaaaacac a

51

<210> 815
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39709402

<400> 815
gatgctggag gacttcaaga aagacgtgaa gaactccctt agagaaacac a

51

<210> 816
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39709402

<400> 816
aaagacatga agaactccct tagaggaaca caggaaaaca ttaataaaca a

51

<210> 817
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39709402

<400> 817
cttagagaaa cacaggaaaa cattagtaaa caagtagaag cctacagaga g

51

<210> 818
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39709402

<400> 818
tagagaaaca caggaaaaca ttaatgaaca agtagaagcc tacagagagg a

51

<210> 819
<211> 51

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950268

<400> 819
tttgctatgt cctccttgac ctcctactcg gtggcggtca caatgccctc c

51

<210> 820
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43985169

<400> 820
aagacgaatg ggtggtggta gagatcctga agaaatggaa atagatggtg a

51

<210> 821
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43997616

<400> 821
aaagccagcg gagccgtaag catcacactg cttcctcttc acctcatcac t

51

<210> 822
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43319420

<400> 822

cacgacaact acagaaacaa cccctccac aacttccggc actgcttctg c

51

<210> 823

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44034764

<400> 823

gaggtccagg ctgggcagga cagtcccccc atggtgccgt aacagcctct t

51

<210> 824

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43991224

<400> 824

tctcatctgt ctacctacag cctggattgg gtcattggcag cagtggctgct g

51

<210> 825

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44018623

CG43319420

<400> 825
taccatctct gtttttacca ctggtagctc tgaacaacaa ataatttgtg g

51

<210> 826
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg38924741

<400> 826
aaagaggaga atggtgactt tgcctcattc agagtggaac gagctgaaag g

51

<210> 827
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43322513

<400> 827
ttcctgttct tcacatgggtg agccctgccc tgctgtctgc ttgcattcgg g

51

<210> 828
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44913214

<400> 828
gaacacaaca aagaaaaaac agagtttggg actcatccaa aagggacgag a

51

<210> 829
<211> 51
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg39529972

<400> 829

ttggcctcga catcattccc tgacggggac tttaaagggtg gcaattcgta t

51

<210> 830

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 830

tagtttgccc aaaccagcat cacctgggaa cttttcttcc atcaagtcag c

51

<210> 831

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 831

tttgtcatat tcttctctca tttttgaatt aagtttttaa tcgttgctca g

51

<210> 832

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 832
octctaattcc ttttagtaga acaattttct tgtatttttt tcccatcttt a

51

<210> 833
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43925670

<400> 833
cttttagtag aacaatgttc ttgtagtttt ttcccatctt tacagacata a

51

<210> 834
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43331742

<400> 834
tcctcgagggt gcttcccaca gactcaattt ctgagttttc cacagaaaag a

51

<210> 835
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43253796

<400> 835

CG43925670

gaaatggatc ttatttggac tttgctacaa gactgccgag agattttccc a

51

<210> 836

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43257400

<400> 836

gacatcagca tggctgcccc cgactccagc agaacatgat cattctctga c

51

<210> 837

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43974480

<400> 837

tcacggactt tggactgtcc aaaattggcc tcatgagcct gacaacgaac t

51

<210> 838

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43922705

<400> 838

caaaccggct ttctccatgg tgccccgcca aaccctggag ttcccaggct g

51

<210> 839

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

cg43257400

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg38438124

<400> 839
tgcaaaaact gttaaacaatg gcgctcgcg c ggagatctcc accgtgaacc c

51

<210> 840
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42703622

<400> 840
gtatgcagca acaagagcaa ctctggagaa ggaatttgga ggtggccaca t

51

<210> 841
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42703622

<400> 841
acaagagcaa ctctgaagaa ggaatctgga ggtggccaca ttaaagatga a

51

<210> 842
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41501665

<400> 842
gagtacacca tcaagtcgca ctccaacttg ccgcccaca acagctacgc c

51

<210> 843
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg25143358

<400> 843
gctttatggg tatcgacatc caatgtgtcg atgtcctcca caacctccac g

51

<210> 844
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg29023997

<400> 844
tgcattgttt ccattttcaa tctgggtggg atggagcacc atgtgcgcac c

51

<210> 845
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43975720

<400> 845
catccacca gcccaagatg accggccctt ttaccaattt gaggtgcgt g

51

CG41501665

<210> 846
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44013875

<400> 846
gccatggaga ggctgcagga gacaggggaag attatagctg agctgaacga g

51

<210> 847
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44009224

<400> 847
tttggatcct gaaaatgttg tatttcatgt tggagggttac ccacctgatt t

51

<210> 848
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42930646

<400> 848
tgatgcggat agcgtatgga tggaagtgga cgatgaggag gacctgcctt c

51

<210> 849
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43935885

<400> 849
ccagacagca ccactggaac ccctcttagc agcgaccag acccgaagaa c

51

<210> 850
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42928872

<400> 850
gagctgcaga ggaggctgga ccagttcatt gggaagccct cactgttcac c

51

<210> 851
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44019843

<400> 851
gagtgaccgc cctccctggt ccaagtatgt ggagtacacc ttcacaggga t

51

<210> 852
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44128805

<400> 852
agtgcacaca gtgagctcag agctttcccc tgaaaaccga aagtttcaac t

51

<210> 853
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg38642684

<400> 853
tttctgataa tcatttaagg tatgttagtt gctagtattt aatttaacct t

51

<210> 854
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg38642684

<400> 854
ctttttcagg tgcaatgatt aaacctotta actgtgcatt ccttatgaca g

51

<210> 855
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44913844

<400> 855
ccagttggta aactggtctt aaaccagaat ccagttaatt actttgctga g

51

CG44128805

<210> 856
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg40084915

<400> 856
cctgcggtct ggggagatga gggcccaaaa cagcacctga tattcattgg g

51

<210> 857
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42720088

<400> 857
aaagctcaga gagatctggg ctatgtgccca cttgtcagct gggaggaagc c

51

<210> 858
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43957486

<400> 858
cgctcctgca ccgcatccgc gacgctgtcc tgcaacgacc tctgcgagca c

51

<210> 859
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg40148056

<400> 859
ctcagagacc cctaacaacc cagcacccac agagcggaac acttaaggaat c

51

<210> 860
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43981852

<400> 860
cacctcctcc agcttcccag cctcctcggc tctggccagg ctgccgctgg g

51

<210> 861
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42522566

<400> 861
gcagccaaga tcatcaaagt gaagagcgta aaggaccggg aggatgtgaa g

51

<210> 862
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43297806

<400> 862

atagtagcca gggacaagac agcggctctg caggagcgt agtgccagag g

51

<210> 863

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43297806

<400> 863

tgaggagc gtagtgccag aggggcctgg gaggaggctg aaatcacctg a

51

<210> 864

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43987111

<400> 864

agtagtctgc gtctccatag agtttactca tgactgagtt cttggctctg a

51

<210> 865

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43976335

<400> 865

gaaatgcact ggaccactcg ggcagagctg ccaggccgta gcaggcaatt c

51

<210> 866

CG43297806

<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39515668

<400> 866
acgcacgaac cggtcatact ggctggtgat ccaggaacgg tcgcacagct g

51

<210> 867
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44027791

<400> 867
gaagcgcttc tgacactggg cgcacccgaa gcgtttgtcc cctgtgtggg t

51

<210> 868
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43992817

<400> 868
gaggggcccgc tggaaggtga cactgtgttg gggcccacgg aggtgccgct g

51

<210> 869
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43297259

<400> 869
taagtgtctg atgaggtgtg acttccggct aaagccttgc tcacactccc t 51

<210> 870
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42716761

<400> 870
cgagaagacc ctataccatc acgtggacgg ctgcgacgtg ttccacctcc g 51

<210> 871
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42166807

<400> 871
agagcaatgg ctctcttcac tccgtagaag ttgtcctctc agaagctggg c 51

<210> 872
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg38869466

CG43297259

<400> 872
ttcacttgta ttaacgtcct ggtcccgggc ttcataatgg tgtcaggatt t

51

<210> 873
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42742340

<400> 873
cagagagacg gtgtccatca gcatctgggc ctccctgcag cagacccagg c

51

<210> 874
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43976701

<400> 874
tggtatatct gaactgaatc agcctcctga actttttacct cagttttcta g

51

<210> 875
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43920728

<400> 875
gtaagtctca ttgtaaaatt gttgcgtgag cagtgcctggg gagttgacag c

51

<210> 876
<211> 51

<400> 882
aacaacacat tcagtacagt gcagcgtatc agcaggccaa gttaaccaat c

51

<210> 883
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43980727

<400> 883
tccttccttg tagtcagaga catcaagaga gtaactggat gttagctcca a

51

<210> 884
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43981483

<400> 884
tgactgcatt attcgcagct gcttagggac aaattctacc ttottctggg t

51

<210> 885
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44932392

<400> 885
tagatgaagg agcctgagta agaggtcacg caccagcctg tagaacatat a

51

<210> 886
<211> 51
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44932924

<400> 886

aacagtgagt cgggccagca gcagacggag ttcttgaaca ggcagctggt g

51

<210> 887

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43985955

<400> 887

acctccaaac ccctttggcc ctgtaccagg agcacagata cagtttatgt a

51

<210> 888

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44002507

<400> 888

gtcgacttg gcagccagca ggatctcggc tatgtccacg cagccggaga a

51

<210> 889

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44002507

<400> 889
tttcctttcc tcttgagaaa tttctcotta atgctggatt ccgaactcag g

51

<210> 890
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44002507

<400> 890
cgcaggtcct ggtgggccat gaacatgcgc acgggcacca ggttgggctc g

51

<210> 891
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44128920

<400> 891
gagcagcagc gaaaacggct tcaaccgcag ttggaagaac gcagtcgtga a

51

<210> 892
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43968641

<400> 892

00718331-4-12-00

tcattcatct caggaacat atcagtcaga gaaatataca agaacattcc t

51

<210> 893

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43934178

<400> 893

acaaagtagt ggaacttcct cttgagcacg tccagggtgt ggcccaggac c

51

<210> 894

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43934178

<400> 894

ccagggcattg acctccgtga agcctagtga gaggacggtc ttcccggagc a

51

<210> 895

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43949042

<400> 895

ggacgtacat gaggacggct attggatgtc cgatgatgag cgacagccac a

51

<210> 896

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43916582

<400> 896
ccttcatctt tattctgctg ctcaggttcc atttgttcct cttgattgcg t

51

<210> 897
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43258841

<400> 897
aactccatcc acaagtcctt gctgagtaat caatcgctga gccatcatctc t

51

<210> 898
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43979679

<400> 898
gagaaggagc ccgggaaagt gtgactagga gaaaccggca cccagctttg c

51

<210> 899
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42202923

<400> 899
taccccaatg gtcttcagcc tctgcggcag ctccgatgag gtcagctgcc g

51

<210> 900
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43320405

<400> 900
ccaggcctcg aatggacagc acottaatga tggggctcgtg gtggctcagg c

51

<210> 901
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43917689

<400> 901
tgacaacgca ggctccaggg gttgtagctg atcttctcag aactcaagcc a

51

<210> 902
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922856

<400> 902
gagaattcag tgattggcag aatagaagat gcatgcttga aatttccagt c

51

09716734
43917689
43320405
43922856

<210> 903
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922856

<400> 903
aactaaggat tcgttgcttg aagcctttat agtttcagct atgggagtac t

51

<210> 904
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43955639

<400> 904
cgtgtggcag gcatggtgat gagggatgct ggggccaggg aggtggcagg a

51

<210> 905
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950766

<400> 905
aggaatgacc aaagcacctg ggtcacactt gtccaccac tctttaattt t

51

<210> 906
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43985159

<400> 906
acttctgcct tcagctgcaa acccaaagga cggcatccga ggactgaacg c

51

<210> 907
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41022625

<400> 907
cgtcttctcc atcattcaca tcattctccac cctgctcctc agcacgcagc t

51

<210> 908
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44002669

<400> 908
accttgcgct tgcaactcgcg gcagctcctg tccagttcct cttctcctt c

51

<210> 909
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44128902

<400> 909
cogggatcga gacagagaca gagaggggga cagggatcgg gatcgggato g 51

<210> 910
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> aliele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44129213

<400> 910
gggtgtggac tggctgcaga tgtcacttgt aattcagatt ctttctggcg a 51

<210> 911
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43996402

<400> 911
cttctcggc tcctttcctc cctgcagtgg cttctgctgc tccctcctt t 51

<210> 912
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43984909

<400> 912
cgaatatcag ctgcatccag tgtcctcaga cgagaatata agccaaggcc t 51

CG44128902

<210> 913
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42910688

<400> 913
gacagaggac attcccataa ttttgtttgg caacaaaagt gacttagtgc g

51

<210> 914
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43950590

<400> 914
aagaatcctc cgacggcttc gttactatcc tgtctgaagc ggattgcacg a

51

<210> 915
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44931503

<400> 915
ttttaagag ttcataataat cataggggtc ttcaaatacc gttgttcctt c

51

<210> 916
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43303845

<400> 916
acattgccta gacaaaactc acaaccacct gctcaagttc aaaatggccc a

51

<210> 917
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43973762

<400> 917
agctgaacaa cagaagttgt ggaattagga gttaaaatat gccagaggca a

51

<210> 918
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43973762

<400> 918
caaagaagcg attgaaacac aattaccaga gtatcacaaa ttggctagaa a

51

<210> 919
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43973762

<400> 919

gccctaaata aaaaaatggg ttggggggat actttagaac aattgaatgc a

51

<210> 920

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42910848

<400> 920

ccatggtgcc aggccgtgct cccacgtgc ctccggggtg ctgaagatct t

51

<210> 921

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg29351416

<400> 921

tttcccaaaa gttccaagta gacaagagta atcgctgtt actgcagcag g

51

<210> 922

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg29351416

<400> 922

gttactgcag caggtctcat taccatacat tcctgggaac tataccgtca g

51

<210> 923

<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43938372

<400> 923
ttgtttccca cttaatttat ttttttctgc ttgtttcttct tctttcatcc t

51

<210> 924
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44930828

<400> 924
cctcaaggtt tcgctgccga agcttaccaa cgtgcagctc ctggataccg a

51

<210> 925
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44930828

<400> 925
cttgccaacg tgcagctcct ggatatcgac ggggggttttg tgcactcgga c

51

<210> 926
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44035718

<400> 926
ctggagtagc aggaagaact gaggttcac tacaaggaca tgctcagcga a

51

<210> 927
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44921277

<400> 927
ttggcgcaac ttcccatca ccttcacctg ctatgcggcc ctcttctgcc t

51

<210> 928
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43250166

<400> 928
gccgtgattt gctccagcgc catcttgtgc agatgctcat ctccgctctc g

51

<210> 929
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39512856

<400> 929
ctttttccag gcttcagca acgagatttc ttcttcggtt gcaatttcca g

51

<210> 930
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39512856

<400> 930
gccgttccac ttctgatatt ccccttcggt cgataaccag gtaaaatttt c

51

<210> 931
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39512856

<400> 931
tccctcccg gcgataacca ggtaacattt tccggtaacg gaccgagttc a

51

<210> 932
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39512856

<400> 932
tggtcttcaa cgagatgccg cgatgactca tcaactgttga aaacagccac a

51

<210> 933
<211> 51

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39570960

<400> 933
gcctccagga agtcgtttgt gtttgggctg aacgaatgtg cgtccagccg c

51

<210> 934
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43980391

<400> 934
agtaaattgga caagaatatc atctttaact tgtagacaca gccgggcaag a

51

<210> 935
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43983527

<400> 935
ttctggaagg atggtgcacc ctggttcggc cgccattact gcgagagtct g

51

<210> 936
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42341305

<400> 936

gatgaatatt cgagttacaga cacactgtat cccggcagcc tacctccaga a

51

<210> 937

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43980889

<400> 937

cttctatttt gaattctaaa gaccagttac aagtagaaaa tgatgcttac c

51

<210> 938

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43980889

<400> 938

tattttgaat tctaaagacc atttataagt agaaaatgat gcttaccctg g

51

<210> 939

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43980889

CG42341305

<400> 939
gcttaccctg gtaccgatag aacagcaa at gttaaata gacaagtgga c 51

<210> 940
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg29349483

<400> 940
gcagtttttc accaagatca agacctctga ccaccagtac atggagggct t 51

<210> 941
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43918287

<400> 941
tctatggcat catcctgcat gaccatttgt gcatctaaac cagcccagcc g 51

<210> 942
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43918287

<400> 942
catcctgcat gaccatttgt gcatcgaaac cagcccagcc gccaaccccc a 51

<210> 943
<211> 51
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43918287

<400> 943

taaaccagcc cagccgcca ccccgaaag ttggtctgca gttatattaa t

51

<210> 944

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43918287

<400> 944

caacccccaa aagttggtct gcagtcatat taatttgagg ttggacctgg g

51

<210> 945

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg37027086

<400> 945

gaatcagaac tacaaggatc aattacccca gctcaatgtc agggttcttc a

51

<210> 946

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42688841

<400> 946
attataactg ggatcccagt caacaaaagg tagaatttca ttaacctcaa g

51

<210> 947
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42688841

<400> 947
ccgagcctag tgccagcgcg gcggccagac agagctgtca gagcggcgac c

51

<210> 948
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg40332814

<400> 948
actgcacagg gaccgaatct ctgcccccg ctctgcagcc aggtgctcca a

51

<210> 949
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43920571

<400> 949

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39523553

<400> 953
atggctcttt ccgcctggcc cgagcccgat caggcatcaa ggtgcctgga a

51

<210> 954
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg35933325

<400> 954
accaaagcc actatTTTTT ctccccttgc gaaaaatgaa ggaaatcacg t

51

<210> 955
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41677120

<400> 955
cacgaccac gagatcatgg ggcccgagaa aaagcacctg gactacttaa t

51

<210> 956
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41677120

<400> 956
cccacgagat catggggccc aagaacaagc acctggacta cttaattcag t

51

<210> 957
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41677120

<400> 957
cacaatgag atgaatgtga acatctcaca gttggcagac agtttatttg a

51

<210> 958
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39648832

<400> 958
tgcagcctcg tctcctcct ctggctggct ctgcacactc tgctcctggt a

51

<210> 959
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42696021

<400> 959
gacacccgca cccgggcatg cttcagacag tggctgtgcc gccttcacaa t

51

<210> 960
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42696021

<400> 960
accgggcat gttcacaca gtggccgtgc cgccttcaca atgaagtga c

51

<210> 961
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg34243633

<400> 961
cagagataat gcaggccagg gaggacattg cactggatgt caccatcatg g

51

<210> 962
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg34243633

<400> 962
accgacataa gaacttggtt tccagttggg gagcagcatg gcaaccagt t

51

<210> 963
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43942922

<400> 963
cctgagctcc agccttcac ctccagagac cagcctgtca cctctgagcc c

51

<210> 964
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43942922

<400> 964
cagccttcca cctccacaga ccagcttgtc acctctgagc ccacatctca g

51

<210> 965
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43942922

<400> 965
cacctccaca gaccagcctg tcaccctga gccacatct caggccacta g

51

<210> 966
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2015. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43942922

<400> 966
cctgtcacct ctgagccac atctcgggcc actaggggaa gaaaaaatag g

51

<210> 967
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg35133436

<400> 967
ttctctagtc caccaggagg ctacagctcg gctctcaggg tcaggtaatg a

51

<210> 968
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44938009

<400> 968
gagtgcacgc ataaagatgg aagagtatgc actactttct gatccagtgg a

51

<210> 969
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43949821

<400> 969
attttaattc cttcctgtct acggcagttg gacctcctgg ctctctgctg t

51

CG43942922

<210> 970
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39516123

<400> 970
tgggttcggc tggcgggcca tcaattccag catggctgcc cccagcagtc c

51

<210> 971
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42731307

<400> 971
cgaaaagcaa agtgcagttt gttgcctcgg ctgttgagtg gttcgggtcc a

51

<210> 972
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42731307

<400> 972
tctggaaaga aggcattgat gatccagtc cccagtgggt tgatggcaag t

51

<210> 973
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42731307

<400> 973
gggttgatgg caagttctgg aatcccttg aaatcttccc ggctgagagt c

51

<210> 974
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44910937

<400> 974
tgcctttgga acaggaatat gaaaataaac tcagagccga gttagtggaa a

51

<210> 975
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43335624

<400> 975
tcgaaaggaa gtgagtgcag atggggagac catcactgtc actttcttta a

51

<210> 976
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43277268

<400> 976

cgctaatagcc aagaaggaga tggtagagctc caagctgccc aacagtgtgc t

51

<210> 977

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44128084

<400> 977

cttgacatcc agccagacgg ttcaggatca gcggttctgt ggtgcgacgg g

51

<210> 978

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg30455661

<400> 978

ttctcaagtg gtttgaagtc aaacatattt caacagaaga aatcagccct c

51

<210> 979

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg42747615

<400> 979

tgtgataaaa gtcactttca ggccactcac agcgaatctt cagacacttt t

51

<210> 980

CG43277268

<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43153425

<400> 980
acaaattact atgggttcta ctgaagctcg ggttgactac atgggctcaa g

51

<210> 981
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43968980

<400> 981
tattttctgc ttctctaaca gctgaatgtg aattgcttcc ttggactgaa g

51

<210> 982
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg30384142

<400> 982
gatagtgggtg tgtggtgatg cgagttaacc tgacgaatgg ttagctgaaa t

51

<210> 983
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43957773

<400> 983
gggctcaccg tagagcaact gcaatagctc tgggcctggg cctggacagg a

51

<210> 984
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43931038

<400> 984
agggcaactt gtgggcaacc tgggtccagga aaccttgact tcttcaaatt c

51

<210> 985
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43931038

<400> 985
cctcccccca tgogatgccc aacacctttg cgagtgatgg gcttgaaagg g

51

<210> 986
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43971060

<400> 986
cccacctcgt tcgtgctccc acccttccca gctccaccgc ctggtcttca g 51

<210> 987
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44010070

<400> 987
ttctctgccg gcacctaccc gcgcggggag gagtaccgcc gggcatctt a 51

<210> 988
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43298242

<400> 988
tctgttgcca gggctcacag agacgagggt gaggggagag atcgtgggtt c 51

<210> 989
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43298242

<400> 989
agagacgggg gtgaggggag agatcatggg ttcattgagat cccatcttgg g 51

<210> 990
<211> 50

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43300636

<400> 990
ccacagccgc cacgcccacc tcccgccag gcccaggcct atgcgcata

50

<210> 991
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43300636

<400> 991
ccgccacgcc cacctcccg cccagcccag gcctatgcgc atcaccatgg

50

<210> 992
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43250373

<400> 992
ctgtggggtt gaccagaac aaagcttgcc agaaaacgtt aagtatggga

50

<210> 993
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43132502

<400> 993
ggccccagtg cagtgggtgg caccgcgagg ctgctgttac ggctcatctt

50

<210> 994
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42528468

<400> 994
gctcctgcct gggaacaacc ggaagtgtat gaactgagca atgtgcaaga

50

<210> 995
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43264626

<400> 995
tttgccagtt ttctttcttga gttggcctcc agggcaccca cagagctaaa

50

<210> 996
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43132668

<400> 996
cgatgcgtgc cagggtgatt ccggagcccg ctggtgtgtg aggaccaagc

50

<210> 997
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43132668

<400> 997
gatgcgtgcc aggggtgattc cggagcccg tggtgtgtga ggaccaagct

50

<210> 998
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (25)...(26)
 <223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg44924334

 <400> 998
 aaagctaatt gagacctatt tctccaaaac taccaagact atgagtatct

50

<210> 999
 <211> 50
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (25)...(26)
 <223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg43303165

<400> 999
 ggccccact atcaggggcc ctggctcaat cactgagacc atccaagtcc

50

<210> 1000
 <211> 50
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (25)...(26)
 <223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg42489148

<400> 1000
 tgcgagtggg tgcggaaccg ggcacagtc cctcggcagc caagtgaaaa

50

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41501665

<400> 1003
cgcttctcca aggtgctgga ggaggggagg ccgcccagga gggcctgcgc

50

<210> 1004
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41501665

<400> 1004
gggccgccga ggagggcctg cgcgactgca gcgcagccgg cggctctgcc

50

<210> 1005
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg41501665

<400> 1005
tgccgcagct gcagcgcagc cggcgcctctg ccacgaggac gtggaggcgc

50

<210> 1006
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)

09718391 4 2000

<212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

 <220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (25)...(26)
 <223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg43983535

 <400> 1009
 ctccaaacag cttcttcact tttttagaag ggcttctgca gctaccaact

50

<210> 1010
 <211> 50
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

 <220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (25)...(26)
 <223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg42488873

 <400> 1010
 ttcccccttaa attggtcagc atagtcacca ttttggggca tccttcagct

50

<210> 1011
 <211> 50
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

 <220>
 <221> allele
 <222> (26)...(0)
 <223> single nucleotide polymorphism

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (25)...(26)
 <223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (0)...(0)
 <223> Accession number cg42488873

<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43991048

<400> 1014
tctttctttt cttcttcttt ttttttgttt tttctgcttt atcctcttct

50

<210> 1015
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43919677

<400> 1015
gaagaaaaga aagaatgcta ctatatctca atgacgccag tctctgtgat

50

<210> 1016
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43997978

<400> 1016
catcagctca ctgtagatta cctctcttcg tcaatgaggg attccacgga

50

<210> 1017
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<210> 1020
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43069905

<400> 1020
agctccagca gtgacaggtc attctccccg cgtccgcgtc ataccgcatg

50

<210> 1021
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43069905

<400> 1021
cagcagtgac aggtcattct cccccgcgct ccgcgtcata ccgcatgtgc a

51

<210> 1022
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44028327

<400> 1022
atgcatacat cgatattcag ctacgattgc ttcccttctca cagaactgtg

50

<210> 1023
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43940280

<400> 1023
cctcgaagtc tgccctgggca cacacacatg cagatcttgg tgctttccca

50

<210> 1024
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43974196

<400> 1024
gattcagggc gtgtctgggg tgaagccaca gggttgagaa agcgaacctc

50

<210> 1025
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)

<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39517655

<400> 1028
gggcgcctta ctcgctatgc tgcaaggccc cgggccttgg cttcggccgc

50

<210> 1029
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43954704

<400> 1029
cccactggaa gtggaggctc cagtcaaccc ccctctgagc tccgaggcag

50

<210> 1030
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43986426

<400> 1030
gcggacagtc gccctaagca gtgcaggtgt cttgagccct atggtggcca

50

ctttccacaca tgacttggtta cattcgacca ctgggaccac tcggtgagct

50

<210> 1034
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43927750

<400> 1034
taaaagtatt tctccaatgg tgattggcaa gccctgcctc ctgtattctt

50

<210> 1035
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43961075

<400> 1035
gggtaggatt gctcatttca gggcactgtc gcaagcatct cccaccccg

50

<210> 1036
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43961763

<400> 1036
catctaggtc aacaggaagg tcaagtcccg ctccggttcc actgatccat

50

<210> 1037
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43968223

<400> 1037
gttctgttct tgtagcgctt tctgcctgca gcatgatctg aagcttggtg

50

<210> 1038
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43980727

<400> 1038
ccctccaggt agaggcctag gaaggcccag aactgaagcc gaagcgctgg

50

<210> 1039
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43999667

<400> 1039
ttctgttttg tcaggacttt tttttctaca agttgttttt ctgggatcac

50

<210> 1040
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44022781

<400> 1040
gtatcaaagt gctctttcca actttggagg ccccatcacc actaccgta

50

<210> 1041
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44919370

<400> 1041
cgtggacttt tccgaggatg acccctggag gccactgtcc attgggcccc

50

<210> 1042

<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44932924

<400> 1042
tctacaacca gagccaggaa ttacaacgaa gctggaggac tgcaggaaca

50

<210> 1043
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43991434

<400> 1043
gggggtgcaag ggccttgagg aaatatcctg ctgcaccatg tggttcagcg

50

<210> 1044
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44931278

<400> 1044

cctcctccag ggaagcactg gccagtcctg cagtgtaggc cacttctgca

50

<210> 1045

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43949042

<400> 1045

cacagctgcg ttgccatagt tgcccggaaa aagcggccca cgaaccaggc

50

<210> 1046

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43972066

<400> 1046

taaatttgac ttttctcatg taaaatgtct aatgcgatgt atttggaat

50

<210> 1047

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

00743774
cctcctccag ggaagcactg gccagtcctg cagtgtaggc cacttctgca
cacagctgcg ttgccatagt tgcccggaaa aagcggccca cgaaccaggc
taaatttgac ttttctcatg taaaatgtct aatgcgatgt atttggaat

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43955639

<400> 1047
gggggtactg gggacctcgt ctgttggttc cctcctcca gggtagcggc

50

<210> 1048
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43955639

<400> 1048
gggtactggg gacctcgtct gttggttccc ctctccagg gtagcggctc

50

<210> 1049
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43965656

<400> 1049
ctgcctattc tgaaccagcc aacattgaga ttgttgccaa tgcccagagg

50

<210> 1050
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

gaggaggagg aggtggagga ggagggggag aagaggatgt ttccaccgag

50

<210> 1053
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44004690

<400> 1053
accggagagt gggcaccg tcccaggcc atttcttoga gggagcacca

50

<210> 1054
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43957283

<400> 1054
tcgaggggtga ccacagcccc agaggccgca gcacagcgca ggggggtggcg

50

<210> 1055
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43135797

<400> 1058
agatctgtct ccccgagac cggaccgct ggccattgca gaaggcgccc

50

<210> 1059
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43965796

<400> 1059
atcactgttg atgctctggg ccacgcaggg tactggatct tcatggccac

50

<210> 1060
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43965796

<400> 1060
tcactgttga tgctctgggc cagcagggt actggatctt catggccacc

50

<210> 1061
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

00710334-110000

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42907867

<400> 1061
agggccacgg ggtgggccag ggggcgggcc atttcagtg gtccttgtc

50

<210> 1062
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43922710

<400> 1062
tctaccgacg taaatacaca ttatgcattt agcaaactaa cttacaagtc

50

<210> 1063
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43303845

<400> 1063
gcaggaacgc ctggatcggg agaggaagaa agacaagaac gagagaggct

50

<210> 1064
<211> 50
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43973762

<400> 1064

ataacagaaa gcaagagaag tgtgaaactc tgaaagaaga agttcaaaag

50

<210> 1065

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43918679

<400> 1065

tcacagatat ctccatttgc caggaatgcc cagcctggag gtgatcacgc

50

<210> 1066

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg38059286

00710331 110000

<400> 1066
gccgctccct cttctcactg aagcaatctt ccaggaggac aaagacctgg

50

<210> 1067
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42549778

<400> 1067
actgtcactt ccctgctgca gggcaccccc acctgtgagt ggctcgagcc

50

<210> 1068
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44921277

<400> 1068
ccctgatcat cctcatcgtg gagcttgcg gctccaggcc cgcttcccc

50

<210> 1069
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)

[illegible]

<223> Accession number cg44921277

ctgatcatcc tcatcgtgga gctgtcgggc tccaggcccg cttecccoctg

50

<213> Homo sapiens

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<223> Accession number cg42530218

gatttaatac acagcagcag cagcagaact acattaggtg gtctcttcag t

51

<213> Homo sapiens

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<223> Accession number cg42530218

atttaataca cagcagcagc agcaactaca ttaggtggtc tcttcagtca

50

<213> Homo sapiens

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43325007

<400> 1072
aggatacccc cgaggaaggc cgccagaatg cgtgtgctgg gtaggtcttg

50

<210> 1073
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43981269

<400> 1073
ggcctacggc gcctacgctc aggcattgat cagcagcaag cggccctgat

50

<210> 1074
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43250166

<400> 1074
aggtggccct cacacccagt gctgtctgcg cggagggctg tactgaaggt

50

<210> 1075
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43982164

<400> 1075
ctgcggcggg tgctcatcct ggacacattc acctgcctcc tatgtcttcc a

51

<210> 1076
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43980889

<400> 1076
ttaaataatag acaagtggac catttgccctc aaattcacag gagccagcat

50

<210> 1077
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43970119

<400> 1077
gtggccattg gtgagacatc catcatattg caaaccaaaa gttttatttc

50

<210> 1078
<211> 50

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44030987

<400> 1078
tcggcatggt gagtggaaca gttgttttac ttgaattcca atctccttct

50

<210> 1079
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43320682

<400> 1079
ggtggctcag gggctggggg aggctccctg gggcttcaga cagcacatag

50

<210> 1080
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg25255686

<400> 1080
aaggcaccat caagtcggcg gtggcttcgg gcatctcctt gccgagggtta

50

<210> 1081
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43988975

<400> 1081
ctcctcctga ccgagtgggc cggcagagct tgaaatcgtc attggagatg

50

<210> 1082
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39523553

<400> 1082
cactggtatg cacggcgcggt tctcccagtg tgaggctctgc ccgatccggg

50

<210> 1083
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43951096

<400> 1083
ctccctcctg ggtatctgca tcttcaaaaa tctccttctt gggttttcac c

51

<210> 1084
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42831353

<400> 1084
ggacacaggc tgcggtgtaa gcccggtcac gcccggcacc tgcaggaact

50

<210> 1085
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg44938009

<400> 1085
aatactccgt gcagcgagtg cgtcactccg tgaagaattt gatcaaggtc

50

<210> 1086
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43054992

<400> 1086
caaaatcaca gctgaagaaa tgtatatata tttgggaaat atggacctat

50

<210> 1087
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg39516123

<400> 1087
cctggggctc accaaggcaa cctgggtccg gtcttcatag caatgcaata

50

<210> 1088
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg43983590

<400> 1088
ggaggagcca ggcgagcaca cccctgttg gccctgcc cgcccagcc

50

<210> 1089
<211> 50
<212> DNA

CG43054992

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44128084

<400> 1089

cggcggcgca tgctcgacgt tctgggtctg tcgacgagtt gccggtgcaa

50

<210> 1090

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44128084

<400> 1090

cgtctgtcga cgagttgccg gtgcacgctg gagctgacac gggatcctgg

50

<210> 1091

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg43976473

<400> 1091
ggccctgtgc ttggagccgt gggctcgtag cccgagtgat aagccatggc

50

<210> 1092
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg40309770

<400> 1092
ttccggccgc cgcgtccagg gctcgccgct gaggtcgttc atgaccccg

50

<210> 1093
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)
<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature
<222> (0)...(0)
<223> Accession number cg42725664

<400> 1093
agatagctga gaatattctg cgcaacctca cagcttggtt cctggcagcc

50

<210> 1094
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> allele
<222> (26)...(0)
<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature
<222> (25)...(26)

007631093

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg39380052

<400> 1094

atgagatcga cgctttgcgc ggccgggcgt agacattccg caccgcgtca

50

<210> 1095

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> allele

<222> (26)...(0)

<223> single nucleotide polymorphism

<221> misc_feature

<222> (25)...(26)

<223> Nucleotide deleted between bases 25 and 26

<221> misc_feature

<222> (0)...(0)

<223> Accession number cg44928804

<400> 1095

ctctcaatca tgccgcttta gagaagcaac atgggcaacc tgatttgtga

50

<210> 1096

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1096

Asp Leu Leu Lys Glu Lys Val Ser Ile Tyr Gln Asn Gln Asn

1

5

10

<210> 1097

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1097

Glu Ile Pro Ser Lys Glu Arg Pro Tyr Asp Ala Ala Lys Asp

1

5

10

<210> 1102
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1102
Arg Gly Leu Ala Ser Ala Val Lys Gly Gly His Gly Gly Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1103
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1103
Lys Lys Asp Asp Val Thr Ala Gly Lys Lys Pro Phe Arg Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1104
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1104
Asn Phe Phe Lys Leu Asn Asp Lys Ser Glu Lys Asp Lys Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1105
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1105
His Lys Glu Asp Ala Gly Ala Val Cys Ser Glu His Gln Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1106

<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1110
Glu Phe Gly Gly His Val Lys Asp Glu Val Phe Gly Thr
1 5 10

<210> 1111
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1111
Cys Ser Ser Arg Ser Asp Val Pro Gly Ser Asp Lys Asp Thr
1 5 10

<210> 1112
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1112
Gly Gly Met Thr Thr Lys Ile Glu Ala Ala Arg Met Ala Thr
1 5 10

<210> 1113
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1113
Leu Arg Gly Ala Asn Pro Asn Leu Lys Asp Arg Thr Gly Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1114
<211> 14
<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1114

Asn Leu His Thr Leu Asn Asn Tyr Gln Lys Leu Leu Gly Asn
1 5 10

<210> 1115

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1115

Leu Lys Glu Met Lys Glu Val Leu Gly Thr Pro Gly Ala Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1116

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1116

Pro Gly Gly Cys Ser Ala Ile Ser Ala His Gly Cys Leu Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1117

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1117

Gly Glu Glu Tyr Phe Tyr Ile Ala Thr Gln Gly Pro Leu Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1118

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

09740304 11 23 00

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1118

Pro Ile Gly Gly Arg Asn Ile Gln Gly Gly Ile Arg Phe Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1119

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1119

Lys Asn Lys Met Glu Ile His Glu Asp Pro Lys Phe Leu Ile
1 5 10

<210> 1120

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1120

Ala Gln Glu Asn Gln Gly Ile Phe Phe Ser Gly Asp Ser Tyr
1 5 10

<210> 1121

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1121

Lys Tyr Asp Met Glu Val Lys Val Gln Lys Thr Ser Lys Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1122

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1122
Ser Arg Gly Phe Thr Tyr Arg Leu His Phe Trp Leu Gly Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1123
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1123
Met Asn Gln Leu Ser His Ile Asn Leu Ile Gln Leu Tyr Asp
1 5 10

<210> 1124
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1124
Leu Thr Glu Leu Asp Val Ile Leu Phe Thr Arg Gln Ile Cys
1 5 10

<210> 1125
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1125
Glu Tyr Ala Lys Tyr Cys Thr Glu Ile Leu Gly Val Ala Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1126
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/1122>; this version posted November 1, 2017. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1126
Asn Val Gly Pro Gln Met Val Ile Ser Thr Pro Gln Arg Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1127
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1127
Ala Ala His Met Ala Ala Ser Ala Ile Leu Asn Leu Ser Thr
1 5 10

<210> 1128
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1128
Phe His Gly Lys Phe Ile Asn Thr Gly Phe Ser Leu Pro Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1129
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1129
Lys Pro Ser Ala Ala Glu Arg Pro Ser His Gly Glu Gly Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1130
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT

1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9
10	10
11	11
12	12
13	13
14	14
15	15
16	16
17	17
18	18
19	19
20	20
21	21
22	22
23	23
24	24
25	25
26	26
27	27
28	28
29	29
30	30
31	31
32	32
33	33
34	34
35	35
36	36
37	37
38	38
39	39
40	40
41	41
42	42
43	43
44	44
45	45
46	46
47	47
48	48
49	49
50	50
51	51
52	52
53	53
54	54
55	55
56	56
57	57
58	58
59	59
60	60
61	61
62	62
63	63
64	64
65	65
66	66
67	67
68	68
69	69
70	70
71	71
72	72
73	73
74	74
75	75
76	76
77	77
78	78
79	79
80	80
81	81
82	82
83	83
84	84
85	85
86	86
87	87
88	88
89	89
90	90
91	91
92	92
93	93
94	94
95	95
96	96
97	97
98	98
99	99
100	100

```
<210> 1131
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>  
<221> VARIANT  
<222> (7)...(0)  
<223> cSNP translation
```

```
<210> 1132
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>  
<221> VARIANT  
<222> (7)...(0)  
<223> cSNP translation
```

```
<210> 1133
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>  
<221> VARIANT  
<222> (7)...(0)  
<223> cSNP translation
```

```
<210> 1134
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7) ... (0)
```

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1134

Asp Gly Trp Leu Glu Gly Ala Arg Leu Ser Asp Gly Glu Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1135

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1135

Gly Lys Asn Ser Ser Tyr Ala His Gly Gly Leu Asp Ser Asn
1 5 10

<210> 1136

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1136

Ser Asn Glu Ser Leu Val Ala Asn Arg Val Thr Gly Asn Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1137

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1137

Ser Tyr Ser Gln Ala Gly Val Thr Glu Thr Glu Trp Thr Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1138

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/113444>; this version posted May 1, 2017. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<400> 1142
Arg Asp Lys Glu Arg Glu His Gln Arg Asp Trp Glu Asp Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1143
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1143
Tyr Ser Ser Ser Gly Pro Asp Leu Arg Arg Ser Leu Phe Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1144
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1144
Gln Pro Ala Pro Ser Pro Asp Asp Leu Ala Leu Ser Met Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1145
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1145
Phe Asp Phe Gln Val Gly Glu Glu Ala Pro Ile Leu Pro Asp
1 5 10

<210> 1146
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1146

002247122450

Leu Gln Glu Lys Leu Trp Val Ile Leu Gln Ala Thr Tyr Ile
1 5 10

<210> 1147
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1147
Cys Gly Lys Ser Val Tyr Val Ala Glu Lys Val Met Gly Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1148
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1148
Lys Ser Lys Ser Asn Ser Thr Ala Ala Arg Glu Pro Asn Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1149
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1149
Leu Ser Pro Gly Gly Glu Phe Gln Lys Trp Asn Gly Thr Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1150
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1150
Gln Leu Gln Leu Gln Ala Val His Ala Gln Glu Gln Ile Cys

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

1 5 10

<210> 1151
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7) ..(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1151
Leu Leu Thr Asp Gly Asp Leu His Ile Arg Asp Asp Gly Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1152
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1152
Gly Lys Arg Leu Phe Val Ile Lys Pro Ser Leu Tyr Tyr Asp
1 5 10

<210> 1153
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1153
Leu Val Pro Asp Glu Asp Val Arg Ala Ala Lys Trp Ala Val
1 5 10

<210> 1154
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1154
Val Val Arg Asn Ser Pro Arg Gly Val Lys Val Gln Met Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1155
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1155
Ala Leu Ser Ala Trp Pro Gln Leu Asp Gln Ala Ser Arg Cys
1 5 10

<210> 1156
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1156
Ile Trp Ser Phe Cys Phe Tyr Val Val Thr Val Phe Ser Val
1 5 10

<210> 1157
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1157
Asn Leu Ser Asn Phe Leu Asn Lys Ser Gly Leu Gln Gly Tyr
1 5 10

<210> 1158
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1158
Thr Ser Ser Ser Lys Asn Arg Asp Pro Ile Thr Ile Val Asp
1 5 10

<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1163
Gln Pro Ser Thr Ser Thr Asn Gln Pro Val Thr Ser Glu Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1164
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1164
Asn Val Val Arg Ala Met Val Asp Asn Trp Asp Val Leu Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1165
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1165
Gln Ala Arg His Arg Thr Gly Gly Thr Asn Thr Pro Pro Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1166
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1166
Phe Lys Asn Ile Lys Ser Ala Thr Glu Leu Asn Gly Asp Ile
1 5 10

<210> 1167
<211> 14

<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1167
Glu Leu Ala Ile Asn Pro Val Gly Asp Arg Ile Ile Asn Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1168
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1168
Asn Gly Thr Leu Ser Arg Asp Asp Phe Gln Arg Ile Pro Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1169
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1169
Lys His Met Glu Met Glu Asp Ile Ser Ser Glu Glu Val Val
1 5 10

<210> 1170
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1170
Ile Ser Pro Leu Thr Pro Ile Ser Val Ser Pro Ala Asn Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1171
<211> 14
<212> PRT

<400> 1179
Pro Asn Val Tyr His Glu Pro Lys Leu Ala Ala Lys Glu Tyr
1 5 10

<210> 1180
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Hcmo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1180
Asn Leu Gln Ser Lys Thr Ala Gly Leu His Val Thr Glu Tyr
1 5 10

<210> 1181
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1181
Ser Ser Ile Ile Ala Asp Gln Ile Ala Leu Lys Leu Val Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1182
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1182
Ala Gly Gly Ile Arg His Thr Pro Asp Glu Ile Phe Leu Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1183
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1183

0071824
m
0071824

Leu Asp Ile Ala Thr Asp His Val Gln Lys Arg Lys Gln Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1184
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1184
Pro Lys Ser Gly Asp Trp Phe Cys Pro Asn Pro Ser Cys Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1185
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1185
Ala Val Pro Gly Ala Leu Cys Pro Leu Thr Ile Thr Ser Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1186
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1186
Ile Asn Lys Gln Val Glu Pro Tyr Arg Glu Glu Ser Gln Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1187
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1187
Arg Glu Glu Ser Gln Lys Cys Leu Lys Glu Phe Gln Glu Asn

1 5 10

<210> 1188
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1188
Glu Asp Phe Lys Lys Asp Val Lys Asn Ser Leu Arg Glu Thr
1 5 10

<210> 1189
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1189
Met Lys Asn Ser Leu Arg Gly Thr Gln Glu Asn Ile Asn Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1190
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1190
Glu Thr Gln Glu Asn Ile Ser Lys Gln Val Glu Ala Tyr Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1191
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1191
Thr Gln Glu Asn Ile Asn Glu Gln Val Glu Ala Tyr Arg Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1192
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1192
Ile Val Thr Ala Thr Glu
1 5

<210> 1193
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1193
Met Gly Gly Gly Arg Asp Pro Glu Glu Met Glu Ile Asp Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1194
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1194
Glu Val Lys Arg Lys Gln Cys Asp Ala Tyr Gly Ser Ala Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1195
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1195
Asn Tyr Arg Asn Asn Pro Ser His Asn Phe Arg His Cys Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1196
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1196
Leu Leu Arg His His Gly Gly Thr Val Leu Pro Ser Leu Asp
1 5 10

<210> 1197
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1197
Leu Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Asp Trp Val Met Ala Ala Val Val
1 5 10

<210> 1198
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1198
Ile Ile Cys Cys Ser Glu Leu Pro Val Val Lys Thr Glu Met
1 5 10

<210> 1199
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1199
Glu Asn Gly Asp Phe Ala Ser Phe Arg Val Glu Arg Ala Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1200

<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1200
Cys Lys Gln Thr Ala Gly Gln Gly Ser Pro Cys Glu Glu Gln
1 5 10

<210> 1201
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1201
Asn Lys Glu Lys Thr Glu Phe Gly Thr His Pro Lys Gly Thr
1 5 10

<210> 1202
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1202
Leu Leu Pro Phe Lys Ser Pro Ser Gly Asn Asp Val Glu Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1203
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1203
Leu Met Glu Glu Lys Phe Pro Gly Asp Ala Gly Leu Gly Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1204
<211> 14

<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1204
Asn Asp Leu Lys Leu Asn Ser Lys Met Arg Glu Glu Tyr Asp
1 5 10

<210> 1205
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1205
Met Gly Lys Lys Tyr Lys Lys Ile Val Leu Leu Lys Gly Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1206
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1206
Ser Val Lys Met Gly Lys Asn Tyr Lys Asn Ile Val Leu Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1207
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1207
Leu Trp Lys Thr Gln Lys Leu Ser Leu Trp Glu Ala Pro Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1208
<211> 14
<212> PRT

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/111111>; this version posted November 1, 2016. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1208

Asp Leu Ile Trp Thr Leu Leu Gln Asp Cys Arg Glu Ile Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1209

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1209

Ala Trp Leu Pro Pro Thr Pro Ala Glu His Asp His Ser Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1210

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1210

Asp Phe Gly Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Leu Met Ser Leu Thr Thr
1 5 10

<210> 1211

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1211

Gly Asn Ser Arg Val Trp Arg Gly Thr Met Glu Lys Ala Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1212

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1216
Val Val Glu Asp Ile Asp Thr Leu Asp Val Asp Thr His Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1217
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1217
Val Ser Ile Phe Asn Leu Gly Gly Met Glu His His Val Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1218
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1218
Pro Ala Gln Asp Asp Arg Pro Phe Tyr Gln Phe Glu Ala Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1219
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1219
Glu Arg Leu Gln Glu Thr Gly Lys Ile Ile Ala Glu Leu Asn
1 5 10

<210> 1220
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/201709.000000>; this version posted September 1, 2017. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1220
Pro Glu Asn Val Val Phe His Val Gly Gly Tyr Pro Pro Asp
1 5 10

<210> 1221
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1221
Asp Ser Val Trp Met Glu Val Asp Asp Glu Glu Asp Leu Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1222
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1222
Ser Thr Thr Gly Thr Pro Leu Ser Ser Ala Pro Asp Pro Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1223
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1223
Gln Arg Arg Leu Asp Gln Phe Ile Gly Lys Pro Ser Leu Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1224
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1224

Pro Pro Pro Trp Ser Lys Tyr Val Glu Tyr Thr Phe Thr Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1225

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1225

Thr Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Lys Ala Leu Ser Ser Leu Cys Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1226

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1226

Lys Leu Asn Thr Ser Asn
1 5

<210> 1227

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1227

Ile Arg Asn Ala Gln Leu Arg Gly Leu Ile Ile Ala Pro Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1228

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

00718311300

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1228

Gly Lys Leu Val Leu Asn Gln Asn Pro Val Asn Tyr Phe Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1229

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1229

Glu Tyr Gln Val Leu Phe Gly Ala Leu Ile Ser Pro Asp Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1230

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1230

Gln Arg Asp Leu Gly Tyr Val Pro Leu Val Ser Trp Glu Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1231

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1231

Cys Thr Ala Ser Ala Thr Leu Ser Cys Asn Asp Leu Cys Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1232

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1232
Arg Pro Leu Thr Thr Gln His Pro Gln Ser Gly Thr Leu Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1233
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1233
Gly Ser Leu Ala Arg Ala Glu Glu Ala Gly Lys Leu Glu Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1234
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1234
Lys Ile Ile Lys Val Lys Ser Val Lys Asp Arg Glu Asp Val
1 5 10

<210> 1235
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1235
Ala Leu Arg Ser Leu Gln Ser Arg Cys Leu Val Pro Gly Tyr
1 5 10

<210> 1236
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

007169914300

<400> 1236
Ile Ser Ala Ser Ser Gln Ala Pro Leu Ala Leu Arg Ser Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1237
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1237
Thr Lys Asn Ser Val Met Ser Lys Leu Tyr Gly Asp Ala Asp
1 5 10

<210> 1238
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1238
Leu Leu Arg Pro Gly Ser Ser Ala Arg Val Val Gln Cys Ile
1 5 10

<210> 1239
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1239
Cys Asp Arg Ser Trp Ile Asn Asp Gln Tyr Asp Arg Phe Val
1 5 10

<210> 1240
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1240

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

Thr Gly Asp Lys Arg Phe Gly Cys Ala Gln Cys Gln Lys Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1241
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1241
Thr Ser Val Gly Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Pro Ser Ser Gly Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1242
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1242
Cys Glu Gln Gly Phe Ser Arg Lys Ser His Leu Ile Arg His
1 5 10

<210> 1243
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1243
Thr Leu Tyr His His Val Asp Gly Cys Asp Val Phe His Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1244
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1244
Met Ala Leu Phe Thr Pro

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted April 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

1 5

<210> 1245
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1245
Cys Ile Asn Val Leu Val Pro Gly Phe Ile Met Val Ser Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1246
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1246
Thr Val Ser Ile Ser Ile Trp Ala Ser Leu Gln Gln Thr Gln
1 5 10

<210> 1247
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1247
Ser Glu Leu Asn Gln Pro Pro Glu Leu Leu Pro Gln Phe Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1248
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1248
Thr Pro Gln His Cys Ser Arg Asn Asn Phe Thr Met Arg Leu
1 5 10

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/201709>; this version posted September 1, 2017. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<210> 1249
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1249
Trp Leu Lys Gly Gly Glu Gln His Ser Ala Leu Pro Glu Gln
1 5 10

<210> 1250
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1250
Ile Thr Gly Thr Phe Lys Tyr Arg Lys Met Thr Leu Val Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1251
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1251
Cys Asp Gln Lys Pro Cys Asn Cys Pro Lys Gly Asp Val Asn
1 5 10

<210> 1252
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1252
Pro Gly Leu Gly Ser Pro Glu Arg Tyr Ser Pro Val His Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1253
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1253
Gly Ala Val Leu Val Leu Tyr Ser Leu Pro Leu Glu Phe Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1254
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1254
Ile Glu Ala Glu Ser Ser Asn Leu Thr Ser Val Thr Thr Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1255
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1255
Leu Thr Trp Pro Ala Asp Thr Leu His Cys Thr Glu Cys Val
1 5 10

<210> 1256
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1256
Leu Thr Ser Ser Tyr Ser Leu Asp Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1257

<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1257
Lys Lys Val Glu Phe Val Pro Lys Gln Leu Arg Ile Met Gln
1 5 10

<210> 1258
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1258
Val Leu Gln Ala Gly Ala
1 5

<210> 1259
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1259
Glu Ser Val Gln Gln Gln Thr Glu Phe Leu Asn Arg Gln Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1260
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1260
Asn Pro Phe Gly Pro Val Pro Gly Ala Gln Ile Gln Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1261
<211> 14

<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1261
Gly Cys Val Asp Ile Ala Glu Ile Leu Leu Ala Ala Lys Cys
1 5 10

<210> 1262
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1262
Ser Glu Ser Ser Ile Lys Glu Lys Phe Leu Lys Arg Lys Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1263
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1263
Asn Leu Val Pro Val Arg Met Phe Met Ala His Gln Asp Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1264
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1264
Gln Arg Lys Arg Leu Gln Pro Gln Leu Glu Glu Arg Ser Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1265
<211> 14
<212> PRT

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/111111>; this version posted November 1, 2016. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1269
Gln Glu Glu Gln Met Glu Pro Glu Gln Gln Asn Lys Asp Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1270
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1270
Glu Ala Gln Arg Leu Ile Thr Gln Gln Gly Leu Val Asp Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1271
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1271
Ser Pro Gly Lys Cys Asp
1 5

<210> 1272
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1272
Leu Thr Ser Ser Glu Leu Pro Gln Arg Leu Lys Thr Ile Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1273
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2015. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1273
Ser His His Asp Pro Ile Ile Lys Val Leu Ser Ile Arg Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1274
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1274
Ser Ser Glu Lys Ile Ser Tyr Asn Pro Trp Ser Leu Arg Cys
1 5 10

<210> 1275
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1275
Asn Phe Lys His Ala Ser Ser Ile Leu Pro Ile Thr Glu Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1276
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1276
Pro Ile Ala Glu Thr Ile Lys Ala Ser Ser Asn Glu Ser Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1277
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1285

Ser Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Leu Arg Arg Glu Tyr Lys Pro Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1286

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1286

Asp Ile Pro Ile Ile Leu Phe Gly Asn Lys Ser Asp Leu Val
1 5 10

<210> 1287

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1287

Ile Arg Phe Arg Gln Asp Ser Asn Glu Ala Val Gly Gly Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1288

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1288

Thr Thr Val Phe Glu Asp Pro Tyr Asp Tyr Met Asn Ser Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1289

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1289
Pro Arg Gln Asn Ser Gln Pro Pro Ala Gln Val Gln Asn Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1290
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1290
Gln Gln Lys Leu Trp Asn
1 5

<210> 1291
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1291
Ala Ile Glu Thr Gln Leu Pro Glu Tyr His Lys Leu Ala Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1292
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1292
Asn Lys Lys Met Gly Leu Gly Asp Thr Leu Glu Gln Leu Asn
1 5 10

<210> 1293
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1293
Phe Ser Thr Pro Glu Ala Arg Gly Glu His Gly Leu Ala Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1294
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1294
Gln Lys Phe Gln Val Asp Lys Ser Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu Gln
1 5 10

<210> 1295
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1295
Gln Gln Val Ser Leu Pro Tyr Ile Pro Gly Asn Tyr Thr Val
1 5 10

<210> 1296
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1296
Lys Glu Glu Glu Gln Ala Glu Lys Asn Lys Leu Ser Gly Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1297
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1297

10

```
<210> 1302
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>  
<221> VARIANT  
<222> (7)...(0)  
<223> cSNP translation
```

```
<400> 1302
Ile Ala Thr Lys Glu Glu Ile Ser Leu Leu Glu Ala Trp Lys
  1             5             10
```

```
<210> 1303
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>  
<221> VARIANT  
<222> (7)...(0)  
<223> cSNP translation
```

<400> 1303
Phe Thr Trp Leu Ser Pro Glu Gly Glu Tyr Gln Lys Trp Asn
1 5 10

```
<210> 1304
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>  
<221> VARIANT  
<222> (7)...(0)  
<223> cSNP translation
```

<400> 1304
Gly Pro Leu Pro Glu Asn Val Thr Trp Leu Ser Pro Gly Gly
1 5 10

```
<210> 1305
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation
```

<400> 1305
Val Phe Asn Ser Asp Glu Ser Ser Trp His Leu Val Glu Asp
1 5 10

<210> 1310
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1310
Ile Leu Asn Ser Lys Asp Gln Leu Gln Val Glu Asn Asp Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1311
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1311
Asn Ser Lys Asp His Leu
1 5

<210> 1312
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1312
Pro Gly Thr Asp Arg Thr Ala Asn Val Lys Tyr Arg Gln Val
1 5 10

<210> 1313
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1313
Phe Thr Lys Ile Lys Thr Ser Asp His Gln Tyr Met Glu Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1314

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1314
Ala Gly Leu Asp Ala Gln Met Val Met Gln Asp Asp Ala Ile
1 5 10

<210> 1315
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1315
Val Gly Gly Trp Ala Gly Phe Asp Ala Gln Val Val Met Gln
1 5 10

<210> 1316
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1316
Ile Thr Ala Asp Gln Leu Ser Gly Val Gly Gly Trp Ala Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1317
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1317
Val Gln Pro Gln Ile Asn Met Thr Ala Asp Gln Leu Leu Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1318
<211> 14

<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1318
Asn Tyr Lys Asp Gln Leu Pro Gln Leu Asn Val Arg Val Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1319
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1319
Leu Met Lys Phe Tyr Leu Leu Leu Thr Gly Ile Pro Val Ile
1 5 10

<210> 1320
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1320
Ala Leu Thr Ala Leu Ser Gly Arg Arg Ala Gly Thr Arg Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1321
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1321
His Leu Ala Ala Glu Arg Gly Ala Glu Ile Arg Ser Leu Cys
1 5 10

<210> 1322
<211> 14
<212> PRT

00716944300

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1326
Leu Ser Ala Trp Pro Glu Pro Asp Gln Ala Ser Arg Cys Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1327
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1327
Ile Ser Phe Ile Phe Arg Lys Gly Arg Lys Asn Ser Gly Ile
1 5 10

<210> 1328
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1328
His Glu Ile Met Gly Pro Glu Lys Lys His Leu Asp Tyr Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1329
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1329
Glu Ile Met Gly Pro Lys Asn Lys His Leu Asp Tyr Leu Ile
1 5 10

<210> 1330
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

0071961626760

<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1334

Met Val Thr Ser Ser Ala Met Ser Ser Leu Ala Cys Ile Ile
1 5 10

<210> 1335
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1335

Val Ala Met Leu Leu Pro Asn Trp Lys Thr Ser Ser Tyr Val
1 5 10

<210> 1336
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1336

Leu Gln Pro Ser Thr Ser Arg Asp Gln Pro Val Thr Ser Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1337
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1337

Ser Thr Ser Thr Asp Gln Leu Val Thr Ser Glu Pro Thr Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1338
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT

00710334

<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1338
Thr Asp Gln Pro Val Thr Pro Glu Pro Thr Ser Gln Ala Thr
1 5 10

<210> 1339
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1339
Thr Ser Glu Pro Thr Ser Arg Ala Thr Arg Gly Arg Lys Asn
1 5 10

<210> 1340
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1340
Val His Gln Glu Ala Thr Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Ser Gly Asn
1 5 10

<210> 1341
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1341
Arg Ile Lys Met Glu Glu Tyr Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Pro Val
1 5 10

<210> 1342
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted January 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1342

Arg Ala Arg Arg Ser Asn Cys Arg Arg Gln Glu Gly Ile Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1343

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1343

Gly Trp Arg Ala Ile Asn Ser Ser Met Ala Ala Pro Ser Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1344

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1344

Glu Pro Leu Asn Ser Arg Gly Asn Lys Leu His Phe Ala Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1345

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1345

Ile Asn Pro Leu Gly Asp Trp Ile Ile Asn Ala Phe Phe Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1346

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

Ser Lys Glu Ala Ile His Ile Gln Leu Leu Glu Lys Gln Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1355
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1355
Val Cys Gly Asp Ala Ser
1 5

<210> 1356
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1356
Gln Ala Gln Ala Gln Ser Tyr Cys Ser Cys Ser Thr Val Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1357
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1357
Glu Glu Val Lys Val Ser Trp Thr Arg Leu Pro Thr Ser Cys
1 5 10

<210> 1358
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1358
Lys Pro Ile Thr Arg Lys Gly Val Gly His Arg Met Gly Gly

1

5

10

<210> 1359

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1359

Arg Ser Cys Ser His Pro Ser Gln Leu His Arg Leu Val Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1360

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1360

Ala Gly Thr Tyr Pro Arg Arg Glu Glu Tyr Arg Arg Gly Ile
1 5 10

<210> 1361

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1361

Thr Ile Ser Pro Leu Thr Leu Val Ser Val Ser Pro Ala Asn
1 5 10

<210> 1362

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1362

Met Gly Ser His Glu Pro Met Ile Ser Pro Leu Thr Pro Val
1 5 10

<210> 1363
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1363
Arg Ile Gly Leu Gly Leu Gly Gly Arg Trp Ala Trp Arg Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1364
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1364
Val Met Arg Ile Gly Leu Gly Trp Ala Gly Arg Trp Ala Trp
1 5 10

<210> 1365
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1365
Gly Leu Thr Gln Asn Lys Ala Cys Gln Lys Thr Leu Ser Met
1 5 10

<210> 1366
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1366
Val Gln Trp Val Ala Pro Arg Gly Cys Cys Tyr Gly Ser Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1367
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1367
Pro Gly Asn Asn Arg Lys Cys Met Asn
1 5

<210> 1368
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1368
Ser Val Gly Ala Leu Glu Ala Asn Ser Arg Arg Lys Leu Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1369
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1369
Cys Gln Gly Asp Ser Gly Ala Arg Trp Cys Val Arg Thr Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1370
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1370
Cys Gln Gly Asp Ser Gly Ala Arg Trp Cys Val Arg Thr Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1371

09710334 112000

<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1371
Ile Glu Thr Tyr Phe Ser Lys Thr Thr Lys Thr Met Ser Ile
1 5 10

<210> 1372
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1372
Pro Leu Ser Gly Ala Leu Ala Gln Ser Leu Arg Pro Ser Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1373
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1373
Trp Met Arg Asn Arg Arg Thr Val Pro Arg Gln Pro Ser Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1374
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1374
Phe Ser Gly Arg Leu Lys Ala Glu Gly Thr Ser Cys
1 5 10

<210> 1375
<211> 14

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1383
Gly Cys Pro Lys Met Gly Thr Met Leu Thr Asn Leu Arg Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1384
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1384
Pro Cys Pro Ala Glu Gly Ser Pro Lys Trp Gly Thr Met Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1385
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1385
Ala His Thr Ala Ala Glu Gly Ala Gly Gly Trp Gly Ala Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1386
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1386
Leu Gln Glu Thr Leu Leu Gly Leu Phe Gly Leu Trp Cys
1 5 10

<210> 1387
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

00743341200

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1387
Asp Lys Ala Glu Lys Thr Lys Lys Lys Lys Lys Lys Arg Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1388
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1388
Lys Lys Glu Cys Tyr Tyr Ile Ser Met Thr Pro Val Ser Val
1 5 10

<210> 1389
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1389
Glu Ser Leu Ile Asp Glu Glu Arg
1 5

<210> 1390
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1390
Glu Tyr Lys Leu Val Val Gly Ala Pro Ala Val Trp Ala Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1391
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1395
Tyr Ile Asp Ile Gln Leu Arg Leu Leu Pro Ser His Arg Thr
1 5 10

<210> 1396
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1396
Ala Pro Lys Ser Ala Cys Val Cys Ala Gln Ala Asp Phe Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1397
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1397
Gly Val Ser Gly Val Lys Pro Gln Gly
1 5

<210> 1398
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1398
Leu Lys Pro Val Pro Val Gly Lys Arg Thr Arg Ala Ser Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1399
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)

<400> 1403
Val Ala Leu Ser Ser Ala Gly Val Leu Ser Pro Met Val Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1404
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (9)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1404
Leu Val Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys Lys Ile Pro Trp Met Thr Phe
1 5 10

<210> 1405
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1405
Ser Asn Ser Ile Ser Val Met Gly Val Ser Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1406
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1406
Thr Glu Trp Ser Gln Trp Ser Asn Val Thr Ser His Val Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1407
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1407
Tyr Arg Arg Gln Gly Leu Pro Ile Thr Ile Gly Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1408
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1408
Val Gly Asp Ala Cys Asp Ser Ala Leu Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1409
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1409
Ser Val Glu Pro Glu Arg Asp Leu Thr Phe Leu Leu Thr
1 5 10

<210> 1410
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1410
Leu Gln Ile Met Leu Gln Ala Glu Ser Ala Thr Arg Thr Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1411
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1411

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/000000>; this version posted May 1, 2014. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

Phe Gly Phe Ser Ser Gly Pro Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1412
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (10)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1412
Pro Glu Lys Gln Leu Val Glu Lys Lys Val Leu Thr Lys Gln
1 5 10

<210> 1413
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (9)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1413
Val Val Val Met Gly Pro Pro Lys Leu Glu Arg Ala Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1414
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1414
Phe Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Trp Arg Pro Leu Ser Ile Gly Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1415
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1415
Asn Gln Ser Gln Glu Leu Gln Arg Ser Trp Arg Thr Ala Gly

00749334 423000
with head and foot with in with with from from from

1

5

10

<210> 1416

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (8)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1416

Asn His Met Val Gln Gln Asp Ile Ser Pro Arg Pro Leu His
1 5 10

<210> 1417

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (8)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1417

Lys Trp Pro Thr Leu Gln Asp Trp Pro Val Leu Pro Trp Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1418

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1418

Phe Val Gly Arg Phe Phe Arg Ala Thr Met Ala Thr Gln Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1419

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (9)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1419

Gln Ile His Arg Ile Arg His Phe Thr
1 5

<210> 1420
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1420
Thr Leu Glu Glu Gly Asn Gln Gln Thr Arg Ser Pro Val Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1421
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1421
Ala Thr Leu Glu Glu Gly Asn Gln Gln Thr Arg Ser Pro Val
1 5 10

<210> 1422
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1422
Ile Leu Asn Gln Pro Thr Leu Arg Leu Leu Pro Met Pro Glu
1 5 10

<210> 1423
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1423
Val Asn Cys Ser Ala Val Cys Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Pro Cys
1 5 10

00710334 112000

<210> 1424
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1424
Ala Ala Pro Leu Lys Ile Lys Leu Ile Ser Met Arg Leu Gln
1 5 10

<210> 1425
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1425
Glu Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Gly Glu Lys Arg Met Phe Ser Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1426
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (9)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1426
Arg Val Gly Thr Pro Ser Gln Gly His Phe Phe Glu Gly Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1427
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1427
Pro Cys Ala Val Leu Arg Pro Leu Gly Leu Trp Ser Pro Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1428

<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1428
Leu Gly Tyr Thr Pro Gln Arg Pro Val Lys Cys Ala Ser Cys
1 5 10

<210> 1429
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (9)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1429
Phe Gln Ala Ala Ile Glu Lys Lys Asn Ser Cys Ile Ser Thr
1 5 10

<210> 1430
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 1430
Leu Leu Tyr Trp
1

<210> 1431
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1431
Phe Cys Asn Gly Gln Arg Ser Gly Ser Pro Gly Arg Gln Ile
1 5 10

<210> 1432
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT

<210> 1437
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1437
Glu Ser Lys Arg Ser Val Lys Leu
1 5

<210> 1438
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1438
Asp Ile Ser Ile Cys Gln Glu Cys Pro Ala Trp Arg
1 5 10

<210> 1439
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1439
Ser Leu Phe Ser Leu Lys Gln Ser Ser Arg Arg Thr Lys Thr
1 5 10

<210> 1440
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1440
Thr Ser Leu Leu Gln Gly Thr Pro Thr
1 5

<210> 1441
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1441
Ile Ile Leu Ile Val Glu Leu Ala Gly Ser Arg Pro Ala Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1442
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1442
Ile Leu Ile Val Glu Leu Ser Gly Ser Arg Pro Ala Ser Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1443
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1443
Asn Thr Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Asn Tyr Ile Arg Trp Ser Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1444
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1444
Thr Gln Gln Gln Gln Leu His
1 5

<210> 1445

<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1445
Tyr Pro Ala His Ala Phe Trp Arg Pro Ser Ser Gly Val Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1446
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1446
Gly Ala Tyr Ala Gln Ala
1 5

<210> 1447
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1447
Ser Thr Ala Leu Arg Ala Asp Ser Thr Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1448
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1448
Arg Val Leu Ile Leu Asp Thr Phe Thr Cys Leu Leu Cys Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1449
<211> 11

00710334 4 FEB 90

<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1449
Tyr Arg Gln Val Asp His Phe Pro Gln Ile His
1 5 10

<210> 1450
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1450
Lys Leu Leu Val Cys Asn Met Met Asp Val Ser Pro Met Ala
1 5 10

<210> 1451
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1451
Asp Trp Asn Ser Ser Lys Thr Thr Val Pro Leu Asn Met Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1452
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1452
Leu Ser Glu Ala Pro Gly Ser Leu Pro Gln Pro Leu Ser His
1 5 10

<210> 1453
<211> 14
<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (8)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1453

Thr Ile Lys Ser Ala Val Ala Ser Gly Ile Ser Leu Pro Arg

1

5

10

<210> 1454

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (8)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1454

Pro Asp Arg Val Gly Arg Gln Ser Leu Lys Ser Ser Leu Glu

1

5

10

<210> 1455

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (8)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1455

Val Cys Thr Ala Arg Ser Pro Ser Val Arg Ser Ala Arg Ser

1

5

10

<210> 1456

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (7)...(0)

<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1456

Asn Gln Glu Gly Asp Phe

1

5

<210> 1457

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1457
Leu Gln Val Pro Ala Val Thr Gly Leu Thr Pro Gln Pro Val
1 5 10

<210> 1458
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1458
Ser Val Gln Arg Val Arg Gln Ser Val Lys Asn Leu Ile Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1459
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1459
Thr Ala Glu Glu Met Tyr Ile Tyr Leu Gly Asn Met Asp Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1460
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1460
Ala His Gln Gly Asn Leu Ala Pro Val Phe Ile Ala Met Gln
1 5 10

<210> 1461
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1461
Pro Gly Glu His Thr Pro Cys Trp Pro Leu Pro Arg Pro Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1462
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1462
Arg Met Leu Asp Val Leu Gly Leu Ser Thr Ser Cys Arg Cys
1 5 10

<210> 1463
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1463
Val Asp Glu Leu Pro Val Gln Ala Gly Ala Ala Thr Gly Ser
1 5 10

<210> 1464
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1464
Ala Tyr His Ser Gly Tyr Glu Pro Thr Ala Pro Ser Thr Gly
1 5 10

<210> 1465
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1465
Val Met Asn Asp Leu Ser Gly Glu Pro Trp Thr Arg Arg Pro
1 5 10

<210> 1466
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1466
Arg Lys Gln Ala Val Arg Leu Arg Arg Ile Phe Ser Ala Ile
1 5 10

<210> 1467
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (8)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1467
Ile Asp Ala Leu Arg Gly Arg Ala
1 5

<210> 1468
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (7)...(0)
<223> cSNP translation

<400> 1468
Ser Cys Arg Phe Arg Glu Ala Thr Trp Ala Thr
1 5 10

00710300
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100